







### 22 March 2024 National and International News

| Study Finds Spring Season<br>'Disappearing' in Many Indian States  | <ul> <li>Context:</li> <li>Climate Trends agency analyzed meteorological records from 1970 to present for 33 Indian States and Union Territories.</li> </ul>  |
|--|---|
| Meteorological Factors:<br>• Meteorologists attribute warming in<br>southern India and reduced<br>rainfall in the north during winter<br>to changes in Western<br>Disturbances and the jet stream<br>pattern.  | <ul> <li>Key observations:<br/>Warming Trends:</li> <li>All regions experienced net warming during winter.</li> <li>Manipur had the largest change in temperature since 1970 (2.3°C), while Delhi had the smallest (0.2°C).</li> <li>Winter is the fastest warming season for 12 out of 34 regions analyzed.</li> </ul>   |
| <ul> <li>Implications:</li> <li>Northern India may experience<br/>abrupt transitions from cool<br/>winter-like temperatures to warmer<br/>conditions in March.</li> <li>Rajasthan showed the largest jump<br/>in warming rates from January to<br/>February (2.6°C higher).</li> <li>Nine States and territories, including<br/>Delhi and Uttar Pradesh, showed a<br/>significant January-February<br/>temperature difference, contributing<br/>to the disappearance of spring-like<br/>conditions.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Regional Variations:</li> <li>Southern regions experienced strong warming<br/>in December and January.</li> <li>Northern regions had weaker warming and even<br/>cooling during December and January.</li> <li>All regions warmed in February, with Jammu<br/>and Kashmir experiencing the highest<br/>warming (3.1°C) and Telangana the lowest<br/>(0.4°C).</li> <li>About Jet Streams:</li> <li>Definition: Western disturbances refer to<br/>extratropical storm systems that originate in the<br/>Mediterranean region and move eastwards across<br/>the Middle East and into the Indian subcontinent.</li> <li>Impact on Weather: These disturbances bring<br/>precipitation, primarily in the form of rain or snow,<br/>to various parts of the Indian subcontinent,<br/>especially the northern and western regions,<br/>during the winter months.</li> <li>Winter Precipitation: In India, western<br/>disturbances are crucial for bringing winter rainfall<br/>to regions like northwest India, including Punjab,<br/>Haryana, Rajasthan, and parts of Uttar Pradesh<br/>and Jammu and Kashmir.</li> <li>Temperature Regulation: They often lead to a<br/>decrease in temperature, bringing relief from</li> </ul> |













|                                      | <ul> <li>winter dryness and contributing to agricultural activities by replenishing soil moisture.</li> <li>Jet Stream Connection: Western disturbances are closely associated with changes in the polar jet stream, influencing their intensity and trajectory across the Indian subcontinent.</li> </ul>   |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Ramgarh Crater as Geo-Heritage Sites | Context:<br>Situated in Baran district, Rajasthan, Ramgarh Crater<br>is designated as a geo-heritage site by the Rajasthan<br>government.  |
|                                      | <ul> <li>Key points:</li> <li>Formed approximately 165 million years ago due to a meteor impact, it is a 3-kilometer diameter crater contributing significantly to the region's ecological balance and biodiversity.</li> <li>Recognized as the Ramgarh Conservation Reserve, it is safeguarded under the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972, to preserve its unique ecological and cultural heritage.</li> <li>The presence of the Pushkar Talab complex within the crater is acknowledged as wetlands under the Wetland (Conservation &amp; Management) Rules, 2017.</li> </ul>   |
|                                      | <ul> <li>Geo-Heritage Site/National Geological Monuments:</li> <li>Geoheritage sites have significant scientific, educational, cultural, or aesthetic value due to their geological features.</li> <li>They often showcase unique rock formations, fossils, or landscapes crucial for education, research, cultural significance, or visual appeal.</li> <li>The Geological Survey of India (GSI) and State governments safeguard these sites, declaring them as geo-heritage sites/national geological monuments.</li> <li>Established in 1851, GSI operates under the Ministry of Mines, headquartered in Kolkata, focusing on national geoscientific information creation and mineral resource assessment.</li> </ul> |
| Lianas                               | <ul> <li>Context: <ul> <li>Lianas, woody vines that climb trees, restrict tree growth by competing for sunlight in the canopy.</li> <li>They have lower carbon sequestering capacity compared to trees, which increases the threat to carbon storage.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   |











|  | <ul> <li>Lianas can accelerate global warming by reducing forests' efficacy as carbon sinks and disrupting carbon cycles.</li> <li>Challenges:         <ul> <li>Lianas grow in disturbed forests and at higher temperatures, often outcompeting trees for sunshine and resources.</li> <li>Their resilience to climatic stress gives them a competitive advantage, especially in areas with more extreme conditions due to global warming.</li> <li>Increased lianas can harm tree growth, reduce regeneration, and disrupt nutrient cycles, making forests less resilient to future disturbances.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  |
|--|--|
| International Partnership for Hydrogen and Fuel Cells in the Economy (IPHE)  | Context:<br>India hosts 41st IPHE meeting, focusing on accelerating the hydrogen economy.  |
| International Partnership         Status         International Partnership         Status         International Fuel Cells         International Fuel Cells | <ul> <li>Key points: <ul> <li>Established in 2003, the IPHE is an inter-governmental alliance currently comprising 23 member countries and the European Commission.</li> <li>Its primary objective is to facilitate and expedite the transition to clean and efficient energy and mobility systems utilizing hydrogen and fuel cell technologies.</li> <li>The IPHE serves as a platform for organizing and executing international research, development, demonstration, and commercial utilization activities related to hydrogen and fuel cells.</li> <li>Moreover, the IPHE informs various stakeholders, such as policymakers and the public, about the benefits and challenges associated with establishing widespread commercial hydrogen and fuel cell technologies.</li> <li>Members: Australia, Canada, European Commission, India, Netherlands, Switzerland, Austria, Chile, France, Italy, Norway, UAE, Belgium, China, Germany, Japan, South Africa, United Kingdom, Brazil, Costa Rica, Iceland, South Korea, Singapore, and the United States.</li> </ul></li></ul> |











# 

## Kerala Regional News

| Adda@YI         Adda@YI         WORLD WATER         DAY 2024         WATER FOR PEACE | <ul> <li>Context: <ul> <li>World Water Day is an annual United Nations observance day held on 22 March</li> <li>It highlights the importance of freshwater and advocates for the sustainable management of freshwater resources.</li> </ul> </li> <li>About: <ul> <li>The first World Water Day was celebrated in 1993</li> <li>The theme for the first World Water Day in 1993 was 'Water for Life.'</li> </ul> </li> <li>Theme 2024: <ul> <li>This year's theme is "Water for Peace."</li> <li>It highlights the potential of water as a resource for cooperation and stability.</li> <li>By managing water resources sustainably and ensuring equitable access, we can foster peace and prosperity for all.</li> </ul> </li> <li>SDG: <ul> <li>Clean water and sanitation is SDG 5 out of 17 SDGs</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
|--|---|
| House sparrow population plunges in<br>Thiruvananthapuram                            | <ul> <li>Context: <ul> <li>A recent survey by the Travancore Nature History Society (TNHS) revealed a worrying decline in the house sparrow population of Thiruvananthapuram city and its suburbs.</li> <li>The prime culprits are believed to be:</li> <li>Habitat Loss: Modern buildings offer fewer nesting spots compared to traditional houses.</li> <li>Food Scarcity: Sparrows struggle to find food due to lesser availability of insects and seeds.</li> <li>Extreme Temperatures: The oppressive summer heat might be driving sparrows away from their usual habitats.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   |
| Amballur scores big in streamlining collection of non-biodegradable waste            | <ul> <li>Context:         <ul> <li>Amballur Panchayat in Ernakulam district,<br/>Kerala, has made significant progress in<br/>managing waste disposal.</li> <li>They've achieved complete coverage in<br/>doorstep collection of non-biodegradable</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   |













|  | <ul> <li>waste through volunteers of the Haritha Karma<br/>Sena program.</li> <li>This initiative ensures convenient waste<br/>collection from both households and<br/>businesses.</li> <li>About:         <ul> <li>Haritha Karma Sena (HKS) is a program by the<br/>Kudumbashree Mission in Kerala, aiming to<br/>create a clean and green state.</li> <li>Launched in 2013, it tackles waste management<br/>through a network of Green Technicians and<br/>Supervisors, mostly Kudumbashree women.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   |
|--|---|
| Aksharasree certificates distributed in<br>Thiruvananthapuram    | <ul> <li>Context: <ul> <li>In a ceremony, Aksharasree certificates were awarded to 299 learners in Thiruvananthapuram.</li> <li>This program targets adult literacy.</li> <li>The oldest learners were Lily (68) and Sahayadas (72) from Government Higher Secondary School for Girls, Cotton Hill.</li> <li>Tributius Antony and Ambili D'Cruz from Government Boys Higher Secondary School, Chala were also felicitated</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  |
| Kerala Financial Corporation raises Rs<br>307 crore through NCDs | <ul> <li>Kerala Financial Corporation (KFC) successfully raised Rs 307 crore by issuing Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) on March 13, 2024.</li> <li>These 10-year bonds were offered through the BSE Electronic Book Platform at an attractive coupon rate of 8.89%.</li> <li>This strong credit rating (AA by RBI/SEBI) allowed KFC to secure funds at a better rate than many public sector banks in the current scenario.</li> <li>The funds raised will be used to support projects that promote the state's MSME sector.</li> <li>KFC also plans to raise nearly Rs 700 crore more from the bond market in the coming year.</li> </ul> |

#### Copyright © by Adda247

All rights are reserved. No part of this document may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without prior permission of Adda247.















