



Weekly English Vocab 29 April to 04 May 2024

1. Burnish (verb)

Meaning; To make smooth or shiny by rubbing; to polish; to shine.



- synonyms: brighten, shine
- antonyms: tarnish, dull
- Sentence Example: *Burnished* the floor of the ballroom to a soft luster.
- Verb (Definition): Verbs are words that show an action (*sing*), occurrence (*develop*), or state of being (*exist*).

2. Joust (noun)

Meaning; To engage in mock combat or To engage in verbal sparring over an important issue



- synonyms: contest
- **antonyms:** support





- Sentence Example: The knights *jousted* against each other.
- Noun (Definition): *Nouns* make up the largest class of words in most languages, including English. A noun is a word that refers to a thing (*book*), a person (*Noah Webster*), an animal (*cat*), a place (*Omaha*), a quality (*softness*), an idea (*justice*), or an action (*yodeling*).

3. Proffer (verb) Meaning; An offer made



- Synonyms: propose, offer
- Antonyms: reject, deny
- Sentence Example: He *proffered* advice on how best to proceed.
- Verb (Definition): Verbs are words that show an action (sing), occurrence (develop), or state of being (exist).

4. Corroborate (verb)

Meaning; To confirm or support something with additional evidence



- Synonyms: verify, validate
- Antonyms: reject, ignore
- Sentence Example: He witnesses *corroborated* the policeman's testimony.





• Verb (Definition): Verbs are words that show an action (*sing*), occurrence (*develop*), or state of being (*exist*).

5. Brevity (noun)

Meaning; The quality of being brief in duration, short in size



- Synonyms: shortness
- Antonyms: lengthiness
- Sentence Example: The best quality a graduation speech can have is *brevity*.
- Noun (Definition): *Nouns* make up the largest class of words in most languages, including English. A noun is a word that refers to a thing (*book*), a person (*Noah Webster*), an animal (*cat*), a place (*Omaha*), a quality (*softness*), an idea (*justice*), or an action (*yodeling*).

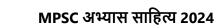
6. Stiffen (verb) Meaning; To make stiff.



- Synonyms: solidify, strengthen
- Antonyms: weaken, loosen
- Sentence Example: Plans to further *stiffen* the already onerous requirements for admission to the elite military unit.
- Verb (Definition): Verbs are words that show an action (*sing*), occurrence (*develop*), or state of being (*exist*).

7. Emulate (verb)

Meaning; To attempt to equal or be the same as.









- Synonyms: imitate, irritate
- Antonyms: real, original
- Sentence Example: A pro athlete who has often said that children should *emulate* their parents—not him.
- Verb (Definition): Verbs are words that show an action (sing), occurrence (develop), or state of being (exist).

8. Trepidation (noun)

Meaning; A fearful state; a state of concern or hesitation.



- Synonyms: apprehension, fear
- Antonyms: delight, happiness
- Sentence Example: He had some *trepidation* about agreeing to their proposal.
- Noun (Definition): *Nouns* make up the largest class of words in most languages, including English. A noun is a word that refers to a thing (*book*), a person (*Noah Webster*), an animal (*cat*), a place (*Omaha*), a quality (*softness*), an idea (*justice*), or an action (*yodeling*).

9. Misprision (noun)

Meaning; Criminal neglect of duty or wrongful execution of official duties



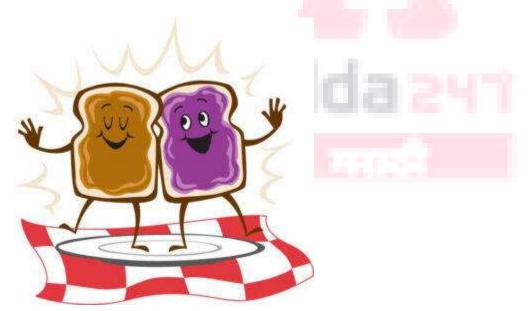




- Synonyms: contempt
- Antonyms: tolerance
- Sentence Example: She was later convicted of *misprision* of a felony and sentenced to probation.
- Noun (Definition): *Nouns* make up the largest class of words in most languages, including English. A noun is a word that refers to a thing (*book*), a person (*Noah Webster*), an animal (*cat*), a place (*Omaha*), a quality (*softness*), an idea (*justice*), or an action (*yodeling*).

10. Concomitant (adjective)

Meaning; Accompanying; conjoining; attending; concurrent.



- Synonyms: attendent, associate
- Antonyms: indifferent, unrelated
- Sentence Example: The drug's risks increase with the *concomitant* use of alcohol.
- Adjective (Definition): *Adjectives* describe or modify—that is, they limit or restrict the meaning of—nouns and pronouns. They may name qualities of all kinds: *huge*, *red*, *angry*, *tremendous*, *unique*, *rare*, etc.

11. Telltale (adjective)





Meaning; Revealing something, especially something not intended to be known.



- Synonyms: indicative, signifying
- Antonyms: secretive, uninformative
- Sentence Example: The department *telltale* told the boss that his coworkers were taking extra long breaks.
- Adjective (Definition): Adjectives describe or modify—that is, they limit or restrict the meaning of nouns and pronouns. They may name qualities of all kinds: *huge, red, angry, tremendous, unique, rare,* etc.

12. Damning (adjective)

Meaning; Condemning.



- Synonyms: destructive, catastrophic
- Antonyms: favourable, optimistic
- Sentence Example: Its *damning* October financial report projected optimistically that such an offering would bring in \$139 million in 2024.
- Adjective (Definition): *Adjectives* describe or modify—that is, they limit or restrict the meaning of—nouns and pronouns. They may name qualities of all kinds: *huge*, *red*, *angry*, *tremendous*, *unique*, *rare*, etc.





13. Cozen (verb) Meaning; To cheat



- Synonyms: deceive, hoax
- Antonyms: disclose, unmask
- Sentence Example: *Cozened* several elderly ladies into believing that he was intending marriage.
- Verb (Definition): Verbs are words that show an action (sing), occurrence (develop), or state of being (exist).

14. Discard (verb)

Meaning; to throw away, to reject.



- Synonyms: dismiss, dump
- Antonyms: retain, store
- Sentence Example: They quickly discarded the idea.
- Verb (Definition): Verbs are words that show an action (sing), occurrence (develop), or state of being (exist).





15. Laudable (adjective)

Meaning; Worthy of being lauded; praiseworthy



- Synonyms: applaudable, commendable
- Antonyms: unworthy, discreditable
- Sentence Example: Improving the schools is a *laudable* goal.
- Adjective (Definition): Adjectives describe or modify—that is, they limit or restrict the meaning of nouns and pronouns. They may name qualities of all kinds: *huge, red, angry, tremendous, unique, rare,* etc.

16. Wager (noun)Meaning; To bet something





- Synonyms: challenge, bet
- Antonyms: safeguard, protection
- Sentence Example: He has a *wager* on the game.
- Noun (Definition): Nouns make up the largest class of words in most languages, including English. A noun is a word that refers to a thing (book), a person (Noah Webster), an animal (cat), a place (Omaha), a quality (softness), an idea (justice), or an action (yodeling).

17. Addict (noun)

Meaning; A person who is addicted









- Synonyms: habit
- Antonyms: choice
- Sentence Example: An inspiring story about *addicts* who seek help and manage to kick their habit.
- Noun (Definition): *Nouns* make up the largest class of words in most languages, including English. A noun is a word that refers to a thing (*book*), a person (*Noah Webster*), an animal (*cat*), a place (*Omaha*), a quality (*softness*), an idea (*justice*), or an action (*yodeling*).

18. Proscription (noun) Meaning; A prohibition





- Synonyms: constraint, embargo
- Antonyms: approval, permission
- Sentence Example: A strongly worded *proscription* against smoking indoors.
- Noun (Definition): *Nouns* make up the largest class of words in most languages, including English. A noun is a word that refers to a thing (*book*), a person (*Noah Webster*), an animal (*cat*), a place (*Omaha*), a quality (*softness*), an idea (*justice*), or an action (*yodeling*).

19. Scorn (verb)

Meaning; To feel or display contempt or disdain







- Synonyms: disrespect
- Antonyms: respect
- Sentence Example: She *scorned* the advice of her ophthalmologist and had the laser eye surgery anyway.
- Verb (Definition): Verbs are words that show an action (sing), occurrence (develop), or state of being (exist).

20. Incipient (adjective) Meaning; In an initial stage; beginning





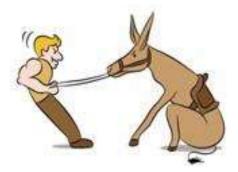
- Synonyms: beginning, commencing
- Antonyms: mature, developed
- Sentence Example: I have an *incipient* dislike and distrust of that guy, and I only met him this morning.
- Adjective (Definition): *Adjectives* describe or modify—that is, they limit or restrict the meaning of—nouns and pronouns. They may name qualities of all kinds: *huge*, *red*, *angry*, *tremendous*, *unique*, *rare*, etc.

21. Recalcitrant (adjective)

Meaning; Marked by a stubborn unwillingness to obey authority.







- Synonyms: unmanageable, stubborn
- Antonyms: manageable, compliant
- Sentence Example: A heart-to-heart talk with the *recalcitrant* youth revealed that he had a troubled life at home.
- Adjective (Definition): *Adjectives* describe or modify—that is, they limit or restrict the meaning of—nouns and pronouns. They may name qualities of all kinds: *huge*, *red*, *angry*, *tremendous*, *unique*, *rare*, etc.

