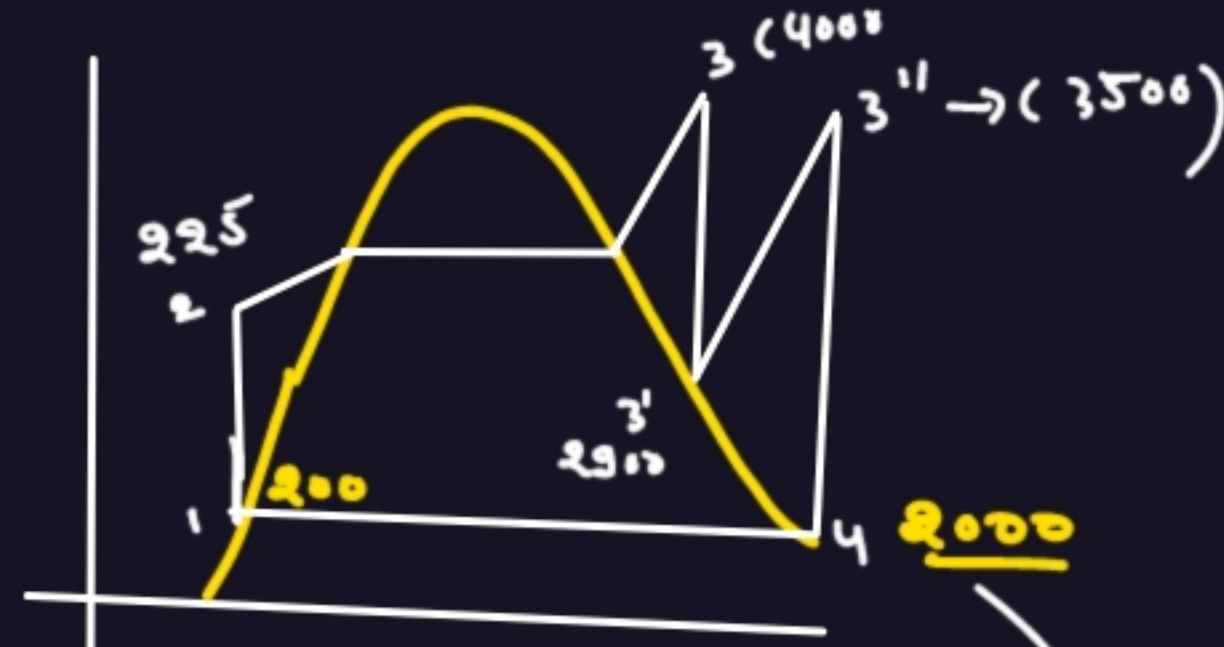


Ans:



- (i)  $w_{net}$  (ii)  $\theta_s$  (iii)  $\eta_{th}$

$$w_T = (h_3 - h_{3'}) + (h_{3''} - h_4)$$

$$= (4000 - 2900) + (3500 - 2000)$$

$$\approx w_T = 1100 + 1500 = 2600 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\therefore w_p = h_2 - h_1 = 225 - 200 = 25 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$w_{net} = w_T - w_p = 2600 - 25 = 2575 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\theta_s = (h_3 - h_2) + (h_{3''} - h_{3'})$$

$$= (4000 - 225) + (3500 - 2900)$$

$$= 3775 + 600$$

$$= 4375 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\theta_R = h_4 - h_1 = 2000 - 200 = 1800 \text{ kJ}$$

$$w_{net} = \theta_s - \theta_R = (w_T) - w_p$$

$$= 4375 - 1800$$

$$= ( \quad )$$

$$\eta_{th} = \frac{w_{net}}{Q_s} = 1 - \frac{Q_R}{Q_s}$$

$$\eta_{th} = \frac{2575}{4375} \times 100$$

$$\eta_{th} = 58.85\%$$

$$\gamma_b = \frac{w_p}{w_T} = \frac{25}{2600} = 0.961\%$$

$$W.R = \frac{w_{net}}{w_T} = 1 - \gamma_b$$

Qns:



100 ltr/sec



Given data

$$\mu = 1 \text{ Pa-s}$$

$$D = 100 \text{ cm}, v = 100 \text{ cm/s}$$

$$S = 0.85$$

$$L = 2 \text{ m}$$

find (i) flow path  $\tau$

(2)  $u_{\text{max}}$

(3) pressure drop

Sol $\Rightarrow$ :

$$Re = \frac{\rho v D}{\mu} = \frac{850 \times 1 \times 1}{1}$$

$$Re = \underline{\underline{850}}$$

$Re < 2000$  (flow is laminar)

$$Q = A u_{\text{avg}}$$

$$0.1 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 1^2 \times u_{\text{avg}}$$

$$u_{\text{avg}} = \frac{0.1 \times 4}{\pi} \text{ m/s}$$

$$u_{\text{max}} = 2 u_{\text{avg}}$$

$$= 2 \times \frac{0.4}{\pi} \text{ m/s}$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = \left( \frac{32 \mu u_{\text{avg}} L}{D^2} \right) \underline{\underline{Pa}}$$