

WELCOME

TO Adda247

*"If you can think, you can
Achieve"
So start thinking..*

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GATE 2024



प्रचण्ड Batch

Communication System

DSB-SC & SSB-SC MODULATION

LEC-01

ECE



Chapter-1

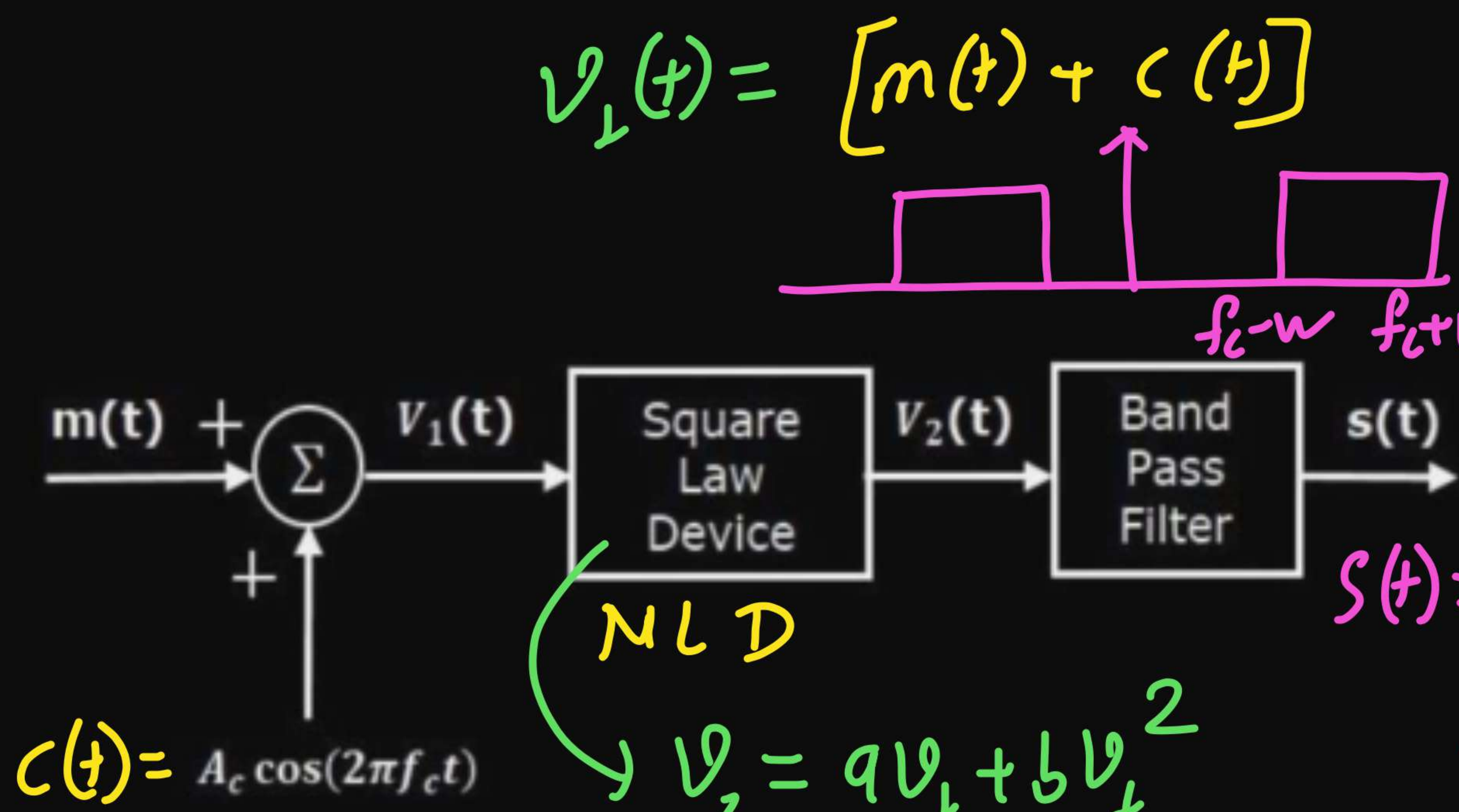
Analog Communications

In today's lecture we will cover the following Topics :

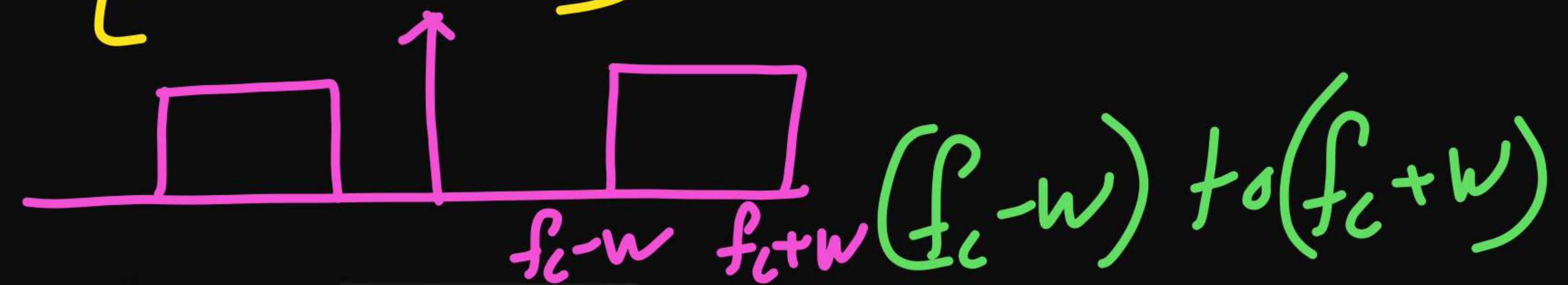
- 1. Generation of AM Signal : Square Law Modulator*
- 2. Demodulation of AM Signal : Square Law Demodulator*
- 3. Demodulation of AM Signal : Envelope Detector*
- 4. Demodulation of AM Signal : Synchronous Detector*
- 5. Double Side Band (DSB-SC) Modulation and Demodulation*
- 6. Single Side Band (SSB-SC) Modulation and Demodulation*

Generation of AM Signal

Square Law Modulator :



$$v_1(t) = [m(t) + c(t)]$$



$$c(t) = A_c \cos(2\pi f_c t)$$

NLD

$$v_2 = a v_1 + b v_1^2$$

AM signal

$$s(t) = a A_c \cos 2\pi f_c t + 2b A_c m(t) \cos 2\pi f_c t = a A_c \left[1 + \frac{2b}{a} \right] \cos 2\pi f_c t$$

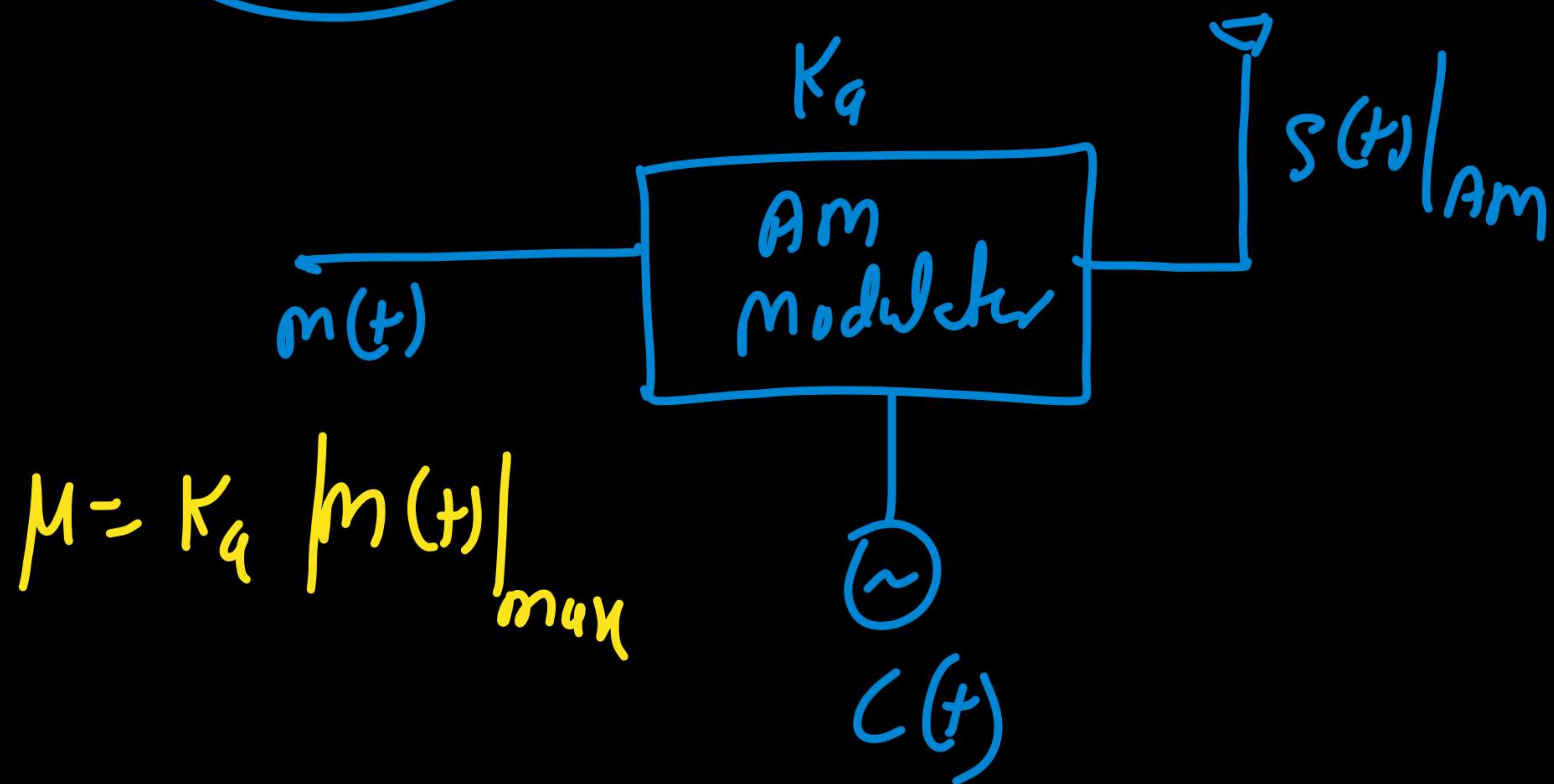
$$v_1 = m(t) + A_c \cos 2\pi f_c t$$

$$v_2 = a m(t) + a A_c \cos 2\pi f_c t + b m^2(t) + b A_c^2 \cos^2 2\pi f_c t + b 2 A_c m(t) \cos 2\pi f_c t$$

$$s(t) = A_c [1 + K_a m(t)] \cos 2\pi f_c t$$

$$s(t) = a A_c \left[1 + \frac{2b}{9} m(t) \right] \cos 2\pi f_c t$$

$$K_a = \frac{2b}{9}$$



$$M = K_a |m(t)|_{max}$$

$$MLD / SLD \Rightarrow$$

$$V_2 = aV_1 + bV_1^2$$

$$K_a = \frac{2b}{9}$$

$$SLD \Rightarrow V_2 = 5V_1 + 1 \cdot V_1^2$$

$$K_a = \frac{2b}{9} = \frac{2 \times 1}{5}$$

$$K_a = \frac{2}{5} \text{ (Per Volt)}$$

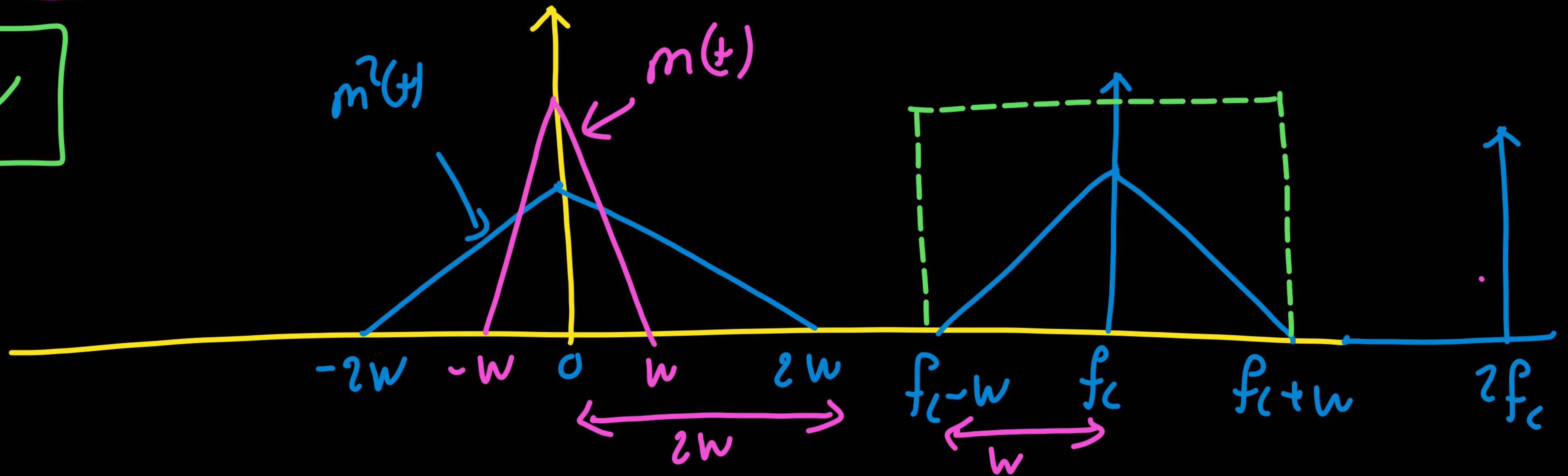
$$\text{If MLD/SLD} \Rightarrow V_2 = 5 + 5V_1 + 2V_1^2$$

\downarrow \downarrow
 a b

$$K_a = \frac{2b}{a} = \frac{2 \times 2}{5} = \frac{4}{5}$$

Limitation of Square Law Modulator:

$$f_c \geq 3W$$



Demodulation of AM Signal

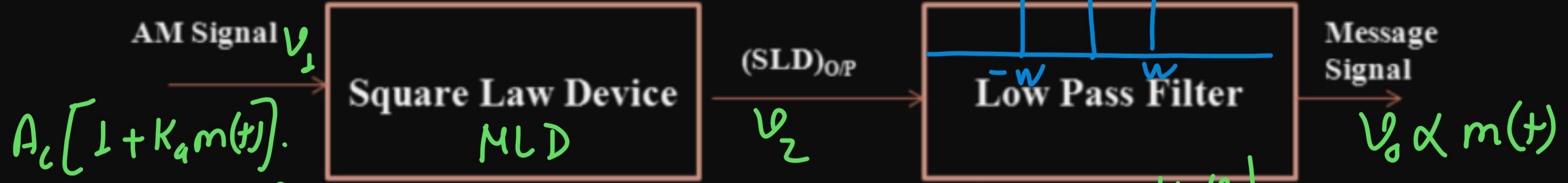
Non Coherent (Asynchronous)

Square Law Demodulator

(i)

$$v_2 = a A_c \cos 2\pi f_c t + a A_c K_a m(t) \cos 2\pi f_c t + b A_c^2 \cos^2 2\pi f_c t + b A_c^2 K_a^2 m^2(t) \cos^2 2\pi f_c t + 2b A_c^2 K_a m(t) \cos^2 2\pi f_c t$$

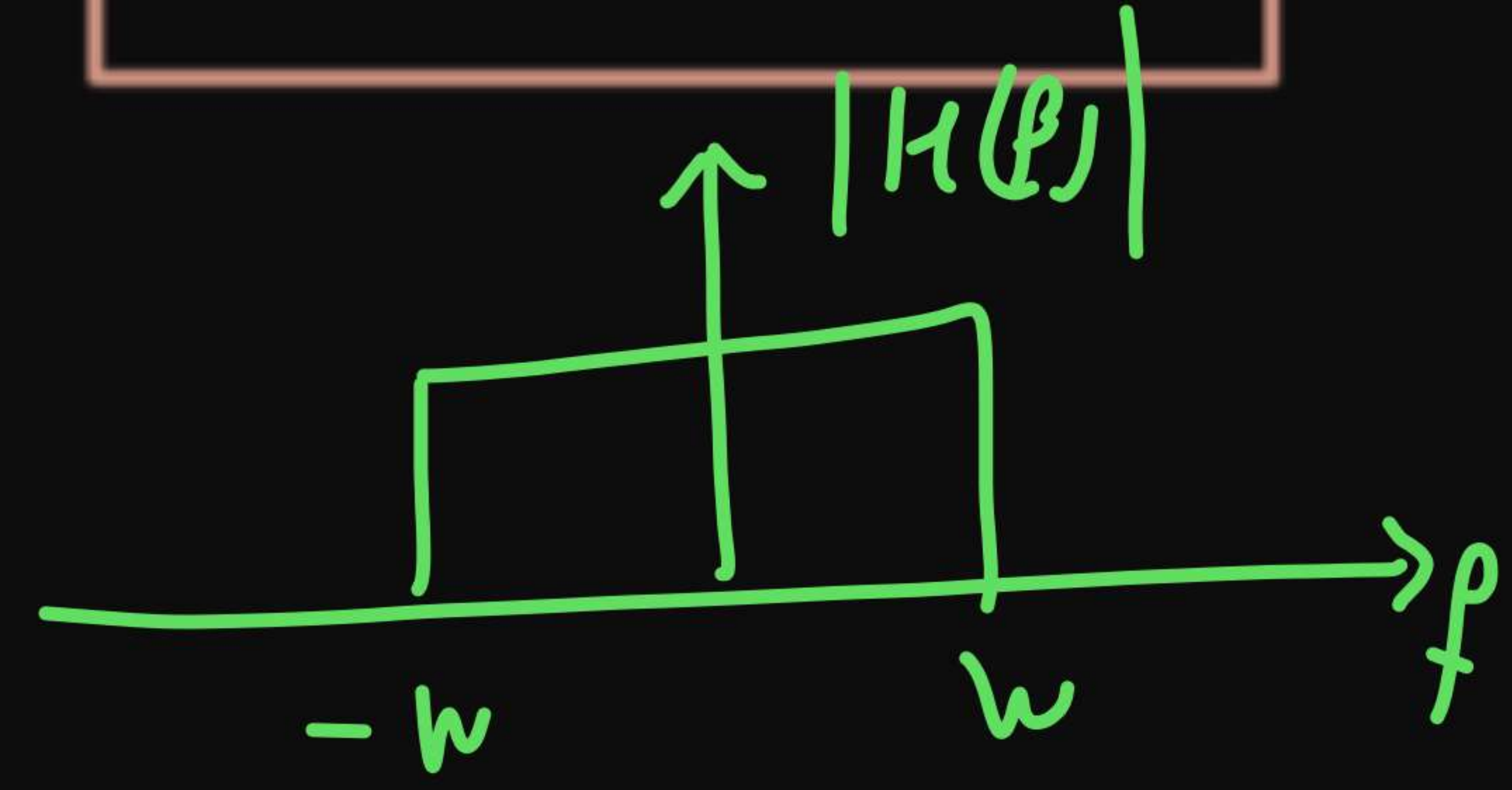
$$V_o \propto K_1 m^2(t) + K_2 m(t)$$



$$A_c [1 + K_a m(t)] \cos 2\pi f_c t$$

$$v_2 = a v_1 + b v_1^2$$

$$v_1 = A_c \cos 2\pi f_c t + A_c K_a m(t) \cos 2\pi f_c t$$



Moik Part

$$V_o = \frac{bA_c^2 K_a^2 m^2(t)}{2} + \frac{2bA_c^2 K_a m(t)}{2}$$

Signal part

Moik Part

$$V_o \propto K_1 m^2(t) + K_2 m(t)$$

$$\Rightarrow K_1 = \frac{bA_c^2 K_a^2}{2}$$

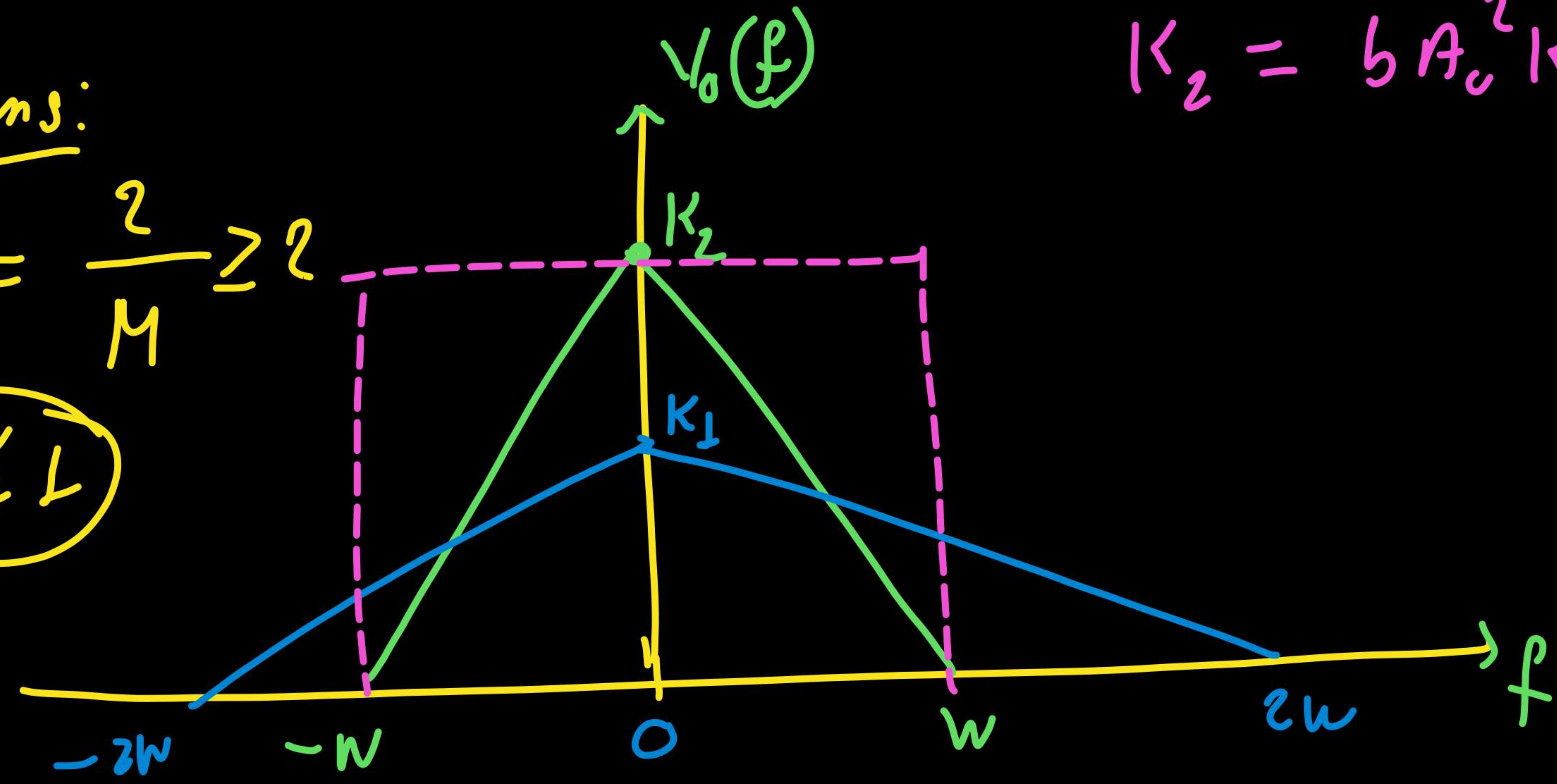
$$K_2 = bA_c^2 K_a$$

$$\frac{K_2}{K_1} \gg 1$$

limitations:

$$\left(\frac{S}{N}\right)_{\min} = \frac{2}{M} \geq 2$$

$$M \leq 1$$



$$\frac{S}{M} = \frac{bA_c^2 K_a m(t)}{\frac{bA_c^2 K_a^2 m^2(t)}{2}}$$

$$\frac{S}{N} = \frac{2}{K_a m(t)} \gg 1$$

$$\left(\frac{S}{N}\right)_{\min} = \frac{2}{K_a |m(t)|_{\max}} \geq 2$$

Demodulation of AM Signal

(Coherent)

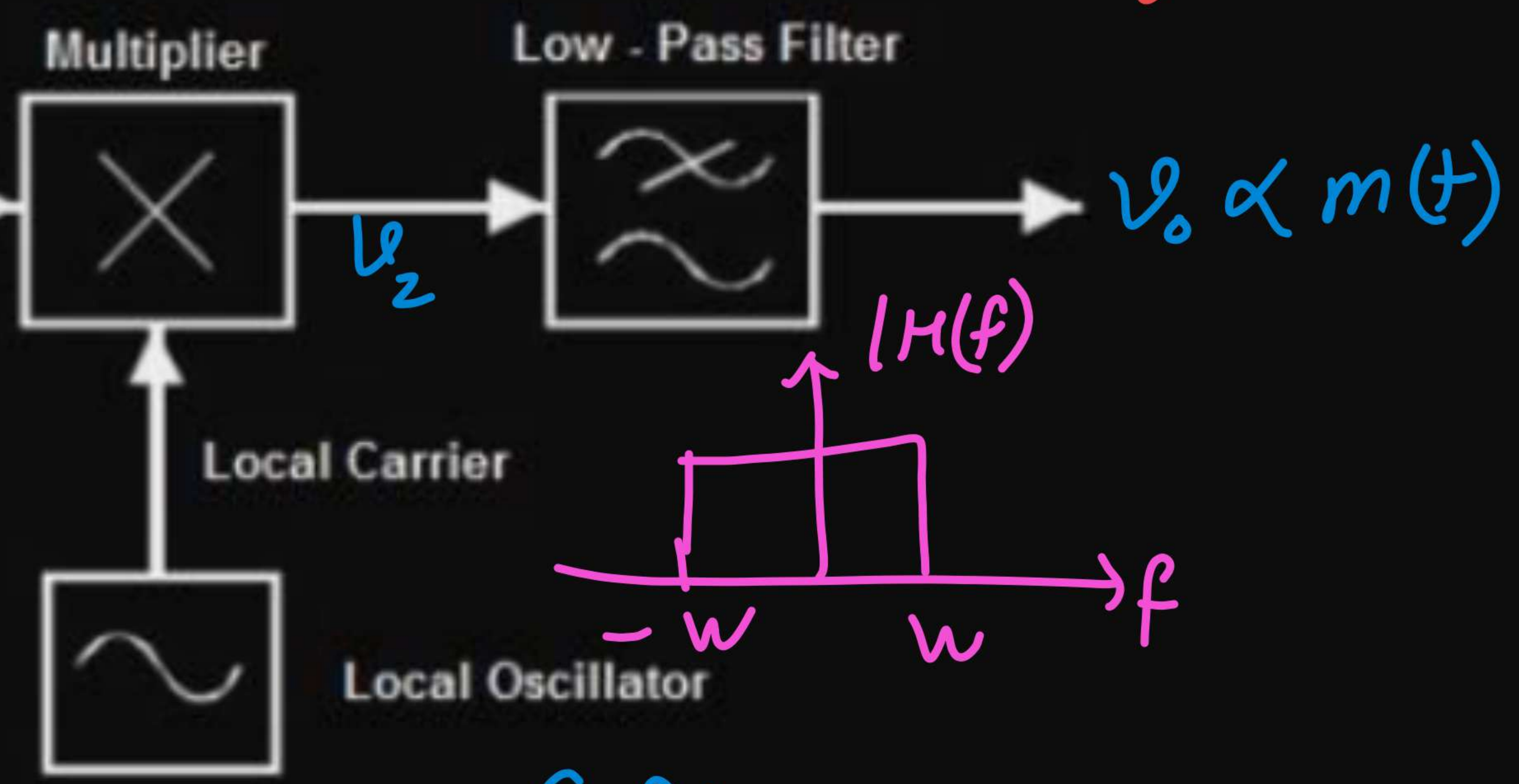
Synchronous Detector

②

$$V_o \propto m(t) \cdot \cos \phi$$

$$V_1 = A_c [1 + K_a m(t)] \cos(2\pi f_c t)$$

$$V_2 = A_c^2 [1 + K_a m(t)] \cos(2\pi f_c t) \cdot \cos(2\pi f_c t + \phi)$$



$$c'(t) = A_c \cos(2\pi f_c t + \phi)$$

$$V_2 = \frac{A_c^2}{2} [1 + K_a m(t)] [\cos[2\pi(2f_c t) + \phi] + \cos \phi]$$

↓ LPF

$$V_o = \frac{A_c^2}{2} K_a m(t) \cos \phi$$

$$V_o \propto m(t) \cos \phi$$

if $\phi = 90^\circ$

$V_o = 0 \Rightarrow$ quadrature null effect

Adv: No limitation of M .

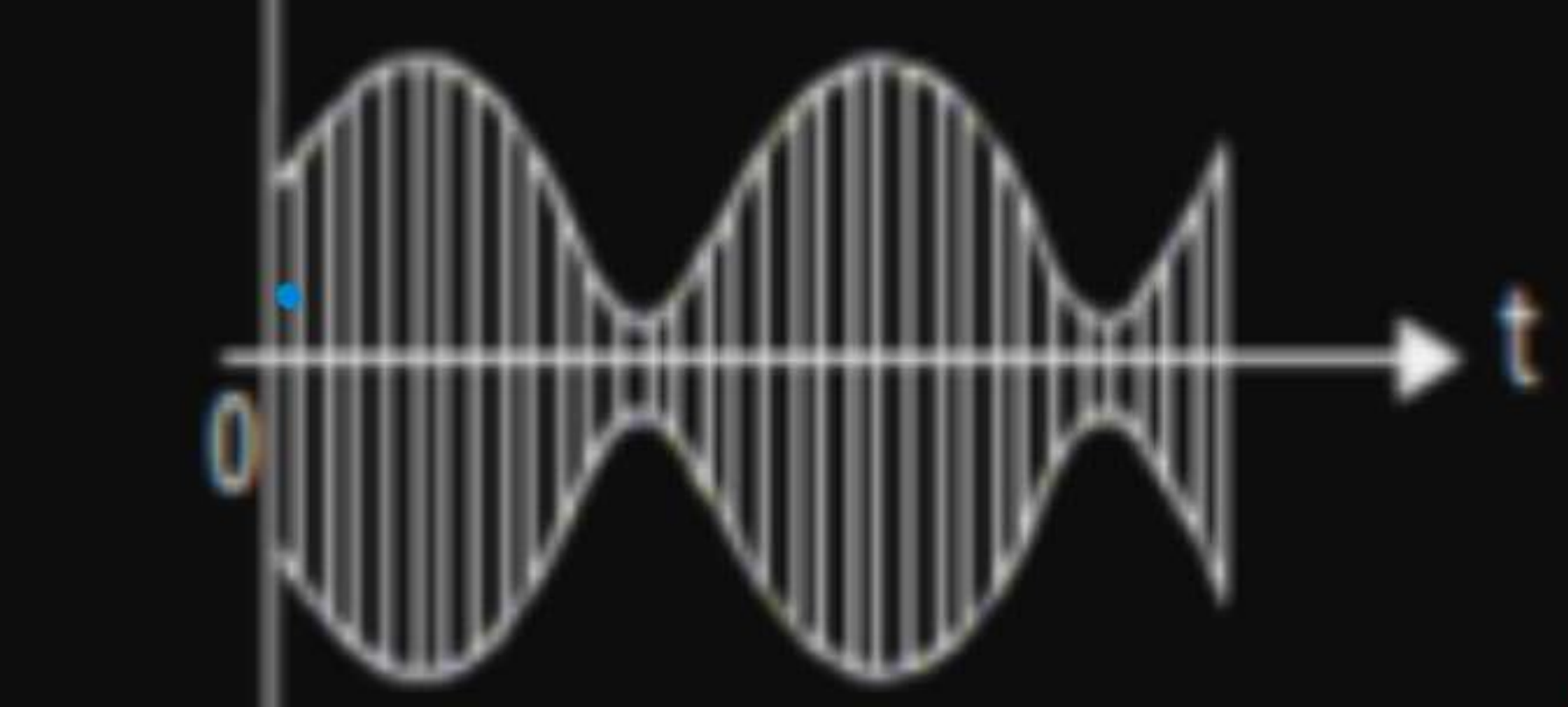
Disadv: Some time Demodulation is not possible.

(Quadrature Null effect)

Demodulation of AM Signal

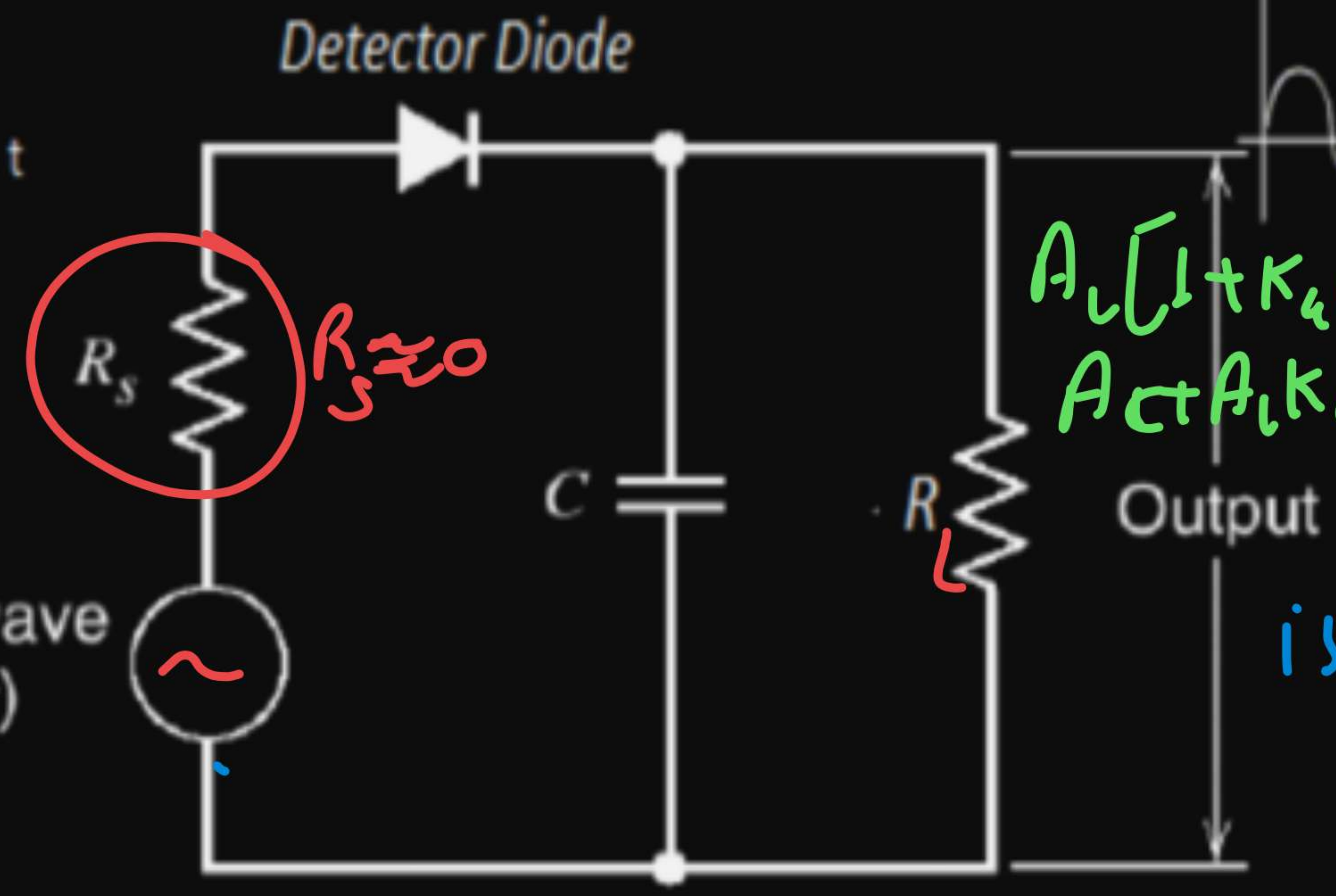
Non Coherent (Asynchronous)
Envelope Detector

$s(t) \rightarrow A_c [1 + K_a m(t)] \cos 2\pi f_c t$



Charging Time Const = $R_s C \approx 0$

AM wave $s(t)$



$R_s \approx 0$

$A_c [1 + K_a m(t)]$
 $A_c + A_c K_a m(t)$

$R_s \ll L$
 $R_L \gg L$

Output is always +ve



$m(t) + dc$

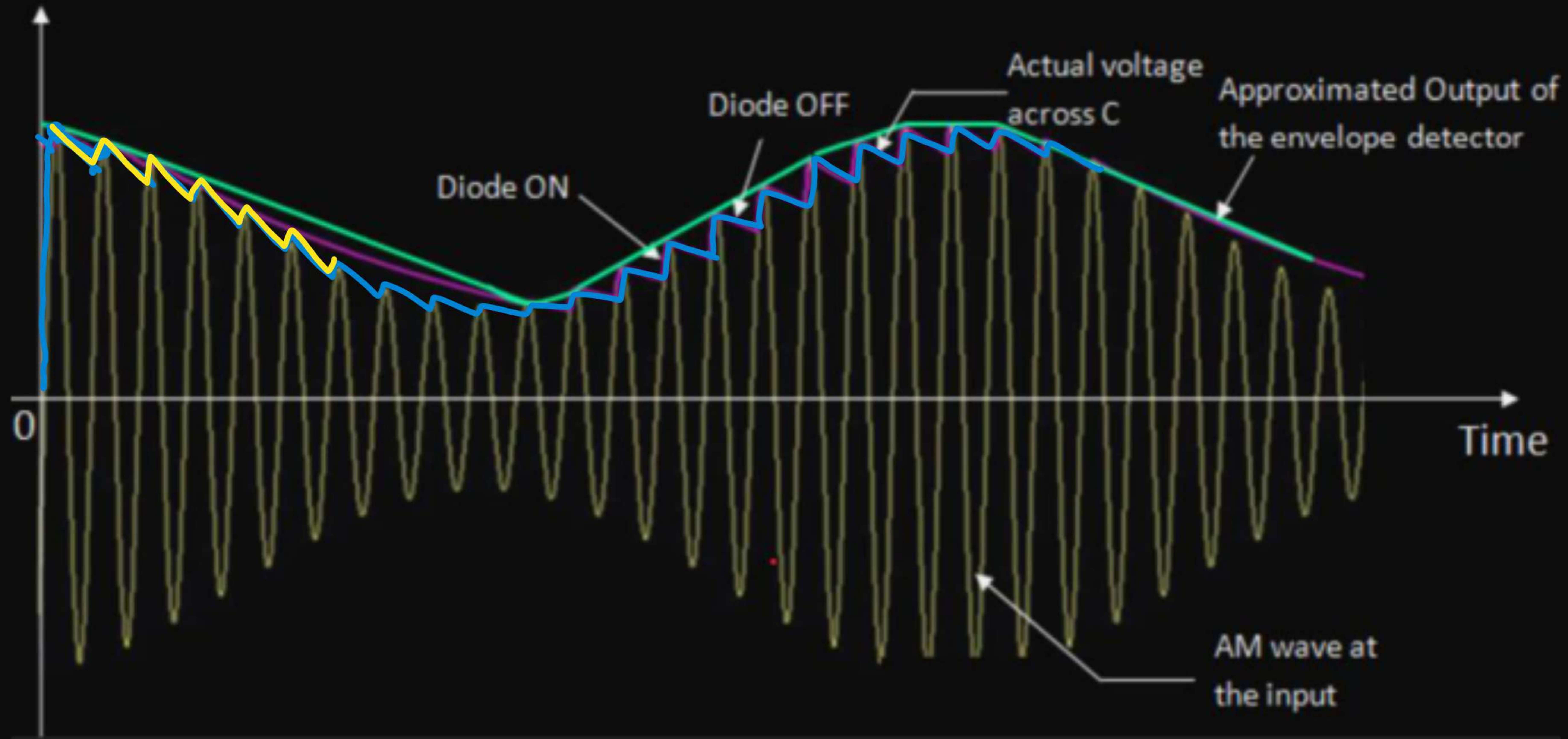
always +ve

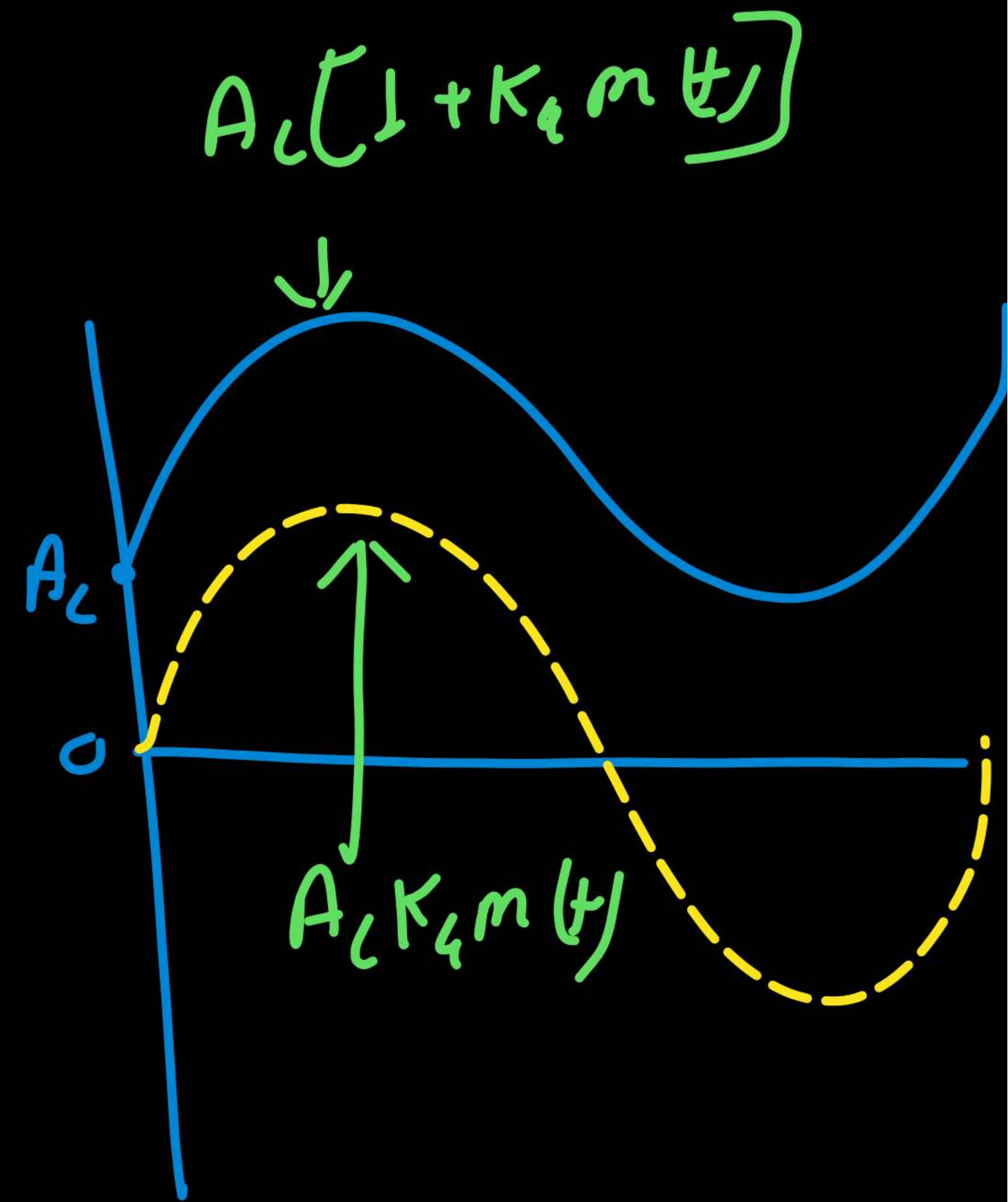
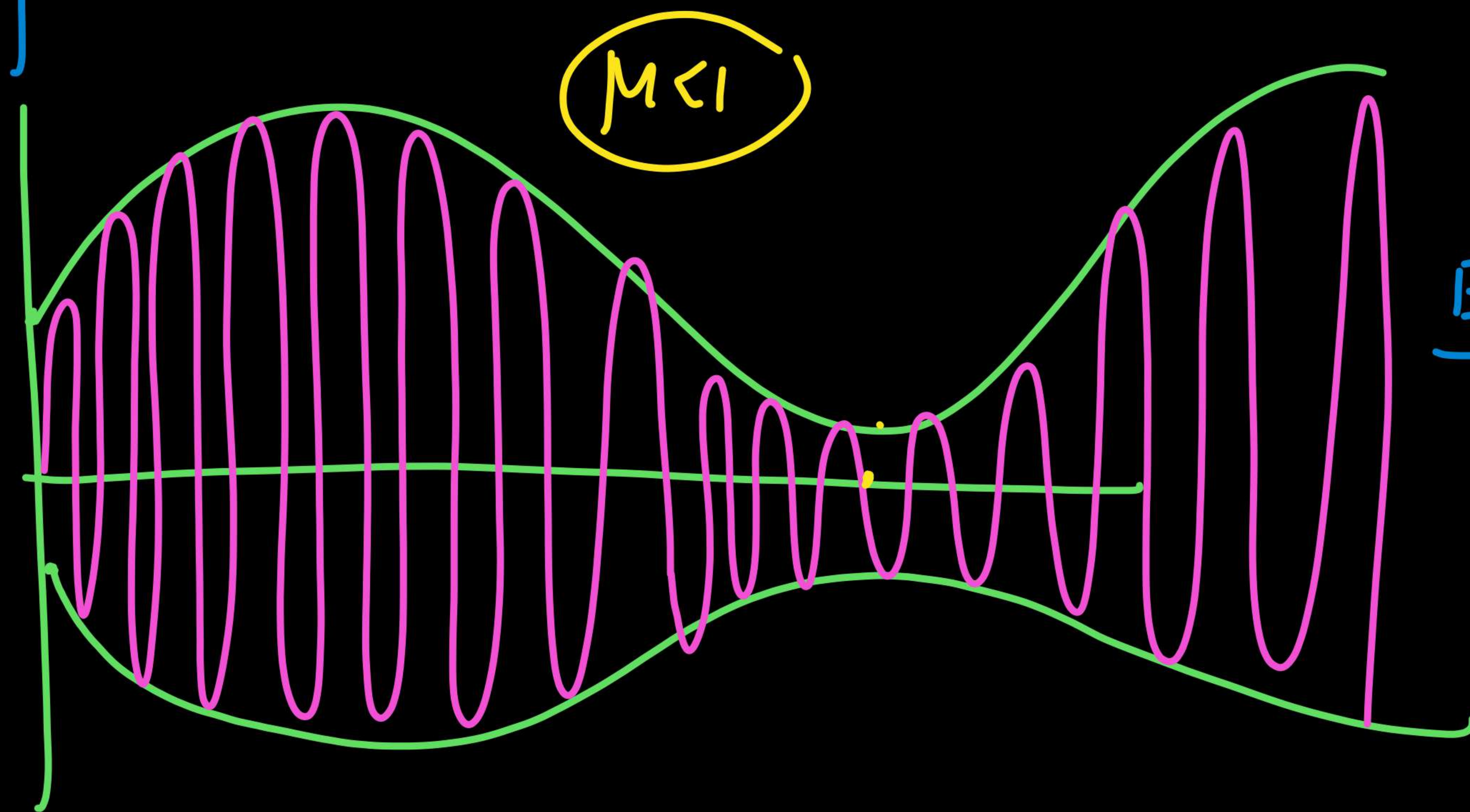
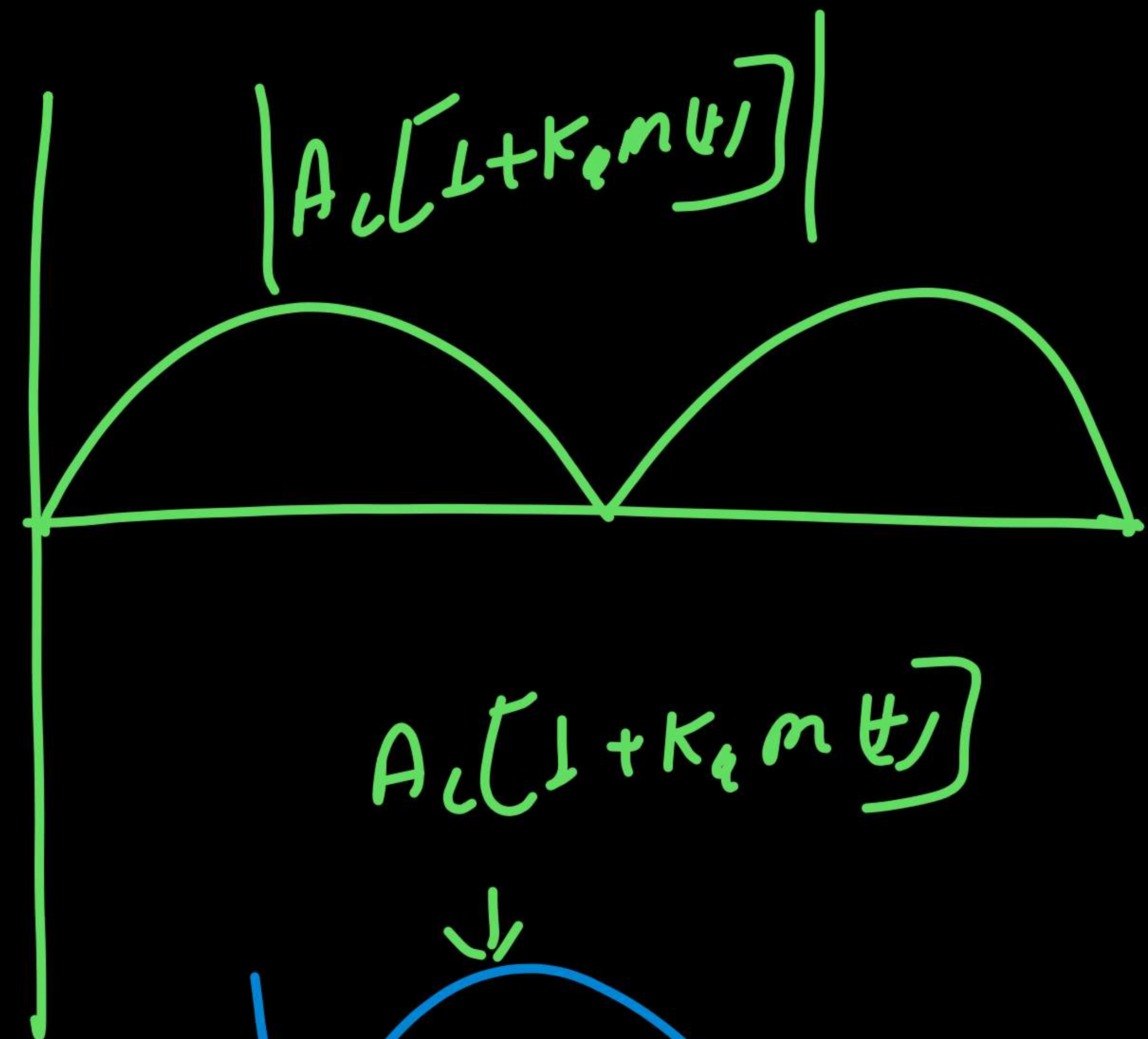
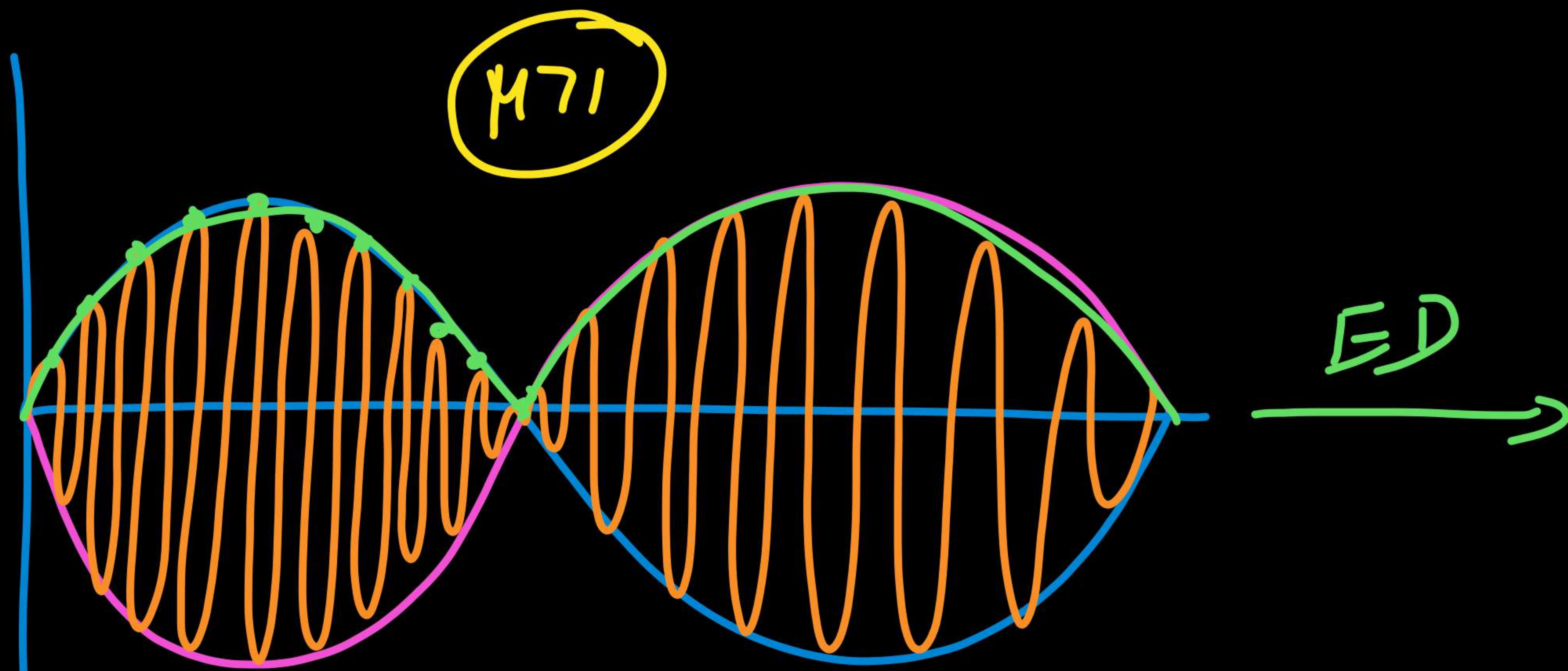
$V_o \propto m(t)$

Demodulation of AM Signal

Envelope Detector (Cont..)

Discharging Time Const.
 $= R_L C \gg T$



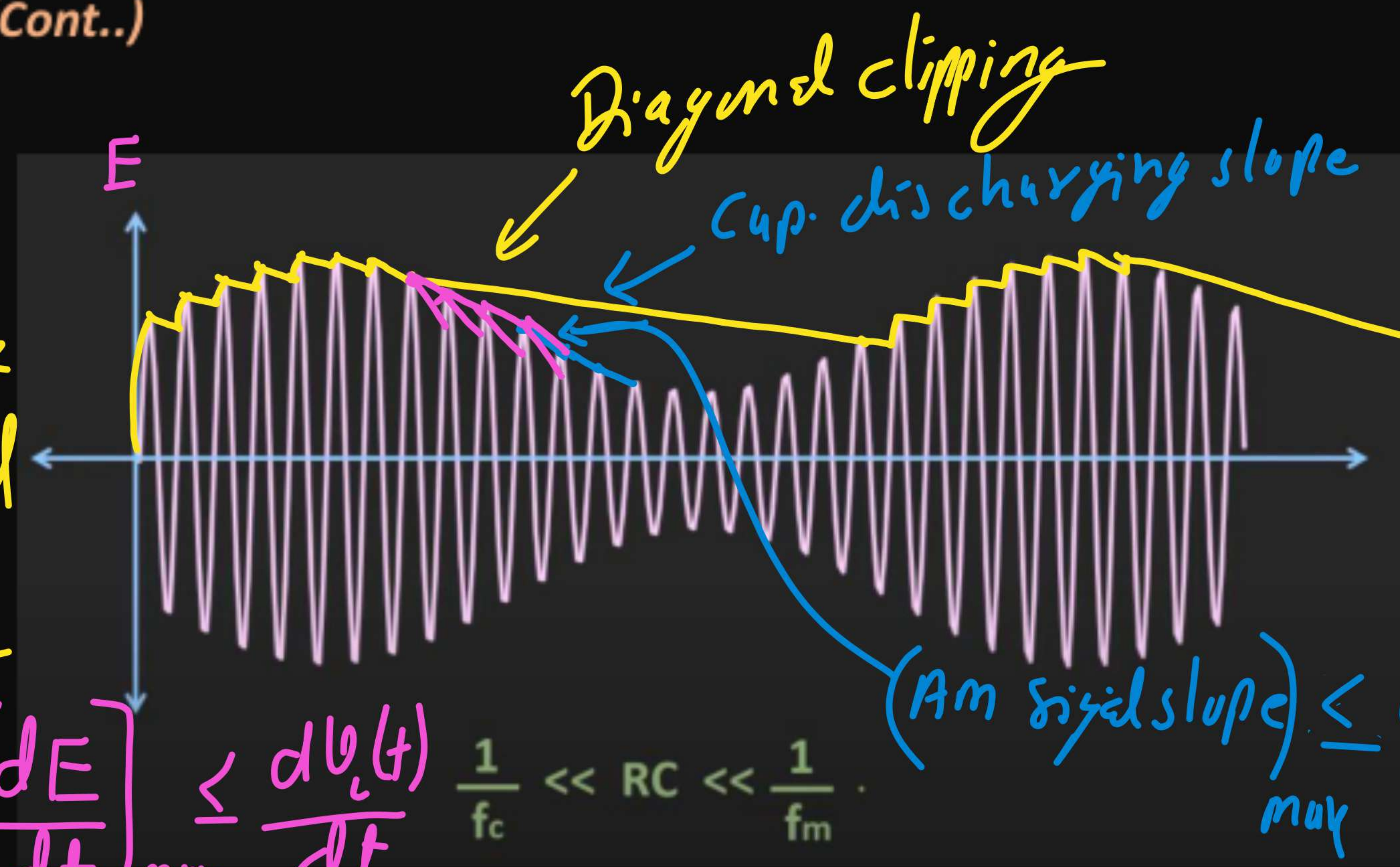


Demodulation of AM Signal

Envelope Detector (Cont..)

limitation:
Demodulation is only possible for AM signal having $M \leq 1$

(ii) Diagonal clipping artifacts:



$$\left[\frac{dE}{dt} \right]_{\min} \leq \frac{dv_c(t)}{dt} \quad \frac{1}{f_c} \ll RC \ll \frac{1}{f_m}$$

$$\frac{1}{f_c} \ll R_L C \ll \frac{1}{f_m}$$

$$R_L C \leq \frac{1}{2\pi f_m} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-M^2}}{M} \right)$$

(AM signal slope) \leq Cap. discharging slope

$$R_s C \ll \frac{1}{f_c}$$

To avoid diagonal clipping:

$$M \leq L$$

$$\frac{1}{f_c} \ll R_L C \ll \frac{1}{f_m}$$

$$R_L C \leq \frac{1}{\omega_m} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{1-M^2}}{M}$$

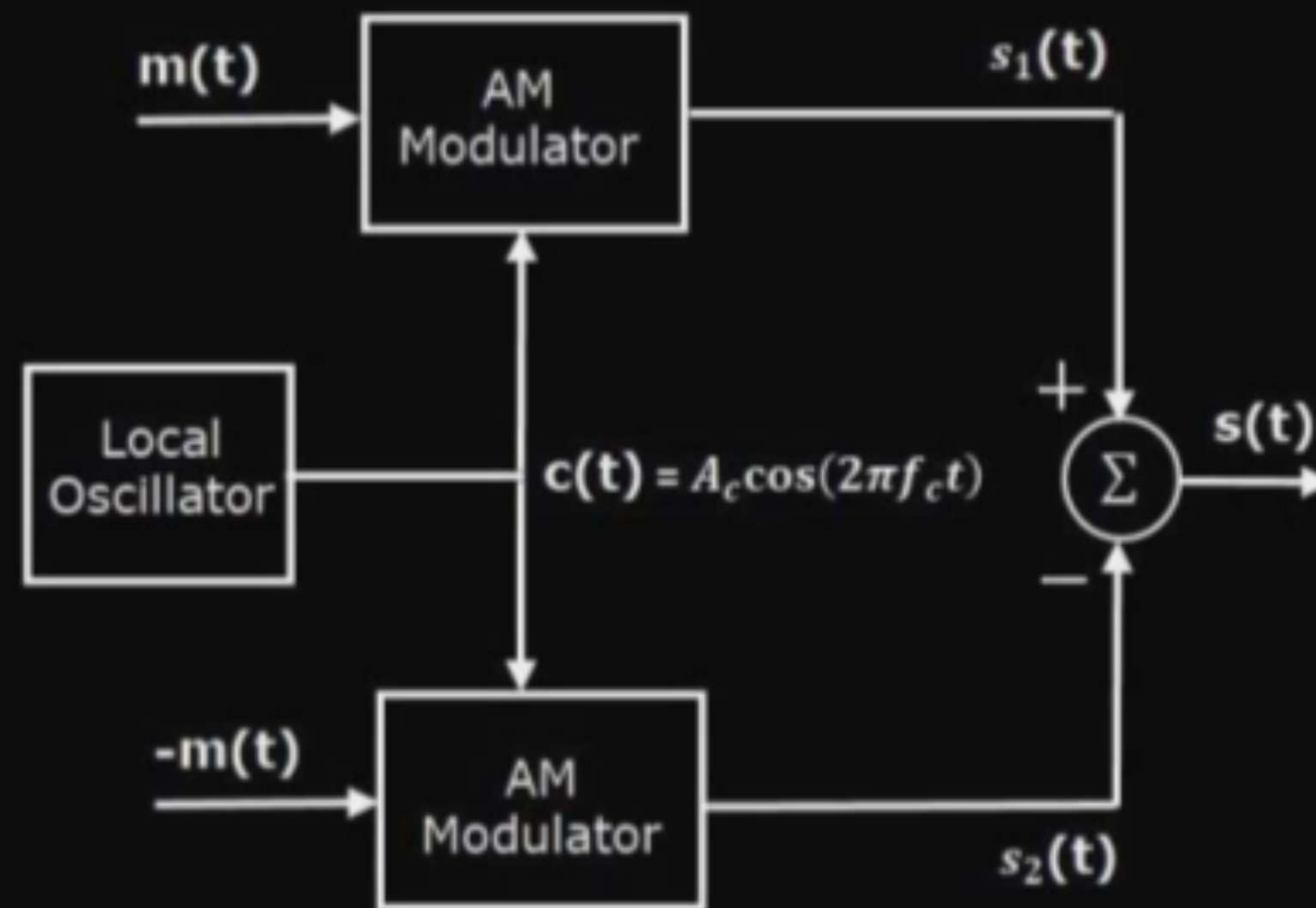
$$R_L C \leq \frac{1}{2\pi f_m v} \sqrt{\frac{1-M^2}{\mu^2}}$$

$$R_s C \ll \frac{1}{f_c} \quad X$$

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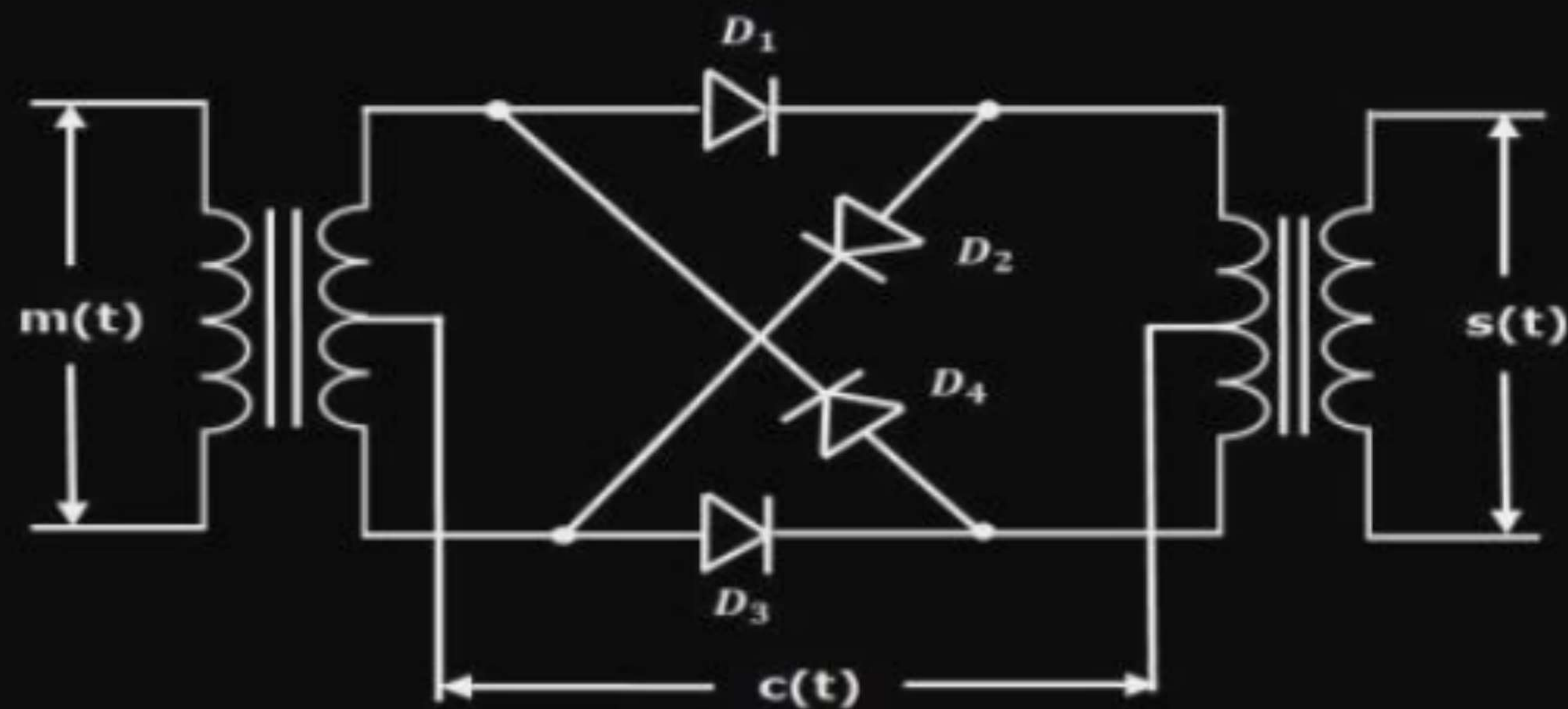


Double Side Band (DSB-SC) Modulation

Generation of Double Side Band (DSB-SC)*Balanced Modulator*

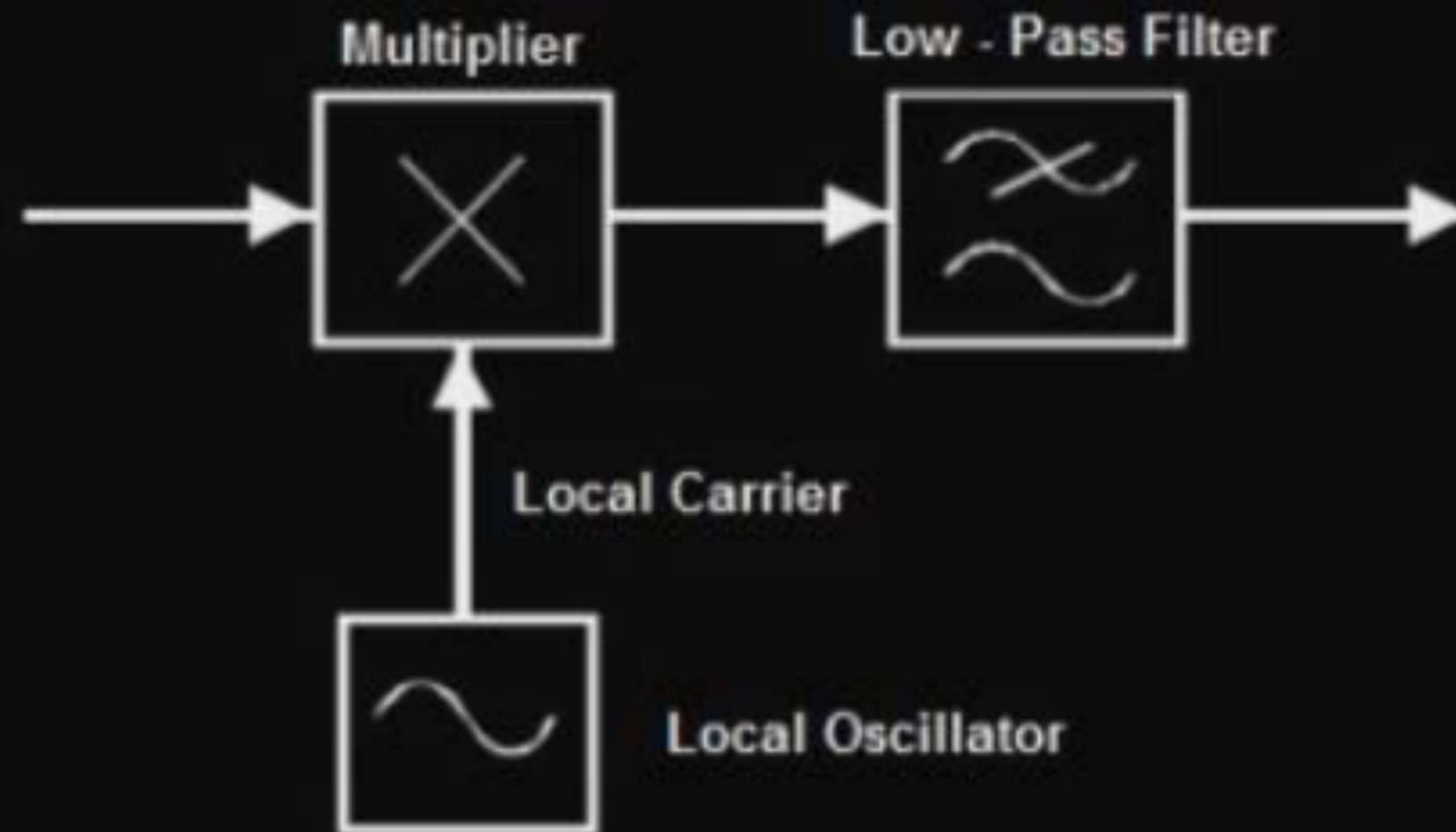
Generation of Double Side Band (DSB-SC)

Ring Modulator



Demodulation of Double Side Band (DSB-SC)

Synchronous Detector



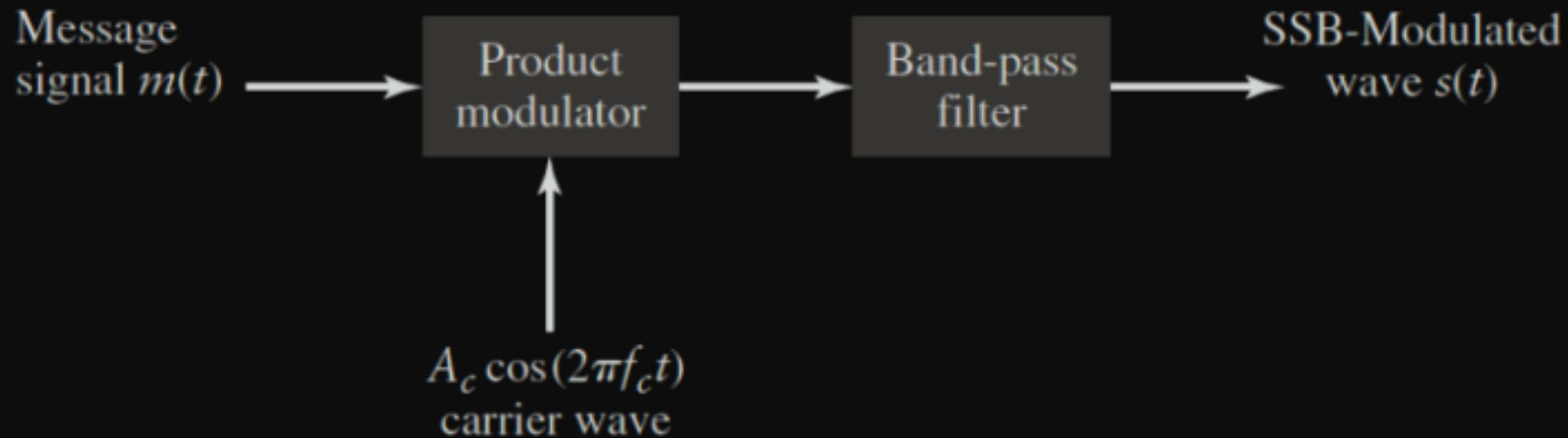
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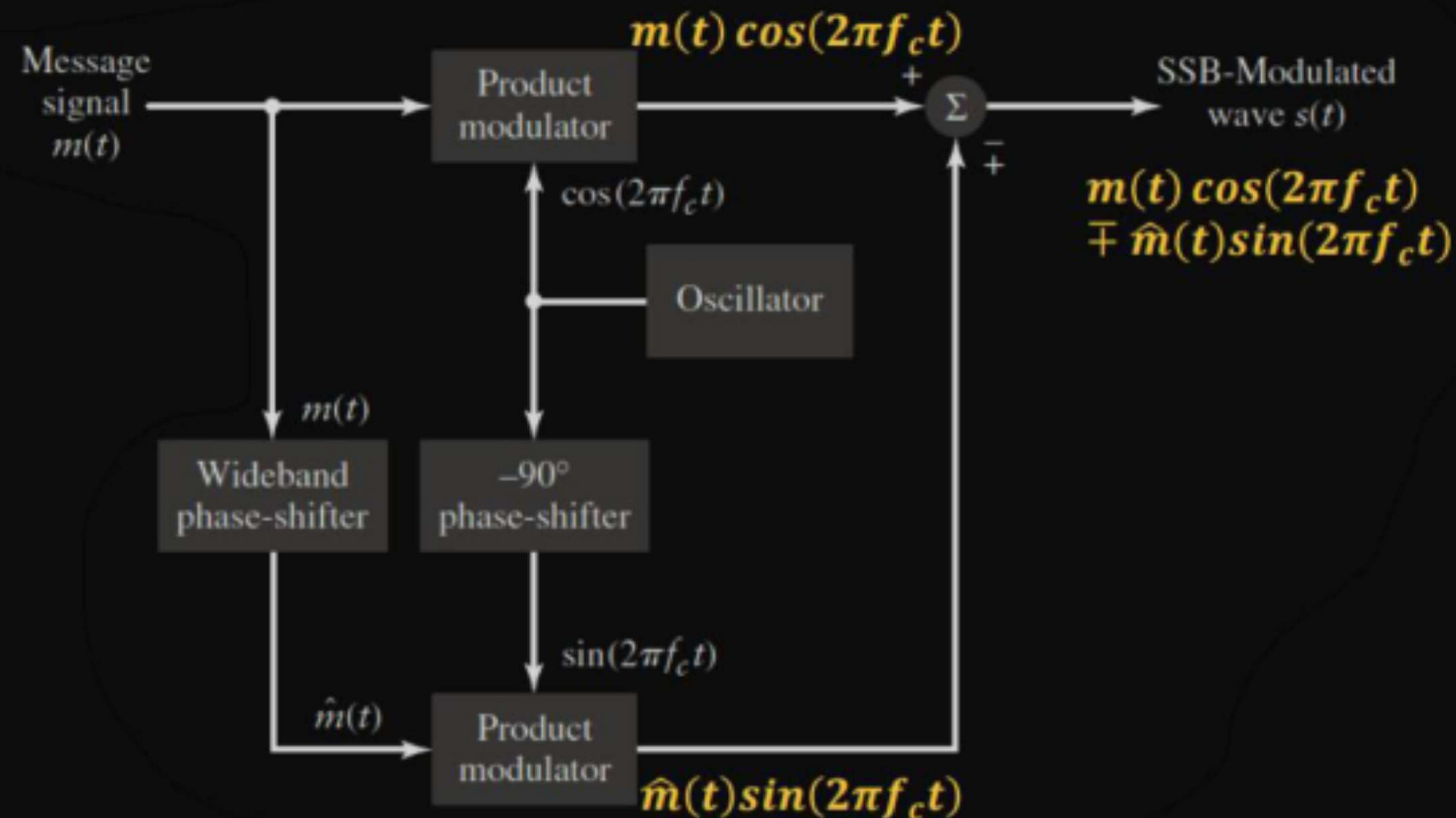


Single Side Band (SSB-SC) Modulation

Generation of Single Side Band (SSB-SC)

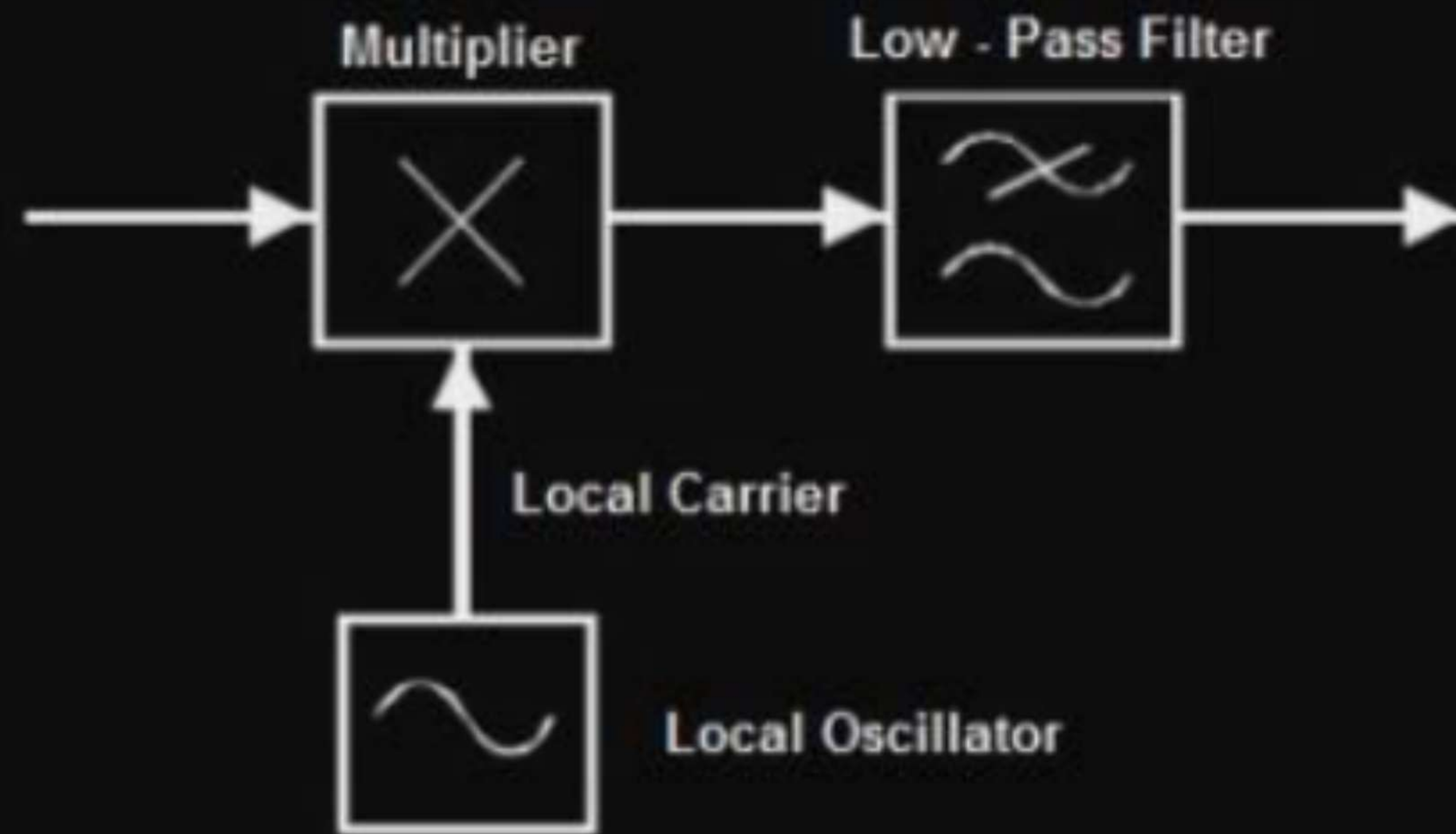
Frequency Discrimination Method (Filter Method)



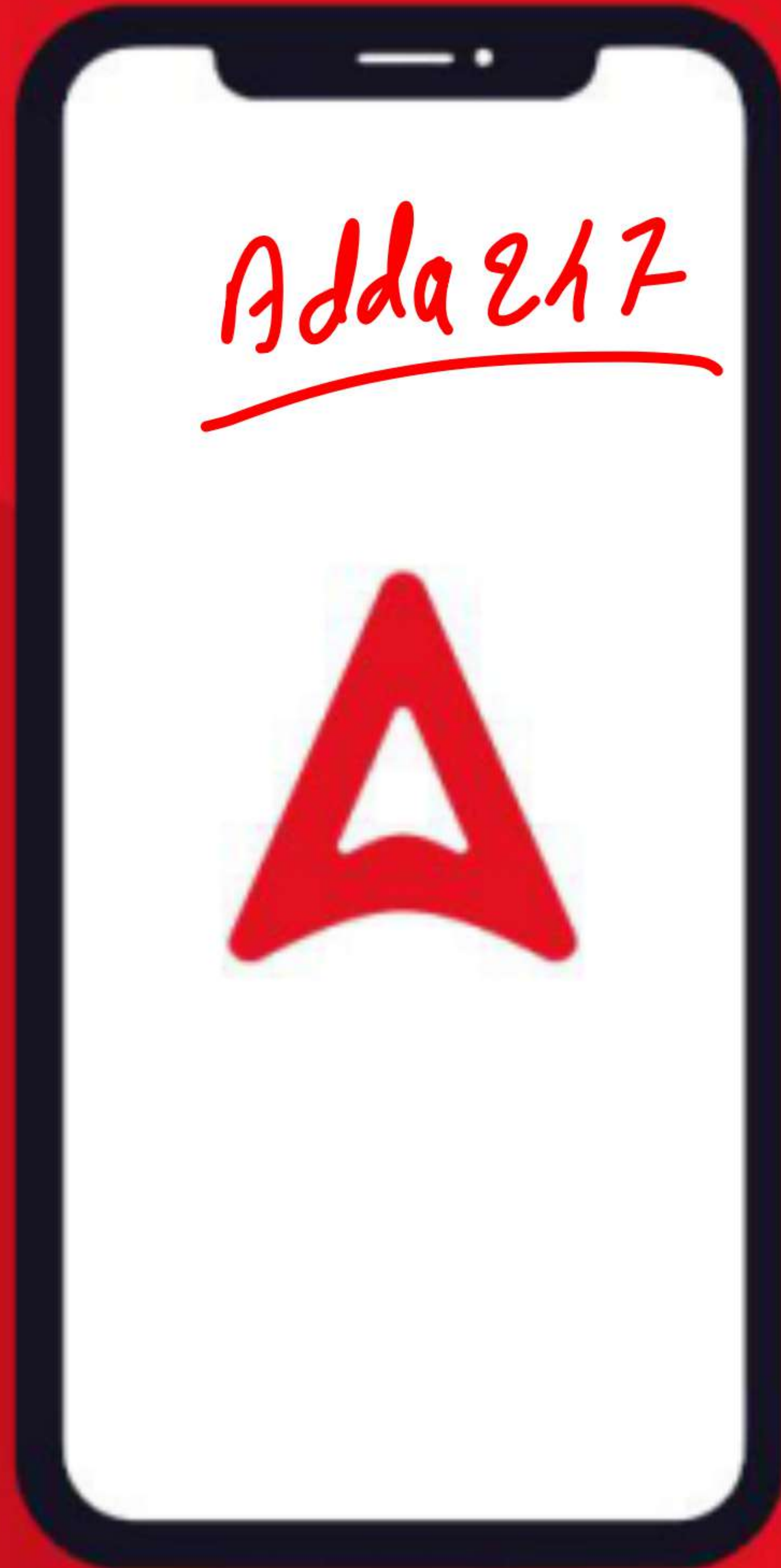
Generation of Single Side Band (SSB-SC)*Phase Discrimination Method*

Demodulation of Single Side Band (SSB-SC)

Synchronous Detector



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