

Elements of gating design



↓
Pouring Basin

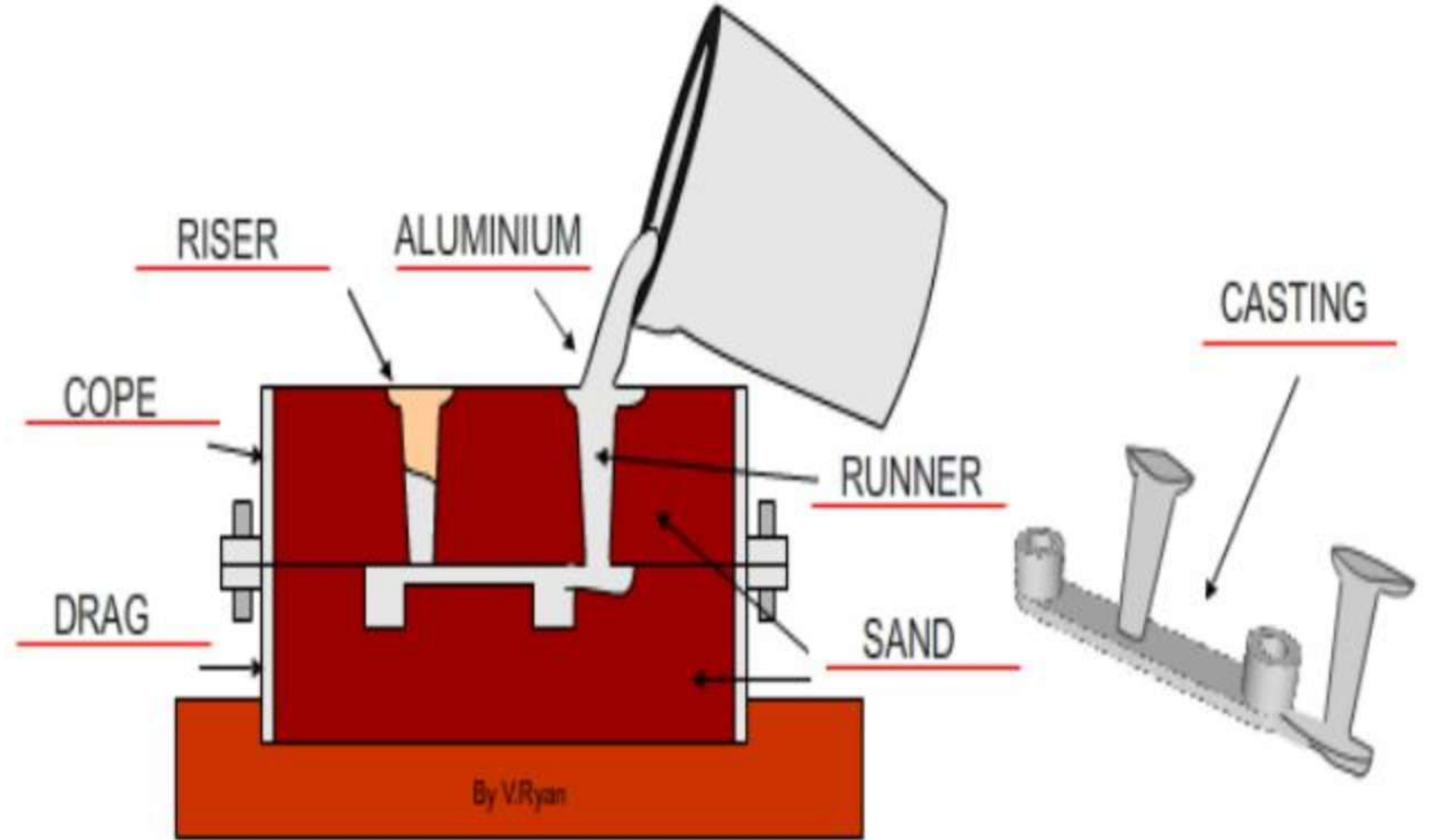
↓
Sprue

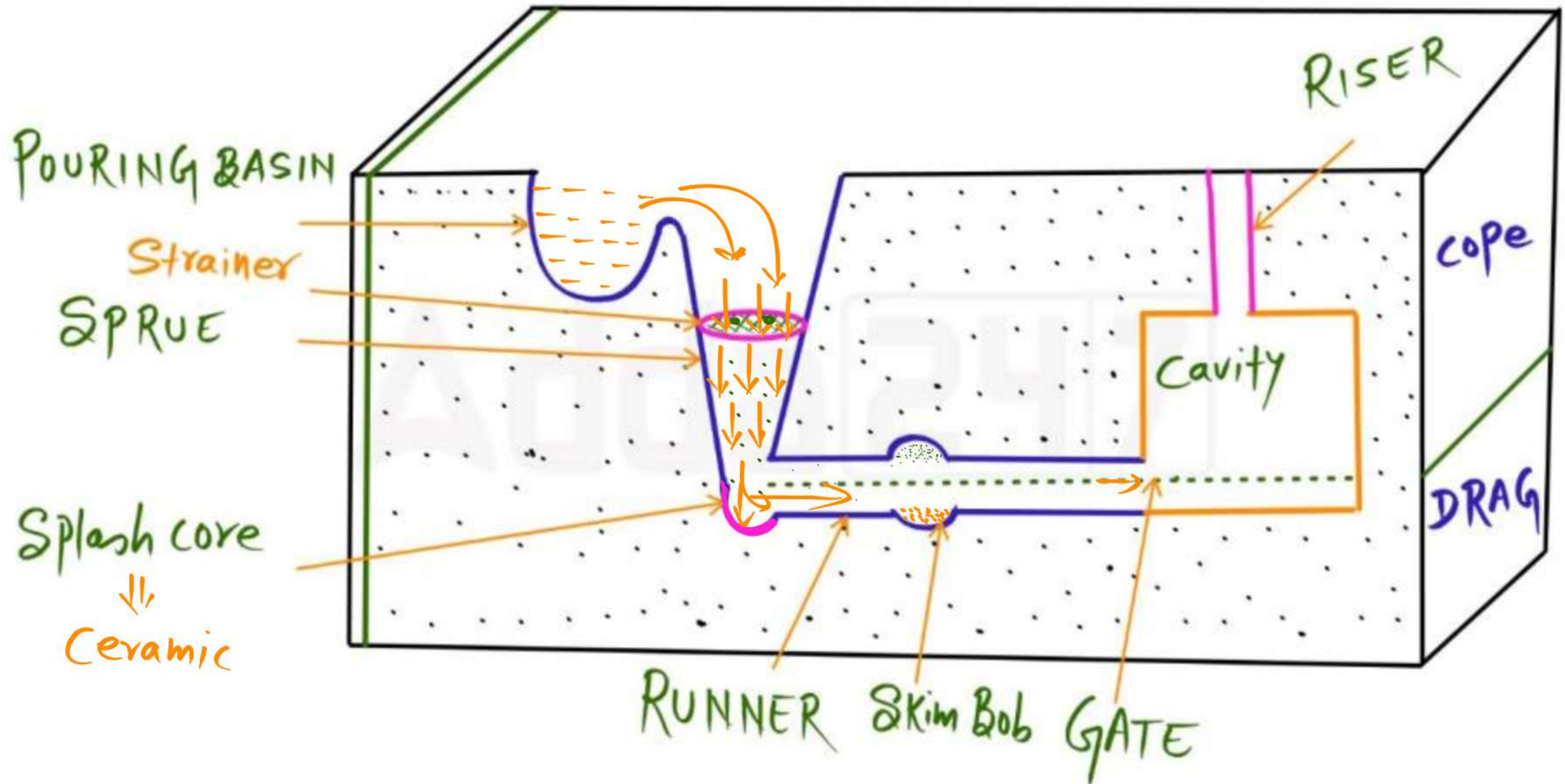
↓
Runner

↓
Gate

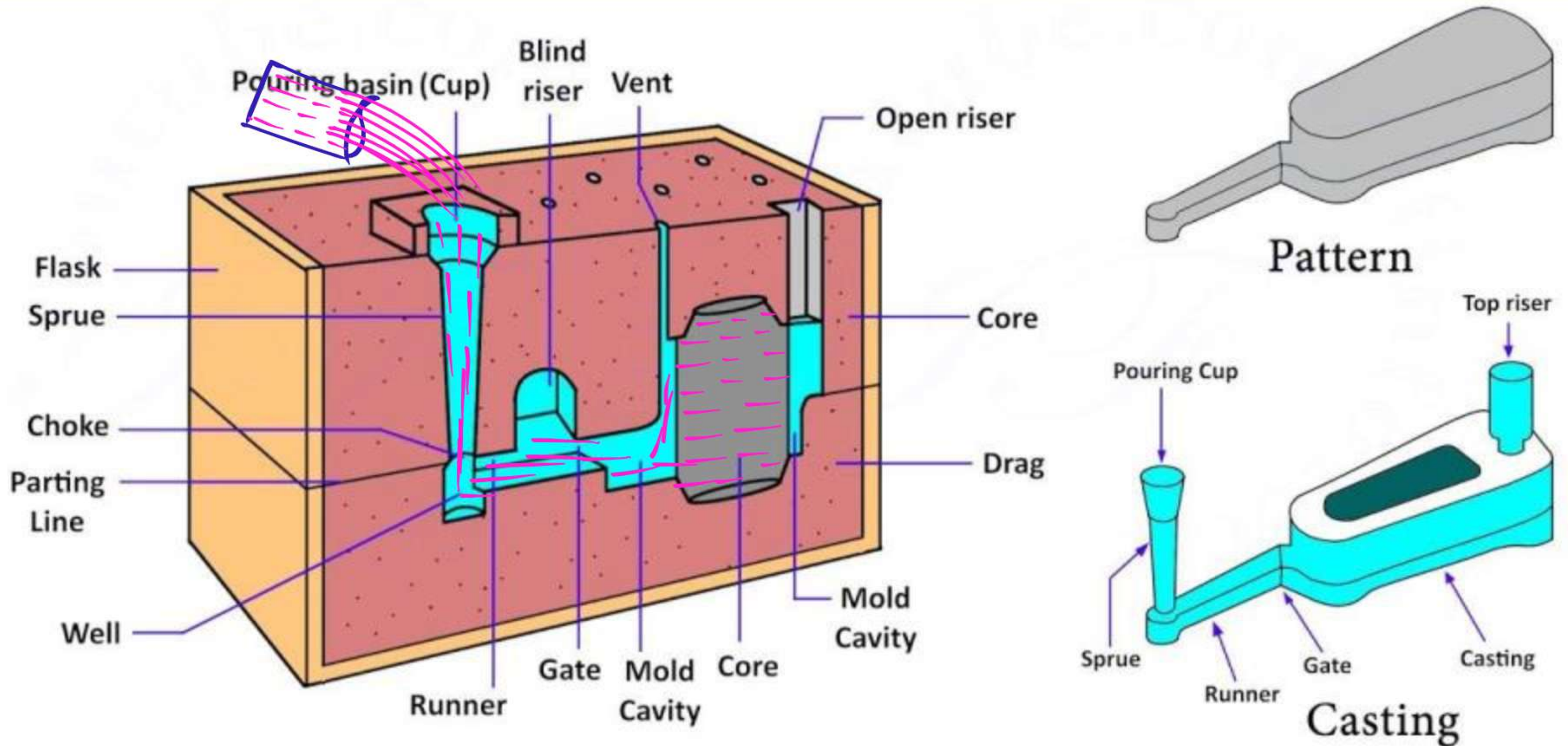
↓
Cavity

↓
Riser





Gating System (Metal Casting Process)



Objectives of gating design

- * Design the Gating so that Molten Liquid Metal Enter into cavity with optimum velocity without causing Turbulence, Splashing and Mould Errosion. With a given Time.
- * Design the gating Elements so that pure Liquid Metal will enter into the cavity without Any Air-aspiration Effect.
- * Produce the Gating Element for Maximum "Casting Yield".



😊 * casting yield =
$$\frac{\text{Vol of casting}}{V_c + \text{Vol of gating Element}}$$

*
$$cy = \frac{V_c}{V_c + V_g}$$

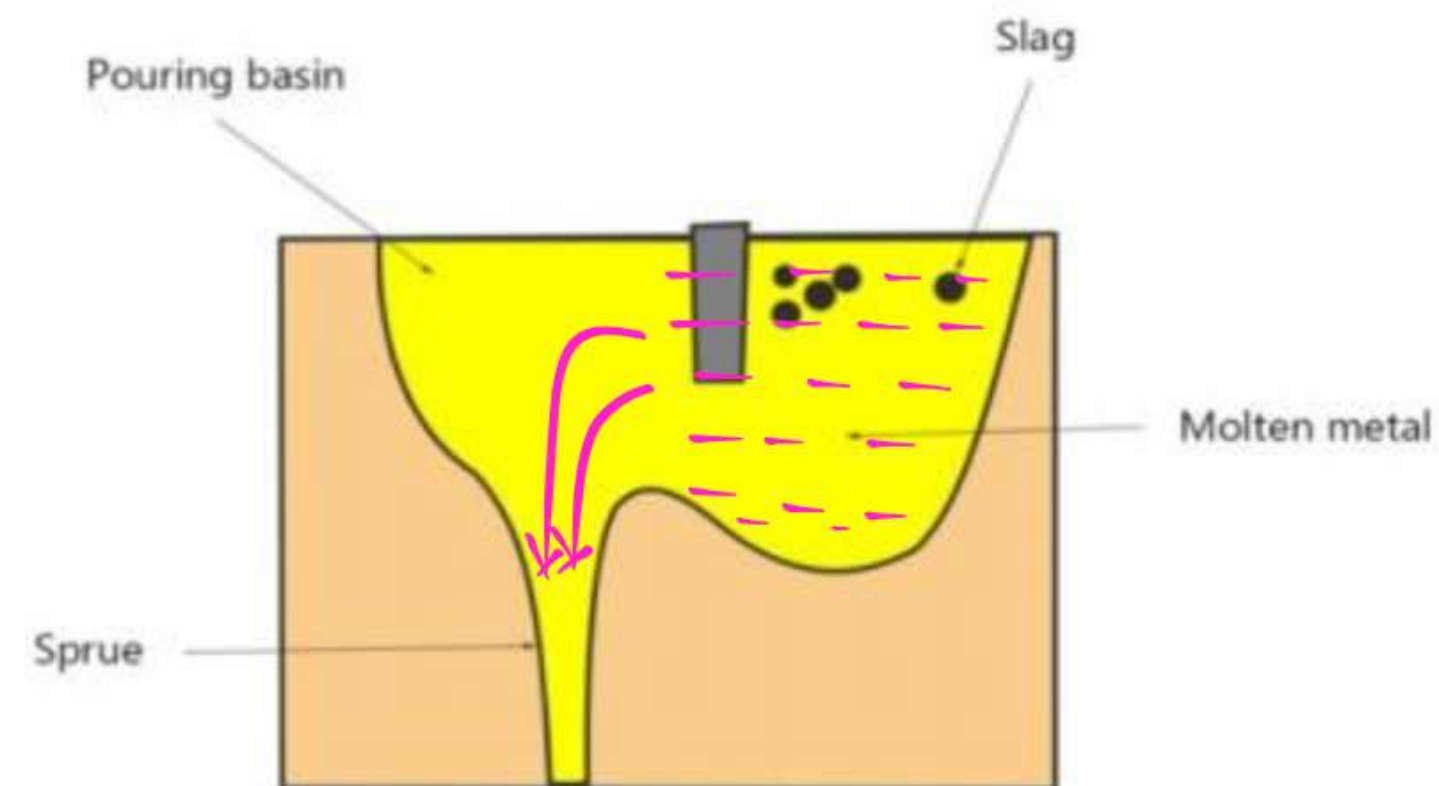
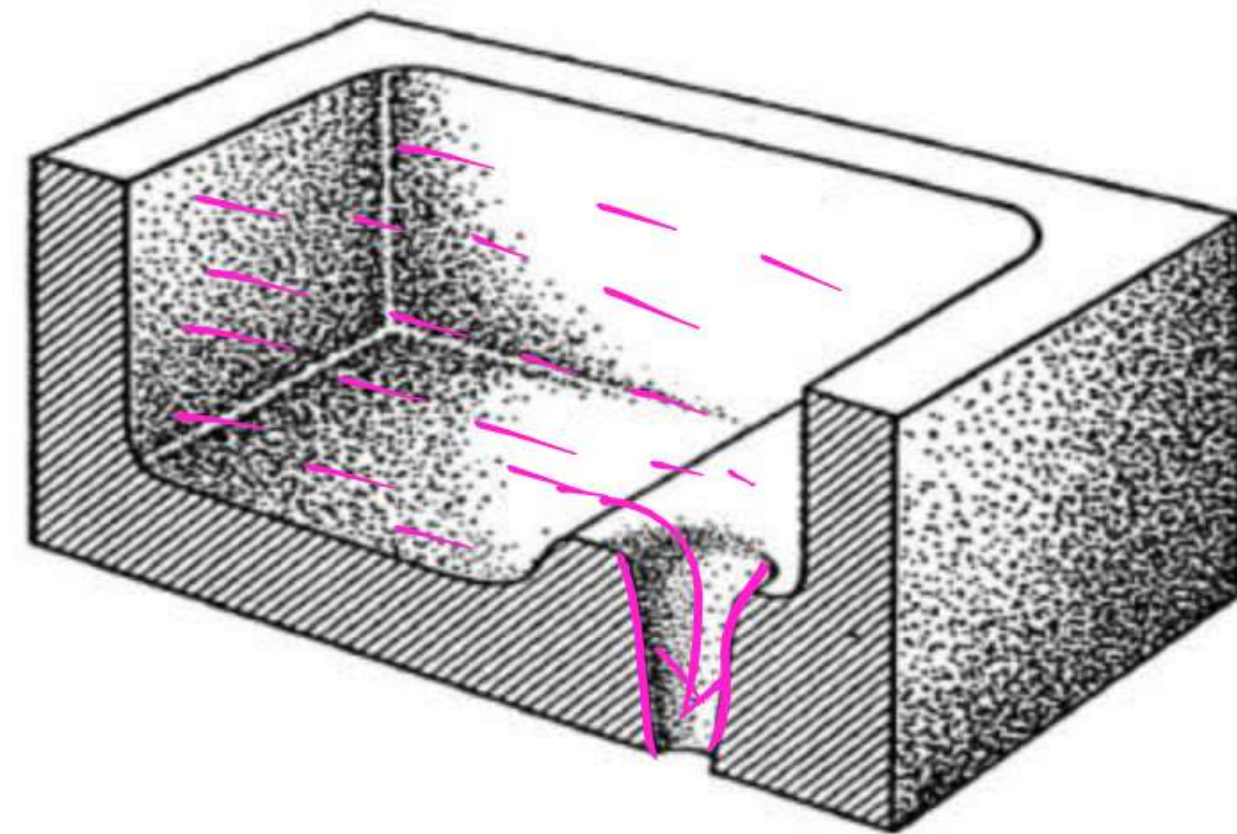
😊 # Gating Elements

⇓
* Pouring Basin → Sprue → Runner → Gate → Riser

Pouring Basin

Pouring basin is designed to reduce the velocity of liquid metal which is enter into the sprue

Reservoir shape of Pouring Basin





Strainer



Ceramic Material



It will trap the Large Size impurity

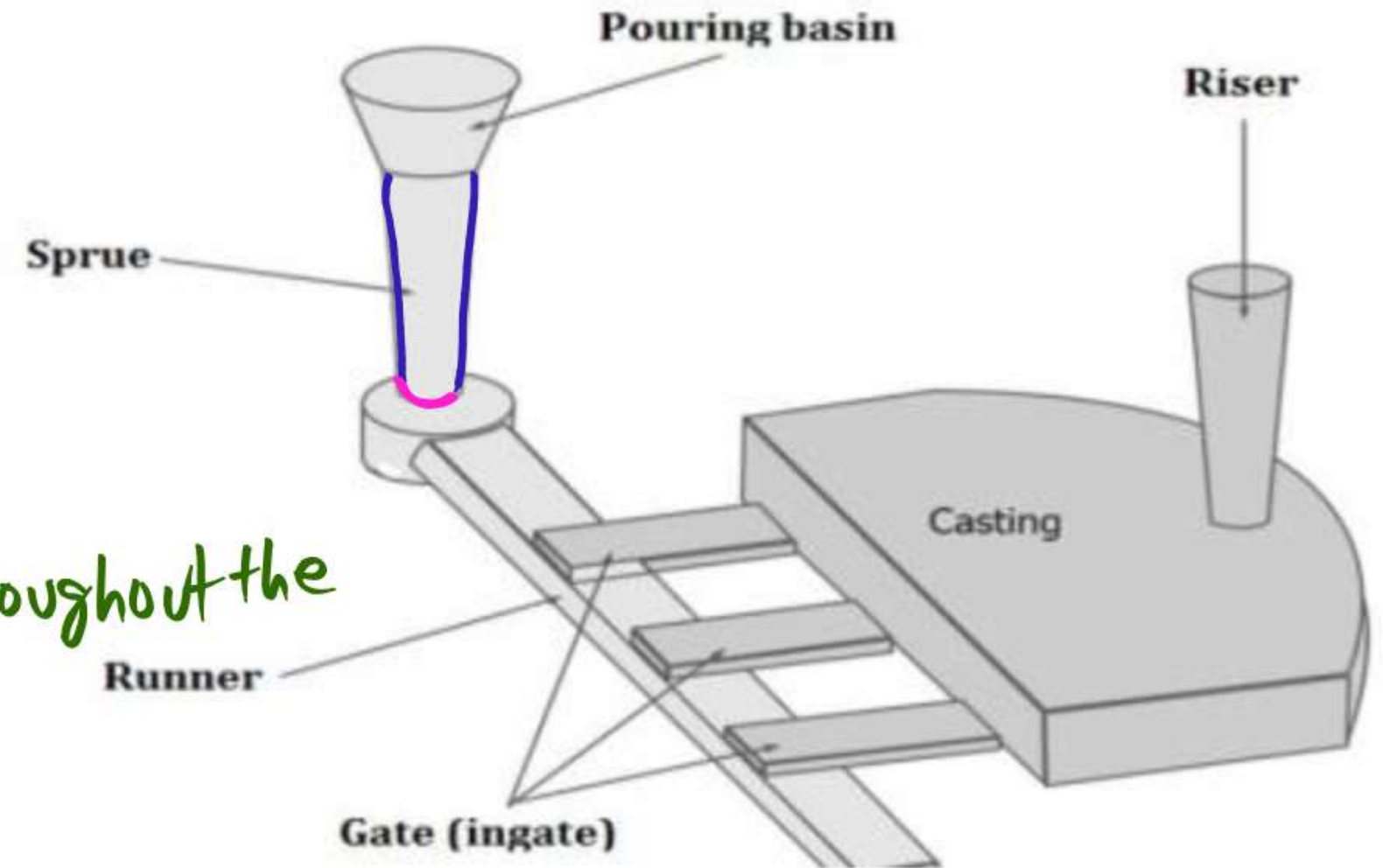


sprue

☺ To avoid air-aspiration Effect

⇓
The Shape of Sprue will not uniform OR constant c/s Area throughout the height

⇓⇓
The Shape of Sprue will be varying c/s Area i.e
Converging passage



Shape of Sprue \rightarrow

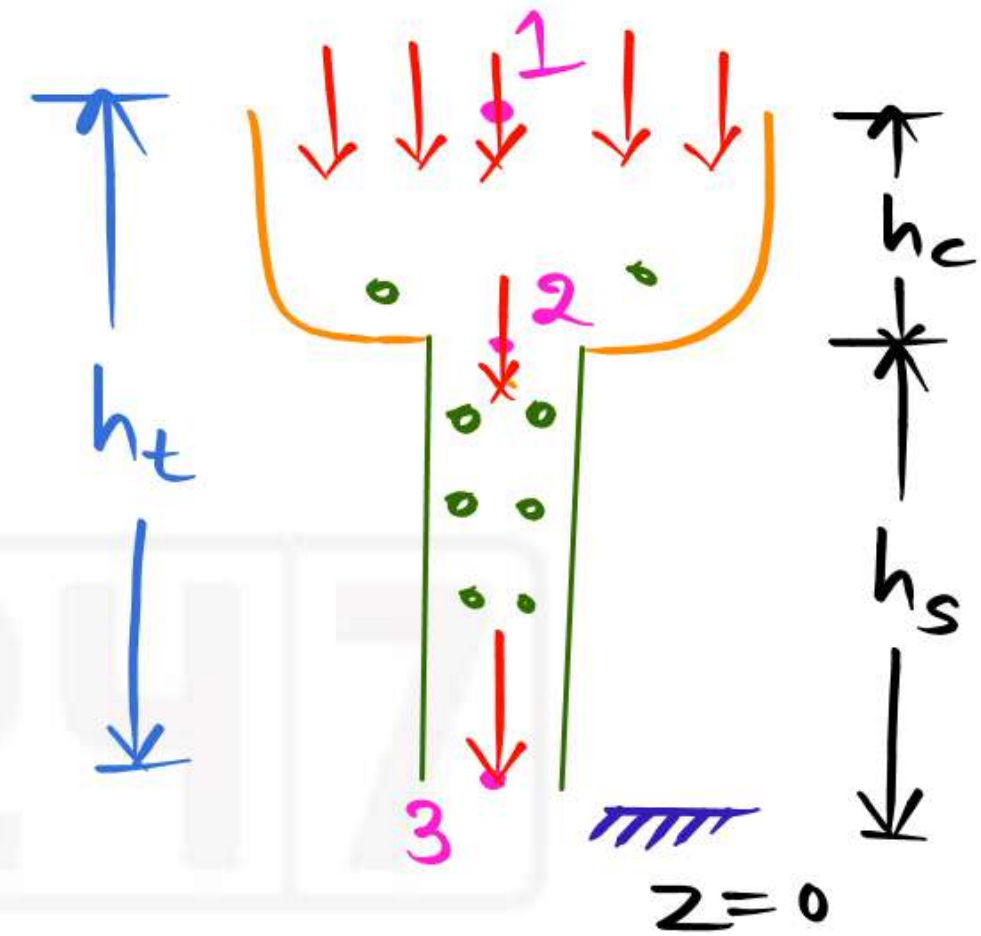
Sprue \rightarrow 2 to 3

* 1 And 3 \rightarrow At Atm pressure

* $\rho_2 A_2 v_2 = \rho_3 A_3 v_3$

* $A_2 v_2 = A_3 v_3$

* $v_2 = v_3$ ($\because A_2 = A_3$)



😊 Apply BE b/w ② And ③

$$* \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + \cancel{\frac{v_2^2}{2g}} + h_s = \frac{P_3}{\rho g} + \cancel{\frac{v_3^2}{2g}} + 0$$

$$* \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + h_s = \cancel{\frac{P_3}{\rho g}} \rightarrow 0$$

$$* \boxed{P_2 = -\rho g h_s}$$

$$* P_1 = P_{atm}$$

😊 * $P_1 > P_2 \Rightarrow$ Air-Aspiration Effect
So that shape of sprue will not be
uniform OR constant ρ/s

😊 Shape of Sprue

Sprue \rightarrow 2 to 3

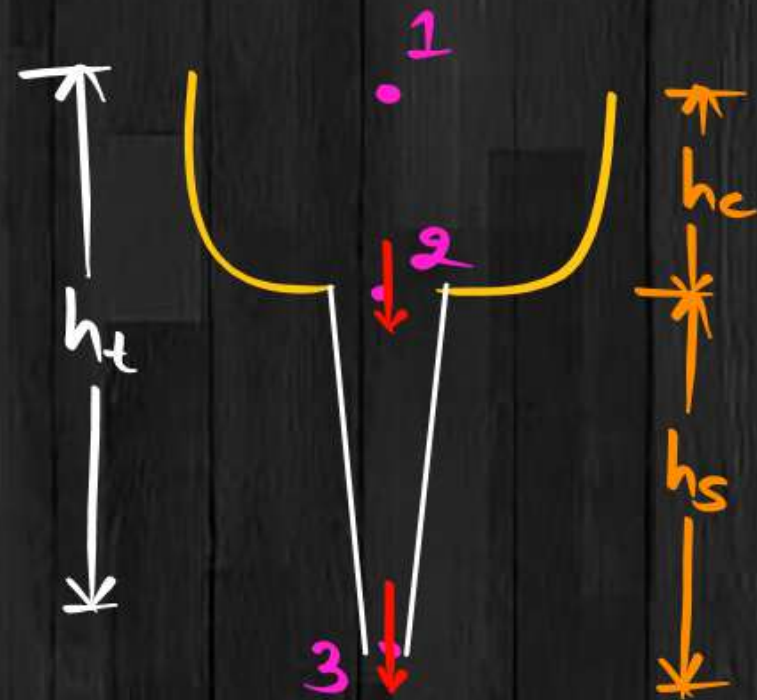
$$* \rho_2 A_2 v_2 = \rho_3 A_3 v_3$$

$$* A_2 v_2 = A_3 v_3$$

$$* \frac{A_2}{A_3} = \frac{v_3}{v_2}$$

$$* \frac{A_2}{A_3} = \frac{\sqrt{2gh_t}}{\sqrt{2gh_c}}$$

$$* \left(\frac{A_2}{A_3} \right)^2 = \frac{h_t}{h_c}$$



$$* v_2 = \sqrt{2gh_c}$$

$$* v_3 = \sqrt{2gh_t}$$

\rightarrow Equation of Parabola



* Shape of Sprue

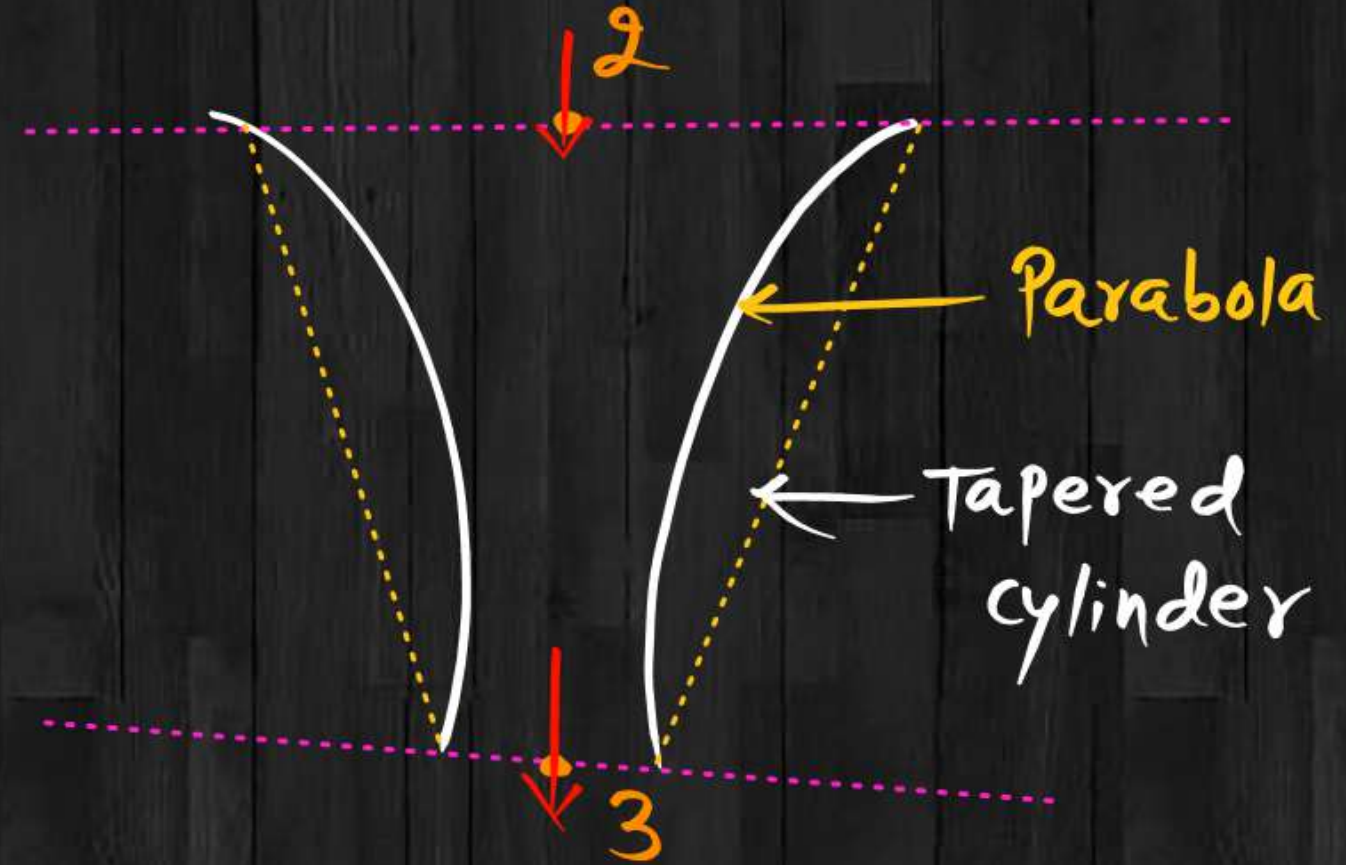


Parabola (Idea Shape of Sprue)

* To minimize the manufacturing difficulties the Shape of Sprue



Tapered cylinder



Design a sprue to avoid air aspiration effect and to feed the liquid metal at a rate of 20kg/sec take density of the liquid metal as 7800kg/m³. Take height of the sprue as 20cm and height of the pouring cup as 5cm.

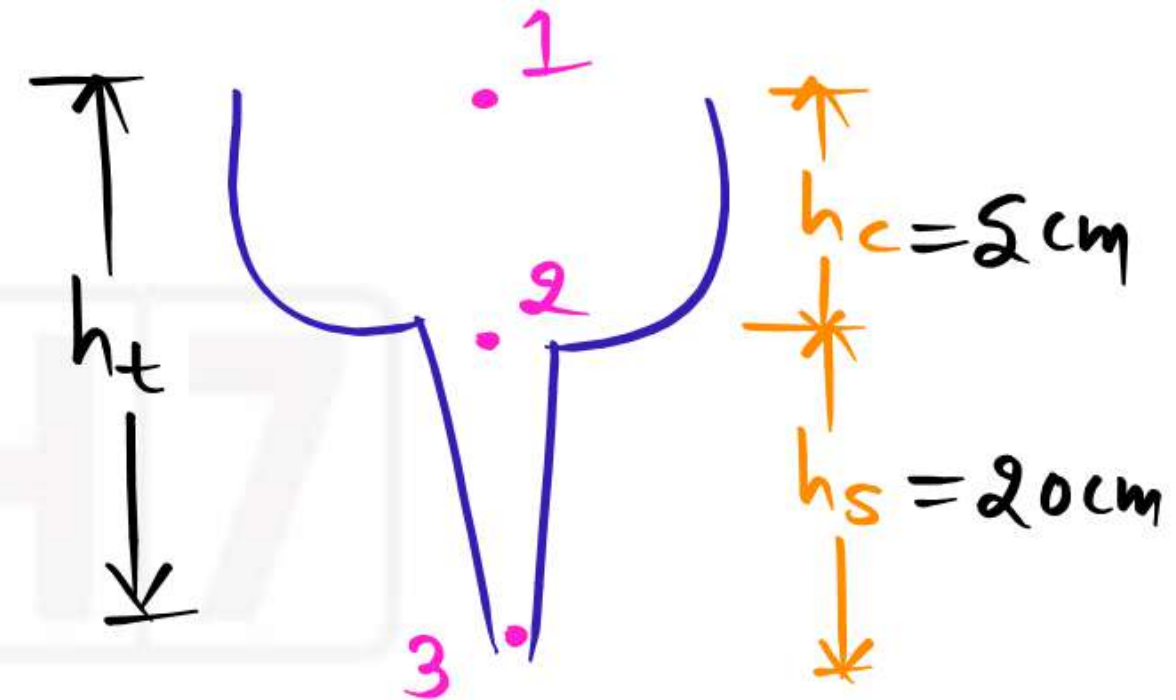
Given data :->

* $m = 20 \text{ Kg/sec}$

* $\rho = 7800 \text{ Kg/m}^3$

* $h_s = 20 \text{ cm}$

* $h_c = 5 \text{ cm}$



Design of sprue -> * $A_2 = \text{Inlet Area of Sprue}$
 * $A_3 = \text{outlet Area of Sprue}$



$$* \theta_1 = \theta_2 = \theta_3 = Q$$

$$* A_2 = \frac{Q}{V_2}$$

$$* A_2 = \frac{2564.1 \rightarrow \text{cm}^3/\text{s}}{99.04 \rightarrow \text{cm}/\text{s}}$$

$$* A_2 = 25.88 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$* \frac{\pi}{4} d_2^2 = 25.88$$

$$* d_2 = 5.74 \text{ cm}$$

$$* g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2 \Rightarrow 981 \text{ cm/s}^2$$

$$* V_2 = \sqrt{2gh_c} = \sqrt{2 \times 981 \times 5} = 99.04 \text{ cm/s}$$

$$* \dot{m} = \rho A V = \rho Q$$

$$* Q = \frac{\dot{m}}{\rho} = \frac{20 \rightarrow \text{kg/s}}{7800 \rightarrow \text{m}^3/\text{kg}} = 2.564 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$* Q = 2564.1 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$

$$* A_3 = \frac{Q}{V_3}$$

$$* A_3 = \frac{2564.1 \rightarrow \text{cm}^3/\text{s}}{221.47 \rightarrow \text{cm}/\text{s}}$$

$$* A_3 = 11.57 \text{ cm}^2$$

↓

$$* \frac{\pi}{4} d_3^2 = 11.57$$

$$* d_3 = 3.83 \text{ cm}$$

$$* V_3 = \sqrt{2gh_t} = \sqrt{2 \times 981 \times 25} = 221.47 \text{ cm}/\text{s}$$

$$* Q = 2564.1 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$



function of Splash core



Ceramic



To avoid Mould Erosion

Runner



Horizontal passage



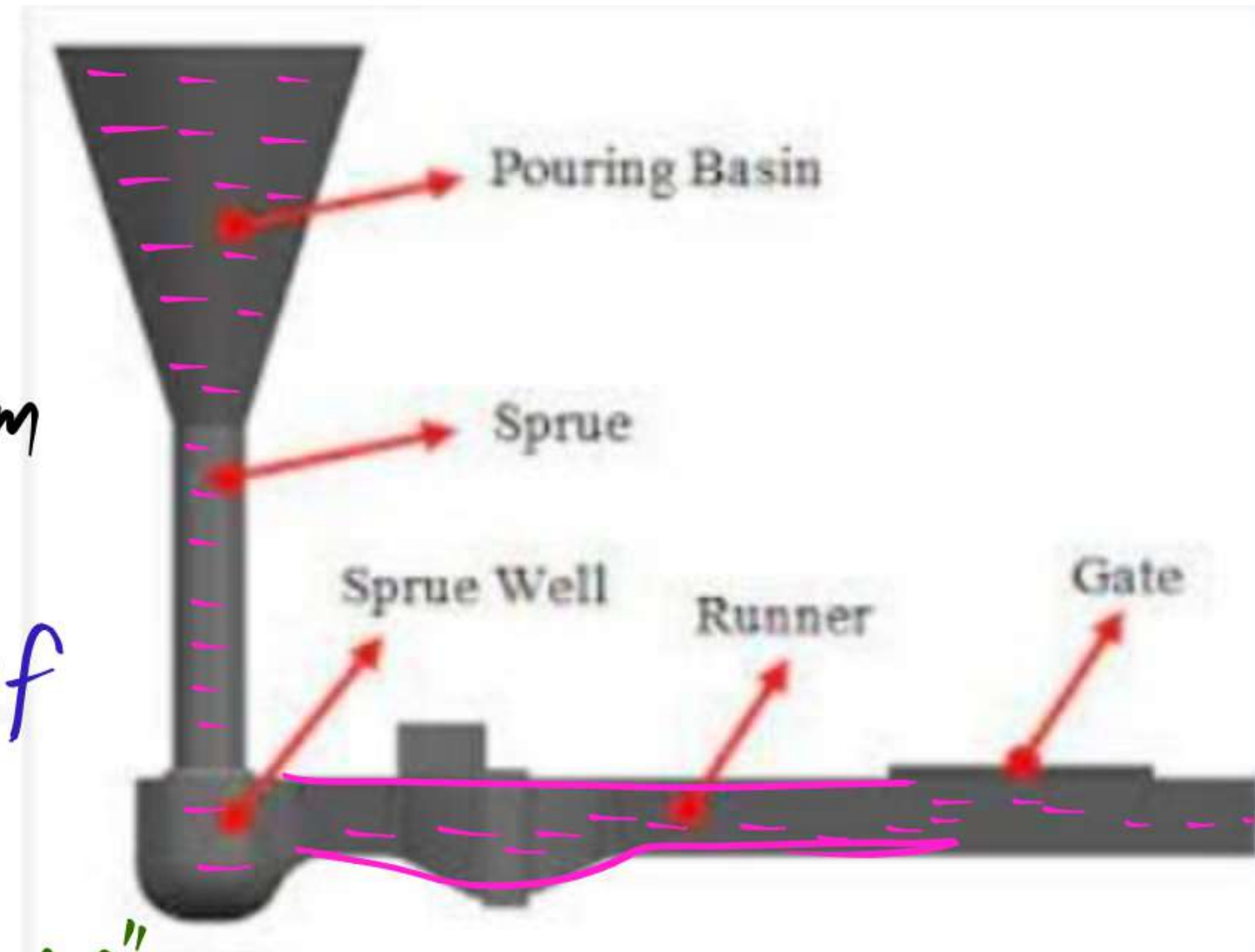
It will transfer the molten liquid from Sprue exit to inlet of Gate.



① To minimize the Turbulent loss of Molten Liquid Metal



Shape of Runner \Rightarrow "Trapezoidal" $\frac{1}{s}$



* To minimize the heat transfer losses



Shape of Runner



cylindrical

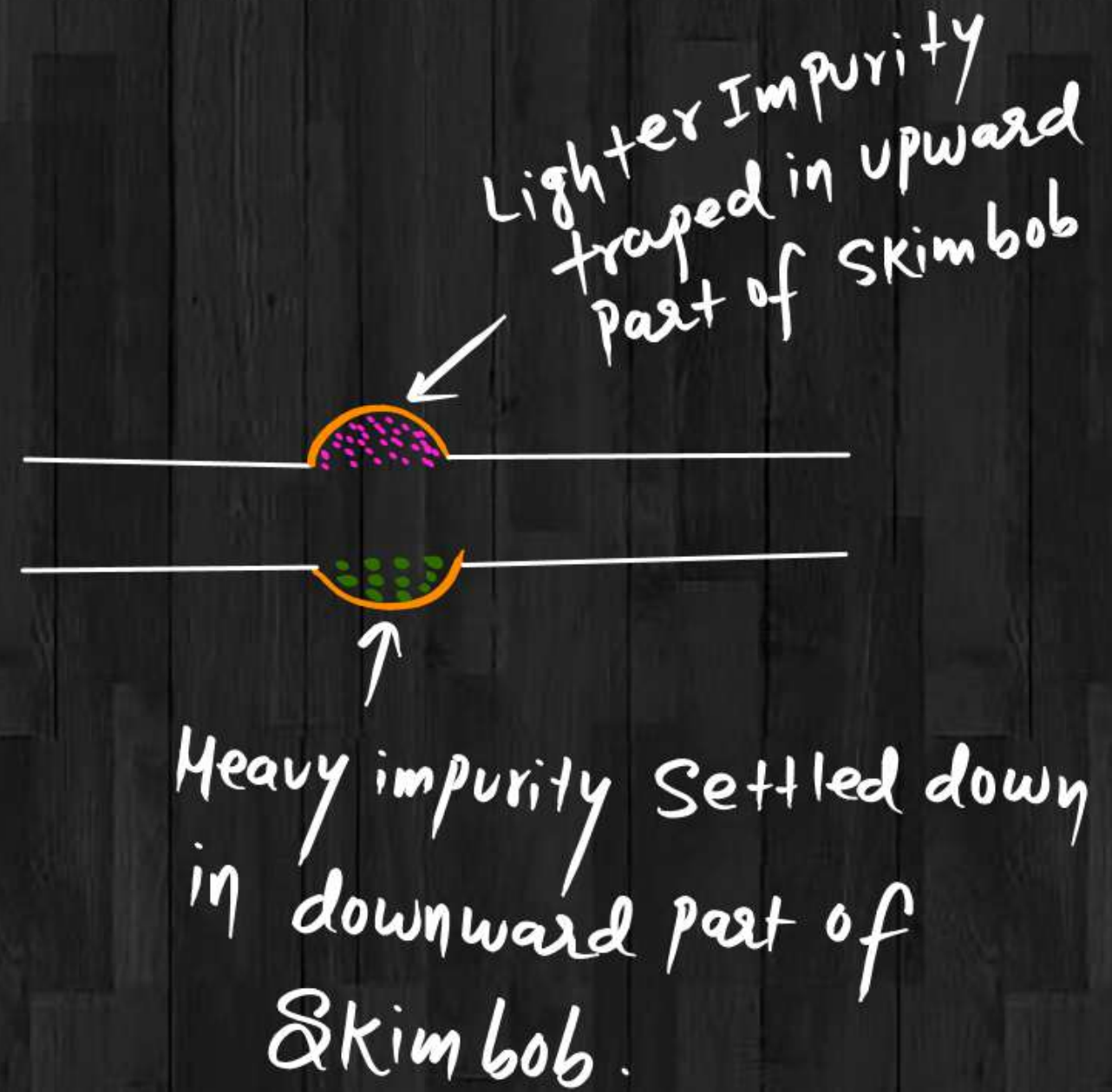




function of Skim bob



To filter the lighter and heavy impurity present in molten liquid metal.

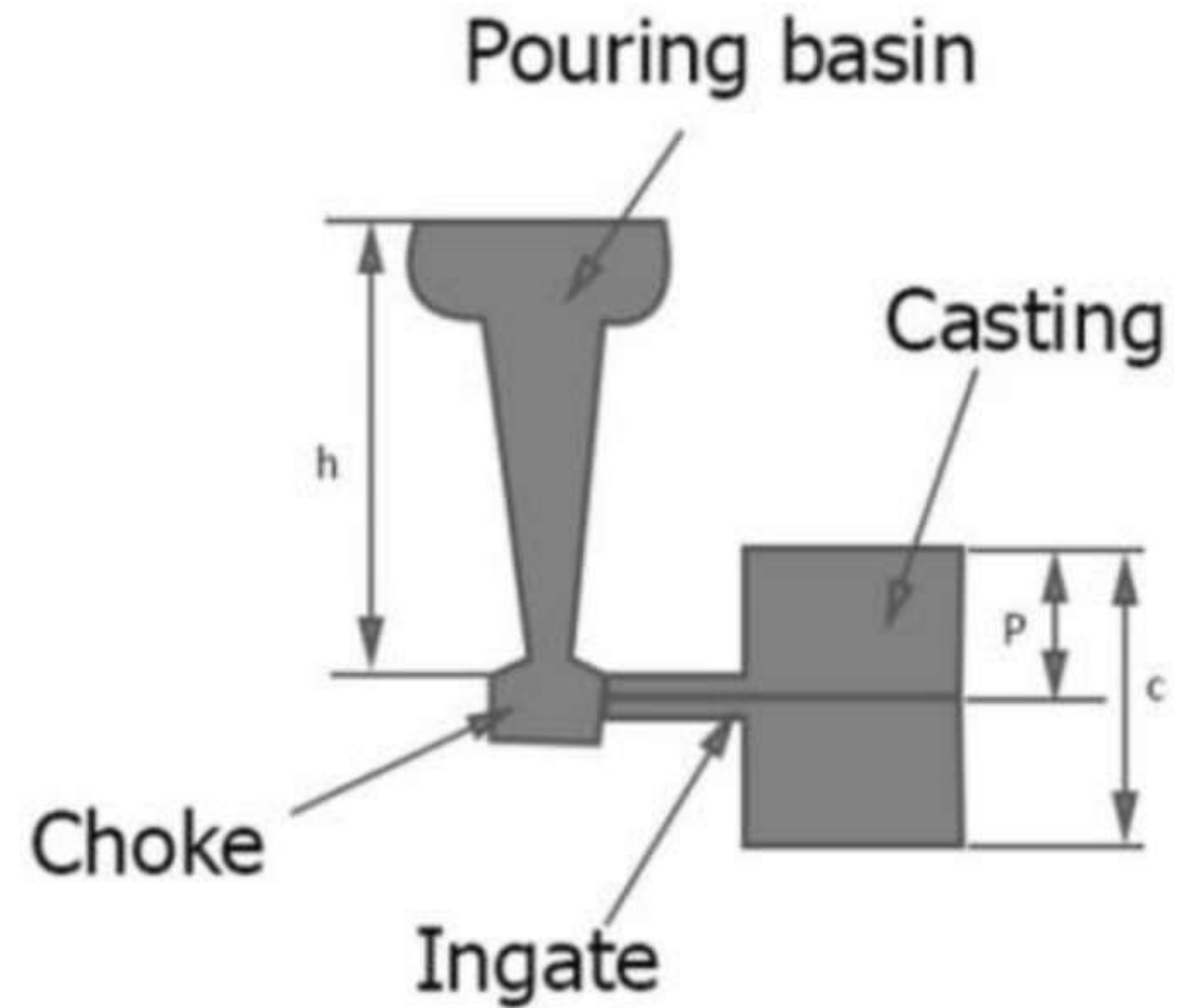


Gate

It is the actual entry point through which liquid metal can be enter into the cavity.

Types

- 1 Top gate
- 2 Bottom gate
- 3 Parting line gate
- 4 Step gate



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Top gating



Bottom gating



Parting line gating

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Top Gate

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Bottom Gate

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Relation between Top and Bottom Gate when

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Relation between Top and Bottom Gate when

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In a gating design dimensions of the cavity is 50cm, 25cm and 10cm. It will be filled by providing a gate on the top of the cavity with the pouring height of 15cm. Area of the gate is 5cm^2 . Determine the time taken to fill the cavity.

By using top gate

By using bottom gate

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In a gating design the mould dimensions are 50cm, 25cm and 15cm the height of liquid metal above the gate is 15cm area of the gate is 5cm². Determine time required to fill the mould cavity by using Bottom gate.

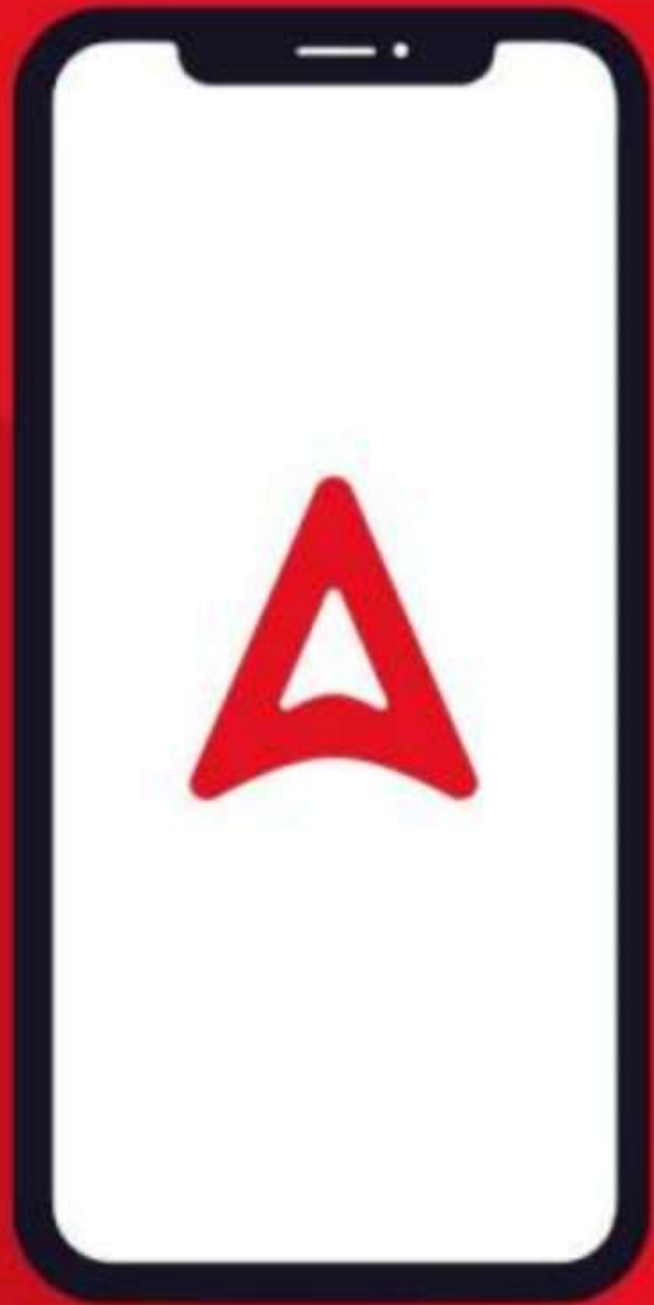
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