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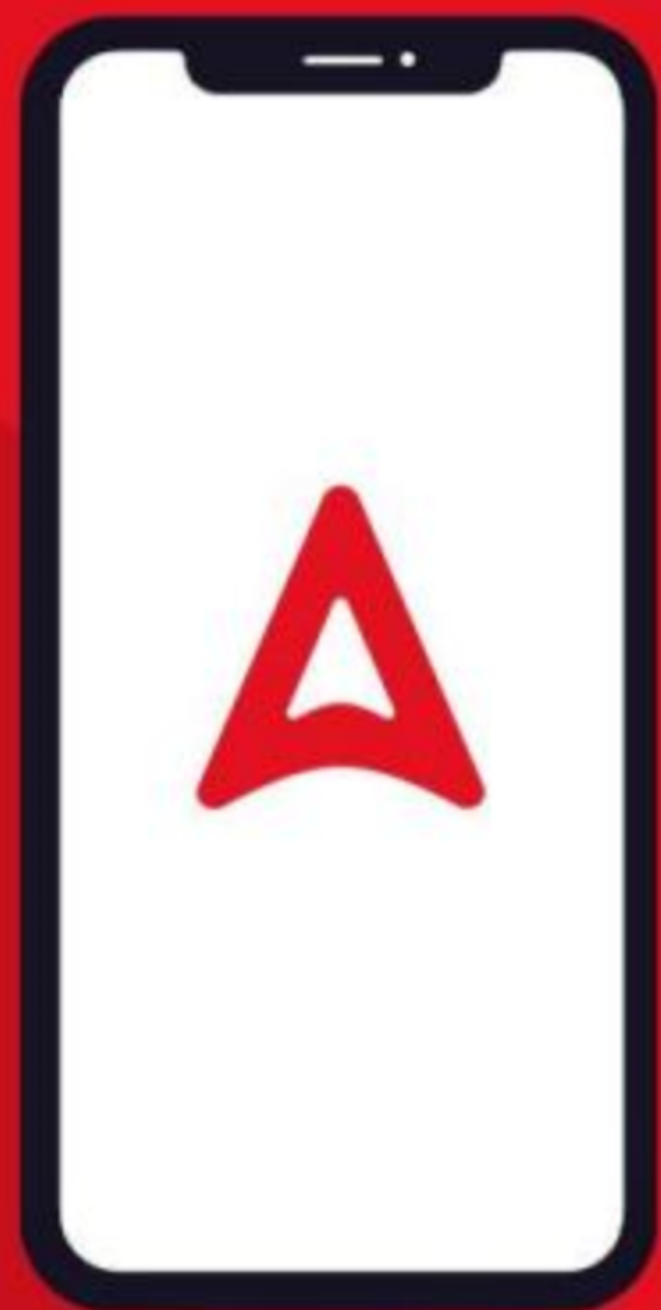
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS EIGEN VECTORS

TIME- 10:00AM DATE- 11 APRIL 2023



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Q:109 Which one of the following is an eigenvector of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}_{4 \times 4}$$

$\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4$

$$\checkmark \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

\checkmark (a) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}_{4 \times 1}$

\times (b) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}_{4 \times 1}$

\times (c) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}_{4 \times 1}$

\times (d) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}_{4 \times 1}$

for λ eigen value
eigen vector
 $[A - \lambda I]X = 0$

$|A - \lambda I| = 0$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 5-\lambda & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5-\lambda & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 1-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$(5-\lambda) \left[(5-\lambda) \left[(2-\lambda)(1-\lambda) - 3 \right] \right] = 0$$

$$(5-\lambda)^2 \left[\dots \right] = 0$$

$$\lambda = 5, 5, \dots$$

for $\lambda = 5$

$$[A - 5I]X = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$5x_3 = 0 \Rightarrow x_3 = 0$$

$$-3x_3 + x_4 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x_4 = 0$$

$$3x_3 - 4x_4 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x_3 = 0, x_4 = 0$$

$x_1, x_2 \rightarrow$ arbitrary

Q:110 The eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 2}$ are written in the form $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ a \end{bmatrix}$

and $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ b \end{bmatrix}$ What is $a + b$?

$\lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = 2$

- (a) 0
- (b) 1/2
- (c) 1
- (d) 2

for $\lambda = 2$

$[A - 2I]x = 0$

$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$

$x_2 = 0$

$x_1 \rightarrow$ arbitrary

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$a = 0$

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$\Rightarrow b = 0$

$a + b = 0$



Q:111 One of the eigen vectors of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ is -

- (a) $\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{Bmatrix}$
- (b) $\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{Bmatrix}$
- (c) $\begin{Bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \end{Bmatrix}$
- (d) $\begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{Bmatrix}$

$\lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = 2, -1$

for $\lambda = 2$
 $[A - 2I]X = 0$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$x_2 = 0$
 $-3x_2 = 0 \Rightarrow x_2 = 0$
 $x_1 = \text{arbitrary}$

$X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

for $\lambda = -1$
 $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$

$3x_1 + x_2 = 0$
 $x_2 = -3x_1$

$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 15 \end{bmatrix}$

Q:112 For the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, one the eigen values is equal to - 2.

Which of the following is an eigen vector ?

\times (a) $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

\times (b) $\begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$

\checkmark (c) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$

\checkmark (d) $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

for $\lambda = -2$

$$[A - (-2)I]x = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$5x_1 - 2x_2 + 2x_3 = 0$$

$$\begin{matrix} x_3 = 0 \\ 3x_3 = 0 \end{matrix} \rightarrow x_3 = 0$$

$$5x_1 = 2x_2$$

Q: 113 An eigenvector of $P = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ is -

- ~~(a)~~ $[-1 \ 1 \ 1]^T$
- ~~(b)~~ $[1 \ 2 \ 1]^T$
- ~~(c)~~ $[1 \ -1 \ 2]^T$
- ~~(d)~~ $[2 \ 1 \ -1]^T$

for $\lambda = -1$

$$[A - \lambda I]x = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$\lambda_3 = 0$

for $\lambda = 2$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$\lambda_3 = 0$

for $\lambda = 3$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$-2x_1 + x_2 = 0 \Rightarrow x_2 = 2x_1$

$-x_2 + 2x_3 = 0 \Rightarrow x_2 = 2x_3$

Q:114 . One pair of eigen vectors corresponding to the two eigen values of

the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ is -

(a) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -j \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} j \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$

(b) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

(c) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ j \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(d) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ j \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} j \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$|A - \lambda I| = 0$
 $\begin{vmatrix} -\lambda & -1 \\ 1 & -\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$
 $\lambda^2 + 1 = 0$
 $\lambda = \pm i$

for $\lambda = i$
 $[A - iI]x = 0$
 $\begin{bmatrix} -i & -1 \\ 1 & -i \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$
 $-ix_1 - x_2 = 0 \Rightarrow x_2 = -ix_1 \Rightarrow x_1 = \frac{x_2}{-i} = ix_2$
 $x_1 - ix_2 = 0 \Rightarrow x_1 = ix_2$

MSQ

for $\lambda = -i$

$$[A + iI]x = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} i & -1 \\ 1 & i \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$ix_1 - x_2 = 0 \Rightarrow x_2 = ix_1$$

$$x_1 + ix_2 = 0 \Rightarrow x_2 = -\frac{x_1}{i} = ix_1$$

Q:115. Given the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} -4 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$, the eigenvector is -

~~(a)~~ $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$

~~(b)~~ $\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$

(c) $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$

~~(d)~~ $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$

$\lambda_1 + \lambda_2 = -1$ $-5, 4$

$\lambda_1 \times \lambda_2 = -20$

for $\lambda = -5$

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$

$x_1 + 2x_2 = 0$

$4x_1 + 8x_2 = 0$

$\rightarrow x_1 = -2x_2$

for $\lambda = 4$

$\begin{bmatrix} -8 & 2 \\ 4 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$

$-8x_1 + 2x_2 = 0 \Rightarrow x_2 = 4x_1$

$4x_1 - x_2 = 0 \Rightarrow x_2 = 4x_1$

Q:116 For the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ the eigenvalue corresponding to the

eigenvector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ is -

(a) 2

(b) 4

(c) 6

(d) 8

$$[A - \lambda I]x = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4-\lambda & 2 \\ 2 & 4-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4 \cdot 4 - 1 \cdot 0 \cdot 1 \cdot \lambda + 2 \cdot 0 \cdot 2 &= 0 \\ 1 \cdot 0 \cdot 1 \cdot \lambda &= 6 \cdot 6 \Rightarrow \lambda = 6 \end{aligned}$$

Q:117 The value of p such that the vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ is an eigenvector of the

matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 & 2 \\ p & 2 & 1 \\ 14 & -4 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$ is

$$[A - \lambda I]x = 0$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} 4-\lambda & 1 & 2 \\ p & 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 14 & -4 & 10-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$4 - \lambda + 2 + 6 = 0$$
$$\lambda = 12$$
$$p + 4 - 2\lambda + 3 = 0$$
$$p + 7 - 24 = 0$$
$$\boxed{p = 17} \text{ Ans}$$

Q:118 For the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$, ONE of the normalized eigen vector is given as -

(a) $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix}$

(b) $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$

(c) $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} \\ \frac{-1}{\sqrt{10}} \end{pmatrix}$

(d) $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \end{pmatrix}$

Q:119 One of the eigenvectors of matrix $\begin{bmatrix} -5 & 2 \\ -9 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ is -

- (a) $\begin{Bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{Bmatrix}$
- (b) $\begin{Bmatrix} -2 \\ 9 \end{Bmatrix}$
- (c) $\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{Bmatrix}$
- (d) $\begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{Bmatrix}$



Q:120 A matrix has eigenvalues -1 and -2 . The corresponding eigen vectors are $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$ respectively. The matrix is -

(a) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

(b) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -2 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$

(c) $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

(d) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$

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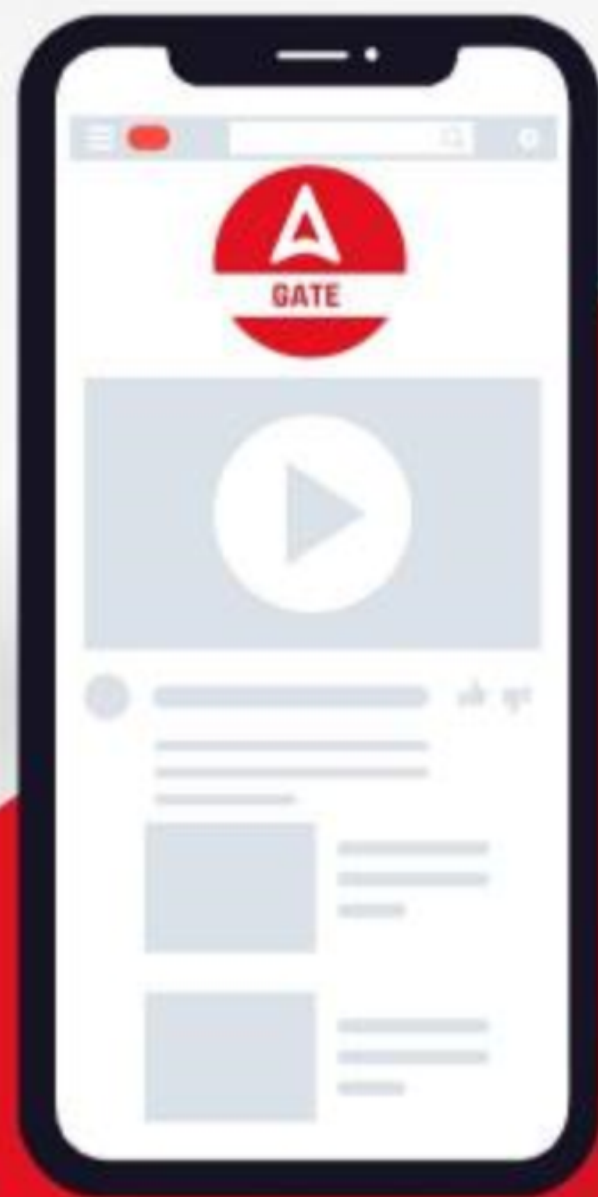
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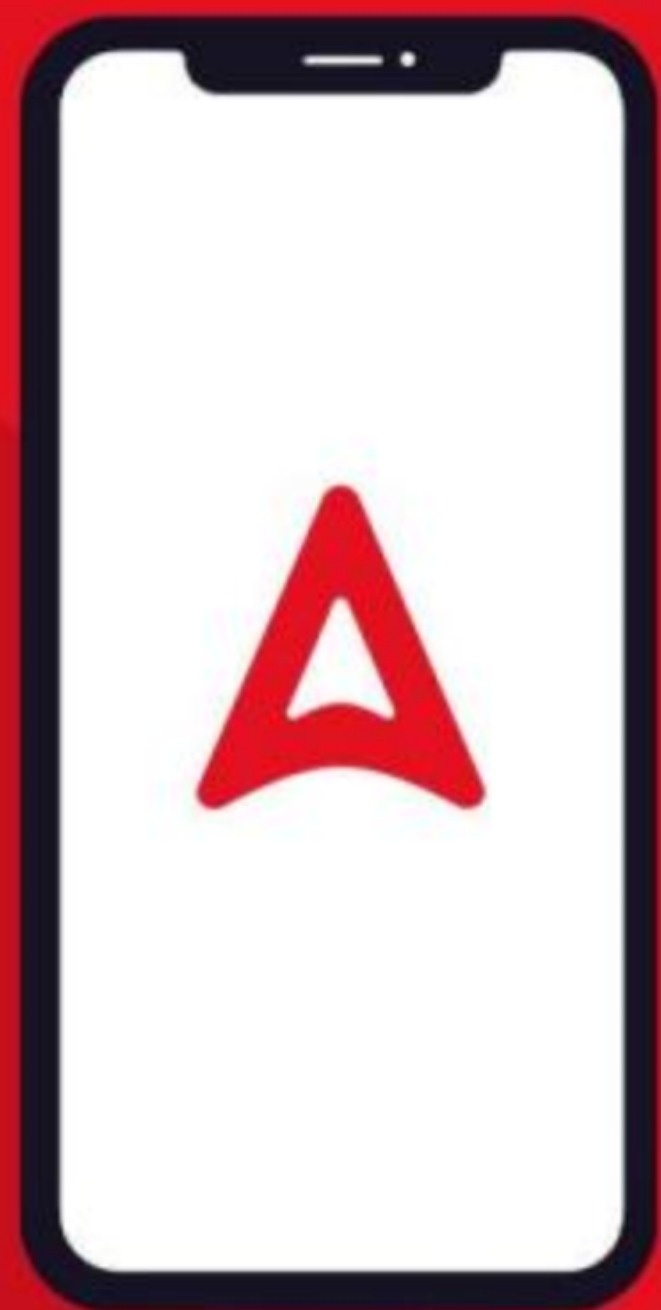


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