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EE & EC ENGINEERING

EXAM TARGET	SUBJECT	TIME	FACULTY
ALL PSUs	ENGINEERING MATHS	10:00 AM	ANANT SIR
GATE 2024-25	NETWORK THEORY	6:00 PM	RAVI SIR
GATE 2024-25	ELECTRICAL MACHINE	7:30 PM	SANTAN SIR
GATE 2024-25	COMMUNICATION	9:00 PM	RENU SIR

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CIVIL ENGINEERING

EXAM TARGET	SUBJECT	TIME	FACULTY
ALL PSUs	✓ ENGINEERING MATHS	10:00 AM	ANANT SIR
ALL PSUs	GEOTECHNICAL	1:00 PM	RUDRA SIR
GATE 2024-25	STEEL STRUCTURE	6.00 PM	REHAN SIR
GATE 2024-25	ENVIRONMENT	8:00 PM	PRATIK SIR
GATE 2024-25	SOM	9:00 PM	MUKESH SIR

You **Tube** Classes Schedule



MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

EXAM TARGET	SUBJECT	TIME	FACULTY
ALL PSUs	ENGINEERING MATHS	10:00 AM	ANANT SIR
ALL PSUs	PRODUCTION	11:30 PM	GAURAV SIR
ALL PSUs	THERMODYNAMICS	3:00 PM	KANISTH SIR
GATE 2024-25	HMT	4:30 PM	YOGESH SIR
GATE 2024-25	SOM	9:00 PM	MUKESH SIR



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MECHANICAL ENGINEERING



Prachand

HMT	MONDAY Live @11AM	YOGESH SIR
PRODUCTION	TUESDAY Live @11AM	GAURAV SIR
SOM	WEDNESDAY Live @8PM	MUKESH SIR
THERMODYNAMICS	THURSDAY Live @11AM	KANISTH SIR
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS	FRIDAY Live @11AM	ANANT SIR

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EE & ECE ENGINEERING



NETWORK THEORY	SATURDAY Live @11AM	RAVI SIR
COMMUNICATION	WEDNESDAY Live @8PM	RENU SIR
ANALOG ELECTRONICS	THURSDAY Live @8PM	LAWRENCE SIR
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS	FRIDAY Live @11AM	ANANT SIR
ELECTRICAL MACHINE	MONDAY Live @8PM	SANTAN SIR

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CLASS SCHEDULE



CIVIL ENGINEERING



SOM	WEDNESDAY Live @8PM	MUKESH SIR
ENVIRONMENT	THURSDAY Live @8PM	PRATIK SIR
STEEL STRUCTURE	FRIDAY Live @8PM	REHAN SIR
GEOTECHNICAL	SATURDAY Live @11AM	RUDRA SIR
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS	FRIDAY Live @11AM	ANANT SIR

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Q:48

While minimizing the function $f(x)$, necessary and sufficient conditions for a point x_0 to be minima are

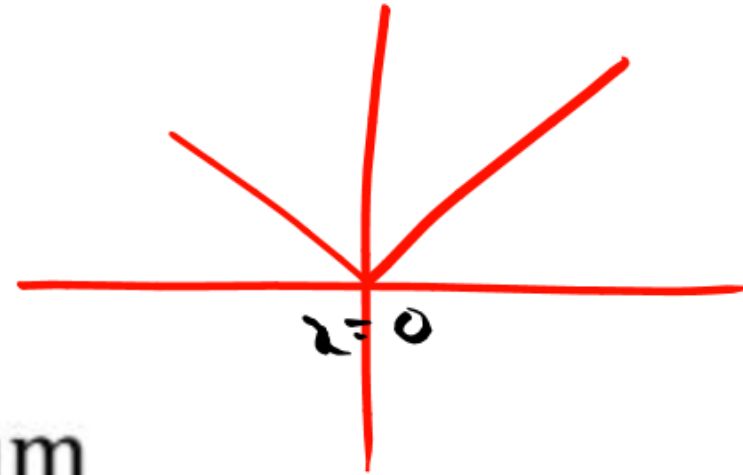
- (a) $f'(x_0) > 0$ and $f''(x_0) = 0$
- (b) $f'(x_0) < 0$ and $f''(x_0) = 0$
- (c) $f'(x_0) = 0$ and $f''(x_0) < 0$
- (d) $f'(x_0) = 0$ and $f''(x_0) > 0$

$$f'(x_0) = 0$$

$$f''(x_0) = +ve \leftarrow \text{minima}$$

Q:49 At $x = 0$, the function $f(x) = |x|$ has -

- (a) a minimum
- (b) a maximum
- (c) a point of inflection
- (d) neither a maximum nor minimum



At $x=0$ function $f(x) = |x|$ is non-differentiable. So it can't be a stationary point so it does not have a maximum or minimum at $x=0$.
but it has a minimum value

Q:50 The function $f(x) = 2x - x^2 + 3$ has -

- (a) a maxima at $x = 1$ and a minima at $x = 5$ ✗
- (b) a maxima at $x = 1$ and a minima at $x = -5$
- ✓ (c) only a maxima at $x = 1$ ✗
- (d) only a minima at $x = 1$

$$\frac{d f(x)}{d x} = 0$$

$$2 - 2x = 0$$
$$x = 1$$

$$\text{at } x = 1$$

$$f''(x=1) = -2 < 0$$

Q:51

If the sum of the diagonal elements of a 2×2 symmetric matrix is -6 , then the maximum possible value of determinant of the matrix is _____.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 2}$$

for symmetric matrix

$$-\text{trace} = -6$$

$$a + d = -6$$

$$a_{ij} = a_{ji}$$

$$b = c$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ b & d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A| = ad - b^2$$

for $|A|$ to be maximum

$$b^2 = 0$$

$$|A| = ad$$

$$|A| = a(-a-6) = -a^2 - 6a$$

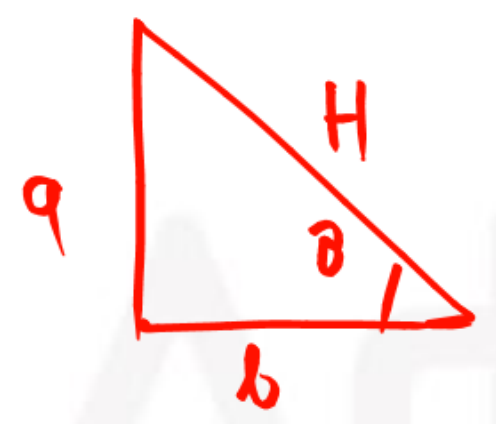
$$-2a - 6 = 0 \Rightarrow a = -3$$

$$d = -3$$

$$|A| = 9$$

Q:52 For a right angled triangle, if the sum of the lengths of the hypotenuse and a side is kept constant in order to have maximum area of the triangle, the angle between the hypotenuse and the side is -

- (a) 12°
- (b) 36°
- (c) 60°
- (d) 45°



$H + b = K$ (constant)

$H = K - b$
 Area = $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{width} \times \text{height}$



$= \frac{1}{2} \times b \times a$

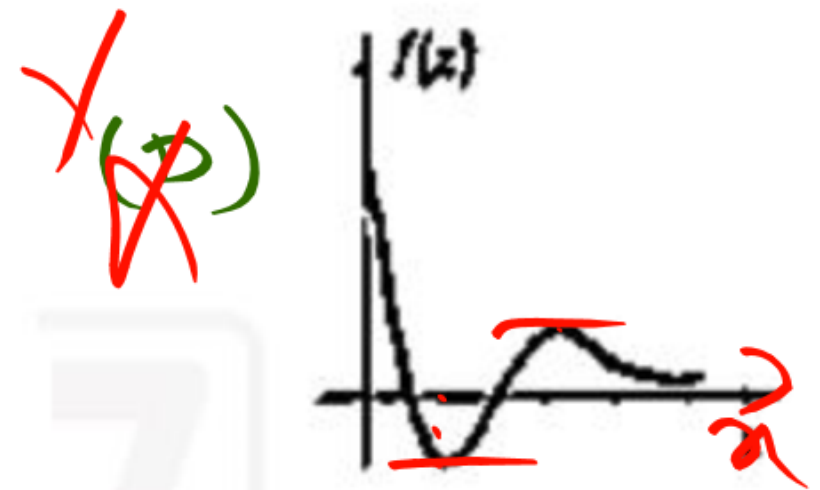
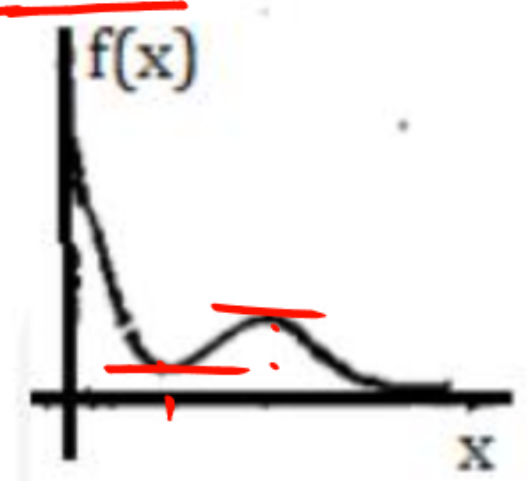
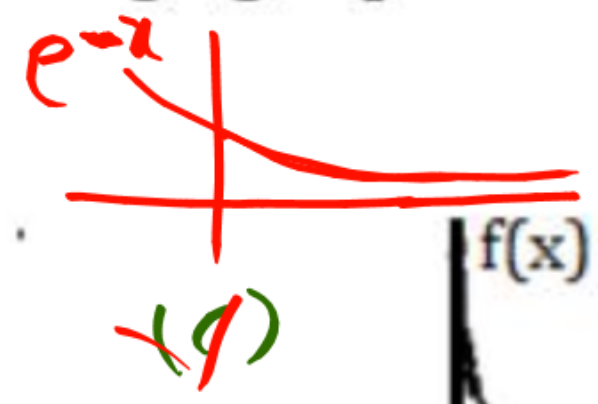
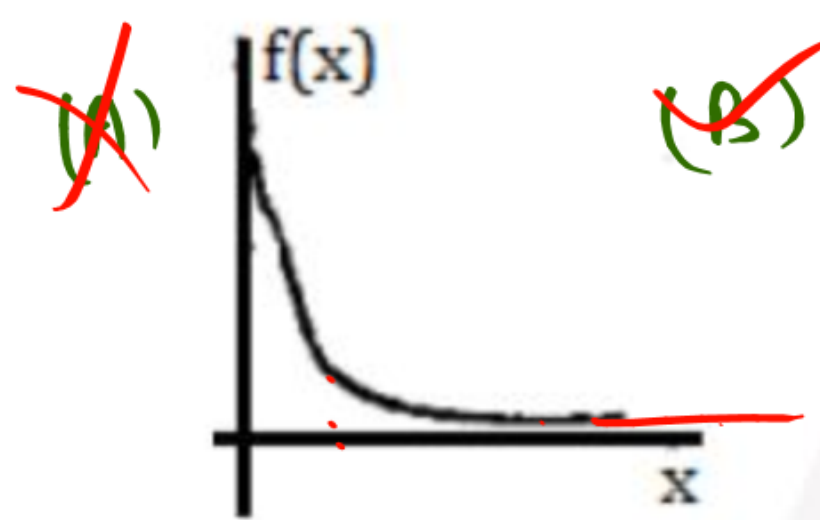
Area = $\frac{1}{2} \times b \times \sqrt{H^2 - b^2}$

$f(b) = \frac{1}{2} \times b \sqrt{(K-b)^2 - b^2} = \frac{b}{2} \sqrt{K^2 - 2Kb}$

$f'(b) = \frac{1}{2} \left[\sqrt{K^2 - 2Kb} + \frac{b}{2\sqrt{K^2 - 2Kb}} \cdot (-2K) \right] = 0$

$a = \sqrt{H^2 - b^2}$
 $2(K^2 - 2Kb) - 2Kb = 0$
 $2(K^2 - 2Kb) = 2Kb$
 $4Kb = 4K^2$
 $b = K$

Q:53 Which one of the following graphs describes the function $f(x) = e^{-x}(x^2 + x + 1)$?



$$y = e^{-x}(x^2 + x + 1)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{-x}(2x + 1) - (x^2 + x + 1)e^{-x} = 0$$

$$e^{-x}(-x^2 + x) = 0$$

$$e^{-x} = 0 \implies x = \infty$$

$$-x^2 + x = 0$$

$$x(-x + 1) = 0$$

$$x = 0, x = 1$$

$$x = 0, 1, \infty$$

Q:54 The function $f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 - 36x + 2$ has its maxima at -

- (a) $x = -2$ only
- (b) $x = 0$ only
- (c) $x = 3$ only
- (d) both $x = -2$ and $x = 3$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$6x^2 - 6x - 36 = 0$$

$$x^2 - x - 6 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 3x + 2x - 6 = 0$$

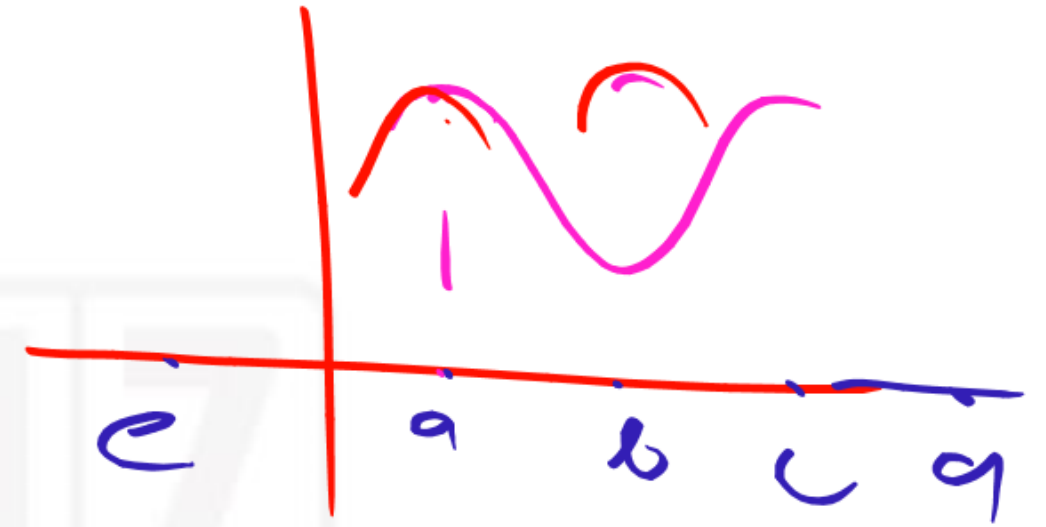
$$(x-3)(x+2) = 0$$

$x = 3, -2$ are stationary points.

$$f''(x) = 2x - 1$$

$$f''(3) = 5 \text{ (minima)}$$

$$f''(-2) = -5 \text{ (maxima)}$$



Q:55 The minimum value of function $y = x^2$ in the interval $[1,5]$ is -

- (a) 0
- (b) 1
- (c) 25
- (d) undefined

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Q:56 At $x = 0$, the function $f(x) = x^3 + 1$ has -

- (a) a maximum value
- (b) a minimum value
- (c) a singularity
- (d) a point of inflection

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Q:57 For the function $f(x) = x^2 e^{-x}$, the maximum occurs when x is equal to -

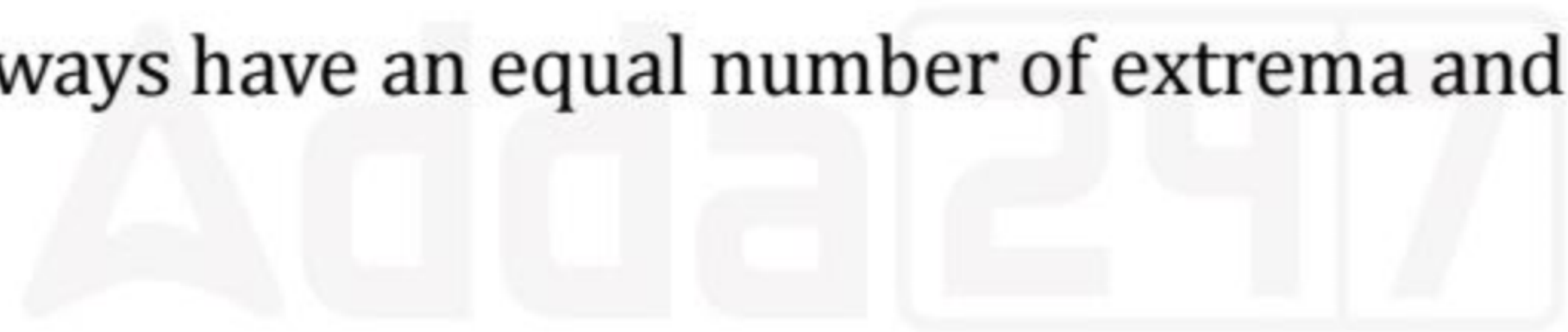
- (a) 2
- (b) 1
- (c) 0
- (d) - 1

Q:58 Consider function $f(x) = (x^2 - 4)^2$ where x is a real number. Then the function has -

- (a) only one minimum
- (b) only two minima
- (c) three minima
- (d) three maxima

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- Q:59** A cubic polynomial with real coefficients -
- (a) can possibly have no extrema and no zero crossings
 - (b) may have up to three extrema and upto 2 zero crossings
 - (c) cannot have more than two extrema and more than three zero crossings
 - (d) will always have an equal number of extrema and zero crossings



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