



Sl. No.:	QUESTION BOOKLET					<i>Booklet Id.:</i> AAO/01/C/400		
	Roll No.							AAO/01/C/400

Time Allowed: 2 hrs 30 mins

Total Marks: 150

DO NOT OPEN THE QUESTION BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

Read the following instructions carefully before you begin to answer the questions.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATE

- 1) You are required to write your Roll Number in the prescribed place provided at the top of this Question Booklet and the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 2) You are required to mention the Question Booklet Id. as mentioned above in your OMR Answer Sheet.
- 3) Please ensure that the Question Booklet has the required number of pages immediately after opening the same. In case there is any shortage of any page(s), please report the same to the invigilator.
- 4) This Question Booklet contains 150 multiple choice questions to be answered in a separate OMR Answer Sheet by using **Blue/Black ball pen** only. Do not use **Ink/Gel pen**.

The Booklet comprises of the following two parts:

Part A: General English : 100 questions Part B: General Knowledge : 50 questions

- ➤ All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.
- There is no negative marking for wrong answers.
- > Directions for answering the questions:

Each question is followed by four alternative suggested answers. You are required to select the correct answer and darken the appropriate circle of a, b, c and d by Blue/ Black ball pen in such a manner that the circle is completely darkened.

Example: Question No.63

Given below are four odd words, three are alike in some way and one is different. Find the odd word:

(a) Ganga

(b) Brahmaputra

(c) Jamuna

(d) Himalaya

Here the correct answer is Himalaya, i.e., (d). So, in the OMR Answer Sheet the darkened circle should be marked as

63. (a) (h) (c)

- 5) In any case, if more than one circle against each question is darkened, that particular question would be treated as invalid and will not be evaluated.
 - At the end of the examination, the candidate should ensure that he/ she submits the OMR Answer Sheet and the Question Booklet to the invigilator before leaving the examination hall/ room.
- 6) This Question Booklet cannot be carried with you. You have to submit this along with your OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator.
- 7) No rough work is to be done on the OMR Answer Sheet. You can do the rough work on the space provided on the Question Booklet.
- 8) Use and possession of mobile phones and electronic gadgets/calculators are strictly prohibited inside examination hall/room.
- 9) Non compliance with any of the above instructions will make a candidate liable to action/ penalty as may be deemed fit.

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PART A: GENERAL ENGLISH

Directions: In the following questions, out of four alternatives choose the one which can be substituted for the given words/sentences (Q NO. 1-10)

	1.		ords written on a ton Epithet	nb. b) Epigraph	c) Epitaph	d) Memorial
	2				с) Ерісаріі	u) Memoriai
	2.		nething no longer in Desolate	b) Absolute	c) Obsolete	d) Primitive
	3.	Bel	ief in opinion contra	ry to what is generally a	ccepted.	
		a)	Unbelief	b) Superstition	c) Nonconformity	d) Heresy
	4.	One	e who believes in Go	od.		
		a)	Devotee	b) Theist	c) Agnostic	d) Believer
	5.	Ар	erson who can be ch	neated easily.		
		a)	Credulous	b) Faithful	c) Client	d) Idiot
	6.	Ani	mals and birds living	g in groups.		
		a)	Consolidated	b) Gregarious	c) Herd	d) Cluster
	7.		_	ht up by on <mark>e who is no</mark> t	•	
		b)	Stepchild	b) Foster	c) Orphan	d) Adopted
	8.		e act or practice of sl			N =
		a)		b) Dreamer	c) Somnambulism	d) Fastidious
	9.		e who knows many l Linguist	angu <mark>ages</mark> . b) Stylist	c) Polyglot	d) Debator
	10		e stu <mark>dy o</mark> f ancient wr		c) r olygiot	d) Debatol
	10.		Paleography	b) Philosophy	c) Lexicography	d) Calligraphy
Dire	ectio			wing sentences one part		- 1
				ould replace the underli		
no i	impı	rove	ement choose d). (Q	No. 11-20)		
	11.		_	ly asked the crowd if the	ey thought he was right	and the crowd
			that he did	h) that ha is	c) that he was d)	no correction needed
	12	•		b) that he is	c) that he was - u)	no correction needed
	12.	a)	ked him what is his in what his name was		b) what was his name	
		c)	what is your name		d) no correction neede	d
	13.	Har	dly <u>he had</u> arrived w	when the house caught fi	re.	
		a)	He had hardly arriv	ed	b) Hardly had he arrive	d
		c)	Scarcely he had arri	ived	d) No correction neede	ed
	14.			discuss in detail next Fr	-	
		a)	Why did we not		b) Why we did not	od.
		c)	Why did we not		d) No correction neede	:u





		at 8.30 pm, we <u>ha</u>	ve been ready by 7.25 p	om so that we can reach the
station	in time.		\	n.
	a) were	b) must be	c) should have	d) are
16.		<u>ited</u> that Bina will n	ot come for today's class	
	a) taking it granted		b) take it for gra	
	c) took it as granted		c) no correction	needed
17.	During his long disco	urse he <u>did not tou</u>	<u>ch</u> that point.	
	a) did not touch upo	n	b) did not touch	ı on
	c) did not touch of		d) no correction	n needed
18.	You have come here	with a view to insu	lt me.	
	a) of insulting me		b) for insulting	me
	c) to insulting me		d) no correction	n needed
19.	He has not and can r honesty.	never be in the good	d books of his employer	because he does not have
	a) has not and canno	t be	b) had not and	can never be
	c) has not been and	can never be	d) no correction	n needed
20	This time my brothe	r is coming to Guwa	hati from America for a	n extending stay
20.	•	o) extended	c) extension	d) no correction needed
	•			
		-	arts. If there is no error	underlined and marked a, b, choose d. (Q No 21-30)
21	. <u>There is no</u> objectior	n to <u>him joining</u> our	party provided he is will	ing to fit in with the party's
	a	b		С
	economic policy.			d no error
22	a	105	e <u>vendors were doing</u> ab b	oout half of the business that
	they were doing before			d no error
23	. <u>My best friend</u> and <u>a</u> a	<u>dvisor</u> <u>have made</u> t b c	his useful suggestion.	d no error
24	. <u>He did not </u> eat the m a	ango because <u>it tas</u>	ted bitterly and was <u>slig</u> b	htly rotten. c d no error
25	. <u>Of all</u> the friends I <u>ha</u>	ive had he is the mo	ost helpful and <u>less arrog</u>	gant.
	a	b	С	d no error
26	. He <u>hesitated to acce</u> a	pt the post because	e he did not think the sal	ary <u>would not be enough</u> for b
	a man with <u>a family</u>	of ten.		d no error
	С			d no error
27	. What makes matters	worse is that many	<u>y a times</u> the public addr b	ess is <u>not clearly audible</u> . c
				d no error
28	. If you <u>will work hard</u> a	you will <u>surely</u> get b	a seat in any medical col c	lege in Assam. d no error
	u	D	C	4 110 61101





29. Soon after their child was born he went off leaving her in the lurch.

a b c d no error

30. The three last chapters of this book are very interesting.

a b c d no error

Directions: Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. (Q No. 31-40)

The greatest enemy of mankind, as people have discovered, is not science but war. Science merely reflects the prevailing social forces. It is found that, when there is peace science is constructive; when there is war, science is perverted to destructive ends. The weapons which science gives us do not necessarily cause war; they make war increasingly terrible. Till now, it has brought us to the doorstep of doom. Our main problem, therefore, is not to curb science, but to stop war- to substitute law for force, and international government for anarchy in the relations for one nation with another. That is a job in which everybody must participate, including the scientists. But the bombing of Hiroshima suddenly woke us up to the fact that we have very little time. The hour is late and our work has scarcely begun. Now we are face to face with an urgent question-'Can education and tolerance, understanding and creative intelligence run fast enough to keep us abreast with our own mounting capacity to destroy'? That is the question that we shall have to answer one way or the other in this generation. Science must help us in arriving at the answer. But the main decision lies within ourselves.

- 31. According to the writer, the real enemy of mankind is not science but war, because
 - a) Science merely invents weapons with which war is fought.
 - b) Science during wars becomes destructive.
 - c) The weapons invented by science necessarily leads to war.
 - d) The weapons invented by science do not cause war, though these make war more destructive.
- 32. War can be stopped, if
 - a) Science is not allowed to push us to destruction.
 - b) We replace force and lawlessness by law and international government.
 - c) Science is restricted to be used only during war time.
 - d) Weapons invented by science are not used to launch a war.
- 33. According to the passage, the main problem we are faced with is to
 - a) Stop science from reflecting social forces.
 - b) Stop scientific activities altogether.
 - c) Abolish war.
 - d) Prevent scientists from participating in destructive activities.
- 34. Our capacity to destroy can be kept under control by
 - a) Encouraging social forces.
 - b) Education and broadmindedness.
 - c) Constructive thinking.
 - d) Both b) & c) above together.
- 35. The expression 'bring to the doorstep of doom' means
 - a) Lead to the threshold of a new destiny.
 - b) Indulge in a ruinous activity.
 - c) Introduces to an unpredictable future.
 - d) Leads close to death and destruction.





- 36. Which one of the following statements is not implied in the passage?
 - a) People needlessly blame science for war.
 - b) Science is misused for destructive purposes
 - c) Science or the weapons invented by it do not add to the horrors of war.
 - d) The role of science in ensuring world peace is subsidiary to that of man.
- 37. The phrase 'our work has scarcely begun' in the passage implies that our work
 - a) Has not yet begun.
 - b) Has just begun.
 - c) Has been halfway through.
 - d) Has begun but not completed.
- 38. The expression 'keep abreast' in the passage means
 - a) Keep at a distance.
 - b) Keep side by side.
 - c) Hold out a challenge.
 - d) Prevent from escaping.
- 39. Which one of the following will be the most suitable title of the passage?
 - a) Science and social forces.
 - b) Science and the horrors of war.
 - c) Science and the problem of world peace.
 - d) Science and man
- 40. The job in which everybody must participate is
 - a) To curb science.
 - b) To prefer international government.
 - c) To establish anarchy in international relations.
 - d) To do nothing of the above.

Directions: in each of the questions there is a sentence of which some parts are jumbled up. You are to rearrange these parts which are labelled P,Q,R & S to produce the current sentence. Choose the proper sequence and mark in your answer sheet accordingly (Q No.41-50)

- 41. There was
 - P. needed for its everyday life
 - Q. a time when each family
 - R. for itself most of the things it
 - S. actually produced
 - a) QRSP b) RQPS
- c) RSPQ
- d) QSRP

- 42. We have to
 - P. as we see it
 - Q. speak the truth
 - R. there is falsehood and darkness
 - S. even if all around us
 - a) RQSP
- b) QRPS
- c) RSQP
- d) QPSR





43.	The majestic maho	gany table		
	P. belongs	to an old prince		
	Q. which ha	ad one leg missing		
	R. who is no	ow impoverished		
	S. but not v	vithout some pride		
	a) PQSR	b) QRSP	c) PRSQ	d) QPRS
44.	We should have a			
	P. to life, ce	entered on positive v	/alues	
	Q. more co	mprehensive approa	ach	
	R. as an ind	lividual is		
	S. also a pa	rt of the society		
	a) QPRS	b) PQSR	c) SRQP	d) RPQS
45.	If you need help –			
	P. promptly	and politely		
	Q. ask for a	ttendants		
	R. to help o	our customers		
	S. who have	e instructions		
	a) SQPR	b) QPSR	c) QSRP	d) SQRP
46.	I shall go –			
	P. my work	here		
	Q. to Kolka	ta		
	R. I have fir	nished		
	S. after			
	a) PQSR	b) QRPS	c) QSRP	d) PRSQ
47.	l saw			
.,.	P. a dead b	ull		
	Q. while wa	alking across		
	R. the stree			
	S. yesterda	V		
	a) PQRS	b) QPRS	c) QSRP	d) SPQR
48.	Little			
	P. that he h	ad been let down		
	Q. stood by	all these years		
	R. did he re	alize		
	S. by a colle	eague whom he had		
	a) RPSQ	b) RSQP	c) QSRP	d) QSPR
49.	It was well known t	hat		
	P. the effec			
	Q. is very b	ad		
	R. on the cl	nildren		
	S. of cinem	a		
	a) PSRQ	b) SPQR	c) SRPQ	d) QSRP



50. He was so kind and generous that



	P. he not only			
	Q. made other	s do so		
	R. but also			
	S. helped them	n himself		
	a) PRSQ	b) PSRQ	c) SRQP	d) QPRS
		estions each sentence co repositions as demande		
51.	the corner of the	he street stood a policem	nan an umbrella,	shivering in the rain.
	a) on, with	b) near, under	c) by, in	d) at, under
52.	the cover of da	rkness, the enemy crept	the hill.	
	a) in, over	b) in, along	c) under, up	d) through, upon
53.	The blind man was fee	ling the table.		
	a) in	b) for	c) by	d) out
54.	She was waiting for yo	u the t <mark>able t</mark> his m	norning.	
	a) on	b) at	c) for	d) with
55.	You must dispense	your <mark>gard</mark> ener.		
	a) in	b) of	c) at	d) with
56.	my words, I am	n telli <mark>ng you nothing</mark>	the truth.	
	a) By, from	b) upon, but	c) on, outside	d) by, but
57.	His conduct is bad and	his honesty is not	_ suspicion.	/
	a) above	b) beyond	c) under	d) in
58.	We must adapt ourselv	es our circumsta	inces.	
	a) with	b) in	c) to	d) by
59.	Children are the deligh	t the house		
	a) for	b) of	c) to	d) with
60.	He is unreliable; do no	t count his help.		
	a) for	b) on	c) in	d) about
		n incomplete sentences hoose the word or phras	-	
61.	Travellers their holidays.	reservations well in adv	ance if they want to trav	el during the Diwali
	a) had better to get		b) had to get be	etter
	c) had better get		d) better had g	et





62.	What a sensation i left behind.	t would cause if it	now discovered that such a vital diary had				
	a) is	b) be	c) was	d) were			
63.	We felt as if the gr	ound were benea	ath our feet.				
	a) bursting	b) sinking	c) slipping	d) smashing			
64.	I could not	what he wanted to say.					
	a) make up	b) make out	c) make in	d) make away			
65.	When I saw him th	rough the window					
		•					
66.	If I take a state roa	dways bus, I will get late	?				
	a) isn't it	b) won't I	c) will I	d) is it			
67.	She is accustomed	doing work unde	er any type of circumsta	nces.			
	a) to	b) with	c) of	d) in			
68.	He has such good	manners that <mark>he ca</mark> n easi	ly a gentleman				
	a) pass out	b) pass for	c) pass in	d) pass on			
69.	What you have do	ne no excuse.					
	a) admits		c) admits of	d) admits about			
70.	He was caught red	-handed and could not _	the charges.	7			
	a) refute		c) rebuke	d) revoke			
				li <mark>ciz</mark> ed. For each italicized meaning to the italicized			
-) No. 71-75)	s labelleu aj, bj, cj, uj. Se	iect the word hearest h	i meaning to the italicizet			
71.	. I wrote to him as <u>l</u>	ately as last week.					
	a) immediately	b) early	c) recently	d) late			
72.	Many of his friend a) unreasonable	s avoid him because he is b) quarrels		e d) proud			
73.	Some people are e a) careless	xtremely <u>fastidious</u> in the b) pompou		d) decent			
74.	The crowd was get a) restful	ting restive. b) tired	c) excited	d) restless			
75.	They are sure to <u>st</u> a) outshine	<i>eal a march</i> upon their co b) defy	ompetitors. c) challeng	e d) resist			





Directions: In each sentence given below one part is italicized followed by a), b), c), d). From these choices choose the word or phrase which is opposite in meaning of the italicized word. (Q No. 76-80)

76. The refreshment we r	eceived at the end of the	e meeting was very <u>fruc</u>	<u>gal</u> .
a) lavish	b) exorbitant	c) wholesome	d) light
77. The chairman <u>rebuked</u>	<u>I</u> the manager for not su	pervising the work of h	is juniors.
a) praised	b) criticized	d) awarded	d) dismissed.
78. The leader was pragm	atic in his approach to t	he problems the countr	ry is facing.
a) indefinite	b) vague	c) idealistic	d) optimistic
79. Unsettled conditions i	n the land led to a stead	ly <u>exodus</u> of people.	
a) invasion	b) entry	c) expulsion	d) immigration
80. The drug will have <i>per</i>	rnicious effect on your h	ealth.	
a) beneficial	b) ruinous	c) prolonged	d) quick
ctions: Fill in the blank ir our choices marked a), b		with the most appropr	riate word/phrase from
81. The child kept on cryir	ng while it		
a) is bathed	b) was being bathed	c) was bathed	d) is being bathed
82. Mr. Sharma has earne	d a lot of money and no	w he his poor c	ousins.
a) shows off	b) looks <mark>upo</mark> n	c) looks down upon	d) looks upto
83 come to my re	escue I w <mark>ould</mark> have been	killed by the dacoits.	
a) If he did not	b) Had he not	c) Having not	d) His having not
84. A firms are ha	ving t <mark>roub</mark> le with labour	relations.	
a) considerable amountc) large part of	nt of	b) great deal of d) great many	
85. You w <mark>o</mark> uld <mark>ha</mark> ve succe	eded if you upo	n my advice	//
a) ac <mark>ted</mark>	b) had acted	c) have acted	d) would have acted
86. Our life is such that if	we wish to enjoy pleasu	res, we must also	pains.
a) deny	b) neglect	c) ignore	d) endure
87. They were not interes	ted in your prob	lem.	
a) discussing about	b) discussing	c) discussing on	d) discussing for
88. It is not possible for a	n ordinary mortal to	all these figures to	memory.
a) retain	b) hoard	c) keep	d) commit
89. Do you remember	her at my house las	st year?	
a) of meeting	b) having met	c) to meet	d) about meeting
90. He is so of his	own idea that he will no	t entertain any suggest	ion from others.
a) enamoured	b) hopeful	c) jealous	d) enchanted





Directions: Fill in each of the numbered blanks in the following passage with most suitable word from the choices given under the passage. (Q No 91-100)

The prices	in the domestic91	continue to rule high in th	e9 <u>2</u> year despite the			
expectation of a93 production as compared to the previous year. According to the preliminary						
assessment94	assessment94on the weather95 in recent months, tea output in 2016 may reach 1000					
million kg as96_	950 million kg last ye	ar. During the past three m	onths, tea prices have generall			
shown an9 <u>7</u> .	shown an97 Unlike last year, when tea prices rose dramatically, this year prices seem to have					
9 <u>8</u> at a rather	high level. In the subse	quent four months, the $_$	9 <u>9</u> average price showed a			
downtrend but in	September, the prices h	ave $\underline{100}$ hardened to a	a considerable extent.			
91. a) profit	b) mark	et c) circle	d) sector			
92. a) first	b) curre	nt c) firstly	d) last			

94. a) shared b) strategy95. a) outbreak b) conditions96. a) per b) against

93.

97.

98.

99.

100.

a) large

a) uptrend

a) weekly

a) then

a) increased

b) against
b) upgrade

b) higher

b) surfaced b) monthly

b) than

c) compared c) reduction

c) lower

c) carried

c) forecast

c) stablised c) yearly

c) yearly d) daily c) never d) again

d) optimum

d) based

d) pattern

d) above

d) increment

d) moderated

PART B: GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

Answer the following by marking the correct response from (a), (b), (c) and (d)

- 101. Directive Principles in Indian Constitution are
 - (a) Directives to the state to pursue a policy of non-alignment
 - (b) Positive instructions to government to work for the attainment of set objectives
 - (c) Negative injunctions to government to refrain from encroaching on the freedom of the people
 - (d) Directives to the state to enhance the international prestige of the country
 - 102. The President of India can declare national emergency
 - (a) Only in the event of foreign attack
 - (b) Only in the event of armed rebellion
 - (c) Due to threat arising on account of foreign attack or armed rebellion
 - (d) In none of these cases
 - 103. Which President of India held office for two consecutive terms?

(a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad

(c) Dr. Zakir Hussain

(b) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan

(d) Both (a) and (b)

104. Vinegar is acidic in nature due to the presence of

(a) Citric acid

(c) Hydrochloric acid

(b) Sulphuric acid

(d) Acetic acid

105. Farrel's Law is concerned with the

(a) Direction of winds

(c) Intensity of waves

(b) Velocity of winds

(d) Thermal flow





106. The Noble Peace Prize 2015 was awarded to	()
(a) Kailash Satyatarthi(b) Kailash Satyatarthi and Mallala jointly	(c) National Dialogue Quartet(d) None of these
107. A gas which is not present in normal samples of air	is
(a) neon	(c) carbon dioxide
(b) chlorine	(d) helium
108. What is incoming solar radiation known as?(a) radiation	(c) insolation
(b) refraction	(d) reflection
109. The gland that contains the body's thermostat is	
(a) pineal	(c) thyroid
(b) pituitary	(d) hypothalamus
110. A catalyst is a substance which	(1)
(a) Stops a chemical reaction(b) Helps initiate a reaction	(c) Increases the speed of a reaction(d) Decreases the speed of a reaction
(b) Helps illidate a reaction	(a) Decreases the speed of a reaction
111. In which sequence did the Europeans arrive in Indi	
(A) French (B) British (C) Portuguese (D)	Dutch
(a) CDBA	(c) DCBA
(b) CADB112. Who were the first kings to issue gold coins in India	(d) BCDA a?
(a) Mauryas	(c) Guptas
(b) Indo-Greeks	(d) Kushans
113. Who is generally referred to as the 'Grand Old mar	
(a) Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan	(c) Lal Bahadur Shastri
(a) Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan (b) Jayaprakash Narayan	(c) Lal Bahadur Shastri (d) Dadabhai Naoroji
(a) Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan(b) Jayaprakash Narayan114. The seats of power of the Holkar and Bhonsle were	(c) Lal Bahadur Shastri (d) Dadabhai Naoroji e respectively at
(a) Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan (b) Jayaprakash Narayan	(c) Lal Bahadur Shastri (d) Dadabhai Naoroji
 (a) Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan (b) Jayaprakash Narayan 114. The seats of power of the Holkar and Bhonsle were (a) Indore and Nagpur (b) Baroda and Nagpur 	(c) Lal Bahadur Shastri (d) Dadabhai Naoroji e respectively at (c) Baroda and Indore
 (a) Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan (b) Jayaprakash Narayan 114. The seats of power of the Holkar and Bhonsle were (a) Indore and Nagpur (b) Baroda and Nagpur 115. India <i>Divided</i> was authored by 	(c) Lal Bahadur Shastri (d) Dadabhai Naoroji e respectively at (c) Baroda and Indore
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120. Which of the following is not included in Mughal pair	ntings?
(a) Islamic theology	(c) Flowers and trees
(b) Hunting scenes	(d) Portraits
121. Asomiya <i>Lorar Mitra</i> was authored by -	()
(a) Anandaram Dhekial Phukan	(c) S.K. Bhuyan
(b) H.K. Barpujari	(d) Anundooram Barooah
122. The Aligarh Movement wanted to	
(a) Revive Islam	(c) Partition India
(b) Purify Islam	(d) Wage a religious war
422 11/19 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
123. Utilitarianism was a political philosophy attributed to	
(a) Jeremy Bentham	(c) Lord William Bentinck
(b) Lord Macaulay	(d) Lord Ripon
124. Which one is an anti-cyclone?	
(a) Low pressure system with clockwise winds in the	northern hemisphere
(b) High pressure system with clockwise wind in the I	northern hemisphere
(c) Low pressure system with clockwise winds in the	southern hemisphere
(d) High pressure system with clockwise wind in the s	southern hemisphere
425 Which is not a project part on the cost cost?	
125. Which is not a major port on the east coast?	(a) Cookin
(a) Paradeep	(c) Cochin
(b) Kolkata	(d) Vishakhapatnam
126. How far apart are rails in a broad gauge line system?	
(a) 1.676 metres	(c) 1.845 metres
(b) 1.576 metres	(d) 1.453
127. When was the postal department set up in India?	
(a) 1837	(c) 1911
(b) 1854	(d) 1921
128. For how long can a member of the council of ministe	ers in the state hold office without heing
a member of the state legislature?	13 in the state floid office without being
(a) One year	(c) Six months
(b) Nine months	(d) Three months
(b) Nine monens	(d) Three months
129. The Constitution of India was enacted by a Constitue	ent Assembly set un
(a) Under the Cabinet Mission Plan, 1946	The Assembly see up
(b) Under the Indian Independence Act, 1947	
(c) Through a resolution of the provisional governme	ant
(d) By the Indian Congress	.iic
(a) by the matan congress	
130. In which state was Panchayati Raj first introduced?	
(a) Gujarat	(c) Tamil Nadu
(b) Andhra Pradesh	(d) Rajasthan
1-1	(-,)
131 .The Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution	
(a) Formed part of the original constitution	
	1

- (b) Was added to the constitution by the First Amendment
- (c) Was added to the constitution by the 24th Amendment
- (d) Was added to the constitution by the 42nd Amendment





132 .7	he local MLAs and MPs are ex-offiicio members of?		
(a) Zilla Parishad	(c)	Panchayat
(k) Panchayat Samiti	(d)	All these bodies
	he Reserve Bank of India (RBI) was established in th	-	
•) 1935		1949
(t) 1947	(d)	1951
	A tax that takes away a higher proportion of one's in		
•) Indirect tax		Regressive tax
(t) Proportional tax	(d)	Progressive tax
	oot and mouth disease occurs in		
•) cattle		cattle and pigs
(t) cattle and sheep	(d)	cattle, sheep and pigs
	he Prime Minister holds office		
(a) For a fixed term of five years		
(k) During the pleasure of the President		
(c) As long as he enjoys the confidence of the parlian	nent	
(c) As long as he enjoys the confidence of the council	of r	ninisters
12 7 \	**************************************		
	Who wrote a book describing the theory of economic		
-) Dadabhai Naoroji		Jawaharlal Nehru
(E) Lala Lajpat Rai	(d)	Gopal Krishna Gokhale
	What is meant by the 'roaring forties'		
) Tides around 40 degree		
(k) Seasonal winds over Australia		
(c) Westerlies between 40 and 60 degree latitudes N	orth	and south
(c) A country with most people in the middle age gro	up	
	Λ		
139. ٦	he rocks in the Himalayan system are mainly		
(a) sedimentary	(c)	plutonic
(t) igneous	(d)	none of these
	Which of the following political party enjoys the dis	tinct	ion of having formed the first non-
_	ess Government in an Indian state?	, ,	
•) DMK in Tamil Nadu		Communists in Kerala
(t) Akalis in Punjab	(e)	Janata Party in Karnataka
	Which crop will be ideal in an area with annual rair	nfall	of more than 200 cms and sloping
hills?			
-) Jute		Maize
(t) Cotton	(d)	Tea
142. \	Which of the following classes participated the least	in th	ne Indian national Movement?
(a) Capitalists	(c)	Government officials
(k) Princes of states	(d)	Peasants





143. Proteins are made	de up fron	า

- (a) sugars
- (b) fatty acids

- (c) amino acids
- (d) hydroxy acids

144. Match the following

- A. Chalukyas
- 1. Madurai
- B. Pallavas
- 2. Kanauj
- C. Harsha
- 3. Badami
- D. Pandyas
- 4. Kanchipuram

- Α
- С

D

1

1

3

(a) 3 4

(c) 1 4

- 2
- (b) 4 3

3

- 2 2
- (d) 1
- 2 4
- 145. Which of the following is not true about Reserve Bank of India (RBI)?
 - (a) It regulates the currency and credit system of India
 - (b) Foreign exchange reserves are kept by RBI
 - (c) One rupee notes are issued by RBI
 - (d) It formulates the monetary policy of India

146. The headquarters of Asian Development Bank is in

(a) Tokyo

(c) Manila

(b) Singapore

(d) Bangkok

147. Which of the following about the Football World Cup is incorrect?

- (a) The Football World Cup is organised by FIFA
- (b) The World Cup is called 'Jules Rimet Cup'
- (c) The first Football World Cup was organised in 1931
- (d) The first Football World Cup was held in Uruguay

148. The 18th Asian Games will be held in

(a) Jakarta

(c) South Korea

(b) Colombo

(d) Kuala Lampur

149. Which of the following venues and years regarding Cricket World Cup is wrongly matched?

(a) 1975 - England

(c) 1983 - England

(b) 1979 - Australia

(d) 1987 - India

150. Find out the wrong match in the following newspapers and their country of publication

- (a) The Age Australia
- (b) The Gazette Canada
- (c) The Courier United States of America
- (d) International Herald Tribune France





Space for Rough Work

