

SUBJECT CODE		SUBJECT		PAPER	
B-29-17		LINGUISTICS		II	
HALL TICKET NUMBER			QUESTION BOOKLET NUMBER		
			200100		
OMR SHEET NUMBER					
DURATION	MAXIMUM MARKS	NUMBER OF PAGES	NUMBER OF QUESTIONS		
1 Hour 15 Minutes	100	12	50		

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Candidate's Signature

Name and Signature of Invigilator

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES

- Write your Hall Ticket Number in the space provided on the top of this page.
- This paper consists of fifty multiple-choice type of questions.
- At the commencement of examination, the question booklet will be given to you. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as below :
 - To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker-seal and do not accept an open booklet.
 - Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to pages/questions missing or duplicate or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should be got replaced immediately by a correct booklet from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given.
 - After this verification is over, the Test Booklet Number should be entered in the OMR Sheet and the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet.
- Each item has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item.
Example : (A) (B) (C) (D)
where (C) is the correct response.
- Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the OMR Answer Sheet given to you. If you mark at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet, it will not be evaluated.
- Read instructions given inside carefully.
- Rough Work is to be done in the end of this booklet.
- If you write your name or put any mark on any part of the OMR Answer Sheet, except for the space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
- The candidate must handover the OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. The candidate is allowed to take away the carbon copy of OMR Sheet and used Question Paper Booklet at the end of the examination.
- Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.
- Use of any calculator or log table etc., is prohibited.
- There is no negative marks for incorrect answers.

అభ్యర్థులకు సూచనలు

- ఈ పుట పై భాగంలో ఇవ్వబడిన స్థలంలో మీ హాల్ టికెట్ నంబరు రాయండి.
- ఈ ప్రశ్న పత్రము యాజ్ఞా బహుళైక్ ప్రశ్నలను కలిగి ఉంది.
- పరీక్ష ప్రారంభమున ఈ ప్రశ్నాపత్రము మీకు ఇవ్వబడుతుంది. మొదటి ఐదు నిమిషములలో ఈ ప్రశ్నాపత్రమును తెరిచి కింద తెలిపిన అంశాలను తప్పనిసరిగా పరిచూసుకోండి.
 - ఈ ప్రశ్న పత్రమును చూడడానికి కవర్ పేజీ అంచున ఉన్న కాగితపు సీలును చించండి. స్టిక్కర్ సీలులేని మరియు ఇదివరకే తెరిచి ఉన్న ప్రశ్నాపత్రమును మీరు అంగీకరించవద్దు.
 - కవరు పేజీ పై ముద్రించిన సమాచారం ప్రకారం ఈ ప్రశ్నపత్రములోని పేజీల సంఖ్యను మరియు ప్రశ్నల సంఖ్యను పరిచూసుకోండి. పేజీల సంఖ్యకు సంబంధించి గానీ లేదా సూచించిన సంఖ్యలో ప్రశ్నలు లేకపోవుట లేదా నిజప్రతి కాకపోవుట లేదా ప్రశ్నలు క్రమపద్ధతిలో లేకపోవుట లేదా ఏదైనా రేడాలు ఉండుట వంటి దోషపూరితమైన ప్రశ్న పత్రాన్ని వెంటనే మొదటి ఐదు నిమిషాల్లో పరీక్షా పర్యవేక్షకునికి తెలిగి ఇచ్చినే దానికి బదులుగా సరిగ్గా ఉన్న ప్రశ్నపత్రాన్ని తీసుకోండి. తదనంతరం ప్రశ్నపత్రము మార్చబడదు అదనపు సమయం ఇవ్వబడదు.
 - పై విధంగా పరిచూసుకొన్న తర్వాత ప్రశ్నాపత్రం సంఖ్యను OMR పత్రము పై అదేవిధంగా OMR పత్రము సంఖ్యను ఈ ప్రశ్నాపత్రము పై నిర్దిష్టస్థలంలో రాయవలెను.
- ప్రతి ప్రశ్నకు నాలుగు ప్రత్యామ్నాయ ప్రతిస్పందనలు (A), (B), (C) మరియు (D) లుగా ఇవ్వబడ్డాయి. ప్రతి ప్రశ్నకు సరైన ప్రతిస్పందనను ఎన్నుకొని కింద తెలిపిన విధంగా OMR పత్రములో ప్రతి ప్రశ్నా సంఖ్యకు ఇవ్వబడిన నాలుగు వృత్తాల్లో సరైన ప్రతిస్పందనను సూచించే వృత్తాన్ని బాల్ పాయింట్ పెన్ తో కింద తెలిపిన విధంగా ఘోషించాలి.
ఉదాహరణ : (A) (B) (C) (D)
(C) సరైన ప్రతిస్పందన అయితే
- ప్రశ్నలకు ప్రతిస్పందనలను ఈ ప్రశ్నపత్రముతో ఇవ్వబడిన OMR పత్రము పైన ఇవ్వబడిన వృత్తాల్లోనే ఘోషించి గుర్తించాలి. అలాకాక సమాధాన పత్రంపై వేరొక చోట గుర్తిస్తే మీ ప్రతిస్పందన మూల్యాంకనం చేయబడదు.
- ప్రశ్న పత్రము లోపల ఇచ్చిన సూచనలను జాగ్రత్తగా చదవండి.
- చిత్తుపనిని ప్రశ్నపత్రము చివర ఇచ్చిన ఖాళీస్థలములో చేయాలి.
- OMR పత్రము పై నిర్దిత స్థలంలో సూచించవలసిన వివరాలు కచ్చింది ఇతర స్థలంలో మీ గుర్తింపును తెలిపే విధంగా మీ పేరు రాయడం గానీ లేదా ఇతర పేర్లను పెట్టడం గానీ చేసినట్లయితే మీ అనర్హతకు మీరే బాధ్యులవుతారు.
- పరీక్ష పూర్తయిన తర్వాత మీ OMR పత్రాన్ని తప్పనిసరిగా పరీక్ష పర్యవేక్షకుడికి ఇవ్వాలి. వాటిని పరీక్ష గది బయటకు తీసుకువెళ్లకూడదు. పరీక్ష పూర్తయిన తరువాత అభ్యర్థులు ప్రశ్న పత్రాన్ని, OMR పత్రం యొక్క కాగిత కాపీని తీసుకువెళ్లవచ్చు.
- సి/స్లై రంగు బాల్ పాయింట్ పెన్ మాత్రమే ఉపయోగించాలి.
- లాగరిథమ్ టేబుల్స్, క్యాలిక్యులేటర్లు, ఎలక్ట్రానిక్ పరికరాలు మొదలగునవి పరీక్షగదిలో ఉపయోగించడం నిషేధం.
- తప్పని సమాధానాలకు మార్కులు తగ్గింపు లేదు.

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LINGUISTICS

PAPER - II

Note : This paper contains fifty (50) objective type questions of two (2) marks each.
All questions are compulsory.

1. The minimal free form is _____ .
(A) word (B) morph
(C) morpheme (D) lexeme
2. Which of the following demonstrate minimal pair in Telugu ?
(a) [po:ru] - [po:tu]
(b) [me:nu] - [po:nu]
(c) [karuvu] - [baruvu]
(d) [pa:ta] - [pu:ta]
Codes :
(A) (a), (b) and (c) are correct.
(B) (b), (c) and (d) are false.
(C) (a), (c) and (d) are correct.
(D) (a), (b) and (c) are false.
3. Four fundamental principles of phonemic analysis were proposed _____ .
(A) Saussure
(B) Jacobson
(C) Charles F Hockett
(D) Bloomfield
4. The determiners among the following are _____ .
(A) demonstratives
(B) particles
(C) cases
(D) traces
5. Which of the following Telugu words is morphologically complex ?
(A) a:ku 'leaf'
(B) a:kulu 'leaves'
(C) nu:lu 'linen'
(D) pa:lu 'milk'
6. The phonological variants of a morpheme are called _____ .
(A) Morphs (B) Phones
(C) Allomorphs (D) Allophones
7. According to Saussure the relationship between the signifier and the signified is _____ .
(A) Arbitrary (B) Logical
(C) Connective (D) Superficial



8. Languages in which individual meaningful elements are expressed separately belong to one of the following types :

- (A) Agglutinating
- (B) Synthetic
- (C) Analytic
- (D) Isolating

9. The inflectional category that indicates the time or event or action took place relative to the time of utterance _____ .

- (A) Tense
- (B) Aspect
- (C) Modality
- (D) All the above

10. The case which is usually reserved for the syntactic object is _____ .

- (A) Nominative
- (B) Accusative
- (C) Locative
- (D) Instrumental

11. Which of the following is true about the members of a paradigm ?

- (A) Most of them may be listed.
- (B) Some of them may be listed.
- (C) None of them may be listed.

12. Velaric ingressive sounds are called _____ .

- (A) Ejectives
- (B) Implosives
- (C) Pulmonic
- (D) Clicks

13. Match the items of List - I with those in List - II.

List - I	List - II
(a) Chest-Pulse	(i) Stress
(b) Movement of velum	(ii) Syllable
(c) Reinforced chest pulse	(iii) Voice
(d) Adjustment of glottis	(iv) Nasality

Codes :

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (B) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (C) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)



14. Voice Onset Time refers to the timing of onset of voice for a plosive in relation to the _____ .

- (A) Releasing of a closure
- (B) Beginning of a closure
- (C) Retention of a closure
- (D) Partly retention of a closure

15. In Acoustic Phonetics the highest level of loudness at which vocal cords vibrate while articulating a voiced segment, especially a vowel is known as _____ .

- (A) Resonance
- (B) Amplitude
- (C) Wave-length
- (D) Frequency

16. Match the items in List - I with those in List - II and choose the correct code :

List-I		List-II	
(a) Labialized	(i)	p'	
(b) Breathy voiced	(ii)	t ^w	
(c) Voiceless	(iii)	n̥	
(d) No audible release	(iv)	b̥	

Codes :

- | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|----------|------|-------|-------|
| (A) (iv) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) |
| (B) (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) |
| (C) (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (D) (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) |

17. Identify the odd item from the following list :

- (A) Upper teeth
- (B) Hard Palate
- (C) Lower lips
- (D) Alveolar ridge

18. 'Linguistic Survey of India' was conducted and edited by _____ .

- (A) G A Grierson
- (B) T B Macaulay
- (C) Lord Hastings
- (D) Warren Hastings

19. What is the most widely spoken mother tongue in the world ?

- (A) English
- (B) French
- (C) Hindi
- (D) Mandarin Chinese

20. The 'Theory of Dhvani' is established by :

- (A) Mammata
- (B) Ananda Vardhana
- (C) Dandi
- (D) Kuntaka



21. Which one of the following is called 'a definite article' ?

- (A) The
- (B) A
- (C) An
- (D) None of the above

22. Read the following pair of sentences and decide whether they are paraphrases of one another or not _____ .

- (a) (i) Ravi is the parent of Raju
(ii) Raju is the child of Ravi
- (b) (i) Ravi is the parent of Raju
(ii) Raju is the parent of Ravi

Codes :

- (A) Sentences in (a) and (b) are paraphrases of each other.
- (B) Sentences in (a) are paraphrases of each other while those in (b) are not.
- (C) Sentences in both (a) and (b) are not paraphrases of one another.
- (D) Sentences in (b) are paraphrases of one another while those in (a) are not.

23. The type of meaning that reflects the personal feeling of speakers including his attitude is one of the following types _____ .

- (A) Social meaning
- (B) Reflected meaning
- (C) Conceptual meaning
- (D) Affective meaning

24. Read the following statement from Sapir (1949)

"Language is a guide to 'Social reality'.... Human beings do not live in the objective world alone, nor alone in the world of social activity.... but are very much at the mercy of a particular language which has become the key medium of expression of their society..."

This statement is about :

- (A) The view that language we speak conditions our conceptualization of one world
- (B) Language is habit formulation
- (C) Language is an automatic process
- (D) Limitations of native speaker

25. The fact that Telugu is a verb-final language has postpositions rather than prepositions follows :

- (A) Implicational universal
- (B) Substantive universal
- (C) Formal universal
- (D) Word-order universal



26. The dictionary of synonyms is referred to as _____ .
(A) Dictionary (B) Lexicon
(C) Encyclopedia (D) Thesaurus
27. If a grammar in addition to describing the data provides an account of the native speakers' intuition, then it is said to be _____ .
(A) Observationally adequate
(B) Descriptively adequate
(C) Explanatorily adequate
(D) Intuitively adequate
28. The notion c-command was first proposed by _____ .
(A) Michael Halliday
(B) Tanya Reinhart
(C) Noam Chomsky
(D) Pollock
29. The deep structure of the following sentence as per 'Aspects' model is _____ .
John wants to go home.
(A) John-present-want-john-to-go-home
(B) John-present-want-to-go-home
(C) John-wants-john-to-go-home
(D) John-present-want pro-to-go-home
30. The oddness of the famous example of Chomsky "colourless green ideas sleep furiously" can be attributed to _____ .
(A) Grammar (B) Lexicon
(C) Morphology (D) Semantics
31. What functional category does the underlined phrase in the following sentence belong to _____ .
The boy appears very timid.
(A) Subject (B) Object
(C) Complement (D) Adverbial
32. Which one of the following transformation in 'Aspect model' is involved in deriving the sentence _____ .
John is easy to please.
(A) Subject to subject raising
(B) Object to subject raising
(C) Subject deletion
(D) Equi-NP-deletion



33. Telugu is _____ .
- (A) A pro-drop language and has free word order
 - (B) A non pro-drop language and has free word order
 - (C) A pro-drop language and has fixed word order
 - (D) A non pro-drop language and has fixed word order
34. Identify the correct sequence of the phonetic laws :
- (A) Verner, Grassman, Grimm
 - (B) Grimm, Grassman, Verner
 - (C) Verner, Grimm, Grassman
 - (D) Grimm, Verner, Grassman
35. The maximal projection according to X - bar theory is _____ .
- (A) A Phrasal node
 - (B) A Clause node
 - (C) A Sentence node
 - (D) None of the above
36. Design features of language have been devised by _____ .
- (A) Bloomfield
 - (B) Saussure
 - (C) Hockett
 - (D) Sapir
37. Who has authored the famous book 'The Sound Pattern of English' ?
- (A) Morris Halle
 - (B) Noam Chomsky
 - (C) Roman Jakobson
 - (D) Noam Chomsky and Morris Halle
38. An assimilation in which the preceding speech sound takes on the features of the following speech sound is referred as _____ .
- (A) Regressive assimilation
 - (B) Progressive assimilation
 - (C) Reciprocal assimilation
 - (D) None of the above



39. Which of the following are false statements ?

- (a) Phonology is abstract whereas Phonetics is concrete.
- (b) Allophones occur in contrastive distribution.
- (c) Phonemes are distinctive in nature.
- (d) Allophones form minimal pair.

Codes :

- (A) (a) and (d) (B) (a) and (c)
- (C) (b) and (d) (D) (b) and (c)

40. Match the items in List - I with those in List - II and choose the correct answer from the codes given below :

List - I	List - II
(a) Major class feature	(i) Anterior
(b) Manner feature	(ii) Consonantal
(c) Place of articulation feature	(iii) High
(d) Body of tongue feature	(iv) Continuant

Codes :

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (A) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (B) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |
| (C) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (D) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) |

41. A speech style that reduces social distance is described as _____ .

- (A) Divergence
- (B) Style shifting
- (C) Convergence
- (D) None of the above

42. X and Y are two varieties of a language. X is prestigious while Y is not.

Such a situation is called _____ .

- (A) Bilingual
- (B) Diglossic
- (C) Register specific
- (D) Dialectal

43. The hypothesis that states that second language rules are acquired in a fixed pre-determined way, and not by linguistic complexity or explicit teaching is _____ .

- (A) Acquisition vs learning hypothesis
- (B) Monitor hypothesis
- (C) Natural order hypothesis
- (D) Identity hypothesis



44. What type of sound change is illustrated by the following pair ?

Thridda → Third

- (A) Epenthesis
- (B) Metathesis
- (C) Prothesis
- (D) Narrowing

45. Which one of the following is **not** true about L1 acquisition ?

- (A) Complete mastery of the language
- (B) Little variation in degree of success
- (C) Development of correct intuition about correctness
- (D) Fossilization

46. When young children create plurals like 'childs' 'ships', we can characterize this as a case of _____ .

- (A) Assimilation
- (B) Analogy
- (C) Semantic shift
- (D) Replacement

47. Two languages are considered to be related members of a language family.

- (A) If the majority of the members of the speech communities involved are of the same biological stock.
- (B) If they share at least 50% of the words in their vocabulary.
- (C) If they developed by normal processes of language change from a common ancestor.
- (D) If their sound systems, words order and inflectional categories are essentially same.

stical data to date the
languages from their
s is called _____

atistics

chronology

ectology

ne of the above

Find pair out.

(A) and Parole

(B) : and Paradigmatic

(C) Diachrony

(D) performance

50. Match the items in List - I with those of List - II.

- | List - I | List - II |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| (a) Universal Grammar | (i) Dell Hymes |
| (b) Communicative Competence | (ii) William Labov |
| (c) Observer's paradox | (iii) August Schleicher |
| (d) Comparative method | (iv) Noam Chomsky |

Codes :

- | | | | |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|
| (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (A) (i) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) |
| (B) (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (C) (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (D) (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |

- o o o -

Space For Rough Work

SEAL

49.

Paper-II

12