STATE SELECTION BOARD, ODISHA

SYLLABUS IN HISTORY

Syllabus for written Examination for Recruitment of Lecturers in Non-Government Aided Colleges of Odisha.

Unit-I

- 1) Nature and Meaning of History Objectivity, Interpretation, Scope of History.
- 2) Contributions of major River Valley Civilizations of the World: Egypt, Mesopotamia, China.
- 3) Ancient Greece and Rome Evolution of Athenian Democracy and Roman Republic, Graeco-Roman Culture: Art, Architecture and literature.
- 4) Rise and Growth of Christianity and Islam
- 5) Feudalism Institutions

 Renaissance Art, Literature and Science; Reformation
- 6) Industrial Revolution Development of Technologies.
- 7) American war of Independence; French Revolution of 1789; Unification of Italy and Germany.

<u> Unit - II</u>

- 1) World War I Causes; League of Nations -Structure, Objective and Functions.
- 2) Totalitarianism in Europe Russia, Italy and Germany.
- 3) World War II Causes
- 4) UNO Stages of Formation and Structure, functions of different Organs.
- 5) Cold War NATO, WARSAW PACT.
- 6) Civil War in China and establishment of Communist Rule; Reconstruction of Post War Japan.
- 7) Globalization: Impact on Economy and Society.

<u>Unit - III</u>

- 1) Sources of Indian History Archaeology, Epigraphy, Numismatics and Literature.
- 2) Indian Pre-history: Palaeolithic, Mesolithic, Neolithic and Chalcolithic phases.
- 3) Harappan Civilization Extent, Town Planning, Society and Religion.
- 4) Vedic Culture; Protestant Religious Movements during 6th Century B.C. Jainism and Buddhism.
- 5) Mauryan Administration; Gupta Society and Culture; Pallava and Pandyas Art and Architecture; Cholas Local Self Government.
- 6) Turko Afghan Rule in India Balban, Allauddin Khilji and Muhammad-bin- Tughluq.
- 7) Bhakti and Sufi Movements.

Unit - IV

- 1) Mughal Rule in India Babur and Foundation of Mughal Rule, Rajput and Religious Policy of Akbar; Art and Architecture of Shah Jahan, Deccan Policy of Aurangzeb.
- 2) Shivaji and Maratha Administration.
- 3) Expansion and Consolidation of British Rule in India: Battles of Plassey and Buxar, Subsidiary Alliance and Doctrine of Lapse; Ideology of the British Raj in India; Orientalism and Utilitarianism; Apparatus of the British Rule in India: Army, Civil Service, Police and Judiciary.
- 4) Growth of Modern Education; Socio Religious Reform movements Brahmo Samaj, Arya Samaj, Aligarh Movement.
- 5) Impact of British Rule in India Permanent Settlement, Drain of Wealth, Depeasantisation, De-industrialization, Growth of Modern industries Cotton, Jute and Steel; Growth of Railways.
- 6) Rise of Indian Nationalism and Freedom Movement:
 Foundation of Indian National Congress, Moderates and Extremists, Muslim League,
 Home Rule Movement.
- 7. Post- First World War Nationalism in India Non Cooperation Movement, Civil Disobedience Movement, Quit India Movement, Indian National Army, Partition and Independence of India.

Unit - V

- 1) Political History of Ancient and Medieval Odisha Kalinga War; Kharavela, Bhaumakaras, Somavamsis, Gangas and Suryavamsi Gajapatis-Art, Architecture and Socio-Economic Changes.
- 2) Cult of Jagannath; Sarala Dasa and Panchashakha Literature.
- 3) Resistance against British Imperialism: Khurdha Revolt (1804-05); Paika Revolt 1817; Ghumsar Revolt; Revolt of Veer Surendra Sai.
- 4) Odia Identity Movement: Fakir Mohan Senapati, Gangadhar Meher, Radhanath Ray, Madhusudan Rao; Creation of Separate Province of Odisha Madhusudan Das and Krishna Chandra Gajapati Narayan Deo.
- 5) Odisha in Indian National Movement during Non-cooperation, Civil Disobedience and Quit India Movements.
- 6) Prajamandala movements in Nilgiri, Ranpur and Talcher.
- 7) Merger of Princely States of Odisha; First Congress Ministry (1937 39), Second Congress Ministry (1946-1950).
