

1. The Arab Spring broke out from:  
A) Egypt      B) Tunisia      C) Syria      D) Libya
2. Which among the following is **not** a provision of Cabinet Mission Plan?  
A) Setting up of an Indian dominion  
B) Setting up of a union of India  
C) Residuary powers of Provinces  
D) Freedom of Provinces to form groups
3. The Faraizi movement was founded in the year:  
A) 1819      B) 1816      C) 1817      D) 1818
4. The city of Baghdad was founded in the year:  
A) 750 CE      B) 755 CE      C) 760 CE      D) 762 CE
5. The Fatawa e Alamgiri is based on:  
A) Hanafi school of Jurisprudence  
B) Shafi school of jurisprudence  
C) Hanbali school of Jurisprudence  
D) Maliki school of Jurisprudence
6. The Jabal al Nur is associated with:  
A) The revelation of Quran      B) The Battle of Uhd  
C) The Hijrah      D) The Farwell Sermon of the Prophet
7. The Muslim commander known as ‘Sword of Allah’:  
A) Uqba Ibn Nafi      B) Ali Ibn Abi Talib  
C) Khalid Ibn Walid      D) Amr Ibn al As
8. Abdurrahman Ibn Muljam belonged to the sect of:  
A) Shiite      B) Kharijites  
C) Asharites      D) Mu’tazilites
9. The type of hadith in which the content is attributed to God and the wording is credited to Prophet :  
A) Sahih hadith      B) Hadith Qudsi  
C) Daif hadith      D) Muttasil
10. Author of ‘Daghal Ain’ :  
A) Jabriel Ibn Bakthishu      B) Yuhannah Ibn Masawayh  
C) Ibn Sina      D) Al Razi

11. Which among the following feature was followed by Ibn Hisham in his writings?  
 A) Sirah                      B) Tabaqath                      C) Khabar                      D) Hauliyath
12. The ----- Crusade resulted in the formation of Kingdom of Jerusalem:  
 A) First                      B) Second                      C) Third                      D) Fourth
13. The battle which caused the compilation of Holy Quran:  
 A) Battle of Yarmouk                      B) Battle of Yamamah  
 C) Battle of Nehawand                      D) Battle of Namaraq
14. The only Muslim Commander who fought against the Quraysh before the victory of Mecca:  
 A) Amr Ibn al Az                      B) Usama Ibn Zaid  
 C) Khalid Ibn Walid                      D) Said Ibn Abi Waqas
15. The first person appointed by the Abbasids as the head of tax and military department:  
 A) Abu Musa Al Khurasani                      B) Abdullah Ibn Ali  
 C) Khalid Ibn Bermaki                      D) None of the above
16. The first Caliph to Commission a translation of the Quran from Arabic to another language:  
 A) Abu Bakr                      B) Muawiyah  
 C) Walid                      D) Umar Ibn Abdul Aziz
17. Which among the following is/are **not** associated with the Bahri Mamluks?  
 1. The Qipchaq Turkic origin                      2. Located on the barracks of the Nile  
 3. Ruled between 1382–1517 CE                      4. Hailed from Southern Russia  
 A) 1 and 2 only                      B) 2 and 4 only  
 C) 1 only                      D) 3 only
18. The companion deputed by Prophet to Madina after the first pledge of Aqba:  
 A) Jafer Ibn Abu Talib                      B) Mus'ab Ibn Umair  
 C) Ali Ibn Abi Talib                      D) Zayd Ibn Harith
19. Arrange the following in Chronological order based on its construction:  
 1. Taj Mahal                      2. Dome of the Rock  
 3. Qubba al Qadrah                      4. Masjid ul Quba  
 A) 2, 4, 1, 3                      B) 4, 2, 3, 1                      C) 4, 3, 2, 1                      D) 2, 4, 3, 1
20. The war tactics called tulughma was introduced in India by:  
 A) Alawuddin Khilji                      B) Babur  
 C) Sher Shah                      D) Akbar

21. The Arabian desert called by the Bedouins as al Ramlah:  
 A) Al Nufud B) Al Dhahna  
 C) Al Rub al Khali D) None of the above
22. A tribe which was **not** a signatory of the Hilful Fuzul:  
 A) Banu Hashim B) Banu Taym  
 C) Banu Asad D) Banu Umayyah
23. Who among the following were deputed by Prophet to make negotiation with the Quraysh before the treaty of Hudaibiyah?  
 1. Usaman Ibn Affan 2. Karashibn Umayyah  
 3. Umar Ibn al Khattab 4. Ali Ibn Abi Talib  
 A) 1 and 2 only B) 1 only C) 1 and 3 only D) 2 only
24. Which among the following dynasties ruled in between 800 CE to 1010 CE?  
 1. Aghlabids 2. Tahirids 3. Ayyubids 4. Safavids  
 A) 1 and 2 only B) 1 and 4 only  
 C) 1, 2 and 4 only D) 2 and 3 only
25. The first Arabic language dictionary was compiled during ---- century.  
 A) 7<sup>th</sup> B) 8<sup>th</sup> C) 9<sup>th</sup> D) 10<sup>th</sup>
26. Match List I with List II
- | List I              | List II                  |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| a. Hunayn Ibn Ishaq | 1. Father of Optics      |
| b. Ibn al Haytham   | 2. Sheikh of translators |
| c. Jabir Ibn Hayyan | 3. Father of Algebra     |
| d. Al Khawarizmi    | 4. Father of Alchemy     |
- A) a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4 B) a-2, b-1, c-4, d-3  
 C) a-1, b-2, c-4, d-3 D) a-2, b-1, c-3, d-4
27. Kashf al Asrar was the first political work of :  
 A) Mustafa Kamal Pasha B) Ayathullah Khoemini  
 C) Al Mawaridi D) Muhammed Iqbal
28. The Pahlavi dynasty was founded in the year:  
 A) 1920 B) 1924 C) 1925 D) 1929
29. The construction of the Suez Canal started in:  
 A) 1855 B) 1856 C) 1857 D) 1859

30. The Comrade was the journal of:  
 A) Maulana shoukat Ali      B) Maulana Shibilinomani  
 C) Maulana Muhammed Ali    D) Maulana Mahmud Hasan
31. Which among the following cities were functioned as the Samanian Capital?  
 1. Bukhara    2 Merw            3. Samarkand            4. Rayy  
 A) 1 and 4      B) 2 and 3      C) 1 and 3      D) 3 and 4
32. The fort Rumeli Hizar was built before the conquest of:  
 A) Adrianople                      B) Hungary  
 C) Constantinople                  D) Vienna
33. Madrassah Nizamiyah was founded under the:  
 A) Buwayhids                      B) Safarids  
 C) Ottomans                        D) Seljuks
34. Choose the correct statement/s:  
**Statement 1.** Arzachel , young lunar impact crater gained the name from an Arab Muslim astronomer  
**Statement 2.** The name of that astronomer is al Umar al Khayyam  
 A) Both 1 and 2                      B) Neither 1 nor 2  
 C) 1 only                                D) 2 only
35. Masnavi e Ma'navi is the work of:  
 A) Al Tusi      B) Al Rumi      C) Ibn Rushd      D) Al Arabi
36. The poem Badarul Muneer Husanul Jamal was written in the year:  
 A) 1832      B) 1852      C) 1872      D) 1892
37. The organization formed after the Baghdad Conference of 1960:  
 A) GCC      B) OPEC      C) Arab League    D) OIC
38. The year in which the October war took place:  
 A) 1948      B) 1956      C) 1967      D) 1973
39. The treaty of Sevres was concluded in the year:  
 A) 1920      B) 1921      C) 1922      D) 1923
40. Total number of chapters in Sahih Bukhari:  
 A) 93      B) 95      C) 97      D) 1000
41. The Islamic jurist known as father of Usul al Fiqh:  
 A) Imam Abu Hanifa                  B) Imam Shafi  
 C) Imam Malik Ibn Anas            D) Imam AhamedIbn Hanbal

42. The Frankish commander who defeated Abdurahman al Gafiqi at the battle of Tour:
- A) Charles Martel                      B) Pepin  
C) Reginfred                              D) Theudold
43. Rearrange the following events in chronological order:
1. The Promulgation of first Ottoman Constitution
  2. Destruction of the Janissaries
  3. The Battle of MarjDabiq
  4. The Fall of Bermakids
- A) 3, 4, 1, 2      B) 4, 3, 2, 1      C) 1, 2, 3, 4      D) 3, 4, 2, 1
44. Ibn Battuta visited Malabar in:
- A) 1326              B) 1343              C) 1332              D) None of these
45. Identify the correct statement/s :
- Statement 1.** Sicily under the Normans played a great role in transmitting Islamic learning to Europe
- Statement 2.** Al Idrisi, the great geographer flourished under Frederick
- A) 1 only                                      B) 2 only  
C) Both 1 and 2                              D) Neither 1 nor 2
46. Which among the following is **not** associated with Ibn Khaldun?
- A) Universal history                      B) Ideal State  
C) Asabiyah                                  D) Cyclic Change theory
47. The word meaning of Wahdathul Shuhud:
- A) Unity of God                              B) Unity of man kind  
C) Unity of perception                      D) Unity of existence
48. Which among the following are associated with the history of Sayyid Fazal Pukkoya Tangal?
1. Connolly              2. T.L Strange              3. Deportation              4. Cerur Revolt
- A) 1, 2 and 3 only                              B) 1 and 4 only  
C) 2 and 3 only                                  D) 1, 2, 3 and 4
49. Identify the correct Statement/s:
- Statement 1.** Ali Musaliyar was the Khlafath secretary of Pukkottur
- Statement 2.** He established an interim government in Malabar
- A) 1 only                                      B) 2 only  
C) Both 1 and 2                              D) Neither 1 nor 2

50. Match List I with list List II
- | List I                   | List II |
|--------------------------|---------|
| a. Vasco da Gama         | 1. 1503 |
| b. Pedro Alvaras Cabral  | 2. 1505 |
| c. Afonso de Albuquerque | 3. 1500 |
| d. Franciscus de Almeida | 4. 1498 |
- A) a-3, b-4, c-1, d-2      B) a-3, b-4, c-2, d-1  
 C) a-4, b-3, c-1, d-2      D) a-4, b-3, c-2, d-1
51. Author of 'Ma' lūb al-mu'minīn' was written by:  
 A) Ibn Rushd      B) Nasar al Din Tusi  
 C) Ibn Maymun      D) Ibn Arabi
52. Al Kashshaf is the Quranic exegesis of:  
 A) Al Razi      B) Abul Kalam Azad  
 C) Al Tabari      D) Zamakshari
53. Total number of Volumes in Qanun fi al Tibb:  
 A) 4      B) 5      C) 6      D) 7
54. Choose the correct pair associated with the Ottoman dynasty:  
 1. Tugrah      2. Qanun e Esasi  
 3. Diwan e Risayath      4. Amirul Umarah
- A) 1 and 2      B) 2 and 3      C) 1 and 3      D) 3 and 4
55. Umar Ibn al Khattab converted into Islam in the year:  
 A) 610 CE      B) 615 CE      C) 616 CE      D) 617 CE
56. The year in which Abrahath attempted to destroy Mecca:  
 A) 550 CE      B) 570 CE      C) 580 CE      D) 610 CE
57. The Pre Islamic poet known as the lost king:  
 A) Labid      B) Imrul Qays  
 C) Anthara      D) Amr Ibn Kulthum
58. Choose the correct statement/s from the following:  
**Statement 1.** Arabia is considered as the cradle of Semitic race  
**Statement 2.** The Semitics were the successors of Ham, the son of Nooh
- A) 1 only      B) 2 only  
 C) Both 1 and 2      D) Neither 1 nor 2

59. The pledge of tree took place just before:  
 A) Battle of Badr                      B) Treaty of Hudaibiyyah  
 C) Victory of Mecca                    D) Hajjthul wida
60. The Hijrah of Islam took place in:  
 A) 615 CE            B) 616 CE            C) 622 CE            D) 624 CE
61. Arrange the following books chronologically:  
 1. Akbar Nama                              2. Humayun Nama  
 3. Tarikh e Firoshahi                      4. Thuhfathul Mujahideen  
 A) 3, 2, 4, 1            B) 2, 3, 4, 1            C) 1, 2, 3, 4            D) 3, 2, 1, 4
62. Which among the following was **not** commissioned by Alawuddin Khilji ?  
 A) Haus e Khas                              B) Siri Fort  
 C) Alai Darwasa                              D) PuranaQila
63. The war which ended as the result of United Nations resolution 598:  
 A) First World War                              B) Iran Iraq War  
 C) Suez War                                      D) Persian Gulf War
64. Choose the country which is **not** a member of GCC:  
 A) Saudi Arabia                              B) Iran  
 C) UAE    D) Oman
65. The first President of Egyptian republic:  
 A) Jamal Abdul Naser                              B) Muhammed Naguib  
 C) Kamaluddin Hussein                              D) Anvar Sadat
66. The work Zij al Sindhind was translated under the Caliphate of :  
 A) Abul Abbas al Saffah                              B) Al Mansur  
 C) Harun Al Rashid                              D) Al Ma'mu
67. The Madrassah Movement in Kerala was initiated by:  
 A) Vakkom Abdul Qadr Maoulavi  
 B) Sanaullah Makthi Thangal  
 C) Chalilakathu Kunjahammed Haji  
 D) Variyam Kunnathu Kunjahammed Haji
68. The concept of modern Islamic Feminism originated in:  
 A) Saudi Arabia    B) Egypt            C) Morrocco            D) Tunisia
69. The Muhiyuddin Mala was written in ----- century.  
 A) 8<sup>th</sup>                      B) 9<sup>th</sup>                      C) 16<sup>th</sup>                      D) 17<sup>th</sup>

70. Which among the following are **not** associated with the downfall of Pahlavi Dynasty?
1. The dispute over Shatt al Arab
  2. Activities of Ayathullah Khomeini
  3. The Reform Activities of Pahlavi rulers
  4. Emergence of Saddam Hussein
- A) 1 and 4 only                      B) 1 and 2 only  
 C) 1, 2 and 3 only                      D) 2 and 4 only
71. The ruling family of Egypt on the Eve on Nepolean's invasion:
- A) Fathimids    B) Mamluks    C) Aghlabids    D) Ayyubids
72. The event that led to the Ottoman entry of First World War:
- A) Purchasing of ships from Germany
  - B) The Black sea raid
  - C) The secret treaties with Central Powers
  - D) Gallipoli Campaign
73. Operation Red Dawn was associated with:
- A) Mustafa Kamal                      B) Ismat Inono  
 C) Saddam Husain                      D) Ayathullah Khomeini
74. Which among the followings is **not** a founding member of Arab League?
- A) Syria            B) Egypt            C) Lebanon            D) Libya
75. The Asia Minor agreement of 1916 was signed between:
- A) Britain and the Ottomans
  - B) Britain and France
  - C) The ottomans and the Central powers
  - D) Britain and the Sherief of Mecca
76. The operation Ajax was the net result of:
- A) Nationalization of Iranian Oil Industry
  - B) Nationalization of Suez Canal
  - C) The abolition of Caliphate
  - D) Islamic Revolution of 1979
77. The Oslo Accord was signed between Israel and:
- A) Arab States    B) PLO            C) HAMAS            D) Egypt
78. Arrange the following chronologically based on the office of PLO chairman:
1. Ahamed Shukeiri                      2. Yaser Arafath
  3. Mahmud Abbas                      4. Yahya Hammuda
- A) 3, 2, 1, 4    B) 1, 4, 2, 3    C) 4, 1, 3, 2    D) 1, 2, 3, 4



79. Hosni Mubarak became the Vice President of Egypt in the year:  
 A) 1970                      B) 1974                      C) 1975                      D) 1979
80. The Father of modern Egypt:  
 A) Muhammad Ali                      B) Khediv Ismail  
 C) Jamal Abdul Nazar                      D) Anvar Sadat
81. Who among the following companion give oath of allegiance to Abubakr during the election to Caliphate?  
 A) Ali Ibn Abi Talib                      B) Abbas Ibn Abdul Mutalib  
 C) Ammar Ibn Yazir                      D) Umar Ibn al Khatab
82. Which among the following are **not** the recommendations of Nehru committee Report?  
 1. Separate electorate for Minorities                      2. Dominion Status for India  
 3. Fundamental rights                      4. Constitutional reforms in NWFP
- A) 1 and 2 only                      B) 1 and 4 only  
 C) 2 and 3 only                      D) 1, 2, 3 and 4
83. The Mughal ruler who introduced the system of Zat and Sawar:  
 A) Humayun                      B) Jahangir                      C) Akbar                      D) Aurangazeb
84. The Kunjali Marakkar who became the chief of Kottakkal in 1595:  
 A) Kutti Ali                      B) Kutti Poker  
 C) Pattu Marakkar                      D) Muhammed Kunjali Marakkar
85. Identify the correct statement/s:  
**Statement 1.** Beyond the Veil was the first book published by Fatema Merinissi  
**Statement 2.** This work narrates the significant contributions made by Muslim Women in history
- A) 1 only                      B) 2 only  
 C) Both 1 and 2                      D) Neither 1 nor 2
86. The Kudai Kidmatgar was the political party of :  
 A) Punjab                      B) North West Frontier Province  
 C) Assam                      D) Bengal
87. The lady who served Hakkam II as his Private Secretary and Librarian:  
 A) Seyda Sukaina                      B) Lubna al Qortobia  
 C) Assufiyah                      D) Umm al Darda

88. Arrange the following Battles in Chronological Order:  
1. Marj Dabiq                                      2. Battle of Manzikart  
3. Battle of Hittin                                  4. Battle of Rayy
- A) 2, 4, 3, 1    B) 1, 2, 3, 4    C) 4, 3, 2, 1    D) 4, 2, 3, 1
89. The work of Ibn al Baythar which dealt with the treatment of diseases relating to eye, ear and head:  
A) Mīzān al-• abīb  
B) Kitāb al-Mughnī fī al-Adwiya al-Mufrada  
C) Kitāb al-Jāmi‘li-Mufradāt  
D) Risāla fī l-Aghdhiya wa-l-Adwiya
90. The total number of clauses in the Medina Charter:  
A) 45                      B) 46                      C) 47                      D) 48
91. Arrange the following in chronological order:  
1. Sabites    2. Kharijites    3.. Asharites    4. Mu’tazilites
- A) 1, 2, 4, 3    B) 4, 3, 1, 2    C) 3, 4, 1, 2    D) 1, 2, 3, 4
92. The year in which Abdurrahman assumed the title as the Caliph:  
A) 925 CE    B) 927 CE    C) 929 CE    D) 930 CE
93. The legal code named Kanuni Osmani was framed under:  
A) Usman    B) Orhan  
C) Murad    D) Suleiman the magnificent
94. The Islamic scholar known as Proof of Islam:  
A) Imam Bukhari                                      B) Imam Muslim  
C) Imama Gazzali                                      D) Imam Taymiyyah
95. Which among the following book consists Mawardi’s idea about Ordinances of Governance:  
A) Al-Ahkam al-Sultania w'al-Wilayat al-Diniyya  
B) Qanun al-Wazarah  
C) Kitab Aadab al-Dunya w'al-Din  
D) al-Nukat wa'l-‘uyūn fī tafsīr al-Qur’ān
96. Which among the following is **not** associated with Islamic Economics?  
A) Circulation of wealth                              B) Individual Welfare  
C) Prohibition of Riba                                  D) Economic Justice
97. The ruler who started Diwan ul Barid:  
A) Muawiyah    B) Yezid  
C) Abdul Malik    D) Walid I

98. Arrange the following in chronological order:  
 1. Al Hambra Palace                      2. Dome of the rock  
 3. Al Zahra Palace                        4. Darul Ilm
- A) 1, 2, 3, 4    B) 2, 3, 4, 1    C) 3, 2, 4, 1    D) 2, 3, 1, 4
99. Kerala Muslim Aikya Sangam was formed at:  
 A) Kodungallore                      B) Ponnani  
 C) Calicut                                D) Aluva
100. The Al Amin journal was published in:  
 A) 1923                      B) 1924                      C) 1925                      D) 1929
101. ‘Maulaviyude Athmakadha’ is the autobiography of:  
 A) E. Moidu Maulvavi.  
 B) K.M Maulavi  
 C) Vakkom Abdul Khader Maulavi  
 D) Sanaullah Makthi Thangal
102. Arrange the following in Chronological order:  
 1. Destruction of Fort                      2. Market Regulation  
 3. Token Currency System                      4. Battle of Tarrain
- A) 1, 2, 3, 4    B) 4, 3, 2, 1    C) 4, 1, 2, 3    D) 1, 4, 2, 3
103. Which among the following is **not** associated with Sher Shah?  
 A) Introduction of Rupee                      B) Sarak e Azam  
 C) Battle of Chausa                      D) Battle of Sirhind
104. Manasik al Hajj was the first work of:  
 A) Muhammed Abdhu                      B) Ibn Taymiyyah  
 C) Sheikh Ahamed sirhindi                      D) Rashid Rida
105. Match List I with List II
- | List I                     | List II                    |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| a. Asbab e Baghavat e Hind | 1. Maulana Abu Ala Maududi |
| b. Al Jihad fi al Islam    | 2. Shah Waliyullah         |
| c. Hujathullah al Baligha  | 3. Muhammed Iqbal          |
| d. Asrar e Khudi           | 4. Sir Seyd Ahammed Khan   |
- A) a-1, b-4, c-2, d-3                      B) a-4, b-1, c-2, d-3  
 C) a-3, b-4, c-1, d-2                      D) a-4, b-1, c-3, d-2

106. Arrange the Ottoman Capitals in Chronological Order:  
 1. Bursa      2. Sought      3. Edirne      4. Iznik
- A) 4, 3, 2, 1      B) 2, 4, 1, 3      C) 1, 2, 3, 4      D) 4, 2, 1, 3
107. Which among the following was the period of the Koprulus?  
 A) 1600-1700 CE      B) 1656-1703 CE  
 C) 1688-17056 CE      D) 1670-1770 CE
108. The Tanzimat reforms which ensure the protection of **Non-Muslim** Communities:  
 A) Hattie- e Sheief      B) Hattie –e Humayun  
 C) Provincial Reform law      D) None of the above
109. Which among the following is **not** a part of Kamalism?  
 A) Statism      B) Populism  
 C) Totalitarianism      D) Revolutionarism
110. The theme of Maghazi literature is:  
 A) Biography of Prophet  
 B) Biography of Companions of the Prophet  
 C) Wars participated by the Prophet  
 D) Historical anecdotes of Prophetic period
111. Match List I with List II
- |                 |                                       |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| List I          | List II                               |
| a. Al Tabari    | 1. Kitab Futuh al Buldan              |
| b. Al Baladhuri | 2. Kitab ul Maghazi                   |
| c. Al Waqidi    | 3. Tarkh Rasul wa Al Muluk            |
| d. Al Masudi    | 4. Murujal dhahab wa Maadin al Jawhar |
- A) a-3, b-1, c-2, d-4      B) a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4  
 C) a-4, b-3, c-2, d-1      D) a-3, b-1, c-4, d-2
112. The content of the work Judari wal Hasba is about:  
 A) Blood Circulation      B) Small Pox  
 C) Plague      D) Cholera
113. The physician known as Haly Abbas in Latin:  
 A) Al Majusi      B) Ali al Tabari  
 C) Al Razi      D) Ibn Zuhr
114. Kitāb · abā'ī al- · ayawān wa-khawā · ihā wa-manāfi' a' · ā'ihā is authored by:  
 A) Hunayn Ibn Ishaq      B) Jabriel Ibn Bakthishu  
 C) Al Zahrawi      D) Al Majusi

115. The office of Sheikh ul Islam was abolished in the year:  
A) 1920            B) 1922            C) 1923            D) 1924
116. Ilm-o-dhikr is one of the principles of:  
A) Tabligue Jamaat            B) Jamaat e Islami  
C) Ikhwan ul Muslimun            D) Ahl e Hadith
117. Author of ‘Muslim Janavum Vidyabhyasavum’:  
A) Chalilakathu Kunjahammed Haj  
B) Sanaullah Makthi Tangal  
C) Vakkom Maoulavi  
D) Hamadani Tangal
118. Choose the correct statement/s:  
**Statement 1.** Chaudhari Rahmat ali was the first to demand the formation of Pakistan  
**Statement 2.** He put forth this demand in League’s Lahore session of 1940  
A) 1 only                            B) 2 only  
C) Both 1 and 2                    D) Neither 1 nor 2
119. Which among the following work is **not** associated with Umar Qadi?  
A) Nabi Nanayam            B) Nafaissudarrar  
C) Sallallahu Bayth            D) Maqasidul Nikah
120. The Bhakthi movement originated in:  
A) Gujarath            B) Delhi            C) Tamilakam            D) Kashmir
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