

**SUBJECT : CHEMISTRY**

Candidate's Roll No.

**7216****Time Allowed : 3 Hours****Maximum Marks : 150****QUESTION PAPER SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS***(Please read each of the following instructions carefully before attempting questions)*

- 1 There are eighteen (18) questions in all.
- 2 Candidate has to attempt any fifteen (15) questions in all.
- 3 Marks assigned to each question/part are given against it.
- 4 Word limit in questions, wherever specified should be adhered to.
- 5 Attempts of questions shall be counted sequential order. Unless struck off, attempt of a question shall be counted even if attempted partly. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the answer booklet must be clearly struck off.
- 6 No extra/additional sheet will be provided.
- 7 Answer must be written in the authorized medium. No marks will be given for answers written in a medium other than the authorized one.

- 1 i. Calculate the number of molecules of carbon dioxide present in 300 mL of gas at 273K and 2.5 atm pressure. 5
- ii. Gastric juice contains about 3 mg of HCl per millilitre. If a person produces about 225 mL of gastric juice per day, how many antacid tablets each containing 250 mg of  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  are needed to neutralize all the HCl produced in one day? 5
- 2 Predict the shapes of the following molecules on the basis of hybridisation :  $2\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 10$
- $\text{BCl}_3, \text{CH}_4, \text{CO}_2, \text{NH}_3$
- 3 i. An organic compound contains 48% carbon, 8% hydrogen, 28% nitrogen. Calculate the empirical formula of the compound. 5
- ii. Explain conductometric titration between strong acid against strong base. 5
- 4 Hydrolysis of sugar gives : 10
- Sucrose +  $\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons$  Glucose + Fructose; Equilibrium constant  $K_c$  for reaction :  $2 \times 10^{13}$  at 300K.
- Calculate  $\Delta G^\circ$  at 300K.
- 5 i. Derive an expression which shows relationship between equilibrium constant and EMF of the cell. 5
- ii. Explain the change in free energy for predicting spontaneity of a reaction. 5
- 6 i. What is order of a reaction? Give an example for second order reaction.  $2+3=5$
- ii. Write any two differences between ideal and non-ideal solutions. 5
- 7 i. Explain why both N and Bi do not form pentahalides while phosphorus does? 5
- ii. Write any two anomalous behaviours of lithium. 5

- 8 Write an equation in ionic form to represent the oxidizing action of  $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$  in acidic medium. Also draw the structure of  $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$  ion. **5+5=10**
- 9 What is lanthanide contraction? What is its cause and what are its consequences ? **4+3+3=10**
- 10 i. Draw one of the geometrical isomers of the complex  $[\text{Pt}(\text{en})_2\text{Cl}_2]^{2+}$  which is optically active. **5**
- ii. Explain on the basis of valence bond theory that  $[\text{Ni}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$  ion with square planar structure is diamagnetic and  $[\text{NiCl}_4]^{2-}$  ion with tetrahedral geometry is paramagnetic. **5**
- 11 i. Explain any four sources of soil pollution. **6**
- ii. Give the classification of organometallic compounds based on their hapticity. Give an example for each class. **2+2=4**
- 12 Using crystal field theory, draw energy level diagram, write electronic configuration of the central metal atom/ion and determine magnetic moment value of the following  $[\text{Co}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$ ,  $[\text{FeF}_6]^{3-}$  **2+3+5=10**
- 13 i. Give the chemical test to distinguish between primary, secondary and tertiary Alcohols. **5**
- ii. Give the classification of polymers based on their structures with one example for each class. **5**
- 14 i. Methyl amine is more basic than ammonia. Give reason. **5**
- ii. Using chemical tests, explain the open chain structure of glucose. **5**

- 15 i. How are vitamins classified ? Name the vitamin responsible for the coagulation of Blood. 4+2=6
- ii. Give the chemical test using Hinsberg's reagent to distinguish between 1°, 2° and 3° Amines. 4
16. i. Give the biological functions of nucleic acids. 5
- ii. Write Gabriel phthalimide synthesis reaction and Hoffmann bromamide degradation Reaction. 5
- 17 i. Write the distinguishing chemical test for aldehydes and ketones. 5
- ii. Give Williamson ether synthesis reaction. 5
- 18 i. Write the mechanism of S<sub>N</sub><sup>1</sup> reaction with taking suitable example. 5
- ii. State Huckel's rule for aromaticity. 5

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