

# A




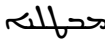
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120 MINUTES

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1.    ܦ and ܠ are called ....  
A)    Sibilant        B)    Nasal            C)    Lateral        D)    Semi-vowel
2.    “Mercy is opposed to Justice” whose statement was this?  
A)    Issac the Syrian            B)    Jacob of Serug  
C)    John Dalyatha            D)    Gabirel Qatraya
3.    Which is the controversial homily of Narsai?  
A)    On Passion            B)    On Arius  
C)    On Divinity            D)    On Three Doctors
4.    ---- borrowed Greek vowels into Syriac.  
A)    Jacob of Nisibis            B)    Jacob of Serug  
C)    Jacob of Edessa            D)    John of Edessa
5.    .... is the first Syriac poet.  
A)    Ephrem        B)    Arius            C)    Bardaisan        D)    Justin
6.    ..... is the composer of Diatessaron.  
A)    Tatian            B)    Jacob of Nisibis  
C)    Ephrem            D)    Bardaisan
7.    Hexameron is the work of:  
A)    John of Edessa            B)    Sahdona  
C)    John of Apameya            D)    Jacob of Edessa
8.    ..... is called the poet of Religion.  
A)    Ephrem        B)    Narsai            C)    Jacob            D)    Subarmanan
9.    According to Issac, the love is something .... by nature.  
A)    sweet            B)    salt            C)    cool            D)    hot
10.    The word frequently used by Narsai to denote heaven.  
A)    ܠܘܫܘܢ        B)    ܠܘܫܘܢ        C)    ܠܘܫܘܢ        D)    ܠܘܫܘܢ
11.    The author of ܠܘܫܘܢܘܬܐ  
A)    Bar Hebraeus            B)    Michel Rabbo  
C)    Gewargis Warda            D)    Bar Brikha
12.    Narsai was a devoted first generation disciple of:  
A)    Ephrem            B)    Jacob of Edessa  
C)    Diadorous            D)    Theodore of Mopsuestia

13. The meter of St. Ephrem' is a ... syllable line.  
 A) Four                    B) Eight                    C) Seven                    D) Twelve
14. Time of Martyrius is :  
 A) Sixth cen.                    B) Fifth cen.  
 C) Seventh cen.                    D) Eighth cen.
15. The book of steps consists of .... Syriac discourses.  
 A) 18                    B) 72                    C) 45                    D) 30
16. The author of ܩܘܪܬܘܢܐ ܕܩܘܪܬܘܢܐ :  
 A) Sahdona                    B) Philoxenos of Mabbug  
 C) Jacob of Serug                    D) Gewargis Warda
17. According to Diatessaron the food of John the Baptist was:  
 A) Locusts& Honey                    B) Fruits &Honey  
 C) Milk & Honey                    D) Leaves &Honey
18. According to Peshitta, where did the ark of Noah landed?  
 A) Mt.Izla                    B) Mt. Moriah  
 C) Mt. Ararat                    D) Mt. Qardu
19. Ephrem wrote commentary on .....  
 A) Peshitta                    B) Diatessaron  
 C) Four Gospel                    D) Old Syriac Gospel
20. "Prayer is knocking at the door" who wrote like this?  
 A) Sahdona                    B) John the Zeer  
 C) John solitary                    D) John the Elder
21. The works of Persian Sage is called:  
 A) ܩܘܪܬܘܢܐ                    B) ܩܘܪܬܘܢܐ                    C) ܩܘܪܬܘܢܐ                    D) ܩܘܪܬܘܢܐ
22. The editor of the book of Liber Graduum.  
 A) S. Brock                    B) Anton Tagrit  
 C) M Kmosko                    D) Anton kiraz
23. The demonstration which gives evidence that Aphrahat was a clergy of high rank.  
 A) XV                    B) XVI                    C) VI                    D) XIV
24. The city of 'Apamea' is in:  
 A) Iran                    B) Syria                    C) Turkey                    D) Iraq
25. Which are the two witnesses of God in Ephrem?  
 A) Scripture & Nature                    B) Body and Blood  
 C) Tradition & Scripture                    D) Faith & Love

26. The founder of School of Nisibis is:  
 A) Ephrem      B) Theodore      C) Narsai      D) Mari
27. .... New Testament is the culmination of Diatessaron and Old Syriac.  
 A) Syro-Hexapla      B) Herculean  
 C) Sinaiticus      D) Peshitta
28. During the Period of Aphrahat .... Persecuted the Christians.  
 A) Shapur II      B) Shapur I  
 C) Julian      D) Sassanian Kings
29. Small commandments in the Books of Steps are symbolized as:  
 A) Solid food      B) Reconciliation  
 C) Milk      D) Remuneration
30. “A disciple of Sacred Scripture is a teacher of it” whose statement is this?  
 A) Ephrem      B) Aphrahat  
 C) Book of Step      D) Odes of Soloman
31. The term used for two dots placed above all plural and adjectives and certain plural verbs:  
 A) Esore      B) Rukhahe      C) Qushaye      D) Syame
32. Who wrote the “Letter on Orthography” to George of Sarug?  
 A) Jacob of Edessa      B) Narsai  
 C) Jacob of Sarug      D) Hebraeus
33. The author of “foundations for Syriac Lexicography”:  
 A) Brock      B) Kiraz      C) Sokoloff      D) Wright
34. .... is considered as source of the Arabic Kufi script.  
 A) East Syriac      B) Estrangela      C) West Syriac      D) None of these
35. A discourse on ‘Syriac Accent’ was written by:  
 A) Bar Hebraeus      B) Jacob of Edessa  
 C) Bar Brikha      D) Narsai
36. A line placed under a silent letter in a word is called:  
 A)       B)       C)       D) 
37. What is the meaning of ܐܘܢܝܢܐ (here one dot above the word)?  
 A) Child      B) Father      C) Childhood      D) Brotherhood
38. In Church of the East, how many Hulaleare in the Psaler?  
 A) 151      B) 52      C) 21      D) 20



51. The position of the Archdeacon, the leader of the St Thomas Christians existed traditionally from .... Family.  
 A) Kalliankavu                      B) Tharakan  
 C) Kalli                                D) Pakalomattam
52. Name of the merchant mentioned in the book “Acts of Thomas”.  
 A) Hamar            B) Haban            C) Gundapher    D) Gabriel
53. In .... A D a group of Christians from Persia reached at Malabar under the leadership of Sabarisho.  
 A) 825                      B) 326                      C) 678                      D) 725
54. According to tradition how many families immigrated to Malabar under the leadership of Thom Cana?  
 A) 27                      B) 122                      C) 72                      D) 52
55. Author of “Christian Topography”:  
 A) Vasco                      B) Cosmos  
 C) Thoma Cana                      D) Paramekal Thoma
56. The tomb of Mar ..... is at Angamaly.  
 A) Abraham    B) Gabriel    C) Gewargis    D) Thoma
57. The Synod of Diamper held in .....  
 A) 1653            B) 1563            C) 1598            D) 1599
58. Traditionally the archdeacon is also called :  
 A) Thalavan                      B) Mukhyan  
 C) Jathikkukarthavyan            D) Thirumeni
59. The Coonan Cross Oath took place in 1653 in:  
 A) Angamali                      B) Mattamcherry  
 C) Mulanthuruthy                      D) Alangad
60. The Mavelikkara Padiyola was accepted by Mavelikkara Synod in:  
 A) 1836            B) 1835            C) 1808            D) 1828
61. The first native Indian Bishop of Malabar Christians was:  
 A) Sebastiany                      B) Joseph Kariyattil  
 C) Paramekal Thomas            D) Parampil Chandy
62. Thozhiyoor Malabar Independent Church came into start in:  
 A) 1773            B) 1776            C) 1772            D) 1774

63. Jacob of Serug was born at :  
 A) Beth Deba B) Kurtam C) Tahal D) Mosul
64. Who conveyed the Diamper Synod?  
 A) Melus B) Roz C) Menesis D) Abhraham
65. Bar Hebraeus was borne at:  
 A) Malatya B) Thahel C) Debba D) Kurtam
66. 'En Deba' is the birth place of :  
 A) John Dalyatha B) Jacob the Zeer  
 C) Michel the Great D) Jacob of Edessa
67. The dot used to indicate hard pronunciation is known as:  
 A) Hamsa B) Qushaya C) Syame D) Rukaha
68. Bickell attributed to ..... as the author of memra on the Grain of Wheat.  
 A) Balai B) Ephrem  
 C) Cyrillona D) Jacob of Serug
69. Who wrote "On the Dedication of the Church of Qenneshrin"?  
 A) Ephrem B) Jacob C) Narsai D) Balai
70. The first East Syrian Missionary to Chaina was:  
 A) Thimothy B) Alopen  
 C) Yah Alaha D) Kublai Khan
71. Who is known as the 'Harp of the Holy Spirit'?  
 A) Ephrem B) Narsai C) Balai D) Marutha
72. St Marutha lived in the ---- century.  
 A) Sixth B) Third C) Fourth D) Second
73. .... metre is called as a metre of Balai.  
 A) Tetra Syllable B) Penta Syllable  
 C) Dodeca Syllable D) Hepta syllable
74. Mar Balai was a Cor-Episcopain .....  
 A) Aleppo B) Edessa C) Persia D) Mosul
75. The East Syriac Patriarch who held dialogue with the Caliph:  
 A) Issac B) Thimothy C) Isho Yabh D) Marutha
76. Who wrote an historical poem "On the invasion of the Huns" in 395?  
 A) Balai B) Cyrillona C) Marutha D) Aphrahat

77. What is the numerical value of ܐܘܫܐ  
 A) 587 B) 397 C) 197 D) 497
78. What is Syriac word for Friday?  
 A) ܩܘܢܝܐܢܐ B) ܩܘܢܝܐܢܐ C) ܩܘܢܝܐܢܐ D) ܩܘܢܝܐܢܐ
79. Nestorian Monument describing the history of the East Syrian Church was discovered in :  
 A) Beijing B) Mongolia C) Merv D) Xian
80. Which is the correct word from the below:  
 A) ܩܘܢܝܐܢܐ B) ܩܘܢܝܐܢܐ  
 C) ܩܘܢܝܐܢܐ D) ܩܘܢܝܐܢܐ
81. Which is the correct word for her house?  
 A) ܩܘܢܝܐܢܐ B) ܩܘܢܝܐܢܐ C) ܩܘܢܝܐܢܐ D) ܩܘܢܝܐܢܐ
82. One dot place above ܐ in the conjugation of verb denotes :  
 A) 2<sup>nd</sup> Person Feminine Singular  
 B) 3<sup>rd</sup> Person feminine Singular  
 C) 2<sup>nd</sup> person feminine plural  
 D) 3<sup>rd</sup> person feminine plural
83. .... wrote ‘the History of Syriac Literature and Sciences’.  
 A) Ephrem Rahmani B) G.P Badger  
 C) Ephrem Barsoum D) Yeshu Samuel
84. Who is the Least Hellenised writer in Syriac?  
 A) Ephrem B) Narsai C) Balai D) Marutha
85. The Hymns of Simon Potter were meant for singing whileworking in:  
 A) Market B) Pasture C) Wheel D) Field
86. The time of Simon the Potter is .....  
 A) 300 ca B) 400 ca C) 600 ca D) 500 ca
87. A Mongolian person who became a Patriarch for the Church of the East:  
 A) Timothy III B) IshoYahb III  
 C) YabhAllaha III D) Gabriel III
88. Which ode deals with the resurrection of Christ in Odes of Solomon?  
 A) 40 B) 42 C) 3 D) 11
89. The Odes in their original form are:  
 A) Jewish B) Messalin C) Gnostic D) Pagan

90. In the Madrasa the stanzas have .....
- A) No metre                                      B) Variant syllables  
C) Uniform syllables                          D) Non-syllabic
91. How the fruits of the earth changed into the Body and Blood of Christ in Hymn on Faith 10:17?
- A) With the Institutional narration  
B) With the words of the priests  
C) With the Word of God  
D) With Fire and Holy Spirit
92. Which interpretation of the Gospel parable in Ephrem where he introduces a tension between Grace and Justice?
- A) Lost coin                                      B) Labours in the Vineyard  
C) The Talents                                  D) Richman & Lazarus
93. What is the meaning of **ܣܠܫܘܬܐ** ?
- A) Hidden Power                              B) Hidden word  
C) Hidden meaning                          D) Hidden interpretation
94. Who edited the works of Ephrem?
- A) Urbina                      B) Parisot                      C) E Beck                      D) Murray
95. Why did Ephrem leave from his home town?
- A) In the war Romans were defeated  
B) In the war Persians were defeated  
C) Christians were few in the home town  
D) Loving for a better place
96. The Hymn which testifies that Ephrem was a deacon:
- A) Hymn on Church                          B) Hymn on Fasting  
C) Hymn on Faith                          D) Hymn on Nisibis
97. The first Chaldean Catholic Patriarch was:
- A) Abdisho                                      B) John Sulaqa  
C) Mar Elia                                      D) Mar Shallitha
98. Who wrote the hymn on “Veil of Mose”?
- A) Ephrem the Syrian                          B) Jacob of Serug  
C) Mar Theodore                              D) Mar Narsai
99. Adam was created on the ..... Day.
- A) First                      B) Seventh                      C) Sixth                      D) Fifth





110. Which is the original language of the story of Aramean Sage Ahikhar?  
 A) Aramaic      B) Syriac      C) Greek      D) Arabic
111. Who is famous for translations of Greek works into Syriac and then from Syriac into Arabic?  
 A) Alexander the great      B) Fiqh an Nasraniya  
 C) Musa al Habashi      D) Hunain ibin Ishaq
112. Topics such as metaphysics, psychology, medicine, chemistry, physics, mathematics, meteorology and astronomy are discussed in the Book of ..... of Job of Edessa.  
 A) Scholia      B) Steps      C) Treasures      D) Guide
113. The famous Indian Panchathantra stories in Syriac is known as:  
 A) Kalilah and Dimnah      B) Aseop's fables  
 C) Akhikar      D) Alexander the Great
114. The name of Indian king whom Alexandar fought with:  
 A) Porus      B) Chandragupta  
 C) Babar      D) Ashoka
115. Who is famous in the field of Rhetoric?  
 A) Ahudemme      B) Zachariah Rhetor  
 C) Abraham      D) Anton of Tagrit
116. The author of "Book of Dialogues":  
 A) Grigary of Nyssa      B) Zachariah Rhetor  
 C) Yacob bar Sakko      D) Anton bar brikha
117. The School of Edessa was closed in the year .... by the Byzantine Emperor Zeno.  
 A) 489      B) 451      C) 383      D) 420
118. .... is the standard resource for ascetic spirituality of the Church of the East.  
 A) Paradise of Holy Fathers      B) Liber Graduum  
 C) Synodicon Orientale      D) Palladius History
119. Who is the famous Syriac writer on Astronomy?  
 A) Dionysius Basilibi      B) Dionysius of Temahre  
 C) Job of Edessa      D) Severus Sebokht
120. When was the demonstration on Grape Cluster written by Aphrahat?  
 A) 345      B) 343      C) 325      D) 351

