



# MH SET

Previous Year Paper (Life Science) 07 Apr, 2024

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# A

## Paper-II LIFE SCIENCE

Sign	nature and Name of Invigilator	Seat No.		
1. (S	ignature)	(In figures as in Admit Ca	rd)	
(N	[ame]	eat No	2 (2)	
2. (S	ignature)	(In words)	•••••	
(N	(ame)	MR Sheet No.		
	$^{0}\mathrm{R}$ - $34224$		1 ( )	
		(To be filled by the Candi		
	e Allowed : 2 Hours]	[Maximum Marks		
Number of Pages in this Booklet : 24		Number of Questions in this Booklet: 100		
1. 2. 3.	Instructions for the Candidates  Write your Seat No. and OMR Sheet No. in the space provided on the top of this page.  This paper consists of 100 objective type questions. Each question will carry two marks. All questions of Paper II will be compulsory. At the commencement of examination, the question booklet will be given to the student. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as follows:  (i) To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker-seal or open booklet.  (ii) Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to missing pages/questions or questions repeated or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should not be accepted and correct booklet should be obtained from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given. The same may please be noted.  (iii) After this verification is over, the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet.  Each question has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item.  Example: where (C) is the correct response.	विद्यार्थ्यांसाठी महत्त्वाच्या सूचना  1. परीक्षार्थींनी आपला आसन क्रमांक या पृष्ठावरील वरच्या कोप- तसेच आपणांस दिलेल्या उत्तरपित्रकेचा क्रमांक त्याखाली लिह  2. सदर प्रश्नपित्रकेत 100 बहुपर्यायी प्रश्न आहेत. प्रत्येक प्रश्न आहेत. या प्रश्नपित्रकेतील सर्व प्रश्न सोडिवणे अनिवार्य आहे  3. परीक्षा सुरू झाल्यावर विद्यार्थ्याला प्रश्नपित्रका दिली जाईल.  5 मिनिटांमध्ये आपण सदर प्रश्नपित्रका उघड्न खालील ब तपासून पहाव्यात.  (i) प्रश्नपित्रका उघडण्यासाठी प्रश्नपित्रकेव रावलेले स सील नसलेली किंवा सील उघडलेली प्रश्नपित्रका स सील नसलेली किंवा सील उघडलेली प्रश्नपित्रको स सील नसलेली किंवा हत्य नमूद केल्याप्रमाणे प्रश्नपित्रको स  (ii) पहिल्या पृष्ठावर नमूद केल्याप्रमाणे प्रश्नपित्रको स असलेली किंवा इतर त्रुटी असलेली सदोष प्रश्नपित्रको  5 मिनिटातच पर्यवेक्षकाला परत देऊन दुसरी प्रश्नपि घ्यावी. त्यानंतर प्रश्नपित्रको बदलून मिळणार नाही व बाढवून मिळणार नाही याची कृपया विद्यार्थ्यांनी नींद अ बाढवून मिळणार नाहो याची कृपया विद्यार्थांनी नींद अ बाढवून मिळणार उत्तरपित्रकेचा नंबर लिहावा.  4. प्रत्येक प्रश्नासाठी (A), (B), (C) आणि (D) अशी चार विकल्याप्रमा काळा/निळा करावा.	ावा.  ास दोन गुण  दिन्दीन गुण  सुरुवातीच्या  बाबी अवश्य  गील उघडावे.  यक्ता पहावी.  युकीचा क्रम  सुरुवातीच्या  क्रका मागवून  तसेच वेळही  ध्यावी.  रनपत्रिकेवर  प उत्तरे दिली	
5.	Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the OMR Sheet given inside the Booklet only. If you mark at any place	उदा. : जर (C) है योग्य उत्तर असेल तर.  (A) (B) (D)	ചരിച്ചു	
6. 7. 8.	other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be evaluated. Read instructions given inside carefully. Rough Work is to be done at the end of this booklet. If you write your Name, Seat Number, Phone Number or put any mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except for the space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.	<ol> <li>या प्रश्नपत्रिकेतील प्रश्नांची उत्तरे ओ.एम.आर. उत्तरपत्रिकेतच इतर ठिकाणी लिहिलेली उत्तरे तपासली जाणार नाहीत.</li> <li>आत दिलेल्या सूचना काळजीपूर्वक वाचाव्यात.</li> <li>प्रश्नपत्रिकेच्या शेवटी जोडलेल्या कोऱ्या पानावरच कच्चे काम</li> <li>जर आपण ओ.एम.आर. वर नमूद केलेल्या ठिकाणाव्यतिरिक्त नाव, आसन क्रमांक, फोन नंबर किंवा औळख पटेल अशी के केलेली आढळून आल्यास अथवा असभ्य भाषेचा वापर किंवा इत</li> </ol>	। करावे. इतर कोठेही ोणतीही खूण तर गैरमार्गांचा	
9. 10. 11. 12.	You have to return original OMR Sheet to the invigilator at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. You are, however, allowed to carry the Test Booklet and duplicate copy of OMR Sheet on conclusion of examination.  Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.  Use of any calculator or log table, etc., is prohibited.  There is no negative marking for incorrect answers.	अवलंब केल्यास विद्यार्थ्याला परीक्षेस अपात्र ठरविण्यात येईल 9. परीक्षा संपल्यानंतर विद्यार्थ्याने मूळ ओ.एम.आर. उत्तरपत्रिका प परत करणे आवश्यक आहे. तथापि, प्रश्नपत्रिका व ओ.एम.आर. उ द्वितीय प्रत आपल्याबरोबर नेण्यास विद्यार्थ्यांना परवानगी आहे. 10. फक्त निळ्या किंवा काळ्या बॉल पेनचाच वापर करावा. 11. कॅलक्युलेटर किंवा लॉग टेबल वापरण्यास परवानगी नाही. चुकीच्या उत्तरासाठी गुण कपात केली जाणार नाही.	र्यवेक्षकांकडे उत्तरपत्रिकेची	











### Life Science Paper II

Time Allowed: 120 Minutes]

[Maximum Marks: 200

**Note:** This paper contains **Hundred (100)** multiple choice questions. Each question carrying **Two (2)** marks. Attempt *All* questions.

- 1. Hydrogen bonds are present in water structure. Presence of hydrogen bonds gives a characteristic property to water, which is:
  - (A) High melting and high boiling points
  - (B) High melting and low boiling points
  - (C) Low melting and high boiling points
  - (D) Low melting and low boiling points
- 2. Which of the following membrane associated process involves the step of Clathrin coated vesicle formation during its mechanism?
  - (A) Phagocytosis
  - (B) Amino acid uptake
  - (C) Receptor mediated endocytosis
  - (D) Calcium uptake

- 3. Which one of the following is not a part of cell theory?
  - (A) Organism(s) are made up of cell(s)
  - (B) Cells are functional unit(s) of multicellular organisms
  - (C) Cells in a multicellular organism arise from preexisting cells
  - (D) Cells in a multicellular organism are derived from non-cells
- 4. Assembly of cytoplasmic microtubule from the tubulin dimers is inhibited if the cell is treated with ......
  - (A) Streptomycin
  - (B) Calmodulin
  - (C) Colchicine
  - (D) Carbenicillin





- 5. Prokaryotes may be characterised by :
  - (A) Presence of nucleus or nucleoid
  - (B) Absence of DNA
  - (C) Absence of membrane surrounding organells
  - (D) Presence of membrane around RNA
- 6. The following are the characteristics of which type of transposable element?

Simplest transposable element found in bacteria that encode transposase, with less than 5 kb size and with terminal inverted repeats that can transfer DNA directly is:

- (A) Composite transposons
- (B) Retrotransposons
- (C) IS element
- (D) Tn3-like elements

- 7. The first chromosomal linkage map for five genes on the X chromosome of Drosophilla was constructed by :
  - (A) S. Benzer
  - (B) T.H. Morgan
  - (C) A.H. Sturtevant
  - (D) G.J. Mendel
- 8. A chromosomal site at which a group of genes affecting quantitative traits are located is called as:
  - (A) Qualitative trait locus
  - (B) Quantitative trait locus
  - (C) Multiple allele locus
  - (D) Dominant locus
- 9. In prion disease, classically, the:
  - (A) Liver becomes excessively enlarged
  - (B) Liver becomes sponge like
  - (C) Brain ventricles are squeezed
  - (D) Brain becomes sponge like





- 10. Which one of the following is not a diversity index of living organism?
  - (A) Shannon index
  - (B) Simpson index
  - (C) Berger-Parker index
  - (D) MPN index
- 11. Articulation of both the jaws with skull is termed as Jaw suspension.One of the following types is observed in the teleost fishes:
  - (A) Craniostylic
  - (B) Autostylic
  - (C) Holostylic
  - (D) Hyostylic
- 12. In the representatives of order Cestoda, the mature proglottids get separated from main body by a process known as:
  - (A) Apoptosis
  - (B) Apolysis
  - (C) Homolysis
  - (D) Genolysis

- 13. Taxonomic hierarchy refers to:
  - (A) Classification of species based on fossil record
  - (B) A list of taxonomists worked on taxonomy of a species
  - (C) A group of taxonomists who decide nomenclature of animals and plants
  - (D) Stepswise arrangement of all categories for classification of animals and plants
- 14. Mycoplasmas, rickettsiae, and chlamydiae are :
  - (A) Types of fungi
  - (B) Small bacteria
  - (C) Species of protozoa
  - (D) Forms of viruses





- 15. When biological oxygen demand becomes very high?
  - (A) The water becomes suitable for growth of aerobic microbes
  - (B) The amount of dissolved oxygen increases
  - (C) The water becomes anaerobic
  - (D) Both concentration of microbes and dissolved oxygen decreases
- 16. Which one of the following extra embryonic membrane found as unique feature in terrestrial vertebrates only?
  - (A) Yolk sac
  - (B) Chorion
  - (C) Allantois
  - (D) Amnion
- 17. Since humans are having such a notable impact on the Earth and its life—a new, youngest epoch of the quaternary period is termed as:
  - (A) The Holocene
  - (B) The Paleocene
  - (C) The Anthropocene
  - (D) The Eocene

- 18. What largest bacterium of > 600  $\mu$  m size is known to inhabit the gut of Acantharus nigrofuscus?
  - (A) Vibrio fischeri
  - (B) Spirillum volutans
  - (C) Epulopiscium fishelsoni
  - (D) Borrelia burgdorferi
- 19. Heliophytes are the plants:
  - (A) Growing under shade
  - (B) Growing under direct sunlight
  - (C) Growing under waterlogged conditions
  - (D) Growing under saline conditions
- 20. The largest 'carbon sink' on the earth is:
  - (A) Forests
  - (B) Soils
  - (C) Oceans
  - (D) Animals





- 21. Nomenclature is governed by certain universal rules. Which one of the following is contrary to the rules of nomenclature?
  - (A) The first word represents genus and second is a specific epithet
  - (B) The names are written in Latin and italicised
  - (C) Biological names can be written in any language
  - (D) When written by hand, names are to be underlined
- 22. Which among the following is functionally more diverse?
  - (A) DNA
  - (B) RNA
  - (C) Protein
  - (D) Lipid
- 23. River blindness disease occurs due to:
  - (A) Loa loa
  - (B) Mansonella perstans
  - (C) Mansonella streptocerca
  - (D) Onchocerca volvulus

- 24. Cridu chat syndrome is caused due to which of the following?
  - (A) Deletion of short arm of chromosome no. 5
  - (B) Translocation of long arm of chromosome no. 5
  - (C) Duplication of short arm of chromosome no. 5
  - (D) Inversion of short arm of chromosome no. 5
- a wife are I<sup>A</sup>I<sup>B</sup>, how many different genotypes and phenotypes are possible among the blood types of their children.
  - (A) 2 genotypes : 3 phenotypes
  - (B) 3 genotypes : 4 phenotypes
  - (C) 4 genotypes : 3 phenotypes
  - (D) 4 genotypes : 4 phenotypes



- 26. The maternal characteristics are inherited through cytoplasmic inheritance also. One of the following organell is involved in:
  - (A) Mitochondria
  - (B) Golgi body
  - (C) Lysosomes
  - (D) Endoplasmic reticulum
- 27. Trisomy of chromosome no. 21 is:
  - (A) Edwards syndrome
  - (B) Klinefelter syndrome
  - (C) Down syndrome
  - (D) Patau syndrome
- 28. A bacterial strain that is lys<sup>+</sup> his<sup>+</sup> val<sup>+</sup> is used as a donor, and another strain that is lys<sup>-</sup> his<sup>-</sup> val<sup>-</sup> as the recipient for setting up an experiment on transformation. Initial transformants were isolated on a minimal medium with supplemented with lysine and valine. Which of the following maximum genotypes will grow on this medium?
  - (A) lys<sup>-</sup>his<sup>+</sup> val<sup>+</sup>; lys<sup>+</sup> his<sup>+</sup> val<sup>-</sup>; lys<sup>+</sup> his<sup>+</sup> val<sup>+</sup>; lys<sup>-</sup> his<sup>+</sup> val<sup>-</sup>
  - (B) lys<sup>+</sup> his<sup>+</sup> val<sup>+</sup>; lys<sup>-</sup> his<sup>-</sup> val<sup>+</sup>
  - (C) lys his val only
  - (D) lys<sup>+</sup> his<sup>-</sup> val<sup>+</sup> only

- 29. In addition to serving as the building blocks for nucleic acid, nucleotides have many functions.

  Which of the following is not a function of a nucleotide?
  - (A) They work as carriers of energy
  - (B) They are serving as secondary messengers in cells
  - (C) They are the components of coenzymes
  - (D) They provide electrons to the ETC
- 30. A DNA sample contains 30% adenine on molar basis. What will be the percentage of cytosine?
  - (A) 30%
  - (B) 20%
  - (C) 40%
  - (D) 60%





- 31. Which of the following would contribute to intrinsic fluorescence in a protein?
  - (A) Aromatic amino acids
  - (B) Charged amino acids
  - (C) Branched chain amino acids
  - (D) Disulfide bonds
- 32. The screw sense of DNA can be right handed or left handed. Which of the following statements is correct with respect to the screw sense of A, B and Z type of DNA?
  - (A) A and Z both right handed
  - (B) A and B both right handed
  - (C) A left handed and B right handed
  - (D) A right handed and B left handed

- 33. Which chiral angle in the peptide backbone does not undergo rotation?
  - $(A) \phi (Phi)$
  - (B)  $\psi$  (Psi)
  - (C)  $\chi$  (Chi)
  - (D) ω (Omega)
- 34. Efficiency of enzyme can be better measured in terms of :
  - (A) K<sub>m</sub>
  - $(B) K_m/V_{max}$
  - (C) K<sub>cat</sub>
  - (D)  $K_{cat}/K_{m}$
- 35. What is the resultant pH of a phosphate buffer made by mixing 0.2 M NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> and 0.2 M Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>? (pKa = 6.86)
  - (A) 5.86
  - (B) 6.86
  - (C) 7.86
  - (D) 7.00





- 36. A protein mixture contains three polypeptides A, B and C, whose masses are 63, 28 and 79 kDa with pI values of 6.5, 7.0 and 8.0, respectively, were subjected to standard reducing SDS-PAGE. The order of their separation from top to bottom would be:
  - (A) A, B and C
  - (B) C, B and A
  - (C) A, C and B
  - (D) C, A and B
- 37. A geographically variable species often divided into many subspecies is referred to as ......
  - (A) Monotypic species
  - (B) Sister species
  - (C) Sibling species
  - (D) Polytypic species

38.	First fossil record of vascular plant
	appeared in the period.

- (A) Silurian
- (B) Jurassic
- (C) Triassic
- (D) Cambrian
- 39. Inclusive fitness refers to ......
  - (A) Reproductive success of an individual
  - (B) Reproductive success of an individual along with its neighbour's reproductive success
  - (C) Reproductive success of an individual along with its relatives' reproductive success
  - (D) Reproductive success of an individual and its partners





- 40. In a classical experiment, a standard is usesd to:
  - (A) Add background noise
  - (B) Record the absolute value of a signal
  - (C) Compare and eliminate nonspecific background noise
  - (D) Record the non-specific error in the experiment
- 41. Why sexual selection can lead to extreme phenotypes ?
  - (A) Because the extreme phenotype incurs lower costs than the mean train in the population
  - (B) Because the partner quickly learns and favours new images
  - (C) Because a positive feedback exists between the gene favouring the trait and the gene coding for it
  - (D) Because a negative feedback exists between the trait and the risk of predation

- 42. Sarich and Wilson (1967)
  demonstrated that human, Gorilla
  and Chimpanzee were genetically
  equidistant and distinct for Orangutan and the divergence time is
  approximately:
  - (A) 30 mya
  - (B) 05 mya
  - (C) 10 mya
  - (D) 100 mya
- 43. Beaker 'A' has 100 ml of some fluid at 80°C. Beaker B contains the some fluid 200 ml at 20°C. If both the fluids are mixed, what would be the temperature of the resultant mixture?
  - $(A) 25^{\circ}C$
  - (B) 65°C
  - (C) 40°C
  - (D) 50°C



- 44. With the advent of Remote Sensing and Geographical Information System, the city planners have begun to use the Indian satellite data. Which one of the following satellite data are useful for such tasks?
  - (A) CARTOSAT
  - (B) LANDSAT
  - (C) OCEANSAT
  - (D) RESOURCESAT
- 45. Which of the following statements is not true about phase contract microscopy?
  - (A) It is a modified version of the bright field microscope that is fitted with a condenser (annular ring) and objective (phase plate)
  - (B) It uses a special condenser and objective that accentuate small differences in the refractive index of various structures within the organism
  - (C) It can be used to observe living cells in their natural state
  - (D) It uses laser light to obtain focal level sections through a specimen

- 46. What will be the radioactivity of  $^{125}$ I labelled 2 mCi thyroxine after 4 generations ( $t\frac{1}{2}$  = 60 days) :
  - (A) 0.25 mCi
  - (B) 0.125 mCi
  - (C) 0.125 µCi
  - (D) 1 mCi
- 47. Among the different types of phytoremediation ...... is the process in which plants limit contaminated soil movement and migration.
  - (A) Phytostabilization
  - (B) Phytotransformation
  - (C) Phytodegradation
  - (D) Phytoextraction
- 48. Which of the following proteins helps to maintain and stabilizes protein tertiary structure during temperature stress in plants?
  - (A) Defensins
  - (B) Thionins
  - (C) Late embryogenesis abundant (LEA)
  - (D) Osmotin





- 49. Enzyme labelled antibodies are not generally used for which of the following techniques ?
  - (A) FACS
  - (B) Immunohistochemistry
  - (C) ELISA
  - (D) Western blot
- 50. In watermelons, to induce seedlessness in triploid population, which of the following strategies is useful?
  - (A) Self-pollinate resistant triploids
  - (B) Cross unrelated triploids
  - (C) Select for unreduced gametes in triploids
  - (D) Cross tetraploids with diploids to produce triploids

51. Amplification of a DNA fragment byPLR requires primers.

Which of the following statements are correct for primers?

- (i) Primers with hairpin structure formation are not desirable
- (ii) Primer sequence should not have long runs (>3) of a single nucleotide
- (iii) GC content of the primer should be less than 20%
- (iv) Both the forward and reverse

  primers must have high

  percentage of base

  complementarities
- (A) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- (B) (ii), (iii) and (iv)
- (C) (i) and (ii)
- (D) (iii) and (iv)





- 52. When subcultured into fresh medium, a bacterium grows with a lag phase of 2 hours followed by log phase and a stationary phase. If the bacterium was treated with ethidium bromide for 3 hours in all the phases of growth to cure a plasmid, it is more likely to lose the plasmid in:
  - (A) Early stationary phase
  - (B) Late stationary phase
  - (C) Logarithmic phase
  - (D) Lag phase
- 53. The free hydroxyl groups present on either end of chemically synthesized.

  Oligonucleotides are 5'-phosphory-lated with ATP by the enzyme:
  - (A) Polynucleotide phosphatase
  - (B) Polynucleotide phosphorylase
  - (C) Polynucleotide ATPase
  - (D) Polynucleotide kinase

- 54. Which one of the following is not a fluorophore ?
  - (A) Acridine orange
  - (B) Acrylamide
  - (C) Quinacrine
  - (D) Ethidium bromide
- 55. Which of the following best describes principle of western blotting technique?
  - (A) A means of separation of restriction fragments on the basis of size
  - (B) It is based on attraction to a specific chemical group
  - (C) The proteins have a net charge zero at a particular pH
  - (D) It is an immunoassay technique preceded by electrophoresis





- 56. Which of the following is resulted due to photorespiration reaction catalysed by oxygenase activity of rubisco?
  - (A) 3-phosphoglycerate only
  - (B) 2-phosphoglycolate only
  - (C) Fructose 6-phosphate
  - (D) 3-phosphoglycerate and 2-phosphoglycolate
- 57. Mutation in ACC synthase enzyme will inhibit synthesis of ......
  - (A) Gibberellins
  - (B) Salicyclic acid
  - (C) Ethylene
  - (D) Auxin
- 58. Which of the following phytohormone accumulates during Systemic Acquired Resistance (SAR) in plants?
  - (A) Salicylic acid
  - (B) Jasmonic acid
  - (C) Abscisic acid
  - (D) Ethylene

- 59. The hormone auxin was first discovered in :
  - (A) Mustard
  - (B) Pea
  - (C) Oats
  - (D) Rice
- 60. How many times more energy gained in aerobic respiration over anaerobic respiration?
  - (A) 8
  - (B) 12
  - (C) 18
  - (D) 32
- 61. Which of the following is NOT involved in electron transport during Photosystem I and II?
  - (A) Ferredoxin
  - (B) Plastocyanin
  - (C) Cytochrome b6f complex
  - (D) Cytochrome oxidase





- 62. The treatment of abscisic acid is associated with ......
  - (A) Internode elongation
  - (B) Expansion of lead area
  - (C) Closure of stomata
  - (D) Axillary root elongation
- 63. Action potential is generated due to:
  - (A) Influx of Na<sup>+</sup> and efflux of K<sup>+</sup>
  - (B) Influx of Ca<sup>2+</sup> and efflux of K<sup>+</sup>
  - (C) Influx of Na<sup>+</sup> and efflux of Ca<sup>2+</sup>
  - (D) Influx of K+ and efflux of Na+
- 64. Hookworm infection can lead to deficiency of :
  - (A) Vitamin B<sub>12</sub>
  - (B) Iron
  - (C) Vitamin B<sub>6</sub>
  - (D) Folic acid

- 65. What kind of microbes grow best at higher  $CO_2$  tension (~ 10%) than are normally present in the atmosphere?
  - (A) Microaerophilic microorganisms
  - (B) Capnophilic microorganisms
  - (C) Aerotolerant anaerobic microorganisms
  - (D) Obligate anaerobic microorganisms
- occupy a niche to feed primarily on organic detritus from dead organisms and unable to adapt to the body of live host?
  - (A) Obligate saprobic microorganisms
  - (B) Parasitic microorganisms
  - (C) Facultative parasitic microorganisms
  - (D) Auxotrophic microorganisms





- 67. The DNA of each chromosome occupies a defined volume of the nucleus and only overlaps with its immediate neighbours is called as:
  - (A) Chromosome territories
  - (B) Nuclear scaffolds
  - (C) Nucleosome assembly
  - (D) Chromatin
- 68. Amphibians contain 30X more DNA than human beings. However human beings are more complex than amphibians. This lack of correlation is called as:
  - (A) Species specificity
  - (B) C-value paradox
  - (C) D-value paradox
  - (D) P-value paradox
- 69. Which one of the following is not true in relation to eukaryotic gene expression?
  - (A) RNA POl I synthesizes pre-  $\gamma RNA$
  - (B) RNA POl II synthesizes γRNA
  - (C) RNA POl III synthesizes tRNA
  - (D) All three polymerase contains  $\beta'$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\alpha$  and  $\omega$  subunits.

- 70. The triple helix domain of collagen consists of repeats of the X-Y-Z amino acids. The amino acid present at 'X' position is required in every third position in order for the polypeptide chain is:
  - (A) Lysine
  - (B) Proline
  - (C) Hydroxy proline
  - (D) Glycine
- 71. Which DNA binding domain is present in steroid hormone receptors family of ligand inducible transcription factors?
  - (A) Helix-loop-helix
  - (B) Zinc fingers
  - (C) Helix-turn-helix
  - (D) Leucine zipper





- 72. Which of the following elongation factor is called as translocase?
  - (A) EF-G
  - (B) EF-2
  - (C) EF-G and EF-2
  - (D) EF-Tu and EF-Ts
- 73. Which of the following posttranslational modification is not related with epigenetic regulation?
  - (A) Histone acetylation
  - (B) Sumoylation
  - (C) Ubiquitination
  - (D) DNA methylation
- 74. The disease which arises because of aberrant splicing is :
  - (A) Huntington's disease
  - (B) Cystic fibrosis
  - (C) Sickle cell anemia
  - (D) Thalassemia

75. Identify the enzymes involved in DNA replication for their function:

#### (Enzyme)

- (P) DNA polymerase I
- (Q) Primase
- (R) Helicase
- (S) Gyrase

#### (Funtion)

- (1) Unzipping the DNA helix
- (2) Supercoiling of DNA
- (3) Remove primer and close gaps
- (4) Synthesize RNA primer
- (A) (P)-(2),(Q)-(3),(R)-(4),(S)-(1)
- (B) (P)-(3),(Q)-(4),(R)-(1),(S)-(2)
- (C) (P)-(1),(Q)-(4),(R)-(2),(S)-(3)
- (D) (P)-(3),(Q)-(1),(R)-(2),(S)-(4)





- 76. (I) The 3' to 5' exonuclease activity of eukaryotic DNA polymerase operates in reverse direction of DNA synthesis and participate in fidelity of replication.
  - (II) The ability of DNA polymerase to extend a primer only in 5' to 3' direction appears to make replication a complicated process, it is necessary for proof-reading of duplicated DNA.

Choose the correct answer:

- (A) (I) is correct, (II) is wrong
- (B) (II) is correct, (I) is wrong
- (C) Both (I) and (II) are correct
- (D) Both (I) and (II) are wrong
- 77. Which of the following is a wrong statement in SOS repair system?
  - (A) Lex A shows autorepression of lex A
  - (B) Lex A shows repression of rec A
  - (C) Negative regulation of Lex A blocks the SOS repair
  - (D) Rec A shows negative regulation of lex A

- 78. Which of the following statements about apoptosis is fasle?
  - (A) Cell shrinks
  - (B) Chromatin condenses
  - (C) Cell contents are leaked
  - (D) Apoptotic bodies are formed,which are phagocytosed bymacrophages
- 79. Which of the following signalling molecules plays a key role in the patterning of neural tube along its anterior-posterior axis?
  - (A) Wnt4
  - (B) BMP4
  - (C) FGF4
  - (D) Retinoic acid





- 80. If you compare the B cell epitope against T cell epitope :
  - (A) B cell epitopes are based more on primary sequence of protein antigen
  - (B) B cell epitopes are based more on nature conformation of protein antigen
  - (C) B cell epitopes are based more on presentation of antigen by MHC molecule
  - (D) B cell epitopes are of continuous epitopes than the B cell epitope
- 81. Mark the correct statement for antigenicity of molecule:
  - (A) Antigenicity is the ability of the molecule to provocate immune response in the body
  - (B) Antigenicity refers to the binding ability of Antibody to its antigen
  - (C) Antigenicity and immunogenicity are synonyms
  - (D) All antigens are immunogens

- 82. Which of the following molecules acts as a general adhesive connecting one cell to another and cells to other substrates?
  - (A) Fibronectin
  - (B) Heparin sulphate
  - (C) Collagen
  - (D) Laminin
- - (A) P-cadherins
  - (B) R-cadherins
  - (C) N-cadherins
  - (D) E-cadherins
- 84. Which of the following groups of transcription factors (TFs) is responsible for maintaining the pluripotency of stem cells?
  - (A) Oct 4, Nanog and Stat 3
  - (B) Oct 4, Nanog and SOX 2
  - (C) Eomesodermin, Cdx 2 and SOX 2
  - (D) Cdx 2, Nanog and SOX 2





85.	Yersinia pestis is the causative agent
	for
	(A) Gas gangrene

- (B) Tularemia
- (C) Lyme disease
- (D) Plague
- 86. Pseudohermaphroditism is a condition in which the individual is insensitive to ......
  - (A) Androgen
  - (B) Estrogen
  - (C) Progesterone
  - (D) Corticosterone
- 87. In plants, when the apical cell of the 2-celled pro-embryo divides longitudinally and further the basal cell plays only a minor role or none in the development of the embryo proper then the embryo is ............ type.
  - (A) Asterad
  - (B) Onagrad
  - (C) Solanad
  - (D) Chenopodial

- 88. Which of the following is necessary for the development of epididymis in mammals?
  - (A) Dihydrotestosterone
  - (B) Methyl testosterone
  - (C) Testosterone
  - (D) Androsterone
- 89. The mid-blastula transition is the point in the development when .........
  - (A) Translation of maternal mRNA is initiated
  - (B) Cell determination is fixed
  - (C) Cell-division in the zygote begins
  - (D) Transcription of zygotic genes begins
- 90. In the chick limb, the signal for condensation of mesenchymal cells to give rise to cartilage comes from the appearance of :
  - (A) N-cadherins
  - (B) E-cadherins
  - (C) C-cadherins
  - (D) B-cadherins



- 91. Which of the following is not a property of stem cells?
  - (A) Ability to self-renew
  - (B) Ability to differentiate into different types of cells
  - (C) They are unspecialised cells with cell markers
  - (D) They are actively dividing cells with cell marker changes
- 92. Which of the following proteins acts as a death receptor that triggers the extrinsic pathway of apoptosis?
  - (A) Fas ligand
  - (B) FADD
  - (C) FaS
  - (D) Procaspase 9
- 93. With reference to normal ECG, the T-wave is:
  - (A) Negative in all standard bipolar limb leads recording
  - (B) Caused by repolorization of apex and outer surfaces of the ventricles
  - (C) Abnormal when normal sequence of depolarization does not occur
  - (D) Caused by depolarization of the septum and the ventricles

- 94. Increased muscle activity will increase generation of lactic acid. In this condition, blood coming from the lungs to the muscles, would show:
  - $\begin{array}{ccc} {\rm (A)} \ \, {\rm Increased} \ \, {\rm O}_2 \ \, {\rm release} \ \, {\rm from} \\ {\rm haemoglobin} \end{array}$
  - $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{(B) Decreased O}_2 & \text{release from} \\ & \text{haemoglobin} \end{array}$
  - (C) No change in  $O_2$  release property
  - (D) Increased degradation of haemoglobin
- 95. The capability of vertebrate kidney and produce hypertonic urine is a function of :
  - (A) Reduced filtration at the glomerulus
  - (B) Increased reabsorption at Bowman's capsule
  - (C) The loop of Henle
  - (D) Addition of waste molecules in the Bowman's capsule
- 96. For long distance runner, the muscle needs increased O<sub>2</sub> supply. At the muscle, this is formed by:
  - (A) Increased and frequent muscle contraction
  - (B) Increased demand made by the muscles
  - (C) Increased squeezing of the muscles
  - (D) Increased accumulation of lactic acid causing demand blood pH





- 97. Which of the following heat shock proteins has both protein folding and degradation activities ?
  - (A) HSP 60
  - (B) HSP 70
  - (C) HSP 90
  - (D) HSP 100
- 98. The sequential order of various stages of a fermentation process are:
  - (A) Fermentation, removal of waste, inoculation, downstream processing
  - (B) Inoculation, downstream processing, fermentation, removal of waste
  - (C) Inoculation, fermentation,downstream processing,removal of waste
  - (D) Removal of waste, inoculation, fermentation, downstream processing

99. Match the following product/process to the microorganism involved :

#### **Product/Process**

- (L) Biopol
- (M) Biopesticide
- (N) Bioleaching
- (O) Bioremediation of oil

#### Microorganism

- (1) Thiobacillus ferroxidans
- (2) Pseudomonas putida
- (3) Bacillus sphaericus
- (4) Alcaligenes eutrophus
- (A) (L)-(1),(M)-(4),(N)-(2),(O)-(3)
- (B) (L)-(2),(M)-(1),(N)-(3),(O)-(4)
- (C) (L)-(3),(M)-(1),(N)-(2),(O)-(4)
- (D) (L)(-4),(M)-(3),(N)-(1),(O)-(2)
- 100. In golden rice, the gene phytoene desaturase (crtl) was obtained from :
  - (A) Narcissus species
  - (B) Erwinia uredovera
  - (C) Zea mays
  - (D) Oryza sativa





## ROUGH WORK

