



Biotechnology Eligibility Test-2014

(BET-2014) for DBT-JRF Fellowship

Government of India, Ministry of Science & Technology,

Department of Biotechnology, New Delhi

(Coordinated by NCCS, Pune)

April 20, 2014 Total Marks - 375 Duration 10.00 a.m. - 1.00 p.m.

1. The Question Paper consists of multiple choice objective type questions with 4 options out of which only one is correct.

2. All 75 question in Section A are compulsory.

3. Answer any 50 questions from Section B.

4. In case more than 50 are attempted in Section B, only first 50 will be considered.

5. Each question carries 3 marks; for every wrong answer, one mark will be deducted

(-1 negative marking).

6. The examination duration is **180 minutes**. Questions can be answered in any order you like to.

About Question Paper:

1. Only one question will be displayed on the computer screen at a time. To attempt next question the candidates should click on "**Next**" or to go back click on "**Previous**" button provided at the bottom of the screen

2. The candidates will be given "Sample Test Questions" for practice purpose before they start answering the actual "Examination Questions".

3. The candidate should click with the mouse on the correct choice, from given 4 options for the right Answer. In case, the candidate does not wish to attempt the question it can be left blank.

4. The candidate can choose to change the option of a question later by selecting a new option in case he/she wishes to. In case student does not want to answer the question,

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he/she can deselect the answer by clicking the "**Erase Answer**" link provided against the question.

5. The questions can be answered in any order within the given time frame.

6. The list of attempted and un-attempted questions is shown in the right side of the screen. You can click on any of the attempted ones to revise the answers in case you wish so.

7. To move back and forth between questions, candidates should use the "Next"/ "Previous" button/ or should click on the question number displayed at the right side of the screen.

8. The answers will be saved whenever the candidate goes for next question, by clicking on "Next"/ "Previous" button

9. After the expiry of 180 minutes, if the candidates is not able to attempt any question or click the answers a nil result will be saved automatically by the computer system even if he/ she does not click the "Preview Submit" button.

10. If a student finishes the paper within the stipulated time, he/she can end the examination by clicking the PREVIEW SUBMIT button. Once the submission is done, the examination cannot be restarted. So please be careful before pressing PREVIEW SUBMIT button. However, students will not be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the stipulated time.



| Q1 | Question/ Options | Mr. X, Mr. Y and Mr. Z went to a fruit shop to purchase apples and oranges at a fixed price for each orange and apple. The transaction amount for each purchase was noted. (I) Mr. X purchased 8 oranges and 4 apples (II) Mr. Y purchased 16 oranges and 8 apples (III) Mr. Z purchased 6 oranges and 5 apples. The individual prices of oranges and apples can be obtained by which one of the following? |
|----|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | (I) and (II) |
| | Option 2 | (I) and (III) or (II) and (III) |
| | Option 3 | (I), (II) and(III) |
| | Option 4 | Insufficient data. |





DET 2014

| BET-2014 | | Section – A |
|-----------------|-----------|---|
| Q2 | Question/ | A watch repair man noticed that the clock under repair showed 12 |
| | Options | minutes slow at 10:00 PM. He made an adjustment and went home. |
| | | Next day at 10:00 AM, the clock showed 10:12 AM. At what time the |
| | | clock would have shown the correct time? |
| | Option 1 | 3:48 AM |
| | Option 2 | 4:00 AM |
| | Option 3 | 4:12 AM |
| | Option 4 | 5.00 AM |

| Q3 | Question/ | In a class of 15, the mean marks for a unit examination was 25 with a |
|----|-----------|---|
| | Options | standard deviation 0. The correct interpretation is: |
| | Option 1 | Half the class had scores less than 25 |
| | Option 2 | There was a high correlation between ability and grade |
| | Option 3 | Everyone had a score of exactly 25. |
| | Option 4 | Half the class had 0's and half had 25s |

| Q4 | Question/ Options | A person travelled 3 km towards west and continued walking 4 km towards north. The shortest distance from the point of starting to |
|----|----------------------|--|
| | | current position is |
| | Option 1 | 7 km |
| | Option 2 | 5 km |
| | Option 3 | 1 km |
| | Option 4 | 2 km |
| | | |

| Q5 | Question/ Options | Mohan is 18th from either end of a row of boys? How many boys are there in that row ? |
|----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | 26 |
| | Option 2 | 32 |
| | Option 3 | 37 |
| | Option 4 | 35 |

| Q6 | Question/ | 'Soldier' is related to 'Army' in the same way as 'Pupil' is related to |
|----|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Education |
| | Option 2 | Teacher |
| | Option 3 | Student |
| | Option 4 | Class |

| Q7 | Question/ | What should come in the place of 'X' in the following series: 3, 8, 6, 14, |
|----|-----------|--|
| | Options | X, 20 ? |
| | Option 1 | 11 |
| | Option 2 | 10 |
| | Option 3 | 8 |
| | Option 4 | 9 |





| Q8 Question/ Options | Select a figure from amongst the Answer Figures which will continue the same series as established by the five Problem Figures: Answer Figures: Answer Figures: (A) (B) (C) (D) (E) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) |
|-------------------------|--|
| Option 1 | 1 |
| Option 2 | 2 |
| Option 3 | 3 |
| Option 4 | 4 |

| Question/ | Based on the following assumptions |
|-----------|---|
| Options | I. Conveyance allowance will not help in bringing punctuality. |
| | II. Discipline and reward should always go hand in hand. |
| | The CEO of a company issues the following statement: "In order to |
| | bring punctuality in our office, we must provide conveyance allowance |
| | to our employees." Which of the above assumptions is implied? |
| Option 1 | Only I |
| Option 2 | Only II |
| Option 3 | Either I or II |
| Option 4 | Neither I nor II |
| | Options Option 1 Option 2 Option 3 |

| Q10 | Question/ | A man has some buffaloes and ducks. If the number of heads is 70 and |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | the number of legs is 200, then the number of buffaloes is |
| | Option 1 | 30 |
| | Option 2 | 40 |
| | Option 3 | 20 |
| | Option 4 | 70 |

| Q11 | Question/ | Identify the pair that best expresses the relationship similar to that |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | expressed in Day : Week. |
| | Option 1 | Foot : Inch |
| | Option 2 | Second : Time |
| | Option 3 | Time : Duration |
| | Option 4 | Acre : Hectare |





| Q12 | Question/ Options | A 300 bp long B- form of plasmid DNA has 20 complete turns. This DNA molecule is: |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Positively supercoiled |
| | Option 2 | Negatively supercoiled |
| | Option 3 | Relaxed |
| | Option 4 | Cannot be predicted |

| Q13 | Question/ | Which one of the following sequences is a palindrome? |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | 5' ACGGATTCGC 3' |
| | Option 2 | 5' ATGCCG 3' |
| | Option 3 | 5' CCATT 3' |
| | Option 4 | 5'AGGCCT3' |
| L | | |

| Q14 | Question/ Options | The nucleotide sequence in an mRNA is 5' UAA AUG ACC CAU UGG UCU CGU UAG AAA AAA 3'. Assuming that ribosomes could |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | | translate this mRNA, how many amino acids long would you expect |
| | | the resulting polypeptide chain to be? |
| | Option 1 | 6 |
| | Option 2 | 7 |
| | Option 3 | 10 |
| | Option 4 | 5 |
| | | |

| Q15 | Question/ | The difference between two numbers is 4 and the difference of their |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | squares is 152. The sum of these two numbers is |
| | Option 1 | 44 |
| | Option 2 | 38 |
| | Option 3 | 30 |
| | Option 4 | 40 |

| Q16 | Question/ Options | One ml of NADH solution gave absorbance of 0.31 O.D. at 340 nm wavelength with 1 cm cuvette path length. Calculate the molarity of NADH in this solution. (ε 340=6220 M ⁻¹ cm ⁻¹ , mol wt. of NADH = 663 Da) |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | 50 µM |
| | Option 2 | 50 nM |
| | Option 3 | 5µM |
| | Option 4 | 500 nM |





| Q17 | Question/ Options | Number of molecules present in 1 ml of 250 μ g per ml solution of 10 kDa protein will be - (Avogadro's number is 6.022 x 10 ²³ molecules per mole) |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | $1.50 \ge 10^{16}$ |
| | Option 2 | $15.0 \ge 10^{16}$ |
| | Option 3 | 0.15×10^{16} |
| | Option 4 | 150×10^{16} |

| Q18 | Question/ Options | A producer must select a pair consisting of one lead actor and one supporting actor from 6 candidates. The number of possible pairs that could be selected are: |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | 15 |
| | Option 2 | 30 |
| | Option 3 | 12 |
| | Option 4 | 36 |

| Q19 | Question/ Options | Read the following passage and answer questions given at the end of the passage: Although the schooling of fish is a familiar form of animal social behavior, how the school is formed and maintained is only beginning to be understood in detail. It had been thought that each fish maintains its position chiefly by means of vision. Our work has shown that, as each fish maintains its position, the lateral line, an organ sensitive to transitory changes in water displacement, is as important as vision. In |
|-----|----------------------|--|
| | | each species a fish has a "preferred" distance and angle from its nearest neighbor. The ideal separation and bearing, however, are not maintained rigidly. The result is a probabilistic arrangement that appears like a random aggregation. The tendency of the fish to remain at the preferred distance and angle, however, serves to maintain the structure. Each fish having established its position uses its eyes and its lateral lines simultaneously to measure the speed of all the other fish in the school. It then adjusts its own speed to match a weighted average that emphasizes the contribution of nearby fish. According to the above passage, the structure of a fish school is dependent on which of the following? |
| | Option 1 | Rigidly formed random aggregations |
| | Option 2 | Measurements of a weighted average by individual fish. |
| | Option 3 | Instructions from a "leader fish" usually found to be swimming at the head of the school. |
| | Option 4 | The answer is not clear at present. |





| Q20 | Question/ | Read the following passage and answer questions given at the end of |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | the passage: |
| | Options | 1 0 |
| | | Although the schooling of fish is a familiar form of animal social |
| | | behavior, how the school is formed and maintained is only beginning to |
| | | be understood in detail. It had been thought that each fish maintains its |
| | | position chiefly by means of vision. Our work has shown that, as each |
| | | fish maintains its position, the lateral line, an organ sensitive to |
| | | transitory changes in water displacement, is as important as vision. In |
| | | each species a fish has a "preferred" distance and angle from its nearest |
| | | neighbor. The ideal separation and bearing, however, are not |
| | | maintained rigidly. The result is a probabilistic arrangement that |
| | | appears like a random aggregation. The tendency of the fish to remain |
| | | at the preferred distance and angle, however, serves to maintain the |
| | | structure. Each fish having established its position uses its eyes and its |
| | | lateral lines simultaneously to measure the speed of all the other fish in |
| | | the school. It then adjusts its own speed to match a weighted average |
| | | that emphasizes the contribution of nearby fish. |
| | | The passage suggests that, after establishing its position in the school |
| | | formation, an individual fish will subsequently |
| | Option 1 | Maintain its preferred position primarily by visual and auditory means. |
| | Option 2 | Rigorously avoid changes that would interfere with the overall structure |
| | - | of the school. |
| | Option 3 | Make continuous sensory readjustments to its position within the |
| | | school. |
| | Option 4 | Surrender its ability to make quick instinctive judgements. |
| | | |

| Q21 | Question/ Options | The Budh International circuit length is 5.1 km. One Formula 1 driver made 61.5 rounds and stopped the race. What is the net displacement |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | | from start light? |
| | Option 1 | 313.65 |
| | Option 2 | 311.1 |
| | Option 3 | 2.55 |
| | Option 4 | 0 |

| Q22 | Question/ Options | On a bright sunny day, a healthy person (with perfect eyesight) walking on a tar road saw the legs of a deer were "blurred or wavy" on the surface, far ahead of him. This unusual image formation is because of: |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Total internal reflection of the light. |
| | Option 2 | Total external reflection of the light into the medium |
| | Option 3 | Total absorption of the light into the surface because of black surface. |
| | Option 4 | Total emission of light from the surface |





| Q23 | Question/ Options | In which one of the following situations, the entropy may be maximum? |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | A class full of students without the teacher being present |
| | Option 2 | A class full of students with teacher being present |
| | Option 3 | A class full of students answering an annual examination monitored by |
| | | video camera |
| | Option 4 | An empty class room |

| Q24 | Question/ | What is the pH of 10 ⁻⁸ M solution of HCl? |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | 6.959 |
| | Option 2 | 8.121 |
| | Option 3 | 5.876 |
| | Option 4 | 6.367 |

| Q25 | Question/ | You have induced a rare mutation in a microbe which in special media |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | has 50% higher specific growth rate (2/3rd the doubling time) of the |
| | | normal cells. If the mutation frequency is 1×10^{-6} , how many |
| | | generations of the normal culture are needed for the populations of |
| | | mutant and normal cells to be equal? |
| | Option 1 | 20 |
| | Option 2 | 40 |
| | Option 3 | 60 |
| | Option 4 | 80 |
| | | |

| Q26 | Question/ | The two most common processes that lead to production of multiple |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | functional proteins from same DNA sequences are: |
| | Option 1 | RNA editing and alternative splicing |
| | Option 2 | Differential protein folding and protein splicing |
| | Option 3 | Differential poly adenylation of 3' UTR and capping |
| | Option 4 | Differential usage of enhancers and suppressors |

| Q27 | Question/ | Which of the following statements is false? |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | The potassium channel allows potassium ions through the plasma |
| | | membrane. |
| | Option 2 | Porin allows chloride ions to pass through the plasma membrane |
| | Option 3 | Thermogenin allows H+ to pass from the inner mitochondrial |
| | | membrane to the matrix |
| | Option 4 | The gap junction channel allows ions to pass from the cytosol of one |
| | | cell to that of the other |





| Q28 | Question/ Options | Which of the following statements about the glycolysis pathway in the cytosol is incorrect? |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | It makes ATP |
| | Option 2 | It makes acetyl-CoA |
| | Option 3 | It interacts with the pentose phosphate pathway |
| | Option 4 | It can feed to gluconeogenesis. |

| Q29 | Question/ | The trp operon is transcribed when |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | tryptophan concentration in the cell is high |
| | Option 2 | the trp repressor is bound to tryptophan or a similar shaped molecule |
| | Option 3 | tryptophan is bound to its aporepressor |
| | Option 4 | the appropriate corepressor is absent |
| | | |

| Q30 | Question/ | Glycosylation of protein occurs in the |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | peroxisome |
| | Option 2 | mitochondrion. |
| | Option 3 | Lysosome |
| | Option 4 | endoplasmic reticulum. |
| | • | |

| Q31 | Question/ | PMSF (a serine protease inhibitor) inhibits which of the following: |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Chymotrypsin |
| | Option 2 | Pepsins |
| | Option 3 | Papain |
| | Option 4 | Renins |

| Q32 | Question/ | Innate immunity is mediated by: |
|-----|-----------|---------------------------------|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Toll like receptors |
| | Option 2 | G protein coupled receptors |
| | Option 3 | Integrins |
| | Option 4 | FGF receptor |





| Q33 | Question/ Options | Humans have 23 pairs of chromosomes, while our closest relatives, chimpanzees, have 24. Chromosome studies indicate that at some point early in human evolution, two chromosomes simultaneously broke into a large portion and a small portion. The large parts combined to form a large chromosome, and the small parts combined to form a much smaller chromosome (which was subsequently lost). This important chromosomal change could best be described as |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | nondisjunction followed by deletion |
| | Option 2 | translocation followed by deletion |
| | Option 3 | duplication followed by deletion |
| | Option 4 | translocation followed by inversion |

| Q34 | Question/ | Transgenic organisms carry the transgene in: |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Gametes only |
| | Option 2 | Somatic cells only |
| | Option 3 | Both gametes and somatic cells |
| | Option 4 | The recipient cell only |
| | | |

| Q35 | Question/ | What is a pseudogene? |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | An unidentified gene located within a gene family |
| | Option 2 | Mobile genetic elements that act like real genes. |
| | Option 3 | A gene with the same sequence as another gene in the same organism. |
| | Option 4 | A coding region that cannot be translated into a functional protein |
| | | |

| Q36 | Question/ | An operon is a |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | regulatory molecule that turns genes on and off |
| | Option 2 | cluster of regulatory sequences controlling transcription of protein- |
| | | coding genes. |
| | Option 3 | cluster of genes that are coordinately regulated |
| | Option 4 | promoter, an operator, and a group of linked structural genes |

| Q37 | Question/ | Pyrosequencing uses which of the following: |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | emulsion PCR |
| | Option 2 | ligation based PCR |
| | Option 3 | Nick translation |
| | Option 4 | Inverse PCR |





| Q38 | Question/ | Necrotrophic plant pathogens |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Are Pathogens which kill cells of the host plants |
| | Option 2 | Cause minimum cellular damage |
| | Option 3 | Keep the cells alive |
| | Option 4 | cause mildews and rusts |

| Q39 | Question/ | Transgenic crops occupying the largest cultivated area in the world are |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | tolerant to |
| | Option 1 | Herbicide |
| | Option 2 | Insect |
| | Option 3 | Viral disease |
| | Option 4 | Drought |

| Q40 | Question/ | Which one of the following techniques is used to detect SNPs? |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | SSCP |
| | Option 2 | SSR |
| | Option 3 | RT-PCR |
| | Option 4 | DAF |
| | | |

| Q41 | Question/ | Which one of the following phytochrome genes in <i>Arabidopsis</i> |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | thaliana is responsible for hypocotyl elongation, flowering and seed |
| | | germination? |
| | Option 1 | РНҮВ |
| | Option 2 | РНҮС |
| | Option 3 | PHYD |
| | Option 4 | РНҮЕ |

| Q42 | Question/ | Bread wheat Triticum aestivium is |
|-----|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | An Autohexaploid |
| | Option 2 | An Allohexaploid |
| | Option 3 | An Allotetetraploid |
| | Option 4 | A Diploid |

| Q43 | Question/ | The Cytokinin receptor is |
|-----|-----------|----------------------------------|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | A G-protein coupled receptor |
| | Option 2 | A tyrosine kinase |
| | Option 3 | An acidic cytosolic protein |
| | Option 4 | A two component histidine kinase |





| Q44 | Question/ Options | The br2 (Brachytic 2) gene encodes a P-glycoprotein required for normal auxin transport in corn. Which one of the following describes the phenotype of br2 mutants? |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Long internodes |
| | Option 2 | Short internodes |
| | Option 3 | Broad leaves |
| | Option 4 | Tapering leaves |

| Q45 | Question/ | A pipe having an outside diameter do and an inside diameter dI is used |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | to transport a hot fluid. Heat transfer occurs radially outwards. The area |
| | | for heat transfer per unit length of the pipe in given by |
| | Option 1 | $\pi (dI + do)/2$ |
| | Option 2 | $2\pi\sqrt{(\text{do dI})}$ |
| | Option 3 | π (do - dI) / ln(do/ dI) |
| | Option 4 | do/dI |

| Q46 | Question/ | What is the generation time of a bacterial population that increases |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | from 100 cells to 100,000 cells in 3 hours of growth? |
| | Option 1 | 22 min |
| | Option 2 | 18 min |
| | Option 3 | 60 min |
| | Option 4 | 40 min |
| | | |

| Q47 | Question/ Options | Based on the flow behavior of fluids depicted in the following figure, choose the correct option. |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | 1- Bingham, 2- Newtonian, 4- Dilatant |
| | Option 2 | 1- Bingham, 2- Pseudoplastic, 4- Dilatant |
| | Option 3 | 1- Newtonian, 2- Pseudoplastic, 4- Newtonian |
| | Option 4 | 1- Newtonian, 2- Bingham, 4- Pseudoplastic |





| Q48 Question Options | Question/ Options | Cells are grown in a CSTR at Steady state at two dilution rates $0.1h^{-1}$ and $0.5h^{-1}$ and the steady state concentrations are as follows: |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--|
| | | $ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline Dilution & Cell mass & Substrate & Product \\ rate (h^{-1}) & conc. X & conc. S & conc. P \\ & (g/l) & (g/l) & (g/l) \end{array} $ |
| | | 0.1 5 0.22 1 |
| | | 0.5 5 2.0 0.2 |
| | | If the inlet substrate concentration is 20 g/l, the cells follow |
| | | Monod growth kinetics and product formation kinetics is |
| | | modeled as both growth associated and non-growth associated |
| | | kinetics given by the equation; $q_p = \alpha \mu + \beta$ then answer the |
| | | following questions: |
| | | The best estimate of maximum specific growth rate is: |
| | Option 1 | 0.6 |
| | Option 2 | 1 |
| | Option 3 | 1.4 |
| | Option 4 | 2 |

| Q49 | Question/ Options | Which transparent bioplastic is produced by fermentation? |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Polyhydroxybutyrate |
| | Option 2 | Starch |
| | Option 3 | Polylactate |
| | Option 4 | Polyvinyl chloride |

| Q50 | Question/ | In any centrifugal separator, the separation efficiency is a function of |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Radius of the rotor |
| | Option 2 | Rotational speed of rotor |
| | Option 3 | Both the radius and speed of the rotor |
| | Option 4 | Both the load and radius of the rotor |

| Q51 | Question/ | A green process of solvent extraction of biomolecules is |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Solvent-solvent extraction |
| | Option 2 | Reactive extraction |
| | Option 3 | Supercritical fluid extraction |
| | Option 4 | Solid-liquid extraction |





| Q52 | Question/ Options | For a given fluid, as the pipe diameter increases, the pumping cost |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Decreases |
| | Option 2 | Increases |
| | Option 3 | Remains the same |
| | Option 4 | May increase or decrease, depending upon whether the fluid is |
| | | Newtonian or non-Newtonian |

| Q53 | Question/ | The critical regulatory site in the circuit of emotions is: |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Hippocampus |
| | Option 2 | Cingulate gyrus |
| | Option 3 | Amygdala |
| | Option 4 | Fornix |

| Q54 | Question/ Options | Which one of the following is the most populous in the CNS? |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Pyramidal neurons |
| | Option 2 | Motor neurons |
| | Option 3 | Granule cells |
| | Option 4 | Purkinje n <mark>eurons</mark> |

| Q55 | Question/ | Huntington's disease (HD) is caused by degeneration of neurons in the |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | , leading clinically to involuntary movements |
| | | (chorea), psychiatric symptoms and dementia. |
| | Option 1 | basal ganglia followed by cortical regions |
| | Option 2 | cortical regions followed by basal ganglia |
| | Option 3 | cortical regions alone |
| | Option 4 | basal ganglia alone |

| Q56 | Question/ | The function of the pyloric sphincter is to prevent the backflow of |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | material from the |
| | Option 1 | Esophagus to the mouth |
| | Option 2 | Duodenum to the stomach |
| | Option 3 | Stomach to the esophagus |
| | Option 4 | Colon to the small intestine |

| Q57 | Question/ | Which of the following types of stem cells have a highest risk of |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | teratoma formation? |
| | Option 1 | Hematopoietic stem cells |
| | Option 2 | Embryonic stem cells |
| | Option 3 | Spermatogonial stem cells |
| | Option 4 | Mesenchymal stem cells |





| Q58 | Question/ Options | Which one of the following cell types is the most characteristic component of the early stages of acute inflammatory reaction? |
|-----|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | Eosinophils |
| | Option 2 | Neutrophils |
| | Option 3 | Basophils |
| | Option 4 | Monocytes |

| Q59 | Question/ | Severe combined immunodeficiency mice and nude mice differ in |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | which of the following cellular components? |
| | Option 1 | B lymphocytes |
| | Option 2 | T lymphocytes |
| | Option 3 | Macrophages |
| | Option 4 | Natural killer cells |
| | | |

| Q60 Question/ Smallest lipid containing envelo | | Smallest lipid containing enveloped animal virus belongs to |
|--|----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Coronaviridae |
| | Option 2 | Togaviridae |
| | Option 3 | Flaviviridae |
| | Option 4 | Bunyaviridae |
| | | |

| Q61 | Question/ | Which one of the following characteristic cells is found in |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | granulomatous inflammation? |
| | Option 1 | Myofibroblast |
| | Option 2 | Plasma cell |
| | Option 3 | Histocyte |
| | Option 4 | Epithelioid cell |

| Q62 | Question/ | Role of diatoms in the oceans is |
|-----|-----------|----------------------------------|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Primary production |
| | Option 2 | Secondary production |
| | Option 3 | Tertiary production |
| | Option 4 | Nitrification |

| Q63 | Question/ | One of the free living aerobic nitrogen fixing bacterium in the Oceans |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | is |
| | Option 1 | Rhizobium |
| | Option 2 | Azotobacter |
| | Option 3 | Clostridium |
| | Option 4 | Bacillus |





| Q64 | Question/ Options | The prominent group of microorganism involved in marine bio- corrosion is |
|-----|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | Sulphate reducing bacteria |
| | Option 2 | Sulphur oxidizing bacteria |
| | Option 3 | Iron oxidizing bacteria |
| | Option 4 | Sulphide oxidizing bacteria |

| Q65 | Question/ | "Green house effect" with respect to global warming refers to |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Cooling and moist condition |
| | Option 2 | Warming effect |
| | Option 3 | Increased rainfall and greenery |
| | Option 4 | Desertification |
| | | |

| Q66 | Question/ | A high BOD value in aquatic environment is indicative of |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | A pollution free system |
| | Option 2 | A highly polluted system due to excess of nutrients |
| | Option 3 | A highly polluted system due to abundant heterotrophs |
| | Option 4 | A highly pure water with abundance of autotrophs |

| Q67 | Question/ Options | Primary productivity at the climax stage of a succession is |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Higher than consumption |
| | Option 2 | Lower than the consumption |
| | Option 3 | Equal to consumption |
| | Option 4 | Not related to consumption |

| Q68 | Question/ Options | You have isolated an Indian strain of a phage $\Phi x 174$. You measure the nucleotide base content of the phage and find the following result: A- |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | | 40%, G-10%. What are the likely percentage contents of T and C? |
| | Option 1 | It cannot be predicted from the given data |
| | Option 2 | T-40% and C-10% |
| | Option 3 | C-40% and T-10% |
| | Option 4 | Both 25% each |

| Q69 | Question/ | Cluster analysis in DNA microarray experiments refers to |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Genes that are clustered together in the genome |
| | Option 2 | Cluster of probes that are used to monitor gene expression |
| | Option 3 | Genes that are likely to work in concert in the cell |
| | Option 4 | Clusters of cDNAs printed on microarray chip |





| Q70 | Question/ Options | A sample of a homo-multimeric protein containing one atom of iron per polypeptide which amounts to 0.56% by weight. Gel filtration indicates that the molecular weight of the multimer is 20 kDa. The maximum number of subunits that the protein may have is (Assume that the atomic weight of Fe is 56) |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | 2 |
| | Option 2 | 3 |
| | Option 3 | 4 |
| | Option 4 | 5 |

| Q71 | Question/ Options | A tri-peptide has an amino acid composition (Lys, Phe, Pro). Dansyl chloride treatment produces Dns-Phe. The peptide is not cleaved by trypsin. The primary structure of the peptide is: |
|-----|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | Phe-Pro-Lys |
| | Option 2 | Lys-Pro-Phe |
| | Option 3 | Pro-Lys-Phe |
| | Option 4 | Pro-Phe-Lys |

| Q72 | Question/ Options | You have been given two unlabelled samples of PTH-Lysine which has been derivatized either in the α -NH ₂ or in the ϵ -NH ₂ group. Which one of the following techniques may be used to distinguish between these two? |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | pH titrations |
| | Option 2 | UV absorption spectroscopy |
| | Option 3 | Fluorescence spectroscopy |
| | Option 4 | Osmotic pressure measurements |

| Q73 | Question/ | Polytene chromosome is generated due to |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Extensive transcription |
| | Option 2 | Pairing of homologous chromosome |
| | Option 3 | Repeated DNA replication in DNA without segregation |
| | Option 4 | Failure of DNA replication |

| Q74 | Question/ | If a man of blood group AB marries a woman of blood group A whose |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | father was of blood group O, to what different blood groups can this |
| | | man and woman expect their children to belong? |
| | Option 1 | A, AB, B |
| | Option 2 | A, AB |
| | Option 3 | AB, O |
| | Option 4 | A, O, B |





Section - A

| Q75 | Question/ | A human male (XY) carrying an allele for a trait on the X chromosome |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | 18 |
| | Option 1 | hemizygous |
| | Option 2 | homozygous |
| | Option 3 | heterozygous |
| | Option 4 | monozygous |

SECTION - B

| Q76 | Question/ | Positive feedback is operating | |
|-----|-----------|---|--|
| | Options | | |
| | Option 1 | When adenosine monophosphate activates phosphofructokinase | |
| | Option 2 | When cAMP activates transcription of the <i>lac</i> operon | |
| | Option 3 | When tryptophan inhibits transcription of the trp operon | |
| | Option 4 | When N-acyl-HSL promotes transcription of the <i>lux</i> operon | |
| | | | |

| Q77 | Question/ | Consider a typical hepatocyte, the major cell type in the liver. It is |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | roughly a cube of 15 μ m on a side. Assume the density of cell is |
| | 1 | 1.03gm/ml and 20% of total weight of which is occupied by protein |
| | | which is having 400 amino acids (mol wt=50,000g/mol). The total no. |
| | | of molecules of that protein present in the hepatocyte will be |
| | Option 1 | 8.3x10 ⁹ |
| | Option 2 | 7.3×10^9 |
| | Option 3 | 6.3x10 ⁹ |
| | Option 4 | 5.3x10 ⁹ |

| Q78 | Question/ | Process of formation of ATP from ADP while harvesting the photon is |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | referred as |
| | Option 1 | Photophosphorylation |
| | Option 2 | Photorespiration |
| | Option 3 | Phosphorylation |
| | Option 4 | Respiration |



Section - B

| Q79 Question/ Options | Match the Enzyme from Gro respective Class in Group B | up A with the |
|--------------------------|--|---|
| | Group A | Group B |
| | 1. Cytochrome P-450 2. Alkaline phosphatase 3. Phosphoglucomutase 4. Hexokinase | a. Hydrolase b. Oxido-reductase c. Transferase d. Isomerases |
| Option 1 | 1a, 2c, 3d, 4b | |
| Option 2 | 1c, 2a, 3d, 4b | |
| Option 3 | 1b, 2a, 3d, 4c | |
| Option 4 | 1b, 2c, 3a, 4d | |

| Q80 | Question/ Options | |
|-----|----------------------|--|
| | | Match the Cofactor in Group A with appropriate 'group carried in activated form' in Group B |
| | A | Group A Group B |
| | | 1. FMNH2a. Acyl2. Lipoamideb. Methyl3. Thiamine pyrophosphatec. Aldehyde4. S-Adenosylmethionined. Electron |
| | Option 1 | 1d, 2a, 3c, 4b |
| | Option 2 | 1c, 2a, 3d, 4b |
| | Option 3 | 1d, 2b, 3a, 4c |
| | Option 4 | 1b, 2c, 3d, 4a |





| Q81 | Question/ Options | There are four conserved homologous motifs within the Bcl-2 family: BH1, BH2, BH3, and BH4; which among these is critical for Bcl-2 family heterodimerization? |
|-----|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | BH-1 |
| | Option 2 | BH-2 |
| | Option 3 | BH-3 |
| | Option 4 | BH-4 |

| Q82 | Question/ Options | What will be the charge of the protein having pH less than its pI value,? |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Positive |
| | Option 2 | Negative |
| | Option 3 | One |
| | Option 4 | Zero |

| Q83 | Question/ | Ammonium sulfate is the most suitable salt for protein precipitation, |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | because |
| | Option 1 | It is kosmotropic and falls on the left side of Hofmeister series |
| | Option 2 | It is chaotropic and falls on the right side of Hofmeister series |
| | Option 3 | It is kosmotropic and falls on right side of Hofmeister series |
| | Option 4 | It is chaotropic and falls on left side of Hofmeister series |

| Q84 | Question/ | There are two protein molecules S and M. They have the same |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | molecular weight, same charge and are structurally very similar but |
| | | vary in certain domains. How will you separate S and M? |
| | Option 1 | Affinity Chromatography |
| | Option 2 | Ion-exchange Chromatography |
| | Option 3 | Thin Layer Chromatography |
| | Option 4 | Poly-acrylamide Gel Electrophoresis |

| Q85 | Question/ | What provides the information necessary to specify the three- |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | dimensional shape of a protein? |
| | Option 1 | The protein's peptide bonds |
| | Option 2 | The protein's interactions with other polypeptides |
| | Option 3 | The protein's amino acid sequence |
| | Option 4 | The protein's interaction with molecular chaperones |





| Q86 | Question/ Options | Those portions of a transmembrane protein that cross the lipid bilayer usually consist of which secondary structures? |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | A beta sheet with mostly polar side chains |
| | Option 2 | A beta sheet with mostly nonpolar side chains |
| | Option 3 | A helix with mostly polar side chains |
| | Option 4 | A helix with mostly nonpolar side chains |

| Q87 | Question/ | Which one among the following suits to protein families? |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Proteins found in organisms of the same taxonomic family. |
| | Option 2 | Groups of proteins with the same functions. |
| | Option 3 | Evolutionarily related proteins that are similar in amino acid sequence |
| | | and three-dimensional conformation. |
| | Option 4 | The amino acid sequence is highly homologous but must perform |
| | | different functions. |

| Q88 | Question/ | Which of the following determines the specificity of an antibody |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | towards an antigen? |
| | Option 1 | The amino acid loops in its variable domain |
| | Option 2 | The amino acid loops in its constant domain |
| | Option 3 | Its Y-shaped structure |
| | Option 4 | The concentration of antibodies and antigens |
| | | |

| Q89 | Question/ Options Option 1 | An allosteric inhibitor affects the active site of an enzyme by which of the following? It binds to the active site, preventing substrate molecules from binding there. |
|-----|----------------------------------|--|
| | Option 2 | It binds to a second site, resulting in a conformational change which makes the active site of the enzyme less accommodating to the substrate. |
| | Option 3 | It modifies the substrate in such a way that it cannot bind to the enzyme. |
| | Option 4 | It carries a chemical modification to the enzyme, which prevents the progress of further reaction. |

| Q90 | Question/ | Phosphorylation controls the protein activity by which one of the |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | following reasons? |
| | Option 1 | It adds energy to a protein. |
| | Option 2 | It can induce conformational changes in target protein. |
| | Option 3 | Two negative charges of phosphate group prevents other negatively |
| | | charged molecules from interacting with the protein. |
| | Option 4 | Phosphate group degrades the target proteins. |





| Q91 | Question/ Options | Which of the following classes of enzymes add a phosphate group to another protein? |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Oxido-reductase |
| | Option 2 | Isomerase |
| | Option 3 | Transferase |
| | Option 4 | Ligase |

| Q92 | Question/ | The reaction between dihydroxyacetone phosphate and glyceraldehyde |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | 3-phosphate to form fructose 1,6-bisphosphate is best described as |
| | Option 1 | An aldol condensation reaction |
| | Option 2 | Grignard reaction |
| | Option 3 | Free radical reaction |
| | Option 4 | Hydrolytic reaction |

| Q93 | Question/ | In the following options which has the most reduced form of carbon |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | atom |
| | Option 1 | R-CH3 |
| | Option 2 | R-COOH |
| | Option 3 | R-CHO |
| | Option 4 | R-CH2OH |
| | | |

| Q94 | Question/ | The similarities between mitogenic stimulation by EGF and |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | depolarization of the membrane of skeletal muscle cell by acetylcholine |
| | | are |
| | Option 1 | Essential early step, an ion flux across the plasma membrane receptor |
| | Option 2 | Ligand mediated coformational change in the receptor of responding |
| | | cell |
| | Option 3 | Occurs independently without ligand or simulation. |
| | Option 4 | Mainly dependent on regulatory RNA binding sequences. |

| Q95 | Question/ | The KDEL sequence of the ER luminal proteins is responsible for |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Translocation of the proteins into the ER lumen |
| | Option 2 | Insertion of proteins into the membrane of the ER |
| | Option 3 | Quality control in the ER |
| | Option 4 | Retrieval of ER luminal proteins from the golgi |

| Q96 | Question/ | The direction of a chemical reaction is best predicted by |
|-----|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Entrophy change |
| | Option 2 | Enthalphy Change |
| | Option 3 | Energy of activation change |
| | Option 4 | Free energy change |





| Q97 | Question/ Options | 1g of rice flour from 1kg pack is mixed in 100 ml of sterile water. Aliquot from this solution was dispensed in test tube in order to make dilution of 5X to make final volume of 10 ml.1 ml of this solution was then poured on sterile nutrient agar plate. 5 colonies were observed after 24 hours of incubation. What is the viable count of bacterial cell in the rice flour sample? |
|-----|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | 2,500 cells per kg |
| | Option 2 | 25, 00, 000 cells per kg |
| | Option 3 | 250 cells per kg |
| | Option 4 | 25,000 cells per kg |

| Q98 | Question/ | Which of the following is false about the <i>E. Coli</i> Lac operon? |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | It is polycistronic |
| | Option 2 | It is an example of negative control |
| | Option 3 | The presence of lactose acts as an inducer |
| | Option 4 | The repressor binds to the promoter |

| Q99 | Question/ | A substance exists in protonated form with a pKa 4.7. The percentage |
|-----|-----------|--|
| | Options | of the protonated form at pH 5.7 will be close to |
| | Option 1 | 10 |
| | Option 2 | 9 |
| | Option 3 | 99 |
| | Option 4 | 50 |
| | | |

| Q100 | Question/ Options | Most of the dry mass in a tree trunk is originally derived from |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | The soil |
| | Option 2 | CO ₂ |
| | Option 3 | Light energy |
| | Option 4 | Glucose |

| Q101 | Question/ | You have examined 10000 cells in a culture and found that only 2 cells |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | were in mitosis. Therefore the mitotic index is |
| | Option 1 | 20000 |
| | Option 2 | 0.0002 |
| | Option 3 | 0.0001 |
| | Option 4 | 10000 |





| Q102 | Question/ Options | In vitro coupled transcription and translation systems have been developed that use reticulocyte or wheat germ lysates to specifically translate a defined cDNA. Using this technique, you have translated a gene of your interest. However, when you run SDS-PAGE to check for the translated product, you see many bands from the top to the bottom |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | | of the gel. This could be due to the following reasons |
| | Option 1 | The translated protein got degraded |
| | Option 2 | Since it is an in vitro system, it could read the cDNA in all the frames |
| | Option 3 | There are a number of endogenous proteins present in the wheat germ and reticulocyte lysates |
| | Option 4 | Reticulocyte lysates and wheat germ lysates have lysosomes that have taken up many proteins by endocytosis that show up on the gel |

| Q103 | Question/ | Cell cycle controller is robust and adaptable. Additionally, it functions |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | like a switch to ensure unidirectional cell cycle. This switch like |
| | | behavior can be achieved by which one of the following mechanisms |
| | Option 1 | Gradual increase in cyclin-dependent kinase activities in different |
| | | phases of the cell cycle |
| | Option 2 | Gradual increase in cyclin-dependent kinase synthesis in different |
| | | phases of the cell cycle |
| | Option 3 | Negative feedback loops to regulate the activity of cyclin-dependent |
| | | kinases |
| | Option 4 | Positive feedback loops to regulate the activity of cyclin-dependent |
| | | kinases |
| | | |

| Q104 | Question/ | Colchicine treatment blocks the polymerization of microtubules |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | whereas Taxol blocks the depolymerization of microtubules. Treatment |
| | | with either colchicine or taxol ultimately results in cell death. It is |
| | | possible to achieve the same result even though the actions of both |
| | | agents are opposite because they |
| | Option 1 | block signaling from microtubules |
| | Option 2 | block transcription of microtubules |
| | Option 3 | block translation of microtubules |
| | Option 4 | block mitosis |





| Q105 | Question/ Options | In mammals, average lengths of transcription factor binding sequences are quite short i.e., ~7 base pairs. Hence, the frequency of occurrence of such sites in the entire genome is very high vis-a-vis the total number of genes present therein. However, the specificity of transcription is still achieved |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | as specificity of those target sequences are further defined by their adjoining sequences. |
| | Option 2 | because of pair wise occurrence of those target sites in the promoters. |
| | Option 3 | as mammalian transcription factors are highly evolved with built in capability of recognizing only the promoter associated target sites. |
| | Option 4 | as the recognition of target sequences in mammals is guided by auxiliary factors that ensures their target specificity. |

| Q106 | Question/ Options | Cell division cycle is divided into 4 phases G1, S, G2 and M. Standard eukaryotic cell cycles are of 12 hr or longer duration. Early embryonic cell cycles are extremely rapid having time duration of less than an hour. Which of the following phases are drastically reduced in embryonic cell cycles? |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | G1 & G2 |
| | Option 2 | G1 & S |
| | Option 3 | M & S |
| | Option 4 | G2 & M |

| Q107 | Question/ | Recognition of intracellular pathogens in innate immune cells involves |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Toll-like receptors |
| | Option 2 | Antibody |
| | Option 3 | NOD-like receptors (NLRs) |
| | Option 4 | Natural killer T cells |

| Q108 | Question/ Options | In complementation tests, Benzer simultaneously infected <i>E.coli</i> cells with two phages, each of which carried a different mutation. What conclusion did he make when the progeny phage produced normal plaques? |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | The mutations occurred at the same locus |
| | Option 2 | The mutations occurred at different loci |
| | Option 3 | The mutations occurred close together on the chromosome |
| | Option 4 | The genes were in the cis configuration |





| Q109 | Question/ Options | Discontinuous replication is a result of which property of DNA? |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Complementary bases |
| | Option 2 | Charged phosphate group |
| | Option 3 | Antiparallel nucleotide strands |
| | Option 4 | Five- carbon sugar |

| Q110 | Question/ | Primers are synthesized where on the lagging strand? |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | at the 5' end of the newly synthesized strand |
| | Option 2 | at the 3' end of the newly synthesized strand |
| | Option 3 | at the beginning of every Okazaki fragment |
| | Option 4 | at multiple places within an Okazaki fragment |
| | | |

| Q111 | Question/ | Which one of the following is the difference between the core promoter |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | and the regulatory promoter? |
| | Option 1 | Only the core promoter has consensus sequences |
| | Option 2 | The regulatory promoter is farther upstream of the gene |
| | Option 3 | Transcription factors bind to the core promoter; transcriptional |
| | | activator proteins bind to the regulatory promoter |
| | Option 4 | Both 2 and 3 |

| Q112 | Question/ | In the <i>trp</i> operon, what happens to the <i>trp</i> repressor in the absence of |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | tryptophan? |
| | Option 1 | It binds to the operator and represses transcription |
| | Option 2 | It cannot bind to the operator and transcription takes place |
| | Option 3 | It binds to the regulator gene and represses transcription |
| | Option 4 | It cannot bind to the regulator gene and transcription takes place |

| Q113 | Question/ | Which one of the following is the correct order of mutagenesis screen? |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Positional cloning, mutagenesis, identify mutants, verify genetic basis |
| | Option 2 | Mutagenesis, positional cloning, identify mutants, verify genetic basis |
| | Option 3 | Mutagenesis, identify mutants, verify genetic basis, positional cloning |
| | Option 4 | Identify mutants, positional cloning, mutagenesis, verify genetic basis |

| Q114 | Question/ | In area of high GC content of the human genome |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Gene density tends to be low |
| | Option 2 | Gene density tends to be high |
| | Option 3 | Gene density is variable |
| | Option 4 | Genes tends to have fewer introns |





| Q115 | Question/ Options | The bases A,G,U,C,I (inosine) all occur at 5' position of anticodons in tRNAs. What is the minimum number of tRNAs required to recognize all codons of amino acids specified by codons with complete degeneracy? |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | one |
| | Option 2 | two |
| | Option 3 | three |
| | Option 4 | four |

| Q116 | Question/ | Which of the following cell surface markers is used to identify the B |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | cells from blood samples? |
| | Option 1 | CD3 |
| | Option 2 | CD4 |
| | Option 3 | CD25 |
| | Option 4 | CD19 |

| Q117 | Question/ | Administration of the DPT vaccine (diphtheria toxoid, pertussis |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | products, and tetanus toxoid) would stimulate which of the following |
| | | types of immunity? |
| | Option 1 | Artificial active |
| | Option 2 | Artificial passive |
| | Option 3 | Natural active |
| | Option 4 | Natural passive |
| | | |

| Q118 | Question/ | Loss of which of the following classes of molecules on the surface of a |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | tumor cell target would result in reduced susceptibility to killing by |
| | | host immune cells? |
| | Option 1 | CD3 |
| | Option 2 | CD4 |
| | Option 3 | MHC class I |
| | Option 4 | MHC class II |

| Q119 | Question/ | Genes for 16S and 28S rRNA are transcribed by |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | DNA polymerase |
| | Option 2 | RNA polymerase II |
| | Option 3 | RNA polymerase I |
| | Option 4 | RNA polymerase III |





Option 3

Option 4

It is bound to cyclin A.

It is dephosphorylated by Cdc25.

| 0120 | | T 1'4 1 1 |
|----------|----------------------|---|
| Q120 | Question/ | In cancer condition, genes can be either repressed or over-expressed. |
| | Options | Repression of genes by DNA methylation depends on |
| | Option 1 | High CpG density |
| | Option 2 | Promoter strength |
| | Option 3 | High CpG density and Promoter strength |
| | Option 4 | Low CpG density |
| [] | - | |
| Q121 | Question/ | Which type of inhibition requires binding of one or more substrates to |
| | Options | enzyme before the inhibitor can bind: |
| | Option 1 | Uncompetitive inhibition |
| | Option 2 | Noncompetitive inhibition |
| | Option 3 | Mixed inhibition |
| | Option 4 | competitive inhibition |
| | | |
| Q122 | Question/ | The genes, which remain confined to differential region of Y- |
| | Options | chromosome, are |
| | Option 1 | Autosomal genes |
| | Option 2 | Holandric genes |
| | Option 3 | Completely sex-linked genes |
| | Option 4 | Mutant genes. |
| | | |
| Q123 | Question/ | Blastopore is |
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Opening of neural tube |
| | Option 2 | Opening of gastrocoel |
| | Option 3 | Future anterior end of embryo |
| | Option 4 | Found in blastula |
| | 1 | |
| Q124 | Question/ | Arp, profilin, and villin are all |
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Cell adhesion molecules. |
| | Option 2 | Molecular motors. |
| | Option 3 | Actin-binding proteins. |
| | Option 4 | Intermediate filament proteins. |
| <u> </u> | - Phone - | |
| Q125 | Question/ | Cdk1 can only be fully active when |
| ×120 | Options | |
| | Option 1 | It is phosphorylated on threonine 14. |
| | Option 1 Option 2 | It is phosphorylated on threonine 14. It is phosphorylated on tyrosine 15. |
| l | Option 2 | |





| Q126 | Question/ Options | Which one of following statements about Bt cotton cultivation in India is NOT TRUE? |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Farmers cultivating Bt cotton are benefitted from higher return |
| | Option 2 | Pesticide consumption on cotton is significantly reduced |
| | Option 3 | India became an exporter of cotton |
| | Option 4 | The cotton cultivation in India is free from bollworm menace |

| Q127 | Question/ | The latest version of Golden rice contains the following transgenes |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Three genes, one from Erwinia and two from daffodil |
| | Option 2 | Two genes, one each from Erwinia and daffodil |
| | Option 3 | Two genes, one each from maize and Erwinia |
| | Option 4 | Three genes one each from maize, rice and Erwinia |
| | | |

| Q128 | Question/ | Which one of the following studies is NOT needed for the biosafety |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | assessment of GM crops? |
| | Option 1 | human and animal safety studies |
| | Option 2 | gene flow analysis |
| | Option 3 | soil microflora, natural enemies of the pest |
| | Option 4 | micronutrient uptake by plants |
| | | |

| Q129 | Question/ | Which one of the following steps is NOT true for production of |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | artificial seeds by desiccated system? |
| | Option 1 | Somatic embryos are first hardened to withstand desiccation |
| | Option 2 | Hardened somatic embryos are encapsulated in a suitable coating |
| | | material |
| | Option 3 | Somatic embryos may be hardened by either coating/treating mature |
| | | somatic embryos with a suitable polymer, followed by drying during |
| | | their maturation phase |
| | Option 4 | Somatic embryos can be planted directly in the field |

| Q130 | Question/ | Absorption of which one of the following nutrients in human intestine |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | is interfered by phytate present in seeds? |
| | Option 1 | Nitrate |
| | Option 2 | Sulphur |
| | Option 3 | Iron |
| | Option 4 | Phosphate |





| Q131 | Question/ Options | The following are the key resources needed for efficient marker- assisted germplasm enhancement: i) Suitable characterised genetic markers and the necessary information for multiplexing ii) High-density molecular maps and densely spread markers iii) Established marker-trait associations for traits of agronomic importance iv) High-throughput genotyping systems. Now rank the key resources in the right order of requirement |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | iii, i, ii, iv |
| | Option 2 | i, ii, iii, iv |
| | Option 3 | iv, iii, ii, i |
| | Option 4 | iv, i, ii, iii |
| | | |

| Q132 | Question/ | Which one of the following methods is highly amenable for automation |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | in most of the genotyping studies? |
| | Option 1 | RFLP |
| | Option 2 | AFLP |
| | Option 3 | ISSR |
| | Option 4 | SNPs |
| | | |

| Q133 | Question/ | A patch clamp device is used to |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | measure the strength of an electrochemical gradient |
| | Option 2 | study the properties of individual neurotransmitters |
| | Option 3 | infuse different kinds of ions into exons |
| | Option 4 | study the properties of individual membrane channels |

| Q134 | Question/ | Which one of the following is a component in the signaling pathway |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | stimulated by receptor tyrosine kinases? |
| | Option 1 | Adenylate cyclase |
| | Option 2 | Janus kinase |
| | Option 3 | Autophosphorylating receptor |
| | Option 4 | Ras activating protein |

| Q135 | Question/ | A mutation that inactivates the cytochrome b/f complex would |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | inhibit movement of electrons from PSII to PSI |
| | Option 2 | inhibit movement of electrons from PSI to PSII |
| | Option 3 | inhibit reduction of quinone |
| | Option 4 | promote formation of NADPH |





| Q136 | Question/ Options | How many ATP molecules are required for the conversion of one N_2 to $2NH_4^+$ during biological nitrogen fixation? |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | 8 |
| | Option 2 | 10 |
| | Option 3 | 12 |
| | Option 4 | 16 |

| Q137 | Question/ | Which of the following bacterial gene can be used for increasing starch |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | content in potato? |
| | Option 1 | Sucrose phosphate synthase |
| | Option 2 | ADP Glucose pyrophosphorylase |
| | Option 3 | Polygalactouranase |
| | Option 4 | Aspartate kinase |
| | | |

| Q138 | Question/ | Which one of the following options describe the term |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | "Transplastomics" correctly? |
| | Option 1 | Targeting genes into the chloroplast. |
| | Option 2 | Providing exceptionally low yield of protein products. |
| | Option 3 | Targeting genes expressed in pollens. |
| | Option 4 | Generating transgenic plants resistant to viral infections. |
| | • | |

| Q139 | Question/ | The electrons from excited chlorophyll molecule of photosystem II are |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | accepted first by |
| | Option 1 | Ferredoxin |
| | Option 2 | Cytochrome-b |
| | Option 3 | Cytochrome- f |
| | Option 4 | Quinone |

| Q140 | Question/ | Which one of the following agents stimulates direct DNA uptake by |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | protoplasts? |
| | Option 1 | Polyethylene glycol |
| | Option 2 | Lipofectamine |
| | Option 3 | Calcium chloride |
| | Option 4 | Mannitol |

| Q141 | Question/ | Transgenic plants expressing barnase or barstar genes are used for |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Insect resistance |
| | Option 2 | Hybrid seed production |
| | Option 3 | Stress tolerance |
| | Option 4 | Inhibit pollen flow |





| Q142 | Question/ Options | The presence of polyadenylation signals in the wild type <i>CRY1Ac</i> gene from <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> prevented expression of appropriate amount of CRY1Ac protein in transgenic plants. What was done to overcome this problem? |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | The <i>CRY1Ac</i> gene was expressed under a strong promoter like CaMV 35S |
| | Option 2 | The CRY1Ac protein was targeted to the chloroplast |
| | Option 3 | The <i>CRY1Ac</i> gene sequence was modified taking help of codon |
| | | degeneracy |
| | Option 4 | The CRY1Ac gene was fused to CRY1Ac gene |

| Q143 | Question/ | The following are some of the genes and DNA sequences important for |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | Agrobacterium-mediated transformation of plants: |
| | | i. gene conferring resistance to an antibiotic under a promoter |
| | | expressed in plants |
| | | ii. T-DNA border sequences |
| | | iii. vir genes |
| | | iv. a reporter gene like β-glucuronidase under CaMV 35S |
| | | promoter. |
| | | Which of the above features in combination given below are present |
| | | on a binary vector and minimally required for transfer of T-DNA from |
| | | Agrobacterium to plant cell and positive selection of the |
| | | transformants? |
| | Option 1 | (i) and (ii) |
| | Option 2 | (i), (ii) and (iii) |
| | Option 3 | (ii) and (iv) |
| | Option 4 | (ii), (iii) and (iv) |

| Q144 | Question/ | Which one of the following hormone ratios usually promote shoot |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | formation from callus? |
| | Option 1 | High abscisic acid to auxin |
| | Option 2 | Low auxin to cytokinin |
| | Option 3 | High auxin to cytokinin |
| | Option 4 | Low abscisic acid to auxin |

| Q145 | Question/ | Which one of the following dyes can be used to test the viability of |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | cultured plant cells? |
| | Option 1 | Fluorescein diacetate |
| | Option 2 | Acetocarmine |
| | Option 3 | Aceto-orcein |
| | Option 4 | Giemsa stain |





| Q146 | Question/ | The two Vir proteins with nuclear localization signals which help in |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | movement of T-DNA to plant nucleus are |
| | Option 1 | VirA and VirG |
| | Option 2 | VirD1 and VirE1 |
| | Option 3 | VirD2 and VirE2 |
| | Option 4 | VirD1 and VirD2 |

| Q147 | Question/ | Which one of the following statements is NOT TRUE for |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | Agrobacterium mediated plant transformation? |
| | Option 1 | vir genes are essential for gene transfer |
| | Option 2 | T-DNA border are essential for gene transfer |
| | Option 3 | Genes for hormone and opine synthesis are essential for gene transfer |
| | Option 4 | Plant exudates from wounded region acts as positive chemotaxis during |
| | _ | gene transfer |
| | | |

| Q148 | Question/ | The breeding method for conventionally transferring cytoplasm from |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | one genotype to the other is |
| | Option 1 | Pedigree |
| | Option 2 | Recurrent selection |
| | Option 3 | Back cross |
| | Option 4 | Bulk selection |

| Q149 | Question/ Options | Detaselling is a method of emasculation followed in |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Cotton |
| | Option 2 | Sorghum |
| | Option 3 | Bajra |
| | Option 4 | Maize |

| Q150 | Question/ Options | A mechanism where stamens and pistils of hermaphrodite flowers may mature at different times leading to cross pollination is |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Dicliny |
| | Option 2 | Dichogamy |
| | Option 3 | Protogamy |
| | Option 4 | Heterogamy |





| Q151 | Question/ Options | Which one of the following amino acids is an example of a compatible osmolyte in response to a range of environmental stresses? |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Lysine |
| | Option 2 | Glycine |
| | Option 3 | Proline |
| | Option 4 | Leucine |

| Q152 | Question/ | The principal signal molecule involved in induced systemic resistance |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | in plants is |
| | Option 1 | Malic acid |
| | Option 2 | Salicylic acid |
| | Option 3 | Jasmonic acid |
| | Option 4 | Benzoic acid |
| | | |

| Q153 | Question/ | International treaty in the field of the protection of the new variety of |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | plants and rights of the breeders is |
| | Option 1 | PPV & FR act |
| | Option 2 | UPOV |
| | Option 3 | Cartagena protocol |
| | Option 4 | Suigeneris system |
| | · - | |

| Q154 | Question/ | The revised Genebank Standards for Plant Genetic Resources for Food |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | and Agriculture were endorsed at the 14th Regular Session of the |
| | | CGRFA, at |
| | Option 1 | Rome, in 2013 |
| | Option 2 | Geneva, in 2010 |
| | Option 3 | Indonesia, 2004 |
| | Option 4 | Brazil, 2002 |

| Q155 | Question/ Options | Gluconoacetobacter diazotrophicus is predominantly found in |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Rhizosphere |
| | Option 2 | Phyllosphere |
| | Option 3 | Endorhizosphere |
| | Option 4 | Spermosphere |

| Q156 | Question/ | A system in which there is exchange of energy but not of mass, is |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | called a/an system. |
| | Option 1 | Open |
| | Option 2 | Isolated |
| | Option 3 | Insulated |
| | Option 4 | Closed |





| Q157 | Question/ Options | The second law of thermodynamics is concerned with |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | non-cyclic processes only. |
| | Option 2 | amount of energy transferred. |
| | Option 3 | irreversible processes only. |
| | Option 4 | direction of energy transfer. |

| Q158 | Question/ | The oxygen transfer rate in an aerobic fermentation process does not |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | depend on the |
| | Option 1 | Driving force [difference of DO concentration (C* - CL)] in the system |
| | Option 2 | Interfacial transfer area of bubbles |
| | Option 3 | Temperature of the fermentation broth |
| | Option 4 | Volume of the fermentation broth |
| | | |

| Q159 | Question/ | A culture is grown in a flask and after 120 h there were 1.0 |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | $x10^{6}$ cells/ml. After 270 h there were 1.0 $x10^{9}$ cells/ml, the specific |
| | | growth rate of the organisms is |
| | Option 1 | 2.0 h^{-1} |
| | Option 2 | 0.69 h^{-1} |
| | Option 3 | 0.14 h^{-1} |
| | Option 4 | 3.0 h^{-1} |

| Q160 | Question/ Options | In a CSTR at steady state of volume 1L, the feed rate of a compound A is 1L/h. The exit concentration of A is 50% of the inlet concentration and the rate of conversion of A to products is a first order reaction given by $dCA/dt = k CA$. The value of k is |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | 0.5 h^{-1} |
| | Option 2 | $1.0 \mathrm{h}^{-1}$ |
| | Option 3 | 1.5 h^{-1} |
| | Option 4 | 2.0 h ⁻¹ |

| Q161 | Question/ | Which of the following processes provides the best effluent quality for |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | water reuse? |
| | Option 1 | Conventional activated sludge process with media filters. |
| | Option 2 | Trickling filters. |
| | Option 3 | Membrane bioreactor. |
| | Option 4 | Aerated lagoons. |





| Q162 | Question/ | In any centrifugal separator the separation efficiency is |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | a |
| | Option 1 | Linear function of agitation |
| | Option 2 | Square function of radius |
| | Option 3 | Linear function of radius and square function of the rotor speed. |
| | Option 4 | Square function of radius and linear function of the rotor speed |

| Q163 | Question/ | In aqueous two phase separation systems, a phase diagram is prepared |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | at constant : |
| | Option 1 | pressure and volumes |
| | Option 2 | pH and temperature |
| | Option 3 | viscosity and mass |
| | Option 4 | volumes and density |
| | | |

| Q164 | Question/ | For preparative chromatography, a simple scale up principle which can |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | be used without significantly affecting resolution by |
| | Option 1 | increasing length of the column |
| | Option 2 | decreasing length of the column |
| | Option 3 | increasing diameter of the column |
| | Option 4 | decreasing diameter of the column |
| | | |

| Q165 | Question/ | Penicillin is extracted using isoamylacetate in a counter current |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | extractor. Before the extraction, pH of the aqueous solution is adjusted |
| | | to pH 2.5. This is done as penicillin |
| | Option 1 | is more soluble at pH 2.5 in its ionic from |
| | Option 2 | is more soluble at pH 2.5 in its non-ionic form |
| | Option 3 | is more stable at pH 2.5 |
| | Option 4 | isoamylacetate is stable at pH 2.5 |

| Q166 | Question/ | In an adsorption column for the separation of antibiotics, a sharp break |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | through curve indicates |
| | Option 1 | more unused bed capacity |
| | Option 2 | less unused bed capacity |
| | Option 3 | unused bed capacity does not change at all with sharpness of the peak |
| | Option 4 | a high affinity of the antibiotic to the column matrix |





| Options for separation Option 1 Selectivity Option 2 Mechanical Strength Option 3 High porosity Option 4 Resistance to fouling Q168 Question/ Identify which of the following is NOT considered as a criterion for Option 1 power input/unit volume Option 2 Option 3 Impeller tip velocity Option 4 Option 4 Aeration rate Option 4 Q169 Question/ If agitator energy input per unit volume of the fermentor is kept constant during scale up, the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 K, a Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 K, a Q170 Question/ For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Option 2 Torispherical Option 2 Torispherical < | Q167 | Question/ | Which of the following is not a desired property of the membranes used |
|---|------|-----------|--|
| Option 2 Mechanical Strength Option 3 High porosity Option 4 Resistance to fouling Q168 Question/ Identify which of the following is NOT considered as a criterion for Option scale up of fermentation processes Option 1 power input/unit volume Option 2 KLa Option 3 Impeller tip velocity Option 4 Aeration rate Q169 Question/ If agitator energy input per unit volume of the fermentor is kept constant during scale up, the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 K_1a Option 5 constant during scale up, the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 K_1a Q170 Question/ Option 4 For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical <t< td=""><td>-</td><td>Options</td><td>for separation</td></t<> | - | Options | for separation |
| Option 3 High porosity Option 4 Resistance to fouling Q168 Question/ Options Identify which of the following is NOT considered as a criterion for scale up of fermentation processes Option 1 power input/unit volume Option 2 Option 3 Impeller tip velocity Option 4 Option 4 Aeration rate Option 1 Q169 Question/ Option 4 If agitator energy input per unit volume of the fermentor is kept constant during scale up, the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 KLa Q170 Question/ Option 4 For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Option 3 Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Option 1 A mechanical seal is used for Option 2 Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 1 Option 1 | | Option 1 | Selectivity |
| Option 3 High porosity Option 4 Resistance to fouling Q168 Question/ Options Identify which of the following is NOT considered as a criterion for scale up of fermentation processes Option 1 power input/unit volume Option 2 Option 3 Impeller tip velocity Option 4 Option 4 Aeration rate Option 1 Q169 Question/ Option 4 If agitator energy input per unit volume of the fermentor is kept constant during scale up, the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 KLa Q170 Question/ Option 4 For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Option 3 Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Option 1 A mechanical seal is used for Option 2 Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 1 Option 1 | | Option 2 | |
| Option 4 Resistance to fouling Q168 Question/ Options Identify which of the following is NOT considered as a criterion for scale up of fermentation processes Option 1 power input/unit volume Option 3 Impeller tip velocity Option 4 Aeration rate Q169 Question/ Option 5 If agitator energy input per unit volume of the fermentor is kept constant during scale up, the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 K1a Q170 Question/ Option 4 For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, Option 1 Q170 Question/ Option 2 Torispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Option 1 A mechanical seal is used for Option 2 Option 1 <td< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td></td></td<> | | - | |
| Q168 Question/ Options Identify which of the following is NOT considered as a criterion for scale up of fermentation processes Option 1 power input/unit volume Option 2 K _L a Option 3 Impeller tip velocity Option 4 Aeration rate Q169 Question/ Option 4 If agitator energy input per unit volume of the fermentor is kept constant during scale up, the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Q169 Question/ Option 1 If we up the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 K _L a Q170 Question/ Option 4 For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Option 2 Torispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Option 4 A mechanical seal is used for Option 1 Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 1 Option 1 < | | | |
| Options scale up of fermentation processes Option 1 power input/unit volume Option 2 K _L a Option 3 Impeller tip velocity Option 4 Aeration rate Q169 Question/ Options If agitator energy input per unit volume of the fermentor is kept constant during scale up, the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 K _L a Q170 Question/ Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 K _L a Q170 Question/ Options For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Memory Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Option 4 Flat plate Memory Q171 Question/ Options A mechanical seal is used for Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 1 pipelines handling large of current | | | |
| Options scale up of fermentation processes Option 1 power input/unit volume Option 2 K _L a Option 3 Impeller tip velocity Option 4 Aeration rate Q169 Question/ Options If agitator energy input per unit volume of the fermentor is kept constant during scale up, the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 K _L a Q170 Question/ Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 K _L a Q170 Question/ Options For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Memory Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Option 4 Flat plate Memory Q171 Question/ Options A mechanical seal is used for Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 1 pipelines handling large of current | Q168 | Question/ | Identify which of the following is NOT considered as a criterion for |
| Option 2 K _L a Option 3 Impeller tip velocity Option 4 Aeration rate Q169 Question/ Options If agitator energy input per unit volume of the fermentor is kept constant during scale up, the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 K _L a Q170 Question/ Option 5 For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Option 2 Torispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Option 2 A mechanical seal is used for Option 3 Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 2 prevention of fluid leakage around moving parts. Option 3 | - | Options | |
| Option 3 Impeller tip velocity Option 4 Aeration rate Q169 Question/ Options If agitator energy input per unit volume of the fermentor is kept constant during scale up, the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 KLa Q170 Question/ Option 5 For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Option 5 A mechanical seal is used for Option 6 Q171 Question/ Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 1 Q171 Question/ Option 3 Implementer and the pressure drops. Option 3 | | Option 1 | power input/unit volume |
| Option 4 Aeration rate Q169 Question/ Options If agitator energy input per unit volume of the fermentor is kept constant during scale up, the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 KLa Q170 Question/ Option 5 For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Q170 Question/ Option 1 Hemispherical Option 2 Torispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Option 5 Q171 Question/ Option 4 Q171 Question/ Option 3 Q171 Question/ Option 4 Q171 Question/ Option 5 Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 2 prevention of fluid leakage around moving parts. Option 3 used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | | Option 2 | K _L a |
| Option 4 Aeration rate Q169 Question/ Options If agitator energy input per unit volume of the fermentor is kept constant during scale up, the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 KLa Q170 Question/ Option 5 For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Q170 Question/ Option 1 Hemispherical Option 2 Torispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Option 5 Q171 Question/ Option 4 Q171 Question/ Option 3 Q171 Question/ Option 4 Q171 Question/ Option 5 Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 2 prevention of fluid leakage around moving parts. Option 3 used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | | Option 3 | Impeller tip velocity |
| Options constant during scale up, the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 KLa Q170 Question/ Option 5 For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Option 2 Torispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Option 5 Q171 Question/ Option 4 Q171 Question/ Option 3 | | | |
| Options constant during scale up, the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 KLa Q170 Question/ Option 5 For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Option 2 Torispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Option 5 Q171 Question/ Option 4 Q171 Question/ Option 3 | | | |
| Options constant during scale up, the factor that would always decrease upon increasing size of the fermenter is Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 KLa Q170 Question/ Option 5 For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Option 2 Torispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Option 5 Q171 Question/ Option 4 Q171 Question/ Option 3 | Q169 | Question/ | If agitator energy input per unit volume of the fermentor is kept |
| Option 1 rpm Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 KLa Question/ Option 1 For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, Option 1 Hemispherical Option 2 Torispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate | | Options | |
| Option 2 aeration rate Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 K _L a Q170 Question/ For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Option 2 Torispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Q171 Question/ A mechanical seal is used for Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 2 prevention of fluid leakage around moving parts. Option 3 used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | | | increasing size of the fermenter is |
| Option 3 tip velocity Option 4 KLa Q170 Question/ Options For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Option 2 Torispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Options Q171 Question/ Option 3 Q171 Question/ Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Option 2 Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 2 prevention of fluid leakage around moving parts. Option 3 used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | | Option 1 | rpm |
| Option 4 K _L a Q170 Question/ Options For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Option 2 Torispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Options A mechanical seal is used for Option 1 Q171 Question/ Option 2 A mechanical seal is used for Option 3 Q171 Question/ Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 2 Option 3 used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | | Option 2 | aeration rate |
| Q170 Question/ Options For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Option 2 Torispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Options A mechanical seal is used for Option 1 Q171 Question/ Option 2 A mechanical seal is used for Option 3 Q171 Question/ Option 3 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 1 pipelines handling large around moving parts. Option 3 used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | | Option 3 | tip velocity |
| Options which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Option 2 Torispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Options A mechanical seal is used for Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 2 prevention of fluid leakage around moving parts. Option 3 used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | | Option 4 | K _L a |
| Options which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? Option 1 Hemispherical Option 2 Torispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Options A mechanical seal is used for Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 2 prevention of fluid leakage around moving parts. Option 3 used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | | | |
| Option 1 Hemispherical Option 2 Torispherical Option 3 Ellipsoidal Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Options Q171 Question/ Options Pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 2 prevention of fluid leakage around moving parts. Option 3 used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | Q170 | Question/ | For a given thickness of the head closing the end of cylindrical vessel, |
| Option 2TorisphericalOption 3EllipsoidalOption 4Flat plateQ171Question/ OptionsA mechanical seal is used for OptionsOption 1pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 2Option 2prevention of fluid leakage around moving parts. Option 3Option 3used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | | Options | which of the following can withstand the highest pressure ? |
| Option 3EllipsoidalOption 4Flat plateQ171Question/ OptionsA mechanical seal is used for OptionsOption 1pipelines handling large pressure drops.Option 2prevention of fluid leakage around moving parts. Option 3Option 3used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | | Option 1 | |
| Option 4 Flat plate Q171 Question/ Options A mechanical seal is used for Options Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 2 prevention of fluid leakage around moving parts. Option 3 used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | | Option 2 | Torispherical |
| Q171 Question/ Options A mechanical seal is used for Options Option 1 pipelines handling large pressure drops. Option 2 prevention of fluid leakage around moving parts. Option 3 used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | | Option 3 | Ellipsoidal |
| OptionsOption 1Option 2Option 3Used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | | Option 4 | Flat plate |
| OptionsOption 1Option 2Option 3Used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | | | |
| Option 1pipelines handling large pressure drops.Option 2prevention of fluid leakage around moving parts.Option 3used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | Q171 | Question/ | A mechanical seal is used for |
| Option 2prevention of fluid leakage around moving parts.Option 3used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | | Options | |
| Option 2prevention of fluid leakage around moving parts.Option 3used in machinery to prevent leakage of current | | Option 1 | pipelines handling large pressure drops. |
| | | Option 2 | |
| | | Option 3 | used in machinery to prevent leakage of current |
| | | | |
| | | | |





| Q172 | Question/ Options | Which of the following elements is not included in the scope of market analysis ? |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Competition from other manufactures. |
| | Option 2 | Product distribution. |
| | Option 3 | Opportunities |
| | Option 4 | Economics |

| Q173 | Question/ | "Break-even point" is the point of intersection of |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | fixed cost and total cost. |
| | Option 2 | total cost and sales revenue. |
| | Option 3 | fixed cost and sales revenue. |
| | Option 4 | fixed cost and variable cost |
| | | |

| Q174 | Question/ | Fumaric acid is produced from Malic acid using Fumarase. Calculate |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | standard heat of reaction for the following transformation: |
| | | $C_4H_6O_5 \rightarrow C_4H_4O_4 + H_2O$ |
| | | Given: (Δhc°) malic acid= -1328.8 kJ/gmol |
| | | (Δhc°) Fumaric acid= -1334.0 kJ/gmol |
| | Option 1 | -8.2kJ /gmol |
| | Option 2 | 8.2 kJ/gmol |
| | Option 3 | 5.2 kJ /gmol |
| | Option 4 | -5.2 kJ/gmol |
| | | |

| Q175 | Question/ | Air at 104.2 kPa at 37°C with a relative humidity of 60% is cooled at |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | the same pressure to 29°C. The cooled air has a higher |
| | Option 1 | dew point. |
| | Option 2 | absolute humidity. |
| | Option 3 | relative humidity |
| | Option 4 | wet bulb temperature. |

| Q176 | Question/ Options | An enzyme having Km values of 2.5×10^{-5} M and 2.5×10^{-7} M for the substrates S1 and S2, respectively, is added to a solution consisting of 100 nano moles of both S1 and S2. Which of the following statement is correct? |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Most of the active sites of the enzyme will be occupied by S1 |
| | Option 2 | Most of the active sites of the enzyme will be occupied by S2 |
| | Option 3 | The active sites of the enzyme will be occupied equally by S1 & S2 |
| | Option 4 | Occupation of active sites has no relation to the value of Km |





Option 4

Cellulose

| Q177 | Question/ | Which of the following only permits uni-directional fluid flow? |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Gate valve |
| | Option 2 | Butterfly valve |
| | Option 3 | Globe valve |
| | Option 4 | Ball valve |
| | | |
| Q178 | Question/ | The internal temperature in the refrigerator is 280 K and the external |
| | Options | temperature is 300K. The theoretical maximum value of coefficient of |
| | | performance is |
| | Option 1 | 0.933 |
| | Option 2 | 1.071 |
| | Option 3 | 14 |
| | Option 4 | 25 |
| | | |
| Q179 | Question/ | Concentrated feeding in a Fed batch system is used to get |
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Higher product concentration in the reactor |
| | Option 2 | Higher product yield/unit substrate |
| | Option 3 | Higher product yield/unit cell mass |
| | Option 4 | Reduced by product formation |
| | | |
| Q180 | Question/ | A digestible linear polysaccharide abundantly found in cereals having |
| | Options | α -1,4 linkages in its structure is |
| | Option 1 | Pectin |
| | Option 2 | Amylopectin |
| | Option 3 | Amylose |
| | Option 4 | Inulin |
| | | |
| Q181 | Question/ | A prominent prebiotic substance is: |
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Starch |
| | Option 2 | Pectin |
| | Option 3 | Fructo oligosaccharide |
| | | |





| Q182 | Question/ | Considering the importance of moisture content of food in promoting |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | microbial growth, which one of the following statements is true |
| | Option 1 | Gram negative bacteria are more sensitive to low a _w values than Gram |
| | | positive bacteria |
| | Option 2 | Gram positive bacteria are more sensitive to low a _w values than Gram |
| | | negative bacteria |
| | Option 3 | Both are equally sensitive to low a _w values |
| | Option 4 | Both are unaffected by a _w values |

| Optionsdepends on theOption 1Number of cyclesOption 2Pressure drop across the homogenizerOption 3Both on the number of cycles and pressure dropOption 4Termeenture | Q183 | The rate of cell disintegration in high pressure homogenizer primarily | |
|--|------|--|--|
| Option 2Pressure drop across the homogenizerOption 3Both on the number of cycles and pressure drop | | Options | depends on the |
| Option 3 Both on the number of cycles and pressure drop | | Option 1 | Number of cycles |
| | | Option 2 | Pressure drop across the homogenizer |
| Option 4 Townships | | Option 3 | Both on the number of cycles and pressure drop |
| Option 4 Temperature | | Option 4 | Temperature |

| Q184 | Question/ | Which one of the following statements is FALSE? |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | For incompressible cakes, resistance in the cake is assumed to be |
| | | directly proportional to the amount of cake deposited |
| | Option 2 | For constant pressure filtration with compressible cake, the specific |
| | | cake resistance is constant |
| | Option 3 | Compared to the cake resistance, the filter membrane resistance is |
| | | usually negligible for broth filtration. |
| | Option 4 | The mass of cake deposited per unit area is a function of time in batch |
| | | operation and concentration of solids in the broth |

| Q185 | Question/ Options | In a counter current single pass heat exchanger, cooling water enter at 0° C and leaves at 20°C. Hot water enters from the other side at 60°C at a flow rate which is half of the cooling water flow rate. Assuming there is no heat loss, what is the Log Mean Temperature Difference? |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | 20.7 |
| | Option 2 | 30.2 |
| | Option 3 | 34.8 |
| | Option 4 | 40.4 |

| Q186 | Question/ | The Pyramidal neurons in the cerebral cortex are found in |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Layer V & VI |
| | Option 2 | Layer II & IV |
| | Option 3 | Layer III & V |
| | Option 4 | Layer III & VI |





| Q187 | Question/ Options | Which one of the following types of glial cells participate in the re- uptake mechanism of neurotransmitter from the synaptic cleft? |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Microglia |
| | Option 2 | Oligodendroglia |
| | Option 3 | Radial Glia |
| | Option 4 | Astroglia |

| Q188 | Question/ | Cerebrospinal fluid is produced by |
|------|-----------|------------------------------------|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Astrocytes and ependymal cells |
| | Option 2 | Chroid plexus and ependymal cells |
| | Option 3 | Radial glial cells |
| | Option 4 | Spinal cord |

| Q189 | Question/ | Saccadic eye movement |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Shifts fovea rapidly to a new visual target |
| | Option 2 | Keeps the image of the moving target on the foves |
| | Option 3 | Moves the eyes in opposite direction to position the image on both |
| | | fovea |
| | Option 4 | Holds image stationary during head rotation or transfer |

| Q190 | Question/ | Which part of the brain integrates autonomic, endocrine and behavioral |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | responses? |
| | Option 1 | cerebellum |
| | Option 2 | brain stem |
| | Option 3 | hypothalamus |
| | Option 4 | cerebrum |

| Q191 | Question/ | The patterning of the nervous system along the anterior-posterior axis |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | in embryo is controlled by |
| | Option 1 | Pax genes |
| | Option 2 | Hox genes |
| | Option 3 | Segment polarity genes |
| | Option 4 | Pair rule genes |

| Q192 | Question/ | All the neurons in the basal ganglionic nuclei are inhibitory except in |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Globus pallidus external segment |
| | Option 2 | Globus pallidus internal segment |
| | Option 3 | Sub-thalamic nucleus |
| | Option 4 | Lentiform nucleus |





| Q193 | Question/ | Tay–Sachs disease is due to a defect in the enzyme |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | and as its substrate: |
| | Option 1 | GM2-ganglioside (and) Hexosaminidase A |
| | Option 2 | GM2-ganglioside, asialo-GM2-ganglioside, globoside (and) |
| | | Hexosaminidases A and B |
| | Option 3 | Glucosylceramidase (and) Glucosylceramide |
| | Option 4 | GM2-ganglioside (and) Hexosaminidase A and B |

| Q194 | Question/ | Which one of the following causes stunted growth and severe fasting |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | hypoglycemia with ketonuria? |
| | Option 1 | Glycogen synthetase deficiency |
| | Option 2 | Phosphoglycerate kinase deficiency |
| | Option 3 | pyruvate-carboxylase deficiency |
| | Option 4 | protein malnutrition |

| Q195 | Question/ | Which one of the following techniques is of highest resolution for |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | detection of chromosomal alterations? |
| | Option 1 | PCR |
| | Option 2 | CGH |
| | Option 3 | G-banding |
| | Option 4 | C-banding |
| | | |

| Q196 | Question/ Options | E. coli bacteria are beneficial to humans because they |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | Convert pepsinogen to pepsin |
| | Option 2 | Produce vitamins and amino acids |
| | Option 3 | Absorb water from the large intestine |
| | Option 4 | Synthesize urea from the breakdown of amino acids |

| Q197 | Question/ | Which of the following reporters can be used for magnetic resonance |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | imaging? |
| | Option 1 | Luciferase |
| | Option 2 | Herpes Simplex Virus-1 thymidine kinase |
| | Option 3 | Green fluorescence protein (GFP) |
| | Option 4 | Transferrin receptor. |





| Q198 | Question/ | Which one of the following statements forms the basis for the increased |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | circulatory life time for a sialylated recombinant therapeutic protein? |
| | Option 1 | Increased molecular size due to post translational modification reduces |
| | | the movement of the glycoproteins |
| | Option 2 | Sialic acid terminated glycans are not recognized by asialoglycoprotein |
| | | receptors of hepatocytes |
| | Option 3 | Sialylation increases the structural stability of the glycoprotein |
| | Option 4 | Sialylation blocks the enzyme cleavage sites of the glycoprotein |

| Q199 | Question/ Options | Which one of the following plays a role in changing the antigen binding site of a B cell after antigenic stimulation? |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | Junctional diversity |
| | Option 2 | Combinatorial diversity |
| | Option 3 | Germline diversity |
| | Option 4 | Somatic hypermutation |

| Q200 | Question/ | Rostral is an anatomical term meaning towards the |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Nose |
| | Option 2 | Forehead |
| | Option 3 | Chest |
| | Option 4 | Foot |
| | | |

| Q201 | Question/ Options | Phlebitis is the inflammation of |
|------|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Option 1 | Lung |
| | Option 2 | Vein |
| | Option 3 | Liver |
| | Option 4 | Lip |

| Q202 | Question/ | Mucosal immunity is preferentially stimulated if an immunogen is |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | administered |
| | Option 1 | Intravenously |
| | Option 2 | Intramuscularly |
| | Option 3 | Intradermally |
| | Option 4 | Orally |





| Q203 | Question/ Options | An example of lysogeny in animals could be |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | Slow viral infections |
| | Option 2 | Latent viral infections |
| | Option 3 | T-even bacteriophages |
| | Option 4 | Infections resulting in cell death |

| Q204 | Question/ | Which one of the following is the earliest site of hematopoiesis in the |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | embryo? |
| | Option 1 | Bone Marrow |
| | Option 2 | Liver |
| | Option 3 | Yolk Sac |
| | Option 4 | Thymus |
| | | |

| Q205 | Question/ | Which one of the following viruses contains single stranded DNA as |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | the genome? |
| | Option 1 | Parvo virus |
| | Option 2 | Herpes virus |
| | Option 3 | Adeno virus |
| | Option 4 | Pox virus |
| - | | |

| Q206 | Question/ | Which of the following is TRUE regarding the drugs that affect the |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | stability of microtubules used in cancer chemotherapy |
| | Option 1 | Immune system is detatched from functioning |
| | Option 2 | They prevent chromatin condensation |
| | Option 3 | They interfere with mitosis. |
| | Option 4 | They stop the movement of cancer cells into other tissues |

| Q207 | Question/ | Therapies of lysosomal and peroxisomal disorders that have shown |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | success in clinical trials with enzyme replacement therapy exclude: |
| | Option 1 | Gaucher's disease type I |
| | Option 2 | Fabry's disease |
| | Option 3 | Pompe's disease |
| | Option 4 | Refsum's disease |





| Q208 | Question/ | Lysosomes are thought to play an important role in which of the |
|--------------|-----------|---|
| ~- 00 | Options | following processes? |
| | Option 1 | Class I MHC-restricted antigen presentation, |
| | Option 2 | Class II MHC-restricted antigen presentation, |
| | Option 3 | T cell receptor alpha chain rearrangement, |
| | Option 4 | T cell receptor beta chain rearrangement |
| | -F | |
| Q209 | Question/ | COFAL test is used for the diagnosis of |
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | equine infectious anemia |
| | Option 2 | human immunodeficiency virus |
| | Option 3 | avian leukosis |
| | Option 4 | bovine leukosis |
| | • • | |
| Q210 | Question/ | Which one of the following animals has a cheek pouch in their mouth |
| - | Options | and used as an animal model for studying oral cancer? |
| | Option 1 | Guinea pig |
| | Option 2 | Hamster |
| | Option 3 | Swiss mice |
| | Option 4 | Wistar rat |
| | | |
| Q211 | Question/ | Which one of the following protozoan is transmitted by ingestion of |
| | Options | ticks? |
| | Option 1 | Haemoproteus columbae |
| | Option 2 | Ehrlichia canis |
| | Option 3 | Hepatozoon canis |
| | Option 4 | Histomonas meleagridis |

| Q212 | Question/ | The demyelination of the central nervous system white matter produced |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | by the canine distemper virus is an example of: |
| | Option 1 | Fat necrosis |
| | Option 2 | Coagulation necrosis |
| | Option 3 | Zenker's necrosis |
| | Option 4 | Liquefactive necrosis |

| Q213 | Question/ | Which one of the following clinical conditions does not have exudates? |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Pus |
| | Option 2 | Catarrhal inflammation |
| | Option 3 | Serous inflammation |
| | Option 4 | Granulomatous inflammation |





| Q214 | Question/ | BioSteel is a trademark name for a high-strength based fiber material |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | which was made from the recombinant spider silk-like protein extracted |
| | | from the milk of transgenic |
| | Option 1 | Goats |
| | Option 2 | Sheep |
| | Option 3 | Cow |
| | Option 4 | Buffalo |
| | | |
| Q215 | Question/ | Which of the following protozoan parasites replicates inside a non |
| | Options | nucleated human cell |
| | Option 1 | Entamoeba |
| | Option 2 | Leishmania |
| | Option 3 | Trypanosoma |
| | Option 4 | Plasmodium 🦲 |
| | | |

| Q216 | Question/ Options | Hypophysation refers to |
|------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Option 1 | Injection of growth hormone |
| | Option 2 | Injection of gonadotropins |
| | Option 3 | Injection of pituitary gland extract |
| | Option 4 | Injection of leutinizing hormone |

| Q217 | Question/ Options | The term "Mitotic gynogen" refers to |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | A fish that has only a female parent whose diploidy status is restored by |
| | | preventing the first mitosis of oocytes. |
| | Option 2 | A fish that has only a male parent whose diploidy status is restored by |
| | | preventing the first mitosis of oocytes. |
| | Option 3 | A fish that has only a female parent whose diploidy status is restored by |
| | | preventing the first meiosis of oocytes. |
| | Option 4 | A fish that has only a male parent whose diploidy status is restored by |
| | | preventing the first meiosis of oocytes. |

| Q218 | Question/ | In animal cell culture, CO2 incubator is used for maintaining open |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | culture system. What is the function of CO2? |
| | Option 1 | It serves as a Carbon source to the cells. |
| | Option 2 | It maintains the temperature via green house effect |
| | Option 3 | It dissolves in the medium and generates carbonic acid and regulates |
| | | the pH to neutrality |
| | Option 4 | It dissolves in the medium and generates carbonic acid and regulates |
| | | the pH to alkaline side. |





Option 4

Section - B

| Q219 | Question/ | Which one of the following is a fish cell line? |
|------|--------------|--|
| L L | Options | |
| | Option 1 | VERO |
| | Option 2 | HeLa |
| | Option 3 | RTG -2 |
| | Option 4 | HepG2 |
| | · · | |
| Q220 | Question/ | Photosynthetic sulphur bacteria get hydrogen ions for CO2 reduction |
| | Options | from |
| | Option 1 | Water |
| | Option 2 | Hydrogen sulphide |
| | Option 3 | Molecular hydrogen |
| | Option 4 | Hydrogen peroxide |
| | | |
| Q221 | Question/ | White spot syndrome virus is transmitted |
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Vertically |
| | Option 2 | Horizontally |
| | Option 3 | Both vertically and horizontally |
| | Option 4 | Through a vector |
| | | |
| Q222 | Question/ | Ziconotide, a synthetic bioactive peptide originally isolated from the |
| | Options | marine snail Conus magus is used as an |
| | Option 1 | Analgesic agent |
| | Option 2 | Anticancer agent |
| | Option 3 | Antiviral agent |
| | A 1 1 | |

| Q223 | Question/ | Which of the following is a bioluminescent bacterium? |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Vibrio harveyi |
| | Option 2 | Vibrio parahaemolyticus |
| | Option 3 | Vibrio choleara |
| | Option 4 | Vibrio splendidus |

Anti inflammatory agent

| Q224 | Question/ | The site of production of Gonad Inhibiting Hormone (GIH) in |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | crustaceans is |
| | Option 1 | Thoracic ganglion |
| | Option 2 | X-organ |
| | Option 3 | Hepatopancreas |
| | Option 4 | Y-organ |





| Q225 | Question/ Options | In bony fishes, Immunoglobulin IgM is secreted as a |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Monomer |
| | Option 2 | Dimer |
| | Option 3 | Tetramer |
| | Option 4 | Pentamer |

| Q226 | Question/ | Which one of the following electron acceptors used by the bacteria is |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | mainly responsible for microbial induction of marine corrosion? |
| | Option 1 | O_2 |
| | Option 2 | NO ₃ ⁻ |
| | Option 3 | SO_4^{2-} |
| | Option 4 | CO_2 |
| | | |

| Q227 | Question/ | Which one of the following methods is used to identify the sites in a |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | genome that are occupied in vivo by a gene regulatory protein? |
| | Option 1 | Chromatin immunoprecipitation (ChIP) |
| | Option 2 | Gel mobility shift assay |
| | Option 3 | Methylation interference assay |
| | Option 4 | Phage display library |

| Q228 | Question/ | The class of immunoglobulin found in fish is |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | IgD |
| | Option 2 | IgA |
| | Option 3 | IgM |
| | Option 4 | IgG |

| Q229 | Question/ | Besides nitrogen fixation the heterocysts of cyanobacteria also |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | contribute to |
| | Option 1 | Photosynthesis and ATP production |
| | Option 2 | The functioning of photosystem II |
| | Option 3 | ATP production |
| | Option 4 | Generation of oxygen |

| Q230 | Question/ | The enzyme involved in hydrogen production from biophotolysis in |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | green algae is |
| | Option 1 | Nitrogenase |
| | Option 2 | Fe-Fe hydrogenase |
| | Option 3 | Ni-Fe hydorgenase |
| | Option 4 | Both Ni-Fe and Fe-Fe hydrogenases |





| Q231 | Question/ Options | The compound used for the preferential removal of diatoms from microalgal cultures is |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Penicillin |
| | Option 2 | Copper sulfate |
| | Option 3 | Germanium dioxide |
| | Option 4 | Potassium tellurite |

| Q232 | Question/ Options | The overall reaction for microbial conversion of glucose to L-glutamic acid is: $C_6H_{12}O_6 + NH_3 + 3/2O_2 \rightarrow C_5H_9NO_4 + CO_2 + 3H_20.$ (glucose)(glutamic acid)What mass of oxygen is required to produce 49 g glutamic acid?Molecular weight of glutamic acid=147 |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | 16 g |
| | Option 2 | 8.15 g |
| | Option 3 | 10.45g |
| | Option 4 | 20 g |
| | | |

| Q233 | Question/ | Which one of the following databases allows users to search marine |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | species datasets from all of the world's oceans? |
| | Option 1 | KEGG |
| | Option 2 | OBIS |
| | Option 3 | PDB |
| | Option 4 | Uniprot |

| Q234 | Question/ Options | N2 fixation requires large amounts of energy, since there is high activation energy for breaking the triple bond of the N ₂ . If so, how many molecules of ATP are required for reducing one molecule of nitrogen? |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | 12 |
| | Option 2 | 18 |
| | Option 3 | 16 |
| | Option 4 | 24 |





| Q235 | Question/ Options | Marine environment has abundance of osmotrophs. Osmotrophs are defined as organisms which obtains nutrients and energy via passive or active transport of |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Low molecular weight substrates across cell membrane |
| | Option 2 | High molecular weight substrates across cell membrane |
| | Option 3 | Dissolved organic matter across cell membrane |
| | Option 4 | Particulate organic matter across cell membrane |

| Q236 | Question/ | Most endangered species are victims of |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | greenhouse warming. |
| | Option 2 | habitat destruction. |
| | Option 3 | overhunting. |
| | Option 4 | competition with introduced species |

| Q237 | Question/ Options | The Ozone layer saves from lethal UV. It mainly absorbs- |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | UV-A |
| | Option 2 | UV-B |
| | Option 3 | UV-A & B |
| | Option 4 | UV-A & C |

| Q238 | Question/ Options | Total energy available for work at equilibrium is termed as |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | Free energy |
| | Option 2 | Entropy |
| | Option 3 | Activation energy |
| | Option 4 | Enthalpy |

| Q239 | Question/ | Global warming is due to: |
|------|-----------|---------------------------|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Absorption of UV by Ozone |
| | Option 2 | Absorption of IR by CO2 |
| | Option 3 | Absorption of IR by ozone |
| | Option 4 | Absorption of UV by CO2 |

| Q240 | Question/ | In a pond ecosystem, net productivity by zooplankton is 'p' and biomass |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | consumed by small fishes is 'c', then the ratio of c/p is termed as |
| | Option 1 | Assimilation efficiency |
| | Option 2 | Net secondary productivity |
| | Option 3 | Consumption efficiency |
| | Option 4 | Conversion efficiency |





| Q241 | Question/ Options | Two species or populations are competing for the exact same resources, and one will eventually exclude the other. What is the technical term for this? |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | Predation |
| | Option 2 | Competitive exclusion |
| | Option 3 | Coevolution |
| | Option 4 | Mutualism |

| Q242 | Question/ | Which of the following processes is most capable of slowing global |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | warming? |
| | Option 1 | Decomposition |
| | Option 2 | Respiration |
| | Option 3 | Photosynthesis |
| | Option 4 | Chemosynthesis |

| Q243 | Question/ Options | Ecosytem is mainly concerned with |
|------|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Option 1 | energy flow and nutrient recycling |
| | Option 2 | Population |
| | Option 3 | Community |
| | Option 4 | Species |

| Q244 | Question/ | An organism with the ability to withstand changes to biotic and abiotic |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | environmental factors is said to have |
| | Option 1 | Tolerance |
| | Option 2 | a pioneer community |
| | Option 3 | limiting factors |
| | Option 4 | secondary succession |

| Q245 | Question/ Options | An undersea volcano in the Hawaiian Islands chain erupts, forming a new island in the Pacific Ocean. Over the course of time, which of these would most likely be the first species to survive on the new island? |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | Lichens |
| | Option 2 | Grasses |
| | Option 3 | Mammals |
| | Option 4 | Birds |





| Q246 | Question/ Options | A certain membrane protein is known to contain a single membrane spanning α -helix of length 72 amino acids. A scientist makes deletion mutants of this protein by reducing the length of this α -helix. What would be the minimum length of the α -helix that will still keep the membrane protein active? |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | 18 |
| | Option 2 | 36 |
| | Option 3 | 72 |
| | Option 4 | 64 |

| Q247 | Question/ Options | A compound X inhibits an enzyme A competitively. A small concentration of X increases the enzyme's activity while higher concentration inhibits the activity significantly. This indicates that the enzyme |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | Is allosteric |
| | Option 2 | Is made up of more than one subunit |
| | Option 3 | Contains disulfide bonds |
| | Option 4 | Is a hetero-oligomer |
| | · - | |

| Q248 | Question/ | It is observed that in a multiple sequence alignment of homologous |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | proteins, there is an absolutely conserved Glycine residue at a particular |
| | | position. Crystal structure analysis of a representative protein shows |
| | | that the Φ and Ψ angles of this residue occurs in the bottom right |
| | | quadrant of the Ramachandran map. What is the evolutionary basis of |
| | | conservation of this Glycine residue? |
| | Option 1 | No other amino acid can occupy this position in the Ramachandran |
| | | map and hence mutation at this position can be structurally |
| | | destabilizing |
| | Option 2 | Change of Gly into any other amino acid, changes the chirality of the |
| | | enzyme, which can functionally deleterious |
| | Option 3 | Gly does not prefer any particular secondary structure, and change into |
| | | any other amino acid will change the overall secondary structure of the |
| | | enzyme |
| | Option 4 | Replacement of Gly by any other amino acid changes the overall |
| | | charge of the protein |

| Q249 | Question/ | Which of the following terms will have to be taken into consideration |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | for developing a potential function for docking simulation? |
| | Option 1 | hydrogen bonding, van der Waal's and electrostatic interaction terms |
| | Option 2 | Bond, angle and dihedral terms |
| | Option 3 | Dihedral and hydrogen bonding terms |
| | Option 4 | Bond, angle and hydrogen bonding terms |





| Section | - | B |
|---------|---|---|
| | | |

| Q250 | Question/ | You are interested in a particular enzyme that is expressed in various |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | human tissues. You have isolated the protein from the brain, liver and |
| | | kidneys. After a lot of experimentation you determine that the liver |
| | | protein has three domains A, B and C occurring in sequential order. |
| | | Domain B is the catalytic domain and the other two have regulatory |
| | | function. The kidney protein has only domains A and B in that order |
| | | and the brain protein has domains B and C. You then proceed to |
| | | determine the primary structure of the proteins using chemical methods |
| | | and find that the amino acid sequence of the three domains are |
| | | completely identical regardless of the source from which they were |
| | | isolated. You then ask the question whether the three different proteins |
| | | have all originated from the same gene by means of alternative |
| | | splicing, or they could be products of different genes. Having the |
| | | experimentally determined protein sequences and knowing the |
| | | |
| | | sequence of the human genome, which one of the following |
| | | bioinformatic method you will use to answer the question above. |
| | Option 1 | TBLASTN using the protein sequence as query and the human genome |
| | | sequence as database. |
| | Option 2 | TBLASTX using the protein sequence as query and the human genome |
| | | sequence as database. |
| | Option 3 | BLASTN using the protein sequence as query and the human genome |
| | | sequence as reference. |
| | Option 4 | BLASTP using the protein sequence as query and the human genome |
| | | sequence as reference. |
| | | |

| Q251 | Question/ | When p and q are lengths of sequences, the computational complexity |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | of the Needleman and Wunsch algorithm is |
| | Option 1 | O(pq) |
| | Option 2 | O(p+q) |
| | Option 3 | O (q log p) |
| | Option 4 | $O(p^q)$ |





| Q252 | Question/ Options | Given the following Table of joint and marginal probabilities: A1 A2 B1 0.24 0.06 B2 0.21 0.49 What is the value of P(B2 A1)? |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | 0.467 |
| | Option 2 | 0.533 |
| | Option 3 | 0 |
| | Option 4 | 1 |

| Q253 | Question/ Options | In the following figure, identify the parallel and anti-parallel β-strands in a protein structure |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | Residues 30-40 in anti-parallel beta strands and residues 50-60 in parallel beta strands |
| | Option 2 | Residues 30-40 in parallel beta strands and residues 50-60 in anti- paralle beta strands |
| | Option 3 | Residues 10-20 in parallel beta strands and residues 30-40 in anti- parallel beta strands |
| | Option 4 | Residues 10-20 in anti-parallel beta strands and residues 30-40 in parallel beta strands |





| Q254 | Question/ Options | The E. coli ribosomal release factor gene has an in-frame stop codon in the middle of the protein coding sequence. Mutating the stop codon in this gene makes the protein non-functional. Which one of the following is an adequate explanation for this observation? |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | When the intracellular concentration of this protein is low, ribosomes jump over the stop codon and synthesize the full length protein. When it is high, the protein itself facilitates release of its mRNA from the ribosomes at the stop codon |
| | Option 2 | The gene is a pseudo gene |
| | Option 3 | In this case, the stop codon is not a real stop codon, but codes for an unnatural amino acid essential for the function of the protein |
| | Option 4 | The stop codon is involved in secondary structure of the mRNA |

| Q255 | Question/ | A protein has three domains P, Q, and R, whereas another protein has |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | three domains R, S and Q in that order. The preferred alignment |
| | | algorithm for these two proteins will be |
| | Option 1 | Local alignment |
| | Option 2 | Global alignment |
| | Option 3 | Both algorithms will give the same results |
| | Option 4 | None of the methods are suitable in this case |

| Q256 | Question/ | PAM120, PAM80 and PAM60 scoring matrices are most suitable for |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | aligning sequences with |
| | Option 1 | 40%, 50% and 60% similarity respectively |
| | Option 2 | 60%, 50% and 40% similarity respectively |
| | Option 3 | 60%, 40% and 50% similarity respectively |
| | Option 4 | The usefulness of PAM matrices have no relationship with similarities |
| | | of sequences to be aligned |

| Q257 | Question/ Options | Which of the following descriptors would be a suitable set for QSAR analysis? |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | logP, molecular volume, Hammet σ and π constants, molar refractivity, polar surface area |
| | Option 2 | logP, number of synthetic steps, polar surface area, molar refractivity |
| | Option 3 | logP, number of nitrogen atoms, Hammet σ and π constants, molar refractivity, polar surface area |
| | Option 4 | molecular weight, molecular volume, molecular surface area. |





| Q258 | Question/ Options | A closed circular plasmid of length 5000 base pairs is completely relaxed in aqueous buffer. If the plasmid is put in 80% ethanol so that it |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | options | transforms to A-form DNA, what will be the status of its superhelicity? |
| | Option 1 | It will become positively supercoiled |
| | Option 2 | It will become negatively supercoiled |
| | Option 3 | It will remain relaxed without any change in supercoiling. |
| | Option 4 | Exactly half the molecules will become positively supercoiled and the |
| | | other half will become negatively supercoiled, so that there is no net |
| | | change in supercoiling. |

| Q259 | Question/ | How many edges meet at every branch node in a phylogenetic tree? |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | 1 |
| | Option 2 | 2 |
| | Option 3 | 3 |
| | Option 4 | 4 |
| | · - | |

| Q260 | Question/ | Which one of the following proteins can be used as a template for |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | structure prediction by homology modelling? |
| | Option 1 | pdb 1TLH B: Identities = 39/66 (59%), Positives = 51/66 (77%), |
| | | Expect = $3e-16$ |
| | Option 2 | pdb 1DQL H: Identities = 9/15 (60%), Positives = 12/15 (80%), Expect |
| | | = 9.9 |
| | Option 3 | pdb/1L9U/H:Identities = 173/333(51%), Positives = 233/333(69%), |
| | | Expect = 2e-89 |
| | Option 4 | pdb 1RP3 A: Identities = 56/206 (27%), Positives = 98/206 (47%), |
| | | Expect = 2e-05 |

| Q261 | Question/ | In a pairwise alignment, an optimal alignment is the one that |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | either minimizes the implied number of evolutionary changes or |
| | | minimizes a particular scoring function. |
| | Option 2 | either maximizes the implied number of evolutionary changes or |
| | | minimizes a particular scoring function. |
| | Option 3 | either minimizes the implied number of evolutionary changes or |
| | | maximizes a particular scoring function. |
| | Option 4 | either maximizes the implied number of evolutionary changes or |
| | | maximizes a particular scoring function. |





| Q262 | Question/ Options | Which one of the following correctly specifies the order of helices according to their radius? |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | pi helix>alpha helix>3 ₁₀ helix |
| | Option 2 | 3 ₁₀ helix>alpha helix>pi helix |
| | Option 3 | 3 ₁₀ helix>pihelix>alpha helix |
| | Option 4 | alpha helix> 3 ₁₀ helix> pi helix |

| Q263 | Question/ | In protein sequence analysis, Twilight zone refers to the evolutionary |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | distance corresponding to about |
| | Option 1 | 60% identity between two proteins |
| | Option 2 | 90% identity between two proteins |
| | Option 3 | 30% identity between two proteins |
| | Option 4 | 85% identity between two proteins |
| | | |

| Q264 | Question/ | The double-helical structure of DNA was first obtained using |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | |
| | Option 1 | Fiber diffraction only |
| | Option 2 | Fiber diffraction and molecular modeling |
| | Option 3 | X-ray diffraction from single crystals |
| | Option 4 | Diffraction from single crystals and molecular modeling |
| | | |

| Q265 | Question/ | Molecular dynamics differs from molecular mechanics by taking |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | account of the |
| | Option 1 | velocities of the constituent particles |
| | Option 2 | effect of the solvent medium |
| | Option 3 | non-bonded interactions |
| | Option 4 | periodic boundary condition |

| Q266 | Question/ | An organism has 10 pairs of chromosomes. If all the genes in this |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | organism were mapped how many linkage groups would be observed? |
| | Option 1 | 10 |
| | Option 2 | 20 |
| | Option 3 | 40 |
| | Option 4 | Cannot be predicted |

| Q267 | Question/ | In a genetic map two genes A and B are 60 cM apart. If an individual |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | heterozygous for the two genes (AaBb) is test-crossed, what percentage |
| | | of the progeny will have the genotype aabb? |
| | Option 1 | 60 |
| | Option 2 | 30 |
| | Option 3 | 25 |
| | Option 4 | 12.5 |





| Q268 | Question/ Options | The following can be used as DNA markers: a. Restriction Fragment Length Polymorphism b. Amplified Fragment Length Polymorphism c. Randomly Amplified Polymorphic DNA d. Microsatellites. Which of the above can be used to distinguish a heterozygote from a homozygote. |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | (a) and (c) |
| | Option 2 | (b) and (c) |
| | Option 3 | (b) and (d) |
| | Option 4 | (a) and (d) |

| Options Recombination c. Translocation d. Transition. | | The following events lead to changes in the DNA: a. Inversion b. Recombination c. Translocation d. Transition. Which of the above can lead to changes in the linkage map of an |
|---|----------|--|
| | | organism? |
| | Option 1 | Only (b) |
| | Option 2 | (a) and (c) |
| | Option 3 | (b) and (d) |
| | Option 4 | (a), (b) and (c) |
| | | |

| Q270 | Question/ | The following are terms which are used to describe sequence identities |
|------|-----------|--|
| | Options | a. Homolo <mark>gs b. Paralogs c. Or</mark> thologs d. Analogs. |
| | _ | Which of the above can be used to describe the relationship between a |
| | | myoglobin gene from human and that from a mouse? |
| | Option 1 | Only (b) |
| | Option 2 | Only (c) |
| | Option 3 | (a) and (b) |
| | Option 4 | (a) and (c) |

| Q271 | Question/ | To make a linkage map in Drosophila, a three-point test cross was |
|------|-----------|---|
| | Options | carried out. The parental cross was between homozygous flies of |
| | | genotype a+c and +b+. The double crossovers obtained after the test |
| | | cross had the genotype a++ and +cb. What is the order of the three |
| | | genes? |
| | Option 1 | c a b |
| | Option 2 | abc |
| | Option 3 | acb |
| | Option 4 | a b c or a c b |





| Q272 | Question/ Options | Mouse-human somatic cell hybridization led to a number of cell clones in which all mouse chromosomes are present, but only certain human chromosomes are retained. The results are summarized below. The table indicates three such clones. '+' indicates presence of human chromosomes and '-' for those that are absent. All other human chromosomes are absent. | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|----------------------|---|-----------------|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------|--|
| | | | Hybrid clone | Human chromosomes | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | |
| | | | A | + | + | + | + | - | - | - | - | |
| | | | В | + | + | - | - | + | + | - | - | |
| | | | С | + | - | + | - | + | | + | - | |
| | | If an enzyme activity was present only in clone C, the allele encoding the enzyme is present on chromosome | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Option 1 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Option 2 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Option 3 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Option 4 | 7 | | | | | | | | | | |

| Q273 | Question/ Options | The following pedigree shows the inheritance of an autosomal recessive trait What is the probability that a child (C) born to individuals A and B will show the trait? $\underbrace{\bullet}_{A} \underbrace{\bullet}_{B} \underbrace{\bullet}_{C}$ |
|------|----------------------|---|
| | Option 1 | 1/2 |
| | Option 2 | 1/4 |
| | Option 3 | 1/9 |
| | Option 4 | 1/16 |





| Q274 | Question/ Options | Assume a population in Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium for alleles at an autosomal recessive disease locus. The frequency of mutant allele 'q' is 1/50. The fraction of the population representing carriers of the disease is closest to |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | Option 1 | $(1/50)^2$ |
| | Option 2 | 1/25 |
| | Option 3 | (1/25)2 |
| | Option 4 | 1/50 |

| Q275 | Question/ Options | A subset of informative SNPs that may be used as good representative of the rest of the SNPs is called as tag-SNPS. The following is a set of SNPs representing four haplotypes. Of the four shaded SNPs (a to d) which of the following combinations can be used as a tag-SNP for the four haplotypes? |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | | 1. CTCAAAGTACGGTTCAGGC 2. TTGATTGCGCAACAGTAAT |
| | | 3. CCCGATCTGTGATACTGGT 4. TCGATTCCGCGGTTCAGAC |
| | | (a) (b) (c) (d) |
| | Option 1 | (a) and (b) |
| | Option 2 | (c) and (d) |
| | Option 3 | (a), (b) and (c) |
| | Option 4 | (b), (c) and (d) |