

300 QUESTIONS REVISION

CAPSULE

#9

ENGLISH | PRIYA UPADHYAY





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TIME TABLE

9 AM – DEFENCE ADDA247

3:30 PM - DEFENCE ADDA247



A Turkish human rights activist denied (1) / terrorism charges on Wednesday, declaring (2) / "I have no idea why we're here," at the trial of 11 activists, that (3) / had become a flashpoint in Ankara's tensions with Europe (4).

Option - E



She has not been (1) / charged but was hold (2) / for two days and barred from (3) / using
Facebook for 180 days (4).

B- past tense of 'hold,' i.e., 'held' be used



Deliveries of food aid (1) / to Myebon's

Muslims have been (2) / delayed and are only
allowed after (3) / inspections to Buddhist
community representatives (4)

D- 'To' is used to express motion, whereas 'by' is used to identify the agent performing an action, which in this case is, inspection.



Swaraj said that she told (1) / the top U.S. diplomat that some (2) / level of diplomatic presence were (3) / necessary to keep open channels of communication (4).

C- The subject is 'some level' which is singular, hence 'were' can't be used. It must be replaced with 'was' to make the sentence grammatically correct.



He said that militant (1) / group were a threat to (2) / everyone in the region, (3) / including Pakistan itself (4).

B- The sentence can be corrected in two ways; by either changing 'group' into its plural form, or by changing 'were' into 'was.'



The EU draft law gave (1) / regulators, powers to force banks to (2) / split off trading activities but got bogged up (3) / over the criteria used to do so (4).

C- The correct phrasal verb should be 'bogged down' and not 'bogged up.' 'Bogged down' means burdened or impeded by something.



Reports recently surfaced (1)/ that O' Reilly reached an \$32 million (2)/ settlement with a woman before Fox News (3)/ renewed Reilly's contract earlier this year (4).

B-\$32 million doesn't start with a vowel sound, so there's no reason to add an 'an' in front of it. It must be replaced with 'a.'



Reliance Industries is (1) / controlled by Mukesh Ambani, (2) / the older brother of R-Com's (3) / main owner Anil Ambani (4).

E



The gains came after India's cabinet (1) / late on Tuesday cleared a plan to (2) / inject 2.11 trillion rupees (\$32.4 billion) into (3) / the state-run lenders over two years (4)

E



Gale's team, whose clinched the first (1) / one-day in Mumbai by six wickets, (2) / won the toss and elected to bat hoping to win the three-match (3) / series with a game to spare (4).

A- we need a pronoun to refer to the 'team,' we will use 'which' instead of whose.



It is a national shame that even several (1) / decades after independence, the country (2) / has not been able to free itself of (3) / the problem of hunger and malnutrition (4).

C- In general, 'free of' is used to mean 'without.' 'Free from' means 'escaped from' or 'without need to worry about.



Mazda's engineering team (1) / began developing the engine around (2) / the time it completed developing its (3) / Skyactiv-G engine, which would launch in November 2020 (4).

E



The directive would rewarded certain (1) / nuclear and coal-fired plants that store (2) / 90 days of fuel on-site for contributing (3) / to the reliability of the national grid (4).

A-REWARD



Common shrew, whose favourite (1) / meal is earthworms, are very active, (2) / and must eat constantly to (3) / supply their ravenous metabolism (4).

A- There must be 'shrews' in place of 'shrew,' evident by the usage of 'are' and 'their' later in the sentence.



Indigenous leaders speaking (1) / at the London event said that they needed (2) / respect for his rights more than (3) / money to help them protect forests (4).

C- Since there is more than one leader at the event, it is incorrect to use 'his,' and it must be replaced with 'their.'



I wonder (a) / why are you tinkering with the wire (b) / you might get a shock (c) / No error(d)

B- In Indirect Narration, interrogative sentence is converted into assertive.

Hence, replace 'why are you' by 'why you are'.



The G.M of the company (a) / dispensed the (b) / Manager's services (c) / No error (d)

.(b)

Sol. Idiom 'Dispense with something/somebody: to stop using something/somebody



In such delicate matters, we often go with (a) / his advice as he has (b) / been handling such cases effectively (c) / No error (d)

D



He was too tired that he could not (a) / cross the street even with (b) / the help of a supporter (c) / No error (d)

(a)

Sol. Replace 'too' by 'so'



My desire to meet the (a) / President without (b) / prior appointment (c) / No error (d)

(a)

Sol. Replace 'My desire to' by 'My desire is to'



When we visited his office, we found (a) / that he was sipping coffee (b) / with some of his colleagues. (c) / No error (d)

D



His obviously reluctance was viewed (a) / seriously by (b) / his superiors and (c) / he was suspended (d).

(a)

Sol. Replace adverb 'obviously' by adjective 'obvious' because, adjective is used to qualify a noun



On the time (a) / of the opening ceremony of the theatre (b) / a large crowd had assembled (c) / No error (d)

(a)

Sol. Use 'At the time' in place of 'On the time'



Americans are accustomed to (a) / drinking coffee (b) / with their meals (c) / No error (d)

D



The problems that our (a)/ country has and is bound to face (b)/ are the outcome of the selfishness of our so called saviours. (c)/ No error (d)

(b)

Sol. Use 'faced' after 'has'. When auxiliary verbs ask for different forms of verb, we write them separately.

Moreover, Has/Have/Had/Having take third form (V₃) of verb after them.



Only one dispute (a)/ has been settled (b)/ and others left to both the parties to settle. (c)/ No error (d)

.(c)

Sol. Use 'have been' before left.



During the course of investigation (a)/ the police learnt that not only (b)/ the house was looked but also the things taken away. (c)/ No error (d)

(c)

Sol. Use 'were' before 'taken away' as the subject i.e. 'the things' is plural here.



He does nothing (a)/ but to find (b)/ faults in others and laugh at them. (c)/ No error (d)

(b)

Sol. Remove 'to' before 'find' because 'but' when used as a connector takes 'bare infinitive' with it. i.e. only V1.



The radio broadcasted (a)/ last night that (b)/ the temperature in Kashmir would go below 10°C. (c)/ No error (d)

.(a)

Sol. Replace 'broadcasted' with 'broadcast' as 'broadcast' in all three forms of verb remains same.



The eminent journalist (a)/ expressed his helplessness in making (b)/ the seminar to be held in the university premises. (c)/ No error (d

(b)

Sol. Replace 'making' with 'joining' or 'participating in' as seminar is not to made but join or participate. Hence 'make a seminar' is meaningless.