

100 Synonyms CDS Battle Ready

Directions (1-40): Choose among the following that best expresses the meaning of the given word.

Q1. BARGE

- (a) Shove
- (b) Shout
- (c) Interpret
- (d) Plead

Q2. PROFITEERING

- (a) Confession
- (b) Vagary
- (c) Diagnosis
- (d) Exploitation

Q3. VOLTE-FACE

- (a) Cancellation
- (b) Enactment
- (c) Normality
- (d) Expansion

Q4. OBVERSE

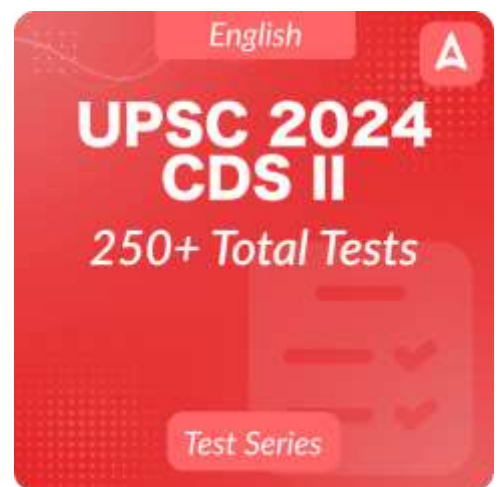
- (a) Inhibition
- (b) Abatement
- (c) Counterpart
- (d) Stronghold

Q5. CRIMP

- (a) Inspect
- (b) Wrinkle
- (c) Overlook
- (d) Upgrade

Q6. UPTIGHT

- (a) Antsy
- (b) Relaxed
- (c) Adroit
- (d) Animated



Q7. PROSPECTIVE

- (a) Secured
- (b) Equality
- (c) Intended
- (d) Thrifty

Q8. DECREE

- (a) Crime
- (b) Command
- (c) Title
- (d) Award

Q9. GLOAMING

- (a) Daybreak
- (b) Sundown
- (c) Dawn
- (d) Forenoon

Q10. ORDAIN

- (a) Dictate
- (b) Violate
- (c) Infringe
- (d) Cede

Q11. CONSTERNATION

- (a) Trepidation
- (b) Recognition
- (c) Gaiety
- (d) Equanimity

Q12. NECROPOLIS

- (a) Nefarious
- (b) Disagreement
- (c) Cemetery
- (d) Churchyard

Q13. KNACK

- (a) Stamina
- (b) Flair
- (c) Cruelty
- (d) Shortcoming

Q14. SLEUTH

- (a) Investigator
- (b) Traveller
- (c) Convict
- (d) Jury



Q15. KIBITZ

- (a) Besiege
- (b) Meddle
- (c) Avoidance
- (d) Shrewd

Q16. COMPUNCTION

- (a) Equipment
- (b) Excitement
- (c) Repentance
- (d) Confusion

Q17. WRY

- (a) Jubilant
- (b) Vexed
- (c) Resolved
- (d) Wolfish

Q18. ESCULENT

- (a) Legal
- (b) Edible
- (c) Malcontent
- (d) Disguised

Q19. ACCOST

- (a) Hesitate
- (b) Injurious
- (c) Address
- (d) Selective

Q20. SLAKE

- (a) Sharpen
- (b) Sate
- (c) Stain
- (d) Premature

Q21. BUCOLIC

- (a) Urban
- (b) Metropolitan
- (c) Rustic
- (d) Citified

Q22. RAVINE

- (a) Lucid
- (b) Patent
- (c) Abyss
- (d) Palpable



Q23. KNACKERED

- (a) Fatigued
- (b) Spirited
- (c) Inspired
- (d) Intact

Q24. GORGE

- (a) Nibble
- (b) Starve
- (c) Impress
- (d) Gobble

Q25. SPLAY

- (a) Defile
- (b) Jade
- (c) Fray
- (d) Spread

Q26. PRE-EMPT

- (a) Damage
- (b) Forestall
- (c) Lurk
- (d) Promote

Q27. TARRY

- (a) Stampede
- (b) Scud
- (c) Trail
- (d) Hasten

Q28. ZAP

- (a) Bear
- (b) Create
- (c) Begin
- (d) Destroy

Q29. SMUG

- (a) Modest
- (b) Demure
- (c) Overweening
- (d) Meek

Q30. DOLE

- (a) Nonchalance
- (b) Gist
- (c) Allowance
- (d) Intent



Q31. RADIANCE

- (a) Depth
- (b) Dryness
- (c) Sparkle
- (d) Redness

Q32. RECAPITULATION

- (a) Summary
- (b) Movement
- (c) Prominence
- (d) Readiness

Q33. WARY

- (a) Rash
- (b) Inattentive
- (c) Lax
- (d) Alert

Q34. RECEDE

- (a) Increase
- (b) Intensify
- (c) Waver
- (d) Wane

Q35. ACCURATE

- (a) Real
- (b) Sincere
- (c) Precise
- (d) Genuine

Q36. DEDICATION

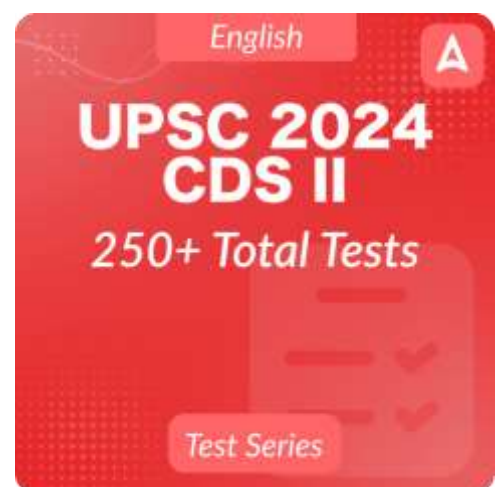
- (a) Contentment
- (b) Trepidation
- (c) Determination
- (d) Commitment

Q37. DISCERN

- (a) Regulate
- (b) Analyze
- (c) Control
- (d) Discriminate

Q38. CONTAMINATING

- (a) Investing
- (b) Polluting
- (c) Containing
- (d) Encompassing



Q39. REPLACED

- (a) Removed
- (b) Moved
- (c) Instituted
- (d) Substituted

Q40. STIMULATION

- (a) Enthusiasm
- (b) Indolence
- (c) Provocation
- (d) Eagerness

Directions (41-80): Select the most appropriate synonym for the following words.

Q41. Meadow

- (a) metro
- (b) pasture
- (c) borough
- (d) civic

Q42. To superimpose

- (a) to overlap
- (b) to adjoin
- (c) to juxtapose
- (d) to continue

Q43. To scam

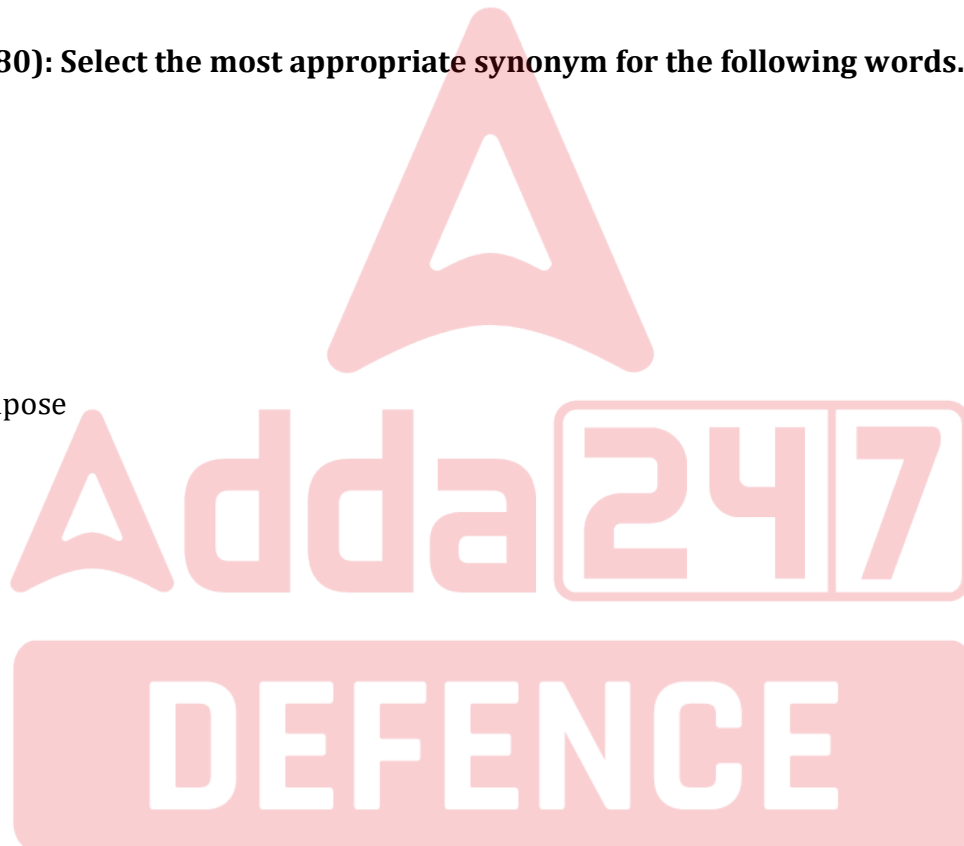
- (a) to cluster
- (b) to array
- (c) to convene
- (d) to scoot

Q44. To gnaw

- (a) to drool
- (b) to slaver
- (c) to nibble
- (d) to spit

Q45. Caricature

- (a) adulation
- (b) eulogy
- (c) cartoon
- (d) hokum



Q46. To predispose

- (a) to assail
- (b) to thwart
- (c) to defy
- (d) to incline

Q47. Ominous

- (a) secure
- (b) auspicious
- (c) apocalyptic
- (d) propitious

Q48. Repentance

- (a) intransigent
- (b) obdurate
- (c) resolute
- (d) remorse

Q49. Antagonize

- (a) alienate
- (b) placid
- (c) sync
- (d) serene

Q50. Incisive

- (a) daffy
- (b) concise
- (c) stolid
- (d) tedious

Q51. Pal

- (a) buddy
- (b) lad
- (c) foe
- (d) dude

Q52. To defile

- (a) to esteem
- (b) to besmirch
- (c) to elevate
- (d) to sanctify

Q53. To reiterate

- (a) to hark
- (b) to drawl
- (c) to halt
- (d) to recur



Q54. Hypnotist

- (a) rookie
- (b) novice
- (c) conjurer
- (d) amateur

Q55. Panorama

- (a) puny
- (b) wee
- (c) diminutive
- (d) spectacle

Q56. Initiative

- (a) apathy
- (b) cowardice
- (c) dynamism
- (d) lethargy

Q57. Objectionable

- (a) aperitif
- (b) abhorrent
- (c) savory
- (d) saporus

Q58. To recline

- (a) to lounge
- (b) to rewind
- (c) to sheer
- (d) to plump

Q59. Antithesis

- (a) contradictory
- (b) harmony
- (c) affinity
- (d) analogy

Q60. Ascetic

- (a) spree
- (b) austere
- (c) bacchanal
- (d) binge

Q61. Privation

- (a) hardship
- (b) abundance
- (c) private
- (d) luxury



Q62. Carnage

- (a) accord
- (b) butchery
- (c) concord
- (d) cessation

Q63. Batter

- (a) insulate
- (b) assure
- (c) bash
- (d) bulwark

Q64. Jeer

- (a) compliment
- (b) hoot
- (c) flatter
- (d) praise

Q65. Murmur

- (a) fuzzy
- (b) muffled
- (c) buzz
- (d) taciturn

Q66. Peripatetic

- (a) confine
- (b) spire
- (c) ultimate
- (d) nomadic

Q67. Synchronicity

- (a) conformity
- (b) conflict
- (c) vendetta
- (d) altercation

Q68. Accolade

- (a) bungle
- (b) performance
- (c) fiasco
- (d) distinction

Q69. Redemption

- (a) forfeit
- (b) atonement
- (c) retribution
- (d) penalty



Q70. Haste

- (a) soon
- (b) eventually
- (c) later
- (d) never

Q71. Bouffant

- (a) Braid
- (b) Barren
- (c) Hirsute
- (d) Glabrous

Q72. Dependent

- (a) Absolute
- (b) Reliant
- (c) Autonomous
- (d) Nonpartisan

Q73. Improvident

- (a) Provident
- (b) Extravagant
- (c) Miserly
- (d) Thrifty

Q74. To Ebb

- (a) To Abatement
- (b) To Swell
- (c) To Ascent
- (d) To Surge

Q75. To Bewilder

- (a) To Explicate
- (b) To Elucidate
- (c) To Confound
- (d) To Deter

Q76. Queasy

- (a) Complacent
- (b) Unperturbed
- (c) Smug
- (d) Squeamish

Q77. Deviance

- (a) Accordance
- (b) Compliance
- (c) Alliance
- (d) Aberrance



Q78. Alleviate

- (a) Irritate
- (b) Aggravate
- (c) Allay
- (d) Agitate

Q79. To Cite

- (a) To Conceal
- (b) To Ignore
- (c) To Indicate
- (d) To Deny

Q80. Poise

- (a) Tizzy
- (b) Turmoil
- (c) Agitate
- (d) Elegance

Directions (81-90): Select the option which means the same as given word or group of words.

Q81. To jeopardise

- (a) To chaperone
- (b) To picket
- (c) To imperil
- (d) To escort

Q82. Evicted

- (a) Congenial
- (b) Sympathetic
- (c) Cordial
- (d) Ousted

Q83. To concoct

- (a) To obliterate
- (b) To contrive
- (c) To decimate
- (d) To Pulverize

Q84. Eccentric

- (a) Whimsical
- (b) Chronic
- (c) Bona fide
- (d) Typic

- Q85.** Perusal
(a) Inspection
(b) Delinquency
(c) Inconsideration
(d) Laxity

- Q86.** Consensus
(a) Cacophony
(b) Harmony
(c) Tumult
(d) Clamour

- Q87.** Famished
(a) Glut
(b) Jaded
(c) Satiated
(d) Starved

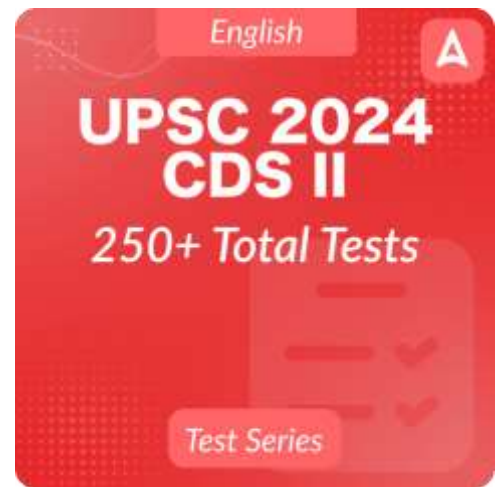
- Q88.** Thrashing
(a) Edifice
(b) Prefabrication
(c) Bashing
(d) Contour

- Q89.** Sinister
(a) Malevolent
(b) Magnanimous
(c) Auspicious
(d) Benevolent

- Q90.** Probable
(a) Futile
(b) Plausible
(c) Absurd
(d) Preposterous

Directions (91-100): Select the most appropriate synonym of the given words.

- Q91.** Bouffant
(a) Braid
(b) Barren
(c) Hirsute
(d) Glabrous



Q92. Dependent

- (a) Absolute
- (b) Reliant
- (c) Autonomous
- (d) Nonpartisan

Q93. Improvident

- (a) Provident
- (b) Extravagant
- (c) Miserly
- (d) Thrifty

Q94. To Ebb

- (a) To Abatement
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- (a) To Explicate
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- (a) Complacent
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- (c) Smug
- (d) Squeamish

Q97. Deviance

- (a) Accordance
- (b) Compliance
- (c) Alliance
- (d) Aberrance

Q98. Alleviate

- (a) Irritate
- (b) Aggravate
- (c) Allay
- (d) Agitate

Q99. To Cite

- (a) To Conceal
- (b) To Ignore
- (c) To Indicate
- (d) To Deny



Q100. Poise

- (a) Tizzy
- (b) Turmoil
- (c) Agitate
- (d) Elegance

Solutions

S1. Ans.(a)

Sol. Barge: move forcefully or roughly.

Shove: push (someone or something) roughly.

Hence Option A is the correct synonym.

S2. Ans.(d)

Sol. Profiteering: the activity of taking unfair advantage of a situation to make a large profit, often by selling goods that are difficult to get at a very high price.

Exploitation: the action or fact of treating someone unfairly in order to benefit from their work.

Hence option D is the correct synonym.

S3. Ans.(a)

Sol. Volte-Face: a sudden change from one set of beliefs or plan of action to the opposite.

Hence option A is the correct synonym.

S4. Ans.(c)

Sol. Obverse: the opposite or counterpart of a fact or truth.

Counterpart: a thing that corresponds to or has the same function as another thing in a different place or situation.

Hence option C is the correct synonym.

S5. Ans.(b)

Sol. Crimp: compress (something) into small folds or ridges.

Wrinkle: form or become marked with lines or folds.

Hence option B is the correct synonym.

S6. Ans.(a)

Sol. Uptight: anxious or angry in a tense and overly controlled way.

Antsy: restless; nervous.

Hence option A is the correct synonym.

S7. Ans.(c)

Sol. Prospective: likely to happen at a future date.

Intended: planned or meant.

Hence option C is the correct synonym.

S8. Ans.(b)

Sol. Decree: an official order that has the force of law.

Command: an authoritative order.

Hence option B is the correct synonym.

S9. Ans.(b)

Sol. Gloaming: twilight; dusk.

Sundown: the time in the evening when the sun disappears or daylight fades.

Hence option B is the correct synonym.

S10. Ans.(a)

Sol. Ordain: order (something) officially.

Dictate: state or order authoritatively.

Hence option A is the correct synonym.

S11. Ans.(a)

Sol. Consternation: a feeling of anxiety or dismay, typically at something unexpected.

Trepidation: a feeling of fear or anxiety about something that may happen.

Equanimity: calmness and composure, especially in a difficult situation.

Hence Consternation and Trepidation are synonyms to each other.

S12. Ans.(c)

Sol. Necropolis: a cemetery.

Hence Necropolis and Cemetery are synonyms to each other.

S13. Ans.(b)

Sol. Knack: an acquired or natural skill at doing something.

Flair: a special or instinctive aptitude or ability for doing something well.

Hence Knack and Flair are synonyms to each other.

S14. Ans.(a)

Sol. Sleuth: a detective.

Hence Sleuth and Investigator are synonyms to each other.

S15. Ans.(b)

Sol. Kibitz: Look on and offer unwelcome advice.

Meddle: interfere in something that is not one's concern.

Hence Kibitz and Meddle are synonyms to each other.

S16. Ans.(c)

Sol. Compunction: a feeling of guilt or moral scruple that prevents or follows the doing of something bad.

Repentance: the action of repenting; sincere regret or remorse.

Hence Compunction and Repentance are synonyms to each other.

S17. Ans.(b)

Sol. Wry: (of a person's face or features) twisted into an expression of disgust, disappointment, or annoyance.

Vexed: annoyed, frustrated, or worried.

Hence Wry and Vexed are synonyms to each other.

S18. Ans.(b)

Sol. Esculent: fit to be eaten.

Hence Esculent and Edible are synonyms to each other.

S19. Ans.(c)

Sol. Accost: approach and address (someone) boldly or aggressively.

Hence Accost and Address are synonyms to each other.

S20. Ans.(b)

Sol. Slake: quench or satisfy (one's thirst).

Sate: satisfy (a desire or an appetite) to the full.

Hence Slake and Sate are synonyms to each other.

S21. Ans.(c)

Sol. Bucolic: relating to the pleasant aspects of the country side and country life.

Rustic: relating to the country side: rural.

Hence Bucolic and Rustic are synonyms to each other.

S22. Ans.(c)

Sol. Ravine: a deep, narrow gorge with steep sides.

Abyss: a deep or seemingly bottomless chasm.

Hence the correct synonym is 'Abyss'.

S23. Ans.(a)

Sol. Knackered: extremely tired.

Fatigued: tired; wearied.

Hence the correct synonym is 'Fatigued'.

S24. Ans.(d)

Sol. Gorge: eat a large amount greedily; fill oneself with food.

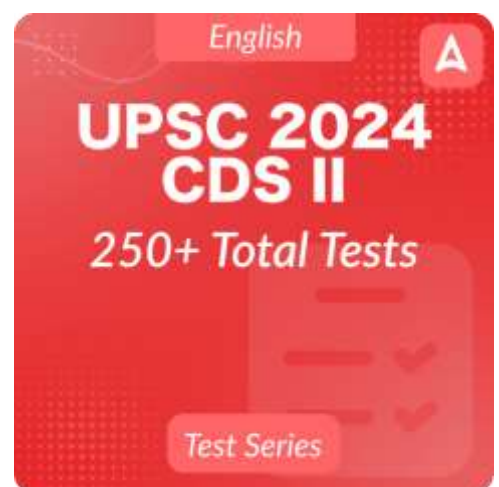
Gobble: eat (something) hurriedly and noisily.

Hence the correct synonym is 'Gobble'.

S25. Ans.(d)

Sol. Splay: to spread wide apart.

Hence the correct synonym is 'Spread'.



S26. Ans.(b)

Sol. Pre-empt: take action in order to prevent (an anticipated event) happening.

Forestall: prevent or obstruct (an anticipated event or action) by taking advance action.

Hence the correct synonym is 'Forestall'.

S27. Ans.(c)

Sol. Tarry: to delay or be tardy in acting or doing.

Trail: walk or move slowly or wearily.

Hence the correct synonym is 'Trail'.

S28. Ans.(d)

Sol. Zap: destroy or obliterate.

Hence the correct synonym is 'Destroy'.

S29. Ans.(c)

Sol. Smug: having or showing an excessive pride in oneself or one's achievements.

Overweening: too confident or proud.

Hence the correct synonym is 'Overweening'.

S30. Ans.(c)

Sol. Dole: benefit paid by the state to the unemployed.

Allowance: the amount of something that is permitted, especially within a set of regulations or for a specified purpose.

Hence the correct synonym is 'Allowance'.

S31. Ans.(c)

Sol. Radiance: light or heat as emitted or reflected by something.

Sparkle: shine brightly with flashes of light.

S32. Ans.(a)

Sol. Recapitulation: an act or instance of summarizing and restating the main points of something.

S33. Ans.(d)

Sol. Wary: feeling or showing caution about possible dangers or problems.

Lax: not sufficiently strict, severe, or careful.

S34. Ans.(d)

Sol. Recede: go or move back or further away from a previous position.

Waver: move in a quivering way; flicker.

Wane: (of a state or feeling) decrease in vigour or extent; become weaker.

S35. Ans.(c)

Sol. Accurate: (especially of information, measurements, or predictions) correct in all details; exact.

Precise: marked by exactness and accuracy of expression or detail.

S36. Ans.(d)

Sol. Dedication: the quality of being dedicated or committed to a task or purpose.

Trepidation: a feeling of fear or anxiety about something that may happen.

S37. Ans.(d)

Sol. DISCERN: distinguish (someone or something) with difficulty by sight or with the other senses; discriminate.

S38. Ans.(b)

Sol. Contaminating means making (something) impure by exposure to or addition of a poisonous or polluting substance.

S39. Ans.(d)

Sol. Replaced: take the place of; substituted

S40. Ans.(c)

Sol. Stimulation: encouragement of something to make it develop or become more active.

Provocation: action or speech that makes someone angry, especially deliberately.

S41. Ans.(b)

Sol. Meadow: a piece of grassland, especially one used for hay.

Pasture: land covered with grass and other low plants suitable for grazing animals, especially cattle or sheep.

S42. Ans.(a)

Sol. Superimpose: place or lay (one thing) over another, typically so that both are still evident.

S43. Ans.(d)

Sol. Scram: leave or go away from a place quickly. Scoot: go or leave somewhere quickly.

S44. Ans.(c)

Sol. Gnaw: bite at or nibble something persistently.

Nibble: take small bites out of

S45. Ans.(c)

Sol. Caricature: a picture, description, or imitation of a person in which certain striking characteristics are exaggerated in order to create a comic or grotesque effect.

S46. Ans.(d)

Sol. Predispose: make someone liable or inclined to a specified attitude, action, or condition.

S47. Ans.(c)

Sol. Ominous: giving the worrying impression that something bad is going to happen; threateningly inauspicious.

Apocalyptic: showing or describing the total destruction and end of the world, or extremely bad future events.

S48. Ans.(d)

Sol. Repentance: the action of repenting; sincere regret or remorse.

S49. Ans.(a)

Sol. Antagonize: to cause someone to become hostile.

Alienate: to make someone feel isolated or estranged.

S50. Ans.(b)

Sol. Incisive: intelligently analytical and clear-thinking.

Concise: giving a lot of information clearly and in a few words.

S51. Ans.(a)

Sol. Pal means a friend and buddy is also a friend.

S52. Ans.(b)

Sol. Defile means damage the purity or appearance of; mar or spoil and besmirch means damage (someone's reputation).

S53. Ans.(d)

Sol. Reiterate means say something again or a number of times, typically for emphasis or clarity and recur means occur again periodically or repeatedly.

S54. Ans.(c)

Sol. Hypnotist means a person who carries out hypnosis, either for medical reasons or for entertainment and conjurer means a person who performs magic to entertain people

S55. Ans.(d)

Sol. Panorama means an unbroken view of the whole region surrounding an observer and spectacle means a visually striking performance or display.

S56. Ans.(c)

Sol. Initiative means the ability to assess and initiate things independently and dynamism means the quality of being characterized by vigorous activity and progress.

S57. Ans.(b)

Sol. Objectionable: unpleasant or offensive.

Abhorrent: inspiring disgust and loathing.

S58. Ans.(a)

Sol. Recline: lean or lie back in a relaxed position with the back supported.

Lounge: lie, sit, or stand in a relaxed or lazy way.

S59. Ans.(a)

Sol. Antithesis: a person or thing that is the direct opposite of someone or something else.

Contradictory: mutually opposed or inconsistent.

S60. Ans.(b)

Sol. Ascetic: characterized by severe self-discipline and abstention from all forms of indulgence, typically for religious reasons.

Austere: severe or strict in manner or attitude.

S61. Ans.(a)

Sol. Privation: the loss or absence of a quality or attribute that is normally present.

Hardship: severe suffering or privation.

S62. Ans.(b)

Sol. Carnage: the killing of a large number of people.

Butchery: the work of slaughtering animals and preparing them for sale as meat.

S63. Ans.(c)

Sol. Batter: strike repeatedly with hard blows.

Bash: to strike hard and violently.

S64. Ans.(b)

Sol. Jeer: make rude and mocking remarks, typically in a loud voice.

Hoot: to taunt.

S65. Ans.(c)

Sol. Murmur: a low continuous background noise.

Buzz: a low, continuous humming or murmuring sound, made by or similar to that made by an insect.

S66. Ans.(d)

Sol. Peripatetic: travelling from place to place, in particular working or based in various places for relatively short periods.

Nomadic: living the life of nomad, wandering.

S67. Ans.(a)

Sol. Synchronicity means the happening by chance of two or more related or similar events at the same time and conformity means behaviour in accordance with socially accepted conventions.

S68. Ans.(d)

Sol. Accolade means an award or privilege granted as a special honour or as an acknowledgement of merit and distinction means excellence that sets someone or something apart from others.

S69. Ans.(b)

Sol. Redemption means the action of saving or being saved from sin, error, or evil and atonement means reparation or expiation for sin.

S70. Ans.(a)

Sol. Haste means excessive speed or urgency of movement or action; hurry.

S71. Ans.(a)

Sol. Bouffant: styled so as to stand out from the head in a rounded shape.

Braid: a length of hair made up of three or more interlaced strands.

S72. Ans.(b)

Sol. Dependent: a person who relies on another, especially a family member, for financial support.

Reliant: dependent on someone or something.

S73. Ans.(b)

Sol. Improvident: not having or showing foresight; spendthrift or thoughtless.

Extravagant: lacking restraint in spending money or using resources.

S74. Ans.(a)

Sol. Ebb: move away from land, to recede.

Abatement: the action of being ended.

S75. Ans.(c)

Sol. Bewilder: cause (someone) to become perplexed and confused.

Confound: cause surprise or confusion.

S76. Ans.(d)

Sol. Queasy: feeling sick.

Squeamish: easily made to feel sick or disgusted.

S77. Ans.(d)

Sol. Deviance: the fact or state of diverging from usual or accepted standards, especially in social or sexual behaviour.

Aberrance: exceptional; abnormal.

S78. Ans.(c)

Sol. Alleviate: to make something less severe.

Allay: to diminish or put at rest.

S79. Ans.(c)

Sol. To cite: refer to (a passage, book, or author) as evidence.

S80. Ans.(d)

Sol. Poise: graceful and elegant bearing in a person.

Elegance: the quality of being pleasingly ingenious and simple; neatness.

S81. Ans.(c)

Sol. To jeopardise means put (someone or something) into a situation in which there is a danger of loss, harm, or failure and imperil means put at risk of being harmed, injured, or destroyed.

S82. Ans.(d)

Sol. Evicted means expel (someone) from a property, especially with the support of the law and ousted means drive out or expel (someone) from a position or place.

S83. Ans.(b)

Sol. To concoct means make (a dish or meal) by combining various ingredients and contrive means create or bring about (an object or a situation) by deliberate use of skill and artifice.

S84. Ans.(a)

Sol. Eccentric refers to being quirky, unpredictable, and having an unusual sense of humor.

S85. Ans.(a)

Sol. Perusal means the action of reading or examining something and inspection means careful examination or scrutiny.

S86. Ans.(b)

Sol. Consensus is a state of agreement, peace, and coherence.

S87. Ans.(d)

Sol. Famished means extremely hungry and starved means suffer or die or cause to suffer or die from hunger.

S88. Ans.(c)

Sol. Thrashing means an act of physically beating someone; a beating and bashing means violent physical assault.

S89. Ans.(a)

Sol. Sinister means giving the impression that something harmful or evil is happening or will happen and malevolent means having or showing a wish to do evil to others.

S90. Ans.(b)

Sol. Probable means likely to happen or be the case and plausible means seeming reasonable or probable.

S91. Ans.(a)

Sol. Bouffant: styled so as to stand out from the head in a rounded shape.

Braid: a length of hair made up of three or more interlaced strands.

S92. Ans.(b)

Sol. Dependent: a person who relies on another, especially a family member, for financial support.

Reliant: dependent on someone or something.

S93. Ans.(b)

Sol. Improvident: not having or showing foresight; spendthrift or thoughtless.

Extravagant: lacking restraint in spending money or using resources.

S94. Ans.(a)

Sol. Ebb: move away from land, to recede.

Abatement: the action of being ended.

S95. Ans.(c)

Sol. Bewilder: cause (someone) to become perplexed and confused.

Confound: cause surprise or confusion.

S96. Ans.(d)

Sol. Queasy: feeling sick.

Squeamish: easily made to feel sick or disgusted.

S97. Ans.(d)

Sol. Deviance: the fact or state of diverging from usual or accepted standards, especially in social or sexual behaviour.

Aberrance: exceptional; abnormal.

S98. Ans.(c)

Sol. Alleviate: to make something less severe.

Allay: to diminish or put at rest.

S99. Ans.(c)

Sol. To cite: refer to (a passage, book, or author) as evidence.

S100. Ans.(d)

Sol. Poise: graceful and elegant bearing in a person.

Elegance: the quality of being pleasingly ingenious and simple; neatness.

