

Q1. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer

List I

- (A) Governor-General of Presidency of Fort William in Bengal (under Regulating Act, 1773)
- (B) Governor-General of India (under Charter Act, 1833)
- (C) Governor-General and Viceroy of India (under Indian Council Act, 1858)
- (D) Governor-General and Crown Representative (under Government of India Act, 1935)

List II

- 1. Archibald Percival Wavell, Viscount and Earl Wavell
- 2. James Andrew Broun-Ramsay, Earl and Marquess of Dalhousie
- 3. Charles Cornwallis 2nd Earl and first Marquess of Cornwallis
- 4. Gilbert John Elliot-Murray-Kynynmound, Earl of Minto
- 5. Louis Mountbatten, Earl Mountbatten of Burma

- (a) A-3; B-2; C-4 ;D-1
- (b) A-1; B-2; C-3; D-4
- (c) A-2; B-5; C-3; D-1
- (d) A-2; B-4; C-5; D-3

Q2. Who among the following Indian rulers established embassies in foreign countries on modern lines?

- (a) Haider Ali
- (b) Mir Qasim
- (c) Shah Alam II
- (d) Tipu Sultan

Q3. Which of the following pairs is not correctly matched?

- (a) India's first technicolour film – Jhansi ki Rani
- (b) India's first 3-D film – My dear Kuttichathan
- (c) India's first insured film – Taal
- (d) India's first actress to win the Bharat Ratna – Meena Kumari

Q4. During the colonial period in India, what was the purpose of the Whitley Commission?

- (a) To review the fitness of India for further political reforms
- (b) To report on existing conditions of labour and to make recommendations
- (c) To draw up a plan for financial reforms for India
- (d) To develop a comprehensive scheme for Civil Services in India

Q5. Assertion (A): Gandhi stopped the Non-Cooperation Movement in 1922.

Reason (R): Violence at Chauri-Chaura led him to stop the movement.

- (a) Both A and R are true but R is the correct explanation of A.
- (b) Both A and R are true but R is not a correct explanation of A
- (c) A is true but R is false

(d) A is false but R is true

Q6. When the Indian Muslims League was inducted into the interim government in 1946, Liyaqat Ali Khan was assigned the portfolio of :

- (a) foreign affairs
- (b) home
- (c) finance
- (d) defence

Q7. Which of the following is related to the Tinkathiya Pratha?

- (a) Champaran
- (b) Kheda
- (c) Bardoli
- (d) Darbhanga

Q8. Which of the following work is not credited to Lord Dalhousie?

- (a) Merger of Punjab
- (b) Merger of Bengal
- (c) Merger of Mysore
- (d) Merger of Satara

Q9. Which of the following was not done during the time of Lord Curzon?

- (a) Partition of Bengal
- (b) Punjab Land Alienation Act
- (c) Establishment of the Famine Commission
- (d) Formation of Hunter Commission

Q10. In which session of the Congress was the slogan of the Simon Commission's boycott?

- (a) Calcutta Session (1928)
- (b) Madras Session (1927)
- (c) Surat Session (1907)
- (d) Nagpur session (1920)

Q11. Who led the English Army in the Battle of Buxar?

- (a) Lord Clive
- (b) Vensittart
- (c) Hector Munro
- (d) Eyre Coot

Q12. Which of the following rebellion / agitation did NOT happen in the area of Bengal?

- (a) Sannyasi Rebellion
- (b) Chuar Rebellion
- (c) Pagal Panthi rebellion
- (d) Baghera Rebellion

Q13. Who gave the title of Raja to Ranjit Singh?

- (a) Diwan Shah
- (b) Lord Lake
- (c) Zaman Shah
- (d) King of Kashmir

Q14. Who of the following was the last Governor General of Bengal?

- (a) William Bentinck
- (b) Warren
- (c) Lord Canning
- (d) Lord Wellesley

Q15. In 1852, who published the newspaper 'Satyaprakash' in Gujarati?

- (a) Gangadhar Rao
- (b) Vishnu Shastri
- (c) Gopal Hari Deshmukh
- (d) Karsandas Mulji

Q16. The Indian subcontinent was originally a part of a huge mass called:

- (a) Jurassic land mass
- (b) Aryavarta
- (c) Indiana
- (d) Gondwana continent

Q17. Which one of the following mountain ranges is spread over only one state in India?

- (a) Aravalli
- (b) Satpura
- (c) Ajanta
- (d) Sahyadri

Q18. The seasonal reversal of winds is the typical characteristic of

- (a) Equatorial climate
- (b) Mediterranean climate
- (c) Monsoon climate
- (d) All of the above climates

Q19. Consider the following rivers :

1. Barak
2. Lohit
3. Subansiri

Which of the above flows/flow through Arunachal Pradesh?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

Q20. Consider the following statements:

1. India ranks first in the world in fruit production
2. India ranks second in the world in export of tobacco

Which of these statements is/are correct?

- (a) Only 1
- (b) Only 2
- (c) Both 1 and 2

(d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q21. Consider the following crops:

1. Cotton
2. Groundnut
3. Maize
4. Mustard

Which of the above are kharif crops?

- (a) 1 and 2
- (b) 1, 2 and 3
- (c) 3 and 4
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

Q22. Which state in India has the largest cover area of forest?

- (a) Uttarakhand
- (b) Madhya Pradesh
- (c) Kerala
- (d) Uttar Pradesh

Q23. Where is "The Geysers", the world's largest geothermal field, containing a complex of 22 geothermal power plants, located?

- (a) Rio
- (b) New Orleans
- (c) Moscow
- (d) San Francisco

Q24. Which is the largest continent in the world?

- (a) Africa
- (b) North America
- (c) South America
- (d) Asia

Q25. Which among the following is false about Earth?

- (a) It is the densest planet
- (b) It is the fifth largest planet
- (c) It is also known as red planet
- (d) It is the third planet from the sun

Q26. Who is known as the father of Green Revolution?

- (a) Dr. Robert Nucleus
- (b) Dr. Ian Wilmut
- (c) Dr. N E Borlaug
- (d) Dr. JC Bose

Q27. Which of the following is the highest peak of Satpura Range?

- (a) Gurushikhar
- (b) Dhupgarh
- (c) Pachmarhi
- (d) Mahendragiri

Q28. Tropic of Cancer passes through which of the following group of Indian States:

- (a) Gujarat, MP, Chattisgarh, Manipur
- (b) Rajasthan, Jharkhand, West Bengal, Mizoram
- (c) UP, MP, Bihar, Jharkhand
- (d) Maharashtra, Chhattisgarh, Orissa, Andhra Pradesh

Q29. Which of these countries has the longest coastline?

- (a) Canada
- (b) India
- (c) Australia
- (d) Indonesia

Q30. Which of these coasts receive maximum rain during retreating monsoon ?

- (a) Coromandal coast
- (b) Konkan Coast
- (c) Malabar Coast
- (d) None of these

Q31. In India 'Burst of Monsoon' refers to the occasion when:

- (a) Monsoon causes destruction
- (b) first rain of monsoon is observed
- (c) no rain is observed during monsoon
- (d) None of these

Q32. On which date the earth experiences summer solstice ?

- (a) June 21
- (b) December 22
- (c) March 21
- (d) September 23

Q33. Which of these is near international date line?

- (a) Bering Strait
- (b) Suez Canal
- (c) Dead Sea
- (d) Mariana Trench

Q34. The mid-continent belt including the volcanoes of Alpine mountain chain covers which of the following sea?

- (a) Mediterranean sea

- (b) Red sea
- (c) Dead sea
- (d) Arabian sea

Q35. Nagarhole National Park is part of the \_\_\_\_\_ Biosphere Reserve.

- (a) Aravalli
- (b) Vindhya
- (c) Satpura
- (d) Nilgiri

Q36. What is the correct sequence of the following events?

1. The Lucknow Pact
2. The Introduction of Dyarchy
3. The Rowlatt Act
4. The Partition of Bengal

Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:

Codes:

- (a) 1, 3, 2, 4
- (b) 4, 1, 3, 2
- (c) 1, 2, 3, 4
- (d) 4, 3, 2, 1

Q37. The Non-Cooperation Movement under Gandhi was in full swing during the Viceroyalty of

- (a) Lord Wavell
- (b) Irwin
- (c) Reading
- (d) Hardinge

Q38. Consider the following statements about the Attorney General of India:

1. He is appointed by the President of India
2. He must have the same qualifications as are required for a judge of the Supreme Court
3. He must be a member of either House of Parliament
4. He can be removed by impeachment by Parliament

Which of these statements are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2
- (b) 2, 3 and 4
- (c) 2, 3 and 4
- (d) 3 and 4

Q39. The primary function of the Finance Commission in India is to:

- (a) distribution of revenue between the Centre and the States
- (b) prepare the Annual Budget
- (c) advise the President on financial matters
- (d) allocate funds to various ministries of the Union and State Governments

- Q40. Which Article of the Constitution provides that it shall be the endeavour of every state to provide adequate facility for instruction in the mother tongue at the primary stage of education?
- (a) Article 349
  - (b) Article 350
  - (c) Article 350-A
  - (d) Article 351
- Q41. Which one of the following duties is not performed by Comptroller and Auditor General of India?
- (a) To audit and report on all expenditure from the Consolidated Fund of India
  - (b) To audit and report on all expenditure from the Contingency Funds and Public Accounts
  - (c) To audit and report on all trading, manufacturing, profit and loss accounts
  - (d) To control the receipt and issue of public money, and to ensure that the public revenue is lodged in the exchequer
- Q42. The resolution for removing the Vice-President of India can be moved in the:
- (a) Lok Sabha alone
  - (b) Either House of Parliament
  - (c) Joint Sitting of Parliament
  - (d) Rajya Sabha alone
- Q43. With reference to the Constitution of India, which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched?
- (a) Forests : Concurrent List
  - (b) Stock Exchange : Concurrent List
  - (c) Post Office Savings Bank : Union List
  - (d) Public Health : State List
- Q44. Consider the following statements:
1. The highest deciding body for planning in India is the Planning Commission of India
  2. The Secretary of the Planning Commission of India is also the Secretary of National Development Council
  3. The Constitution includes economic and social planning in the Concurrent List in the Seventh Schedule of the Constitution of India
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 and 2
  - (b) 2 and 3
  - (c) 2 only

(d) 3 only

Q45. Consider the following statements:

1. Central Administrative Tribunal (CAT) was set up during the Prime Ministership of Lal Bahadur Shastri.
2. The Members of CAT are drawn from both judicial and administrative streams.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q46. With reference to Union Government, consider the following statements:

1. Number of Ministries at the Centre on 15th August 1947 was 18.
2. Number of Ministries at the Centre at present is 36.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q47. Consider the following statements:

The Supreme Court of India tenders advice to the President of India on matters of law or fact:

1. on its own initiative (on any matter of larger public interest).
2. if he seeks such an advice.
3. only if the matters relate to the Fundamental Rights of the citizens.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct ?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 3 only
- (d) 1 and 2

Q48. A judge of the Supreme Court can relinquish office before the completion of his tenure by addressing his resignation to

- (a) the President
- (b) the Chief Justice of India
- (c) the Union Law Minister
- (d) none of the above

Q49. How many types of writs can be issued by the Supreme Court?



- (a) 2
- (b) 3
- (c) 5
- (d) 6

Q50. Which of the following are among the non-plan expenditures of the Government of India?

1. Defence expenditure
2. Subsidies
3. All expenditures linked with the previous plan periods
4. Interest payment

Codes:

- (a) 1 and 2
- (b) 1 and 3
- (c) 2 and 4
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

Q51. Consider the following taxes:

1. Corporation tax
2. Customs duty
3. Wealth tax
4. Excise duty

Which of these is/are indirect taxes?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 4
- (c) 1 and 3
- (d) 2 and 3

Q52. The new series of Wholesale Price Index (WPI) released by the Government of India is with reference to the base prices of:

- (a) 1981-82
- (b) 1990-91
- (c) 1993-94
- (d) 1994-95

Q53. The term National Income represents:

- (a) gross national product at market prices minus depreciation
- (b) gross national product at market prices minus depreciation plus net factor income from abroad
- (c) gross national product at market prices minus depreciation and indirect taxes plus subsidies
- (d) gross national product at market prices minus net factor income from abroad

Q54. **Assertion (A):** Ceiling on foreign exchange for a host of current account transaction heads was

lowered in the year 2000.

**Reason (R):** There was a fall in foreign currency assets also.

- (a) Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A
- (b) Both A and R are individually true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- (c) A is true but R is false
- (d) A is false but R is true

Q55. Economic Survey in India is published officially, every year by the:

- (a) Reserve Bank of India
- (b) Planning Commission of India
- (c) Ministry of Finance, Govt. of India
- (d) Ministry of Industries, Govt. of India

Q56. Consider the following statements:

The price of any currency in international market is decided by the:

1. World Bank
2. Demand for goods/services provided by the country concerned
3. Stability of the government of the concerned country
4. Economic potential of the country in question of these statements:

Codes:

- (a) 1, 2, 3 and 4 are correct
- (b) 2 and 3 are correct
- (c) 3 and 4 are correct
- (d) 1 and 4 are correct

Q57. Consider the following statements:

1. Reserve Bank of India was nationalized on 26 January, 1950
2. The borrowing programme of the Government of India is handled by the Department of Expenditure, Ministry of Finance

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q58. Consider the following statements:

1. Sensex is based on 50 of the most important stocks available on the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE).
2. For calculating the Sensex, all the stocks are assigned proportional weightage.
3. New York Stock Exchange is the oldest stock exchange in the world.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 2only
- (b) 1 and3
- (c) 2and 3
- (d) none

Q59. How does National Biodiversity Authority (NBA) help in protecting the Indian agriculture?

1. NBA checks the biopiracy and protects the indigenous and traditional genetic resources.
2. NBA directly monitors and supervises the scientific research on genetic modification of crop plants.
3. Application for Intellectual Property Rights related to genetic/biological resources cannot be made without the approval of NBA.

Which of the statements given above is /are correct?

- (a) 1only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

Q60. The National Green Tribunal Act, 2010 was enacted in consonance with which of the following provisions of the Constitution of India?

1. Right to healthy environment, construed as a part of Right to life under Article 21
2. Provision of grants for raising the level of administration in the Scheduled Areas for the welfare of Scheduled Tribes under Article 275(1)
3. Powers and functions of Gram Sabha as mentioned under Article 243 (A)

Select the correct answer using the codes given below :

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

Q61. Which one of the following is the national aquatic animal of India?

- (a) Saltwater crocodile
- (b) Olive ridley turtle
- (c) Gangetic dolphin
- (d) Gharial

Q62. The National Voters' Day is observed every year on \_\_\_\_\_ in India.

- (a) 21st January
- (b) 22nd January
- (c) 23rd January
- (d) 25th January

Q63. The Government of India has declared which day to be observed as the National Tourism Day in the country?

- (a) 21 January
- (b) 23 January
- (c) 25 January
- (d) 22 January

Q64. Who has been appointed as the Chairperson of the Prevention of Money Laundering Act (PMLA) Adjudicating Authority?

- (a) Preeti Singh
- (b) Sunil Gaur
- (c) Amit Sahni
- (d) Vinodanand Jha

Q65. Which team has won the 9th National Women's Ice Hockey Championship in 2022 held in Himachal Pradesh?

- (a) Chandigarh
- (b) Indo-Tibetan Border Police
- (c) Delhi
- (d) Ladakh

Q66. Ramachandran Nagaswamy, who has passed away recently was one of the renowned \_\_\_\_\_ of Tamil Nadu.

- (a) Filmmaker
- (b) Author
- (c) Archaeologist
- (d) Mountaineer

Q67. \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ have entered into an agreement to build a dam at Adi Badri in Yamunanagar district.

- (a) Uttar Pradesh and Haryana
- (b) Punjab and Haryana
- (c) Himachal Pradesh and Haryana
- (d) Uttarakhand and Haryana

Q68. Which of the following has developed an indigenous RT-PCR diagnostic kit, 'Om', for the testing of Omicron variant of coronavirus?

- (a) DRDO
- (b) CSIR – CDRI
- (c) IIT Madras
- (d) AIIMS

Q69. India's \_\_\_\_\_ gets the best film award at 20th Dhaka International Film Festival.

- (a) Pushpa
- (b) Marakkar: Arabikadalinte Simham
- (c) Jai Bhim
- (d) Koozhangal

Q70. India's first Chief of Defence Staff Bipin Rawat will be posthumously honoured with which among the following awards?

- (a) Bharat Ratna
- (b) Padma Vibhushan
- (c) Padma Bhushan
- (d) None of the Above

Q71. How many aircraft took part in the Republic Day Flypast 2022?

- (a) 79
- (b) 75
- (c) 90
- (d) 50

Q72. Which Ministry presented its tableau at the Republic Day Parade 2022?

- (a) Jal Shakti
- (b) Women and Child
- (c) Civil Aviation
- (d) Health

Q73. Who has been conferred with the International Association of Working Women Award?

- (a) Aishwarya Rai Bachchan
- (b) Lara Dutta
- (c) Sushmita Sen
- (d) Madhuri Dixit

Q74. As per the latest GDP prediction by Ind-Ra, what is the estimated GDP growth rate for Indian economy in FY 2022-23?

- (a) 6.5%
- (b) 7.6%
- (c) 8.1%
- (d) 9.0%

Q75. Prime Minister Narendra Modi will inaugurate a 216-foot statue of Ramanujacharya in a sitting position in Hyderabad. The statue will be called as the \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) Statue of Equality
- (b) Statue of Unity
- (c) Statue of Quality
- (d) Statue of Peace

Q76. Kokborok Day, also known as the Tripuri Language Day is annually celebrated across the Indian State of Tripura on \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) 16 January
- (b) 19 January
- (c) 21 January
- (d) 22 January

Q77. Which of the following states/UTs has declared Jerri hamlet as its first 'Milk Village'?

- (a) Jammu and Kashmir
- (b) Ladakh
- (c) Haryana
- (d) Punjab

Q78. From India, who has been roped in as the Ambassador of ICANN-supported Universal Acceptance Steering Group (UASG)?

- (a) Sachin Bansal
- (b) Falguni Nayar
- (c) Sunil Mittal
- (d) Vijay Shekhar Sharma

Q79. Who has been roped in as the new Chairman of Indian Farmers Fertiliser Cooperative (IFFCO) recently?

- (a) Prem Chandra Munshi
- (b) Mangi Lal Danga
- (c) Simachal Padhya
- (d) Dileep Sanghani

Q80. Which state government launched the 'Streetscaping and Beautification of Roads' project on the lines of European Cities?

- (a) Odisha
- (b) Telangana
- (c) Delhi
- (d) Goa

Q81. Which Union Ministry launched the "Koyla Darpan" portal?

- (a) Ministry of Steel
- (b) Ministry of Coal
- (c) Ministry of Power
- (d) Ministry of Rural Development

Q82. India's first para-badminton academy has been set up in which city?

- (a) Chennai
- (b) Hyderabad
- (c) Lucknow
- (d) Pune

Q83. The U.N. agency concerned with the safety and peaceful use of nuclear technology is:

- (a) The UN Committee on Disarmament
- (b) International Atomic Energy Agency
- (c) UN International Safeguard Committee
- (d) None of the above

Q84. Where is the Headquarters of International Weightlifting Federation (IWF)?

- (a) Budapest, Hungary
- (b) Nairobi, Kenya
- (c) Madrid, Spain
- (d) Bern, Switzerland

Q85. In which of the following state, the Achanakmar Wildlife Sanctuary situated?

- (a) Rajasthan
- (b) Kerala
- (c) West Bengal
- (d) Chhattisgarh

Q86. Balphakram National Park is home to wide species of plants and animals and is located in the midst of the Garo Hills in-

- (a) Meghalaya
- (b) Mizoram
- (c) Arunachal Pradesh
- (d) Manipur

Q87. The Ukai Dam is the largest reservoir in which state?

- (a) Rajasthan
- (b) Maharashtra
- (c) Gujarat
- (d) Punjab

Q88. The SEAC's function on the principle of collective responsibility. What is the meaning of "A" in SEAC?

- (a) Agriculture
- (b) Appraisal
- (c) Apeared
- (d) Authority

Q89. Tallinn is capital city of which Country?

- (a) Estonia
- (b) Ukraine
- (c) Canada
- (d) Poland

Q90. Name the newly appointed Governor of Bihar.

- (a) Banwarilal Purohit
- (b) S C Jamir
- (c) Phagu Chauhan
- (d) Devendra Kumar Joshi

Q91. The traditional Bonderam festival is celebrated in which state?

- (a) Kerala
- (b) Tamil Nadu
- (c) Goa
- (d) Maharashtra

Q92. Pulitzer prize is awarded for outstanding work in the field of

- (a) Science and Technology
- (b) Environmental Studies
- (c) Literature and Journalism
- (d) International Understanding

Q93. Who is current Chemicals and Fertilizers Minister in Narendra Modi government?



- (a) Mansukh Mandaviya
- (b) Kalraj Mishra
- (c) Anant Geete
- (d) Ravi Shankar Prasad

Q94. Bhitarkanika National Park in which state?

- (a) Karnataka
- (b) Tamil Nadu
- (c) Odisha
- (d) Bihar

Q95. The capital of Egypt is?

- (a) Tbilisi
- (b) Cairo
- (c) Conakry
- (d) Djibouti

Q96. Who is the present governor of Rajasthan?

- (a) Mridula Sinha
- (b) VP Singh Badnore
- (c) Kalraj Mishra
- (d) Krishan Kant Paul

Q97. 'In Pursuit of Justice' is the autobiography of \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) Rajindar Sachar
- (b) Suresh Tendulkar
- (c) Ranganath Misra
- (d) Aravind Mehta

Q98. Who among the following has won the 56th Jnanpith Award?

- (a) Kedarnath Singh
- (b) Krishna Sobti
- (c) Nilmani Phookan Jr
- (d) Shrilal Shukla

Q99. Ludovic Orban has recently resigned as the Prime Minister of which country?

- (a) Hungary
- (b) Romania
- (c) Portugal
- (d) Slovakia

Q100. Name the Indian Shuttler who has won silver at BWF World Tour Finals 2021.

- (a) Saina Nehwal
- (b) PV Sindhu
- (c) Sania Mirza
- (d) N. Sikki Reddy

#### SOLUTION

S1. Ans. (a)

Sol. The Earl Cornwallis took office on 12 September 1786 and left office on 28 October 1793. The Marquess Cornwallis took office on 30 July 1805 and left office on 5 October 1805. James Andrew Broun-Ramsay, 1st Marquess of Dalhousie served as Governor-General of India from 1848 to 1856. Lord Mountbatten was the last Viceroy of India (1947) and the first Governor-General of the independent Dominion of India (1947-48). The Viscount Wavell tenure is 1 October 1943 - 21 February 1947.

S2. Ans.(c)

Sol. Tipu Sultan established embassies in France, Turkey and Egypt on modern lines.

S3. Ans.(d)

Sol. Meena Kumari is not the recipient of Bharat Ratna. Indira Gandhi was the first woman recipient of this award.

S4. Ans.(b)

Sol. Whitley chaired the Royal Commission on Labour in India, which reported in 1931.

S5. Ans.(a)

Sol. Gandhi started the Non-Cooperation Movement in 1920. It progressed powerfully from 1920 – Feb, 1922. But the attack on a local police station by angry peasants at Chauri-Chaura in Gorakhpur district of UP on Feb 5, 1922 led Gandhi to stop the movement.

S6. Ans.(c)

Sol. The Interim Government was formed on September 2, 1946. With Muslim League joining the interim government, the second highest-ranking League politician Liaquat Ali Khan became the head of the Department of Finance. Abdur Rab Nishtar headed the Departments of Posts and Air and Ibrahim Ismail Chundrigar headed the Department of Commerce. The League nominated a Scheduled Caste Hindu politician Jogendra Nath Mandal to lead the Department of Law.

S7. Ans.(a)

Sol. The European planters at Champaran in Gujarat practised illegal methods of indigo cultivation and forced the Indian peasants to cultivate Indigo on 3/20th part of their land

holding. This was called Tinkathia system. Peasants of Champaran with the help of Gandhi and Rajendra Prasad organised Satyagraha and led to abolition of Tinkathia system.

S8.Ans.(c)

Sol. Merger of Mysore is not credited to Lord Dalhousie.

S9. Ans.(d)

Sol. Hunter Education Commission was founded in 1882 by Lord Ripon (1880-1884 AD) during the British rule. The government appointed the commission under the chairmanship of William Wilson Hunter to review the progress made in the field of education by Charles Wood's Declaration. This commission is not formed during the Lord Curzon.

S10.Ans.(b)

Sol. Madras session in 1927, presided over by Dr Ansari, in which the National Congress decided to hartals and black-flags demonstrations under the slogan 'Simon Go Back'.

S11.Ans.(c)

Sol. The Battle of Buxar was fought on 22 October 1764 between the forces under the command of the British East India Company led by Hector Munro and the combined armies of Mir Qasim, Nawab of Bengal till 1763; the Nawab of Awadh; and the Mughal Emperor Shah Alam II.

S12. Ans.(d)

Sol. Baghera Rebellion did NOT happen in the area of Bengal.

S13.Ans.(c)

Sol. Zaman Shah gave the title of Raja to Ranjit Singh.

S14.Ans.(a)

Sol. Lord William Bentinck was the last Governor-general of Bengal.

S15. Ans.(d)

Sol. Karsandas Mulji was an Indian journalist, writer and social reformer from Gujarat. He became a vernacular schoolmaster and started a weekly paper in Gujarati called Satya Prakash.

S16. Ans.(d)

Sol. Geologists believe that the Indian peninsula was a part of the Gondwanaland (continent) which drifted northwards and India, Africa and other parts separated from each other.

S17. Ans.(c)

Sol. Ajanta mountain range a short range, which spreads within Maharashtra.

- Aravali ranges covers Rajasthan, Haryana and Delhi
- Satpura ranges are found in Gujrat and Madhya Pradesh.
- Sahyadris ranges starts from Gujrat, Maharastra border and crossing Goa, Karnataka it reaches Kerala tip upto Cape Comrin.
- Ajanta is found in the Aurangabad district of Maharastra.

S18. Ans.(c)

Sol. Monsoon is the only climate which is having reversal of wind between seasons.

S19. Ans.(b)

Sol. Rivers Lohit and Subansiri flow through Arunachal Pradesh. River Barak flows in south Assam and Manipur.

River Lohit and Subansiri flows through Arunachal Pradesh. Barak river flows in south Assam and Manipur.

S20. Ans.(d)

Sol. India ranked 2nd in the fruit production in the world and ranked 6th in production of tobacco.

S21. Ans.(b)

Sol. Cotton, Groundnut and Maize are kharif crop whereas Mustard is a rabi crop.

S22. Ans.(b)

Sol. Madhya Pradesh has the largest forest cover of 77,522 sq. km. in terms of area in the country followed by Arunachal Pradesh with forest cover of 67,321 sq. km.

S23. Ans.(d)

Sol. The Geysers is the world's largest geothermal field, containing a complex of 22 geothermal power plants, it is located in San Francisco.

S24. Ans.(d)

Sol. Asia is the largest continent in the world.

S25. Ans.(c)

Sol. Red Planet is a nickname for the planet Mars, due to its surface color

S26. Ans.(c)

Sol. Dr. N E Borlaug is father of Green Revolution.

S27. Ans.(b)

Sol. Dhaulagiri is the highest peak of Satpura Range.

S28. Ans.(b)

Sol. The Tropic of Cancer divided India into almost 2 equal parts. It passes through 8 Indian States of India – Gujarat, Rajasthan, MP, Chattisgarh, Jharkhand, West Bengal, Tripura and Mizoram.

S29. Ans.(a)

Sol. Canada has the longest total coastline among all of the countries of the world. It has 202,080 km long coastline.

S30. Ans.(a)

Sol. The Coromandal coast receives maximum rainfall from retreating monsoon but during south-west monsoon it hardly receives any rain as it falls in rain shadow area.

S31. Ans.(b)

Sol. When the first rain of Monsoon is observed in India on 1st June at the Konkan coast then this event is called 'Burst of Monsoon'.

S32. Ans.(a)

Sol. Summer Solstice is the day when Northern hemisphere faces the longest day as Sun is on tropic of cancer. It is observed on June 21 every year.

S33. Ans.(a)

Sol. Bering strait (America) is the closest strait to the international date line.

S34. Ans.(a)

Sol. The mid-continent belt including the volcanoes of Alpine mountain chain covers Mediterranean sea.

S35. Ans.(d)

Sol. Nagarhole National Park, also known as Rajiv Gandhi National Park, is a wildlife reserve in the South Indian state of Karnataka. Part of the Nilgiri Biosphere Reserve, the park is backed by the Brahmagiri Mountains and filled with sandalwood and teak trees.

S36. Ans.(b)

Sol. The Partition of Bengal -1905

The Lucknow Pact -1916

The Rowlatt Act -1919 (March)

The Introduction of Dyarchy -1919 (December)

S37. Ans.(c)

Sol. Lord Chelmsford was succeeded by Lord Reading in 1921 as Governor-General and Viceroy of India till 1925. This phase many important events like non-cooperation movement, swarajya party, kakori movement.

S38. Ans.(a)

Sol. Under Article 76, impeachment procedure of the Attorney-General is not provided. He shall hold office during the pleasure of the President. He must not be a member of either House of Parliament.

S39. Ans.(a)

Sol. According to Article 280 it shall be the duty of the Commission to make recommendations to the President as to (1) the distribution between the Union and the States of the net proceeds of taxes which are to be, or may be, divided between them under this Chapter and the allocation between the States of the respective shares of such proceeds; (2) the principles which should govern the grants in aid of the revenues of the States out of the Consolidated Fund of India; (3) any other matter referred to the Commission by the President in the interests of sound finance; (4) The Commission shall determine their procedure and shall have such powers in the performance of their functions as Parliament may by law confer on them.

S40. Ans.(c)

Sol. Article 350A was inserted by 7th Constitutional

Amendment act 1956. It says, it shall be the endeavour of every State and of every local authority within the State to provide adequate facilities for instruction in the mother-tongue at the primary stage of education to children belonging to linguistic minority groups; and the President may issue such directions to any State as he considers necessary or proper for securing the provision of such facilities. Article 349 – Special Procedure for enactment of certain laws relating to language; Article 350 – Language to be used in representations for redress of grievances; Article 351

– Directive for development of the Hindi language.

S41. Ans.(d)

Sol. As per provisions under Article 149, the Comptroller and Auditor General shall perform such duties and exercise such powers in relation to the accounts of the Union and of the States and of any other authority or body as may be prescribed by or under any law made by Parliament and, until provision in that behalf is made, shall perform such duties and exercise such powers in relation to the accounts of the Union and of the States as were conferred on or exercisable by the Auditor General of India immediately before the commencement of this Constitution in relation to the accounts of the Dominion of India and of the Provinces respectively.

S42. Ans.(d)

Sol. Article 67(b) in the Constitution of India states, a Vice President may be removed from his office by a resolution of the Council of States passed by a majority of all the then members of the Council and agreed to by the House of the People; but no resolution for the purpose of this clause shall be moved unless at least fourteen days notice has been given of the intention to move the resolution.

S43. Ans.(b)

Sol. Stock Exchanges are listed in the Seventh Schedule (Article 246) List I-Union List, item no. 90 that reads, taxes other than stamp duties on transactions in stock exchanges and futures markets. Forests-Concurrent List, 17-A, Post Office Savings Bank -Union List-3, Public health and sanitation; hospitals and dispensaries - State List-6.

S44. Ans.(b)

Sol. The highest decision making body for planning in India is the Parliament, National Development Council is at second position and Planning Commission at third position. Economic and social planning is placed under Entry 20 in the Concurrent list.

S45. Ans.(b)

Sol. Statement 1 is incorrect as CAT was set up in 1985 during the prime ministership of Rajiv Gandhi.

S46. Ans.(a)

Sol. The number of ministries at the Centre can vary based on factors such as volume of work, importance attached to different sectors, changes of orientation of policy etc.

On 15 Aug, 1947, the number of ministries at the centre was 18.

S47. Ans.(b)

Sol. According to Article 143 (Power of President to consult Supreme Court).

S48. Ans.(a)

Sol. A Judge may, by writing under his hand addressed to the President, resign his office.

S49. Ans.(c)

Sol. Types of writs are Habeas Corpus, Mandamus, Prohibition, Certiorari, Quo warranto.

S50. Ans.(d)

Sol. Non-plan expenditures include non-developmental expenditure (interest payment, subsidies, defence expenditure, civil administration), developmental expenditure and expenditure incurred on projects which remained unfinished in the earlier plans.

S51. Ans.(b)

Sol. Indirect taxes are the charges that are levied on goods and services. Some of the significant indirect taxes include Value Added Tax, Central Sales Tax, Central Excise Duty, Customs Duty, stamp duties and expenditure tax. Property tax, Corporation tax and Wealth tax are examples of direct taxes.

S52. Ans.(c)

Sol. Base year for WPI is 1993-94 has been in use since April 2000. Earlier 1981-82 was being used as the base year.

S53. Ans.(c)

Sol. The option (c) gross national product at market price minus depreciation minus indirect tax plus subsidies.

S54. Ans.(a)

Sol. Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A

S55. Ans.(c)

Sol. Economy Survey in India is published officially, every year by the Ministry of Finance, Govt. of India. and issued before the annual budget. It reviews the development in the Indian economy over the previous 12 months.

S56. Ans.(b)

Sol. Export and import levels of a country and political stability are very crucial for the market price of the nation's currency.

S57. Ans.(d)

Sol. RBI was established in 1935 and its shares were held by private individuals. There are 20 directors who govern its activities. It was nationalized on 1 January, 1949.

The borrowing programme of the Government of India is handled by Department of Economic Affairs under Union Finance Ministry.

S58. Ans.(a)

Sol. The 'BSE SENSEX' is a value-weighted index composed of 30 stocks and was started in 1 January, 1986. The origin of the NYSE can be traced to 17 May, 1792. When the Buttonwood Agreement was signed by 24 stockbrokers outside 68 Wall Street in New York under a buttonwood tree. Amsterdam stock exchange (1602) is considered oldest in the world and was established by the Dutch East India company.

S59. Ans.(d)

Sol. National Biodiversity Authority (NBA) checks the biopiracy and protects the indigenous and traditional genetic resources. It directly monitors and supervises the scientific research on genetic modification of crop plants application for intellectual property Rights related to genetic biological resources cannot be made without the approval of NBA.

S60. Ans.(a)

Sol. The National Green Tribunal Act, 2010 was enacted in consonance with the Right to healthy environment, construed as a part of Right to life under Art. 21.

S61. Ans.(c)

Sol. The Gangetic dolphins have been declared as the National Aquatic Animal of India. River Dolphin is the National Aquatic Animal of India. The Ministry of Environment and Forests notified the Ganges River Dolphin as the National Aquatic Animal on 18th May 2010. This mammal is also said to represent the purity of the holy Ganga as it can only survive in pure and fresh water.

S62. Ans.(d)

Sol. India observes "National Voters' Day" every year on January 25 to encourage more young voters to take part in the political process.

S63. Ans.(c)

Sol. In India, the National Tourism Day is celebrated every year on 25th January to promote tourism and raise awareness about the importance of tourism for the country's economy.

S64. Ans.(d)



Sol. Vinodanand Jha has been appointed as the Chairperson of the Prevention of Money Laundering Act (PMLA) Adjudicating Authority, for a period of 5 years.

S65.Ans.(d)

Sol. The women's team from Ladakh has lifted the 9th National Women's Ice Hockey Championship in Himachal Pradesh.

S66.Ans.(c)

Sol. Noted Indian historian, archaeologist and epigraphist from Tamil Nadu, Ramachandran Nagaswamy, has passed away. He was 91.

S67.Ans.(c)

Sol. Governments of Himachal Pradesh and Haryana signed an MoU at Panchkula, for the construction of Adi Badri Dam that would come up on 77 acres in Himachal Pradesh near Adi Badri area of Yamuna Nagar district of Haryana.

S68.Ans.(b)

Sol. CSIR-Central Drug Research Institute (CDRI) has developed an indigenous RT-PCR diagnostic kit, 'Om', for the testing of Omicron variant of coronavirus.

S69.Ans.(d)

Sol. P S Vinothraj directed film Koozhangal from India won the best film award in the Asian Film Competition section at the 20th Dhaka International Film Festival.

S70.Ans.(b)

Sol. India's first Chief of Defence Staff Bipin Rawat will be posthumously honoured with the Padma Vibhushan award. The CDS had died in a tragic helicopter crash in Tamil Nadu in December 2021.

S71.Ans.(b)

Sol. The Republic Day Flypast comprised 75 aircraft and helicopters making different formations as they fly past Rajpath. The flypast included the current modern aircraft/helicopters like Rafale, Sukhoi, Jaguar, Mi-17, Sarang, Apache and Dakota displaying various formations including Amrit, Eklavya, Rahat, Meghna, Trishul, Tiranga and Vijay.

S72.Ans.(c)

Sol. This year, the Civil Aviation Ministry presented its tableau at the Republic Day Parade 2022 for the first time. The tableau showcased the Regional Connectivity Scheme UDAN. Under

UDAN scheme, 403 routes connect about 65 underserved/unserved airports across the country including helicopters and water aerodromes.

S73.Ans.(c)

Sol. Bollywood actress Sushmita Sen has been conferred with the International Association of Working Women Award at the Washington DC South Asian Film Festival (DCSAFF) 2021.

S74.Ans.(b)

Sol. India Ratings and Research (Ind-Ra) has projected the real gross domestic product (GDP) growth rate of the Indian economy to grow at 7.6 percent year-on-year in 2022-23 (FY23).

S75.Ans.(a)

Sol. Prime Minister Narendra Modi will inaugurate a 216-foot statue of Ramanujacharya in a sitting position in Hyderabad on February 5, 2022, to celebrate the 1,000th birth anniversary of the saint. The statue will be called as the 'Statue of Equality'.

S76.Ans.(b)

Sol. Kokborok Day, also known as the Tripuri Language Day is annually celebrated across the Indian State of Tripura on 19th January with an aim to develop the Kokborok Language.

S77.Ans.(a)

Sol. In the Union Territory of Jammu and Kashmir, the administration has declared Jerri settlement in Reasi district as the first 'Milk Village' of the J&K and sanctioned 57 more dairy farms under the Integrated Dairy Development Scheme (IDDS) for the hamlet.

S78.Ans.(d)

Sol. Paytm founder Vijay Shekhar Sharma has been roped in as the Ambassador of Universal Acceptance Steering Group (UASG), a community-based team of industry leaders supported by global internet body ICANN.

S79.Ans.(d)

Sol. The board of directors of the Indian Farmers Fertiliser Cooperative (IFFCO) has unanimously elected Dileep Sanghani as the 17th Chairman of the Cooperative on January 19, 2022.

S80.Ans.(c)

Sol. Delhi Government launched the 'Streetscaping and Beautification of Roads' project, on the lines of European Cities.

Nine selected stretches across the city are to be redesigned and redeveloped to make them useful for cyclists, pedestrians and motor cyclists. Recently, redesigning has commenced in a 600-metre stretch on Lodhi Road, to make it in line with various historical monuments in the area.

S81.Ans.(b)

Sol. Union Ministry of Coal launched the "Koyla Darpan" portal, to Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) related to the Coal Sector.

At present, the portal has 9 KPIs including Coal/Lignite Production, Status of Coal Stock in Thermal Power Plants, Infrastructure Projects, Allocation of Blocks, Monitoring of Major Coal Mines and Coal Price.

S82.Ans.(c)

Sol. India's first para-badminton academy has been set up in Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh. It has all the advanced equipment and facilities.

S83.Ans.(b)

Sol. The International Atomic Energy Agency works with its Member States and multiple partners worldwide to promote the safe, secure and peaceful use of nuclear technologies.

S84.Ans.(a)

Sol. Budapest, Hungary is the Headquarters of International Weightlifting Federation (IWF).  
S85.Ans.(d)

Sol. The Achanakmar Wildlife Sanctuary is an Indian sanctuary in Mungeli district, Chhattisgarh State.  
S86.Ans.(a)

Sol. Balphakram National Park, Meghalaya is one of the well known national parks in India. Balphakram National Park is home to wide species of plants and animals and is located in the midst of the Garo Hills in Meghalaya.  
S87.Ans.(c)

Sol. The Ukai Dam, constructed across the Tapti River, is the largest reservoir in Gujarat.  
S88.Ans.(b)

Sol. The State Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC)'s function on the principle of collective responsibility. The Chairperson shall endeavour to reach a consensus in each case, and if consensus cannot be reached, the view of the majority shall prevail.  
S89.Ans.(a)

Sol. Tallinn is the capital and largest city of Estonia.  
S90.Ans.(c)

Sol. The Governor of Bihar is a nominal head and representative of the President of India in the state of Bihar. The Governor is appointed by the President for a term of 5 years. Phagu Chauhan is the current governor of Bihar.  
S91.Ans.(c)

Sol. Bonderam Festival of Flags at Divar Island - Goa. Goa, one of the smallest states in India, possibly has the most activities when it comes to festivals, traditions, and celebrations.  
S92.Ans.(c)

Sol. The Pulitzer Prize is an award for achievements in newspaper, magazine and online journalism, literature, and musical composition in the United States. It was established in 1917 by provisions in the will of American Joseph Pulitzer who had made his fortune as a newspaper publisher, and is administered by Columbia University in New York City.  
S93.Ans.(a)

Sol. Mansukh Mandaviya was appointed as the new union health minister after a mega reshuffle held in the Union Cabinet on Wednesday. Mandaviya along with the crucial Ministry of Health and Family Welfare has also been given the charge of Ministry of Chemicals and Fertilizers by the Prime Minister Narendra Modi led NDA government.

S94.Ans.(c)

Sol. Bhitarkanika National Park is a national park located in Kendrapara district of Odisha in eastern India. Core area of 145 square kilometre of the Bhitarkanika Wild Sanctuary, spread over 672 km<sup>2</sup>. The national park is surrounded by the Bhitarkanika Wildlife Sanctuary. Gahirmatha Beach and Marine Sanctuary lies to the east, and separates swamp region cover with canopy of mangroves from the Bay of Bengal. Thus it become a vicinity of rich biodiversity.

S95.Ans.(b)

Sol. Cairo, Egypt's sprawling capital, is set on the Nile River. At its heart Tahrir Square and the vast Egyptian Museum, a trove of antiquities including royal mummies and gilded King Tutankhamun artifacts. The currency of Egypt is Egyptian pound.

S96.Ans.(c)

Sol. Kalraj Mishra is the Present Governor of Rajasthan.

S97. Ans.(a)

Sol. Late Justice Rajindar Sachar's Autobiography: 'In Pursuit of Justice'. The family of Late Justice Rajindar Sachar in association with The Indian Society of International Law and The Indian Law Institute is organizing the book launch "In Pursuit Of Justice: An Autobiography" .sachar committee appointed in 2005 to study the conditions of Muslims in India.

S98. Ans.(c)

Sol. Assamese poet Nilmani Phookan Jr has won the 56th Jnanpith Award. Phookan is a Sahitya Akademi and Padma Shri awardee. Based out of Guwahati, he is a poet of renown and has written Surya Henu Nami Ahe Ei Nodiyedi, Gulapi Jamur Lagna, and Kobita.

S99. Ans.(b)

Sol. The Prime Minister of Romania Ludovic Orban has stepped down from his post on 7th December 2020, after his ruling National Liberal Party (PNL) lost in 2020 parliamentary election.

S100. Ans.(b)

Sol. Indian Shuttler PV Sindhu won Silver at BWF World Tour Finals 2021; Viktor Axelsen and An Se-young won gold.