Series A2DDC/2

प्रस-पत्र कोड Q.P. Code 31/2/3

Set-3

रोल नं. Roll No.



परीक्षार्थी प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को उत्प-पुष्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर अवस्य लिखें।

Candidates must write the Q.P. Code on the title page of the answer-book.

विज्ञान SCIENCE

निधारित समय: 3 घण्टे Time allowed: 3 hours

अधिकतम अंक : 80 Maximum Marks: 80

नोट	NOTE
(I) कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 23 हैं।	(I) Please check that this question paper contains 23 printed pages.
(II) कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 39 प्रश्न	(II) Please check that this question paper contains 39 questions.
है। (III) प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए प्रश्न-पत्र कोड कों परीक्षार्थी उत्तर-पुस्तिका के	(III) Q.P. Code given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the
मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें। (IV) कृपवा प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, उत्तर-पुस्तिका में प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवस्य	answer-book by the candidate. (IV) Please write down the serial number of the question in the answer-book before attempting it.
लिखें। (V) इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है। प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वाह मैं 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा। 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक परीक्षार्थी केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे और इस अवधि के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे।	(V) 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the candidates will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the
	answer-book during this period.

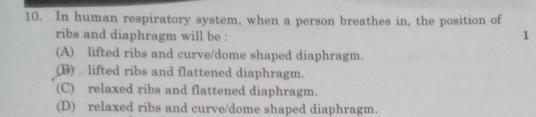
		TION - A	$(20\times 1=20)$
l.	Select and write one most options given for each of the An iron nail is placed in a solut	questions 1 to 20 : tion of copper sulphate. Th	ne nail is taken
	out after 15 minutes. The nail w		rith:
	(A) blue deposit	(B) brown deposit	
	(C) grey deposit	(D) green deposit	
2.	Consider the following cases:		1
	(a) $CaSO_4 + Al \longrightarrow$	(b) CuSO ₄ + Ca	
	(c) $FeSO_4 + Cu \longrightarrow$	(d) ZnSO ₄ + Mg	
	The cases in which new product		
	(A) (a) and (b)	(B) (b) and (c)	
	(C) (c) and (d)	(D) (b) and (d)	
	 (B) Decomposition of vegetable (C) Process of respiration (D) Decomposition of calcium dioxide. 		lime and carbon
4.	The oxide which can react with salt and water is	HCl as well as KOH to g	rive corresponding
	(A) CuO	(B) Al ₂ O ₃	
	(C) Na ₂ O	(B) Al_2O_3 (D) K_2O	
•	Juice of tamarind turns blue lit an acid called:	mus to red. It is because	e of the presence of
		(B) acetic acid	
	(A) methanoic acid		
	(A) methanoic acid (C) tartaric acid	(D) oxalic acid	

0)

6.		nsider the following statem apounds:	ents ab	out homologous series of carbon	
	(a)	All succeeding members di	ffer by -	CH ₂ unit.	
	(b)			creases with increasing molecular	
	(c)	The difference in molecula is 16 u.	r masses	s between two successive members	
	(d)	$\mathrm{C_2H_2}$ and $\mathrm{C_3H_4}$ are NOT t	he succe	ssive members of alkyne series.	
	The	correct statements are -			
	(A)	(a) and (b)	(B)	(b) and (c)	
	(C)	(a) and (c)	(D)	(c) and (d)	
7.	Ide	ntify the correct statement a $2H_2S + SO_2 \longrightarrow 2H_2O + S$		following reaction :	1
	(A)	H ₂ S is oxidising agent and	SO_2 is r	reducing agent.	
	(B)	H ₂ S is reduced to sulphur.			
	(E)	SO2 is oxidising agent and	H ₂ S is 1	reducing agent.	
	(D)	SO2 is oxidised to sulphur.			
8.	Int	he given diagram the leaf sh	nown bel	ongs to which plant?	1
		Adventious buds	A		
	(A)	Hibiscus	(B)	Money plant	
	(C)	Mustard	(D)	Bryophyllum	
Э.	Sele	ct out of the following a gla	and which	ch does NOT occur as a pair in the	
		an body:			1
	(A)	Pituitary	(B)	Ovary	
	(C)	Testis	(D)	Adrenal	

2131/2/3

P.T.O.



- 11. Which of the following statement(s) is (are) true about human heart?

 (a) Right atrium receives oxygenated blood from lungs through pulmonary artery.
 - (b) Left atrium transfers oxygenated blood to left ventricle which sends it to various parts of the body.
 - (c) Right atrium receives deoxygenated blood through vena cava from upper and lower body.
 - (d) Left atrium transfers oxygenated blood to aorta which sends it to different parts of the body.
 - (A) (a) (B) (a) and (d) (C) (b) and (c) (D) (b) and (d)
- 12. A cross made between two pea plants produces 50% tall and 50% short pea plants. The gene combination of the parental pea plants must be

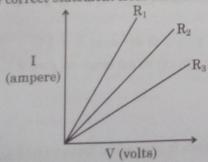
(A) Tt and Tt

(B) TT and Tt

(C) Tt and tt

(D) TT and tt

13. Study the I-V graph for three resistors of resistances R₁, R₂ and R₃ and select the correct statement from the following:



 $(A) \quad R_1 = R_2 = R_3$

(B) $R_1 > R_2 > R_3$

(C) $R_3 > R_2 > R_1$

(D) $R_2 > R_3 > R_1$

2131/2/3

9

P.T.O.

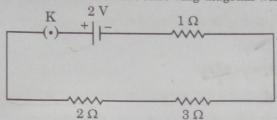
14.	The	maximum resistance of a net	work	of five identical resistors of $\frac{1}{6}$ Θ	
		can be -		, ,	
	(A)	1Ω	(B)	0.5 Ω	
	(C)	0.25 Ω	(D)	0.1 Ω	
15.	15. The speed of light in vacuum is 3×10^8 m/s. If the speed of light in s medium is 2.25×10^8 m/s, the absolute refractive index of the medium is:				
	(A)	$\frac{7}{6}$	(B)	5 4	
	(C)	4/3	(D)	$\frac{3}{2}$	
16.	Stu	dy the following statements:		1	
	(a)		amag	ge to the circuit due to overloading.	
	(b)	Total resistance in a circuit in			
	(c)	During short circuiting the co	urren	t in the circuit abruptly increases.	
		In order that each appliance parallel to each other.	has s	same current, they are connected in	
	The	correct statements are			
	(A)	(a) and (b)	(B)	(b) and (d)	
	(g)	(a) and (c)	(D)	(a), (c) and (d)	
	Q. 1	Nos. 17 to 20 are Assertion -	Res	ason based questions:	
	The	se questions consist of two sta wer these questions selecting	teme	ents – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Appropriate option given below:	
	(A)	Both (A) and (R) are true and	d (R)	is the correct explanation of (A).	
	(B)	Both (A) and (R) are true, but	t (R) i	is not the correct explanation of (A).	
	(C)	(A) is true, but (R) is false.			
	(D)	(A) is false, but (R) is true.			
17.	Asse	ertion (A) : Carbon reduces t	he ox	IIICO OT DOMESTIC MINE TANBELONIA	1
	Rea	son (R): Sodium and Magne Carbon.	sium	have more affinity for Oxygen than	
010	1/0/0		11	P.T.	0.
210	1/2/3		**		

18.		carrying wire decreases when the magnitude of an electric current in the wire is increased.	
	Rea	carrying conductor increases on increasing the current in the conductor.	
19.	Ass	ertion (A): The colour of clear sky appears blue.	C
		son (R): Light of blue colour has longer wavelength as compared to the light of red colour so it is scattered more in the upper + atmosphere.	ン
20.	Ass	ertion (A): Human female has a perfect pair of sex chromosome.	1
		ason (R): Sex chromosome contributed by the human male in the zygote decides the sex of a child.)
		SECTION - B	
	Q. 1	Nos. 21 to 26 are very short answer questions.	
21.	. /	Give one example of each of the following:	
		(i) Chemical reaction showing evolution of gas.	
		(ii) Change in the colour of the substance during a chemical reaction. OR	
21.	(b)	Translate the following statements into chemical equations and then balance them:	
		(i) Hydrogen sulphide gas burns in air to give water and sulphur dioxide.	
		(ii) Silver bromide on exposure to sunlight decomposes into silver and bromine.	
22.	Non	ne the blood vessel which brings blood to the kidneys. Why is nephron	
44.	calle	ed a basic filtration unit of kidney? Write the role of tubular part of	2
	nep	hron in urine formation.	4
23.	mroc	adel crossed a round and yellow seeded pea plant with a wrinkled and on seeded pea plant. What did the plants of F ₁ generation look like in	
	torn	of shape and colour of seed? On self-pollinating F ₁ generation	
	plan	ats, plants with four types of combinations of characters were seen in eneration. Write the combinations along with their ratios.	2

2131/2/3

P.T.O.

24. Use Ohm's law to determine the potential difference across the 3 Ω resistor in the circuit shown in the following diagram when key is closed:



25. (a) A person suffering from an eye defect uses lenses of power -1 D. Name the defect of vision and list its two causes. State the nature (converging/diverging) of the corrective lens.

OR

- (b) What is presbyopia? Name the type of lenses used for the correction of this defect. State the nature (converging/diverging) of the upper part of such lenses.
- 26. Name the term used for the materials which cannot be broken down by biological processes. Give two ways by which they harm various components of an ecosystem.

SECTION - C

Q. Nos. 27 to 33 are short answer questions.

27. (a) Sodium metal is stored under kerosene oil. Why?

(b) Some metal oxides are soluble in water. What are the aqueous solutions of these oxides called ? Write one example of such a solution.

- (c) At ordinary temperature the surface of metals such as magnesium, aluminium, zinc etc. is covered with a thin layer. What is the composition of this layer? State its importance.
- 28. It is observed that Calcium on reaction with water floats on its surface. Explain why it happens. Also write a balanced chemical equation for the reaction that occurs. What happens when the aqueous solution of the product of this reaction reacts with Carbon dioxide gas? Write a balanced chemical equation for the reaction.

P.T.O.

2

2

2

3

3	29. (a) List any two contraceptive methods practised only by women. Mention how these methods work.	
	(b) Write the two roles performed by testes in human males.	
3	30. (a) Give reasons for the following:	
	(i) Alveoli in lungs are richly supplied with blood capillaries.	
	(ii) Respiratory pigment in the blood takes up oxygen and not carbon dioxide.	
	(iii) During anaerobic respiration, a 3-carbon molecule is formed as an end product instead of CO ₂ in human beings.	
	OR	
3	30. (b) (i) Name the movements that occur all along the gut in human digestive system. How do they help in digestion?	3
	(ii) Where is bile juice stored in human body? List two roles of bile juice.	
3	31. (a) Define the term power of accommodation of human eye. Write the name of the part of eye which plays a major role in the process of accommodation and explain what happens when human eye focuses (i) nearby objects and (ii) distant objects.	3
	OR	
	(b) Draw a ray diagram to show the formation of a rainbow in the sky. On this diagram mark A – where dispersion of light occurs, B – where internal reflection of light occurs and C – where refraction of	
3		3
	32. Define the term solenoid. Draw the pattern of magnetic field lines around	
3	a current carrying solenoid. State how this magnetic field can be used to magnetise a piece of magnetic material, like soft iron.	3
	33. Use of pesticides to protect our crops affect organisms at various trophic levels especially human beings. Name the phenomenon involved and	
	explain how does it happen.	3

2131/2/3

P.T.O.

मूची

		SECTION - D	
Q	Nos.	34 to 36 are long answer questions.	
84. (a)	(i)	Distinguish between barries	_
	(ii)	Which part of the brain is responsible for –	5
		(1) intelligence	
		(2) riding a bicycle	
		(3) vomiting	
		(4) controlling hunger	
	(iii)	nunger	
	(111)	stant and spinal-cord protected against mechanical injuries?	
(1)	<i>(</i> 2)	OR	
34. (b)	(i)	What are tropic movements? Give an example of a plant hormone which (1) inhibits growth and (2) promotes cell division.	5
	(ii)	Explain directional movement of a tendril in pea plant in response to touch. Name the hormone responsible for this movement.	
35. (a)	dist the obta	gram to show the formation of image of an object placed at a sance of 2F from such a lens. Mention the position and nature of image formed. State the observable difference in the image sined if the lens is uncovered. Give reason to justify your answer. Object is placed at a distance of 30 cm from the optical centre of a cave lens of focal length 15 cm. Use lens formula to determine the sance of the image from the optical centre of the lens.	5
36. (a)	(i)	Give reason why carbon can neither form C ⁴⁺ cations nor C ⁴⁻ anions but form covalent compounds.	5
	(ii)	What is homologous series of carbon compound? Write the molecular formula of any two consecutive members of	
		homologous series of aldehydes.	
	(iii)	Draw the structure of the molecule of cyclohexane (C ₆ H ₁₂).	
		OR 1, 1 2-11	

1 - 2 - H 19

P.T.O.

वृद्धि का

इस गति

स्थित म्ब की

(1

री पर जए।

गायन

ति के

5

5

5

36.	(b) (i) Name a commercially important carbon compound having functional group –OH and write its molecular formula. (ii) Write chemical equation to show its reaction with: (1) Sodium metal (2) Excess conc. sulphuric acid (3) Ethanoic acid in the presence of an acid catalyst (4) Acidified potassium dichromate Also write the name of the product formed in each case.	
	SECTION - E	
	Q. Nos. 37 to 39 are case based / data based questions with 2 to 3 short sub-parts. Internal choice is provided in one of these sub-parts.	
37.	Asexual reproduction involves a single parent to produce offsprings without the formation of gametes. It occurs by the following ways: Fission, Budding, Fragmentation, Spore formation and Regeneration. In one of the methods like regeneration, Planaria A is cut horizontally into three pieces – L, M and N and Planaria B is cut vertically into two equal halves – O and P.	4
	↑ ¶	
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	A Blanchic could regenerate to form	
	(a) Which of the cut pieces of the two Planaria could regenerate to form	1
	a complete organism? (b) Give an example of another organism which follows the same mode	
	(b) Give an example of another organism which	1
	of reproduction as Planaria. (c) What is the meaning of 'development' in regeneration?	2
•	OR	
((c) Differentiate between regeneration and fragmentation.	2

पूर्ण रूप से	When electric current floor	,
मात्रा (H)	gets fully converted into heat energy. The array of heat energy	
तक धारा	the circuit is found to be directly. The amount of heat produced (H) in	
क्तयाँ जैसे	(I ²) (ii) the resistance (R) of the	
	current flows. In other words H = 12D = 12D	
4	fuse, electric heater, electric iron etc. are all based on this effect called	
1		4
1	(a) List two properties of heating elements	1
विद्युत	(b) Dist two properties of electric fuse.	1
प्रत्रों को	(c) Name the principle on which an electric fuse works. Explain how a	
2	capable of saving electrical appliances from getting	
	damaged due to accidently produced high currents.	2
20 V	OR	
विद्युत	(c) The power of an electric heater is 1100 W. If the potential difference	
2	between the two terminals of the heater is 220 V, find the current	
-	nowing in the circuit. What will happen to an electric fuse of rating	
	5 A connected in this circuit ?	2
भारण		
सका	39. Salts play a very important role in our daily life. Sodium chloride which is	
हरण	known as common salt is used almost in every kitchen. Baking soda is	
4	also a salt used in faster cooking as well as in baking industry. The family	
1	of salts is classified on the basis of cations and anions present in them.	4
1	(a) Identify the acid and base from which Sodium chloride is formed.	1
ष्टि	(b) Find the cation and the anion present in Calcium sulphate.	1
	(c) "Sodium chloride and washing soda both belong to the same family of	
2	salts." Justify this statement.	2
	OR	
से	(c) Define the term pH scale. Name the salt obtained by the reaction of	
2	Potassium hydroxide and Sulphuric acid and give the pH value of its	
	aqueous solution.	2
		-