

(2)

306 E/B

1. Camphor in nitrogen gas is a type of solution
 (1) Gas - Gas (2) Solid - Gas
 (3) Liquid - Gas (4) Solid - Liquid
2. Identify the correct order of organic compounds in the following chemical reaction :
- $$\text{Zn} + \text{Mg} \xrightarrow{\text{Dry Ether}} \text{Zn} \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \text{Zn(OH)}_2 \xrightarrow[\text{H}_2\text{O}]{} \text{Zn(OH)}_2 \xrightarrow[\text{Cl}_2, \Delta]{} \text{ZnCl}_2$$
- (A) CH_3MgBr
 (B) CH_3Br
 (C) CH_3Cl
 (D) CH_4

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (B), (A), (D), (C)
 (2) (A), (C), (B), (D)
 (3) (B), (A), (C), (D)

Consider the following statements regarding osmotic pressure :

- (A) Molar mass of a protein can be determined using osmotic pressure method.
 (B) The osmotic pressure is proportional to the molarity.
 (C) Reverse osmosis occurs when a pressure larger than osmotic pressure is applied to the concentrated solution side.
 (D) Edema occurs due to retention of water in tissue cells as a result of osmosis.

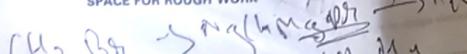
Choose the correct statements with reference to osmotic pressure :

- (1) (A), (B) and (D) only
 (2) (A), (B) and (C) only
 (3) (A), (B), (C) and (D)

Vapour pressures of pure liquids 'A' and 'D' at 30°C are 400 mm Hg and 800 mm Hg respectively. The mole percentage of 'D' in the binary solution of 'A' and 'D' boils at 50°C and 700 mm Hg pressure. The mole percentage of 'D' in the solution is :

- (1) 33.33 mole percent
 (2) 66.67 mole percent
 (3) 25/75 mole percent
 (4) 75.25 mole percent

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For the following reaction :



- volume is increased to double its value by decreasing the pressure on it. If the reaction is first order with respect to X and second order with respect to A_2X , then the rate of reaction will
- (1) Decrease by eight times of its initial value
 (2) Increase by eight times of its initial value
 (3) Increase by four times of its initial value
 (4) Remain unchanged

6.

The total number of sigma bonds present in P_4O_{10} are :

- (1) 6 (2) 7
 (3) 16 (4) 17

7.

In the electrolysis of alumina to obtain Alumina metal, the cryolite is added mainly to

- (1) lower the melting point of alumina.
 (2) dissolve the alumina in the molten cryolite
 (3) remove the impurities of alumina.
 (4) increase the electrical conductivity.

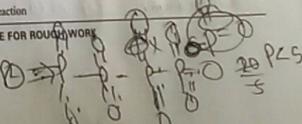
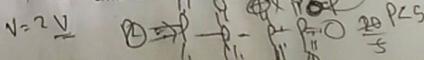
8. Identify the order of reaction if its rate constant is $k = 2 \times 10^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$.

- (1) Zero order
 (2) First order
 (3) Second order
 (4) Half order

9. For a complex reaction, the order of reaction is equal to

- (1) Sum of stoichiometric coefficients in balanced chemical reaction
 (2) The molecularity of overall reaction
 (3) Order of fastest step of the reaction
 (4) The molecularity of slowest step of reaction

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10. A molecule X associates in a given solvent as per the following equation :



(4)

For a given concentration of X, the van't Hoff factor was found to be 0.80 and the fraction of associated molecules was 0.3. The correct value of 'n' is :

- (1) 2
(2) 3
(3) 1
(4) 5

11. The oxidation number of Co in complex $[\text{Co}(\text{H}_2\text{NCH}_2\text{Cl})_2\text{NH}_3]_2(\text{SO}_4)_3$ is

- (1) 3
 (2) 4
 (3) 2
 (4) 5

12. The correct structure of dipeptide, Gly-Ala (glycylalanine) is

- (1) $\text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CO}-\text{NH}-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{COOH}$
(2) $\text{HOOC}-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}-\text{CO}-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{NH}_2$
(3) $\text{HOOC}-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{NH}-\text{CO}-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}_2$
(4) $\text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{CO}-\text{NH}-\text{CH}_2-\text{COOH}$

13. The total number of ions produced from the complex $[\text{Cr}(\text{NH}_3)_6]\text{Cl}_3$ in aqueous solution will be _____

- (1) 2
 (2) 3
 (3) 4
 (4) 5

14. Arrange the following in decreasing order of number of molecules contained in :

- (A) 16 g of O_2
(B) 16 g of CO_2
(C) 16 g of CO
(D) 16 g of H_2

Choose the correct order from the options given below :

- (1) (A), (B), (C), (D)
(2) (D), (C), (A), (B)
 (3) (B), (A), (D), (C)
(4) (C), (B), (D), (A)

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M U

A B

C D

E F

G H

I J

K L

M N

O P

Q R

S T

U V

W X

Y Z

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

AA BB

CC DD

EE FF

GG HH

II JJ

KK LL

MM NN

OO PP

QQ RR

SS TT

UU VV

WW XX

YY ZZ

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(6)

21. The gold number range of some of the lyophilic colloids is given below
 A: 0.005 - 0.01, B: 0.15 - 0.25, C: 0.04 - 1.0 and D: 13 - 25

Which among these can be used as a better protecting colloid?

- (1) A (2) B
 (3) C (4) D

22. Reaction of aniline with conc. HNO_3 and conc. H_2SO_4 at 298 K will produce 47% of
 (1) p-Nitroaniline (2) o-Nitroaniline
 (3) m-Nitroaniline (4) 2,4-Dinitroaniline

23. What will be increasing order of basic strength of the following compounds?

- (1) $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{NH}_2$, $(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{NH}$, $(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_3\text{N}$, $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{17}\text{NH}_2$
 (2) $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NH}_2$, $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{NH}_2$, $(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_3\text{N}$, $(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{NH}$
 (3) $(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_3\text{N}$, $(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{NH}$, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NH}_2$, $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{NH}_2$
 (4) $(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{NH}$, $(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_3\text{N}$, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NH}_2$, $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{NH}_2$

24. Which of the following compounds will give Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction?

- (1) $\text{R}-\text{CH}_2-\text{COOH}$ (2) $\text{R}_2\text{C}-\text{CHO}$
 (3) R_2CO (4) $\text{H}-\text{COOH}$

25. Arrange the following acids in increasing order of their acidic strengths:

- (1) HCOOH , FCH_2COOH , $\text{NO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$, OCH_2COOH
 (2) HCOOH , $\text{NO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$, ClCH_2COOH , FCH_2COOH
 (3) $\text{NO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$, HCOOH , ClCH_2COOH , FCH_2COOH
 (4) HCOOH , ClCH_2COOH , FCH_2COOH , $\text{NO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$

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26. In the following compounds, what is the increasing order of their reactivity towards nucleophilic addition reactions?

- (1) Benzaldehyde, p-Tolualdehyde, p-Nitrobenzaldehyde, Acetophenone
 (2) Acetophenone, Benzaldehyde, p-Tolualdehyde, p-Nitrobenzaldehyde
 (3) Acetophenone, p-Tolualdehyde, Benzaldehyde, p-Nitrobenzaldehyde
 (4) Benzaldehyde, Acetophenone, p-Tolualdehyde, p-Nitrobenzaldehyde

27. The Gatterman-Koch reaction is used in the industrial preparation of benzaldehyde. The electrophile involved in this reaction is

- (1) CO^+ (2) $\text{HCl} + \text{CO}_2 + \text{anhydrous AlCl}_3$
 (3) HCO^+ (4) $\text{CO} + \text{anhydrous AlCl}_3$

28. Formaldehyde undergoes Cannizzaro reaction because

- (A) It has alpha-hydrogen atom.
 (B) It does not have alpha-hydrogen atom.
 (C) It does not undergo self-oxidation and reduction on heating with concentrated alkali.
 (D) It undergo self-oxidation and reduction on heating with concentrated alkali.
- Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (B) and (D) only (2) (A) and (C) only
 (3) (B) and (C) only (4) (A) and (D) only

29. In the reaction, $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{C}-\text{O}-\text{CH}_3 + \text{HI} \rightarrow \text{Products}$

- CH_3OH and $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{Cl}$ are the products and not CH_3I and $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{C}-\text{OH}$. It is because,
 (A) in step 2 of the reaction the departure of leaving group ($\text{HO}-\text{CH}_3$) creates less stable carbocation.
 (B) in step 2 of the reaction the departure of leaving group ($\text{HO}-\text{CH}_3$) creates more stable carbocation.
 (C) the reaction follows S_N1 mechanism.
 (D) the reaction follows S_N2 mechanism.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (B) and (D) only (2) (B) and (C) only
 (3) (A) and (D) only (4) (A) and (C) only

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(8)

30. Aniline does not undergo Friedel-Crafts reaction because

- (A) It forms salt with the Lewis acid catalyst, AlCl_3
- (B) Nitrogen of aniline acquires negative charge.
- (C) Nitrogen of aniline acquires positive charge.
- (D) Nitrogen acts as a strong deactivating group in the further reaction.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (1) (A), (B) and (D) only
- (2) (A), (B) and (C) only
- (3) (A), (C) and (D) only
- (4) (B), (C) and (D) only

31. Although chlorine is an electron withdrawing group, yet it is ortho- and para-directing in electrophilic aromatic substitution reaction because

- (A) Chlorine withdraws electrons through inductive effect.
- (B) Chlorine destabilises the intermediate carbocation formed during electrophilic substitution.
- (C) Chlorine accepts electrons through resonance.
- (D) Chlorine releases electrons through resonance.

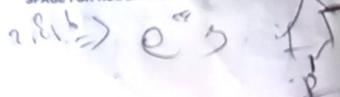
Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A), (B) and (D) only
- (2) (A), (B) and (C) only
- (3) (A), (C) and (D) only
- (4) (B), (C) and (D) only

32. In Etard reaction, the final product is

- (1) Aromatic aldehyde
- (2) Aromatic chloride
- (3) Aromatic amine
- (4) Aromatic alcohol

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33. (8)

Match List-I with List-II

(9)

List-I	List-II
(A) Amino acids linked in a specific sequence	(I) Primary structure of proteins
(B) Regular folding of a specific sequence of amino acids due to H-bonding	(II) Secondary structure of proteins
(C) Fibrous proteins	(III) Quaternary structure of proteins
(D) Spatial arrangement of two or more polypeptide chains	(IV) Tertiary structure of proteins

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (1) (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
- (2) (A) - (I), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)
- (3) (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)
- (4) (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

34. Match List-I with List-II :

List-I	List-II
(A) Tollen's reagent	(I) Rochelle's salt
(B) Jones reagent	(II) Conc. HCl and ZnCl_2
(C) Lucas reagent	(III) Ammonical silver nitrate
(D) Fehling solution	(IV) Chromium trioxide-sulphuric acid

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)
- (2) (A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)
- (3) (A) - (I), (B) - (IV), (C) - (II), (D) - (III)
- (4) (A) - (III), (B) - (I), (C) - (IV), (D) - (II)

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35. Match List-I with List-II : (10)

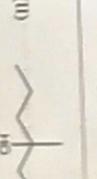
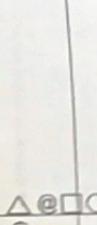
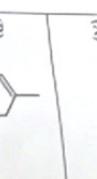
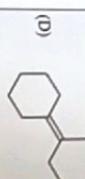
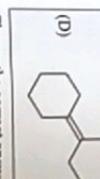
List-I	List-II
(A) Swarts Reaction	(I) $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NH}_2 + \text{NaNO}_2 \xrightarrow{\Delta} \text{HX} + \text{Cu}_2\text{X}_2 \rightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{X} + \text{N}_2$
(B) Finkelstein reaction	(II) $2\text{RX} + 2\text{Na} \rightarrow \text{R}-\text{R} + 2\text{NaX}$
(C) Sandmeyer's reaction	(III) $\text{RX} \xrightarrow{\text{AgF}} \text{R}-\text{F} + \text{AgX}$
(D) Wurtz reaction	(IV) $\text{RX} \xrightarrow{\text{NaI}} \text{R}-\text{I} + \text{NaX}$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
 (2) (A) - (I), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)
 (3) (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)
 (4) - (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

36. Match List-I with List-II : (11)

List-I (Biomolecule)	List-II (Function/Diseases)
(A) Vitamin A	(I) Menstrual cycle
(B) Thiamine	(II) Xerophthalmia
(C) Glucocorticoids	(III) Beri-Beri
(D) Estradiol	(IV) Addison's disease



36 E/R In the following table, match the reactants given in List-I with the correct product in List-II as per the reaction of hydration of alkene under acidic condition.

List-I (Reactants)	List-II (Products)
(A)	(I)
(B)	(II)
(C)	(III)
(D)	(IV)

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
 (2) (A) - (I), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)
 (3) (A) - (II), (B) - (I), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)

38. Which among the following is *not* an Analgesic ?

- (1) Morphine
 (2) Heroin
 (3) Codeine
 (4) Ranitidine

39. The increasing order of acidity of the following compounds based on pKa values is

- (A) BrCH_2COOH
 (B) ClCH_2COOH
 (C) FCO_2CH_3

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (D) < (A) < (B) < (C)
 (2) (A) - (III), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (I)
 (3) (B) < (A) < (D) < (C)

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40. For $S_8/2$ reaction, the increasing order of the reactivity of the following alkyl halides is :
- $CH_3CH_2CH_2CH_2Br$
 - $CH_3CH_2CH(Br)CH_3$
 - $(CH_3)_2CHBr$
 - $(CH_3)_2CHCH_2Br$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(1) (A) < (B) < (C) < (D)
 (2) (B) < (A) < (D) < (C)
 (3) (B) < (A) < (D) < (C)
 (4) (C) < (B) < (D) < (A)

Read the following passage and answer the next five questions based on it.

Battery or cell converts chemical energy of the redox reaction to electrical energy. In fuel cell (a galvanic cell), the chemical energy of combustion of fuels like H_2 , ethanol, etc. are directly converted to electrical energy. In a fuel cell, H_2 and O_2 react to produce electricity, where H_2 gas is oxidised at anode and oxygen is reduced at cathode and the reactions involved are



67.2 L of H_2 at STP reacts in 1.5 minutes.

41. The number of moles of hydrogen oxidised is :
- 0.33 moles
 - 33.3 moles
 - 3.0 moles
 - 1.33 moles

42. The number of moles of electrons produced in the oxidation of 67.2 L of H_2 at STP is :
- 2 moles
 - 4 moles
 - 1 mole
 - 6 moles

43. The quantity of electricity produced in the oxidation of 67.2 L of H_2 at STP is :
- 96500 C
 - 579000 C
 - 193000 C
 - 48250 C

44. If the entire current produced is used for the electrodeposition of Silver (at wt. 108 g mol⁻¹) from Silver I solution, the amount of silver deposited will be
- 324 g
 - 648 g
 - 108 g
 - 216 g

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The source of electrical energy on the Apollo moon flight was

- (1) Lead storage battery
 (2) A generator set

- (3) Ni-Cd cells
 (4) H_2-O_2 Fuel cell

45. Read the following passage and answer the next five questions based on it.
- Sc Ti V Cr Mn Fe Co Ni Cu
 Y Zr Nb Mo Te Ru Rh Pd Ag
 La Hf Ta W Re Os Ir Pt Au
 Ho Er Tm Yb Lu

Is any transition series, as we move from left to right the d-orbitals are progressively filled and their properties vary accordingly.
 Ce Pr Nd Pr Sm Eu Gd Tb Dy Ho Er Tm Yb Lu
 Tb Pm U Np Pu Am Cm Bk Cf Es Fm Md No Lr
 The above are the two series of f-block elements in which the chemical properties won't change much. The f-series elements are radioactive in nature and mostly are artificially synthesised in laboratories and thus much is not known about their chemical properties.

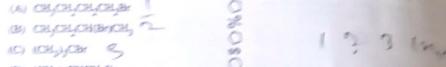
46. Identify the incorrect statement.
- Second ionisation enthalpy of Ag is greater than second ionisation enthalpy of Pd.
 - Zr and Hf shares almost identical nuclear properties.
 - Melting point of Mn is lower than that of Cr.
 - Inertial compounds are non-stoichiometric and neither ionic nor covalent in nature.
47. Which of the following is the correct order of second ionisation enthalpy ?
- V > Cr > Mn
 - V < Cr < Mn
 - V < Cr > Mn
 - V > Cr < Mn
48. Which of the following pair of compounds exhibits same colour in aqueous solution ?
- $FeCl_3$, $CuCl_2$
 - $VOCl_3$, $CuCl_2$
 - $VOCl_3$, $FeCl_3$
 - $VOCl_3$, $MnCl_2$
49. Which metal has the highest oxidation state in the first few transition series ?
- Cr
 - Fe
 - Mn
 - V
50. Why do the actinoids exhibit higher number of oxidation states than lanthanoids ?
- 4f orbitals are more diffused than the 5f orbitals.
 - Energy difference between 5f and 6d is less with respect to the energy difference between 4f and 5d.
 - Energy difference between 5f and 6d is more with respect to the energy difference between 4f and 5d.
 - Actinoids are more reactive in nature than the lanthanoids.

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(12)

40. For $S_{N}2$ reaction, the increasing order of the reactivity of the following alkyl halides is:



Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A) < (B) < (C) < (D)
 (2) (A) < (B) < (D) < (C)
 (3) (B) < (A) < (D) < (C)
 (4) (D) < (C) < (B) < (A)

Read the following passage and answer the next five questions based on it.

Battery or cell converts chemical energy of the redox reaction to electrical energy. In fuel cell (a cell), the chemical energy of combustion of fuels like H_2 , ethanol, etc. are directly converted to electric energy. In a fuel cell, H_2 and O_2 react to produce electricity, where H_2 gas is oxidised at anode and oxygen is reduced at cathode and the reactions involve:

67.2 L of H_2 at STP reacts in 15 minutes.

41. The number of moles of hydrogen oxidised is:

- (1) 0.33 moles (2) 33.3 moles (3) 3.0 moles (4) 1.33 moles

42. The number of moles of electrons produced in the oxidation of 67.2 L of H_2 at STP is:

- (1) 2 moles (2) 4 moles (3) 1 mole (4) 6 moles

43. The quantity of electricity produced in the oxidation of 67.2 L of H_2 at STP is:

- (1) 94500 C (2) 579000 C (3) 193000 C (4) 48250 C

44. If the entire current produced is used for the electrodeposition of Silver (at wt. 108 g. mol⁻¹) from Silver II solution, the amount of silver deposited will be:

- (1) 324 g (2) 648 g (3) 108 g (4) 216 g

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(12)

45. The source of electrical energy on the Apollo moon flight was:

- (1) Lead storage battery

- (2) A generator set

- (3) Ni-Cd cells

- (4) H_2-O_2 Fuel-cell

Read the following passage and answer the next five questions based on it.

Sr Ti V Cr Mn Fe Co Ni Cu Zn

La Ba Ta W Re Os Ir Pt Au Hf

In any transition series, as we move from left to right the d-orbitals are progressively filled and their

proportion vary accordingly.

Cr Fe Ni Cu Sn In Cd Tb Dy Ho Er Tm Yb Lu

Th Pr Gd Nd Eu Tb Dy Ho Er Tm Yb Lu

The above are the two series of 15 block elements in which the chemical properties won't change much. The 5f-series elements are radioactive in nature and mostly are artificially synthesised in laboratories and thus

much is not known about their chemical properties.

46. Identify the incorrect statement:

- (1) Second ionisation enthalpy of Ag is greater than third ionisation enthalpy of Pd.

- (2) Zr and Hf share almost identical nuclear properties.

- (3) Melting point of Iba is lower than that of Cr.

- (4) Intermetallic compounds are non-metallocene and neither ionic nor covalent in nature.

47. Which of the following is the correct order of second ionisation enthalpy?

- (1) V > Cr > Mn (2) V < Cr < Mn (3) V < Cr > Mn (4) V > Cr < Mn

48. Which of the following pair of compounds exhibits same colour in aqueous solution?

- (1) $PtCl_2 \cdot CuCl_2$ (2) $VOCl_3 \cdot CuCl_2$

- (3) $VOCl_3 \cdot FeCl_3$ (4) $VOCl_3 \cdot MnCl_2$

49. Which metal has the highest oxidation state in the first four transition series?

- (1) Cr (2) Fe (3) Mn (4) V

50. Why do actinoids exhibit higher number of oxidation states than lanthanoids?

- (1) 4f orbitals are more diffuse than the 5d orbitals.

- (2) Energy difference between 5f and 6d is less with respect to the energy difference between 4f and 5d.

- (3) Energy difference between 5f and 6d is more with respect to the energy difference between 4f and 5d.

- (4) Actinoids are more reactive in nature than the lanthanoids.

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