MARKING SCHEME

Class: XII Session: 2024-25 Computer Science (083)

Time allowed: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 70

Q No.	SECTION A (21X1=21)	Marks
1.	False	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	
2.	(A) #THONPROGRAM	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
3.	(A) not (True) and False	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
4.	(B) ['I', 'ter', 'atio', 'al']	(4)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
5.	ce lo	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
6.	(B) False	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
7.	(B) print(my_dict['apple', 'banana'])	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
8.	(B) Removes the first occurrence of value x from the list	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
9.	(D) t=tuple(1)	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
10.	file.seek(0) (OR file.seek(0,0))	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
11.	False	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
12.	(C) 12#15%	(4)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
13.	Alter (or Alter Table)	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
14.	(A) Details of all products whose names start with 'App'	(1)
]	

	(1 mark for correct answer)	
15.	(D) CHAR	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
16.	(B) count()	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
17.	(B) FTP	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
18.	(B) Gateway	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
19.	(B) Packet Switching	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
20.	(B) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation for A.	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)
21.	(C) A is True but R is False.	(1)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	(1)

Q No.	SECTION B (7 X 2 =14)	Marks
22.	A mutable object can be updated whereas an immutable object cannot be	
	updated.	
	Mutable object: [1,2] or {1:1,2:2} (Any one)	(2)
	Immutable object: (1,2) or '123' (Any one)	(2)
	(1 mark for correct difference)	
	(½ x 2 = 1 Mark for selecting correct objects)	
23.	(I) Arithmetic operators: +,-	
	(II) Relational operators: >, >=	(2)
	($\frac{1}{2}$ x 4 = 2 Marks for each correct operator)	
24.	(1)	
	A) L1.count(4)	
	OR OR	
	B) L1.sort()	(2)
	(1 mark for correct answer)	, ,
	(II)	
	A) L1.extend(L2)	

				OR			
	B) L2.reverse()						
25	(1 mark for co		ver)				
25.	(A), (C) $(\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1)$	•					
		-		ممينامين ماطانمم	of the consider	. h. 4 C	(2)
	$(\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1)$		aximum po	issible values	of the variable	e D: 1,6	
26.	Table: Student						
		ADMN	RollNo	Name	PhoneNo		
		124	1	Chavi	989899		
		235	2	Arpita	931124	-	
		276	3	Chavi	972457	1	(2)
	Primary key:	ADMN	<u>I</u>	1	-	_	
	Alternate key	s: RollNo,	PhoneNo				
	Total Candida	ate keys: 3					
	(1 mark for th	ne correct t	able)				
	(1 mark for n	umber of c	andidate k	reys)			
27.	(I)						
	A) UI	NIQUE		OR			
	B) N	OT NULL		OK			
	(1 mark for o	correct ans	swer)				(2)
	(II)	TED TAD					
	A) ALTER TABLE MOBILE DROP PRIMARY KEY; OR B) ALTER TABLE MOBILE ADD PRIMARY KEY (M_ID);						
00	(1 mark for o	correct ans	swer)				
28.	A) Advantage	e: Network	extension	is easy.			
	Disadvantage: Failure of switch/hub results in failure of the network.						
	(1 mark for correct Advantage)				(2)		
	(1 mark for 0	correct Dis	aavantage				
	OR						
	B) SMTP: Sir	nple Mail 1	ransfer P	rotocol.			

```
SMTP is used for sending e-mails from client to server.

(1 mark for correct expansion)

(1 mark for correct usage)
```

Q No.	SECTION C (3 X 3 = 9)	Marks
29.	(A)	
	def show():	
	f=open("Email.txt",'r')	
	data=f.read()	
	words=data.split()	
	for word in words:	
	if '@cmail' in word:	
	print(word,end=' ')	
	f.close()	
	(½ mark for correct function header)	
	(½ mark for correctly opening the file)	
	(½ mark for correctly reading from the file)	
	(½ mark for splitting the text into words)	
	(1 mark for correctly displaying the desired words)	(3)
	OR	(0)
	(B)	
	def display_long_words(): with open("Words.txt", 'r') as file:	
	data=file.read()	
	words=data.split()	
	for word in words:	
	if len(word)>5: print(word,end=' ')	
	(½ mark for correct function header)	
	(½ mark for correctly opening the file)	
	(½ mark for correctly reading from the file)	
	(½ mark for splitting the text into words)	
	(1 mark for correctly displaying the desired words)	

```
30.
       (A)
       (l)
          def push_book(BooksStack, new_book):
               BooksStack.append(new_book)
       (II)
           def pop_book(BooksStack):
             if not BooksStack:
                print("Underflow")
             else:
                return(BookStack.pop())
       (III)
           def peep(BooksStack):
             if not BooksStack:
                print("None")
             else:
                print(BookStack[-1])
       (3x1 mark for correct function body; No marks for any function header as it
       was a part of the question)
                                                                                         (3)
                                            OR
       (B)
           n=int(input("Enter an integer: "))
           s=[] #stack
          f=2
           while n>1:
             if n%f==0:
              s.append(f)
             n//=f
              else: f+=1
           while s:
             print(s.pop(),end=' ')
       (1/2 mark for correct input)
       (1/2 mark for correctly declaring an empty stack)
       (1 mark for correctly pushing the factors on the stack)
       (1 mark for correctly popping and displaying the factors)
31.
       (A)
            (l)
                  select Product, sum(Quantity) from orders
                            group by product having sum(Quantity)>=5;
                                                                                         (3)
                  select * from orders order by Price desc;
           (II)
           (III)
                  select distinct C_Name from orders;
       (3x 1 mark for each correct query)
```

OR	
(B)	
(I) select quantity, count(*) from orders group by quantity;	
(II) delete from orders where product = "Laptop";	
(III) select sum(price) from orders where quantity is null;	
(3x 1 mark for each correct query)	

Q No.	SECTION D (4 X 4 = 16)	Marks
Q No. 32.	(A) (I) ZeroDivisionError is raised when a statement tries to divide a number by zero. (1 Mark for correct answer) (II) try: a=int(input("Enter an integer: ")) print("Reciprocal of the number =",1/a) except ZeroDivisionError: print("Division by Zero is not allowed") except: print("Some Error Ocurred") (3x 1 mark for each correct part – try, except, except) OR (B) (I) NameError is raised when an undefined identifier is used in the program. (1 Mark for correct answer) (II) try: a=eval(input("Enter an integer: ")) print("Reciprocal of the number =",1/a) except NameError:	Marks (4)
	print("Some name is not defined") except: print("Some Error Ocurred")	
	(3x1 Mark for each correct part – try, except, except)	
33.	(I) def show(): import csv f=open("happiness.csv",'r') records=csv.reader(f) next(records, None) #To skip the Header row for i in records: if int(i[1])>5000000: print(i)	(4)

```
f.close()
       (½ mark for opening in the file in right mode)
       (1/2 mark for correctly creating the reader object)
       (1/2 mark for correctly checking the condition)
       (1/2 mark for correctly displaying the records)
       (II)
          def Count records():
             import csv
             f=open("happiness.csv",'r')
             records=csv.reader(f)
             next(records, None) #To skip the Header row
             count=0
             for i in records:
                  count+=1
             print(count)
             f.close()
       (½ mark for opening in the file in right mode)
       (1/2 mark for correctly creating the reader object)
       (½ mark for correct use of counter)
       (½ mark for correctly displaying the counter)
          Note (for both parts (I) and (II)):
                    Ignore import csv as it may be considered the part of the
                    complete program, and there is no need to import it in individual
                    functions.
             (ii)
                    Ignore next(records, None) as the file may or may not have the
                    Header Row.
34.
               Select * from FACULTY natural join COURSES where Salary<12000:
         (l)
               Select * from courses where fees between 20000 and 50000:
        (II)
               Update
                         courses
                                        fees=fees+500
                                                            where
                                                                     CName
        (III)
                                   set
                                                                                like
               '%Computer%';
               (A) Select FName, LName from faculty natural join courses where
        (IV)
                                                                                       (4)
               Came="System Design";
                                               OR
               (B) Select * from FACULTY, COURSES;
       (4x1 mark for each correct query)
35.
      def Add_Item():
         import mysgl.connector as mycon
         mydb=mycon.connect(host="localhost",user="root",
                     passwd="Pencil",database="ITEMDB")
         mycur=mydb.cursor()
                                                                                       (4)
         no=input("Enter Item Number: ")
         nm=input("Enter Item Name: ")
         pr=input("Enter price: ")
         qty=input("Enter qty: ")
         query="INSERT INTO stationery VALUES ({},'{}',{},{})"
```

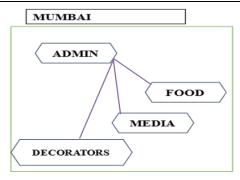
```
query=query.format(no,nm,pr,qty)
mycur.execute(query)
mydb.commit()
mycur.execute("select * from stationery where price>120")
for rec in mycur:
    print(rec)

(½ mark for correctly importing the connector object)
(½ mark for correctly creating the connection object)
(½ mark for correctly reating the cursor object)
(½ mark for correctly inputting the data)
(½ mark for correct creation of first query)
(½ mark for correctly executing the first query with commit)
(½ mark for correctly executing the second query)
(½ mark for correctly displaying the data)
```

Q No.	SECTION E (2 X 5 = 10)	Marks
36.	Note: For part (I), the student can mention any type of file with valid reason to	(5)
	support the choice. Answer with valid supporting reason should be considered	
	Correct, and without a valid reason should be considered incorrect.	
	(I) Text file: A text file allows for easy maintenance of data, as it can be	
	opened and manipulated with any text editor also.	
	(1 mark for correct answer)	
	(II)	
	def append():	
	with open("Candidates.txt",'a') as f:	
	C_id=input("Enter Candidate ID: ")	
	C_nm=input("Enter Candidate name: ")	
	C_dg=input("Enter Designation: ")	
	C_ex=input("Enter Experience: ")	
	rec=C_id+','+C_nm+','+C_dg+','+C_ex+'\n'	
	f.write(rec)	
	(½ mark for opening in the file in right mode)	
	(½ mark for correctly inputting the data)	
	(½ mark for correctly writing the record in the file)	
	(½ mark for correctly closing the file, or ½ mark if the file was opened using	
	with)	
	def display():	
	with open("Candidates.txt") as f:	
	for rec in f:	
	data=rec.split(',')	
	if float(data[-1])>10:	

```
print(rec.strip()) #OR print(rec)
(1/2 mark for opening the file in right mode)
(1/2 mark for correctly reading the data)
(½ mark for correctly checking the condition)
(1/2 mark for correctly displaying the records)
(I) CSV File: A CSV file allows for easy maintenance of data, as it can be
   opened and manipulated with any spreadsheet application also.
(1 mark for correct answer)
(II)
   def append():
      with open("Candidates.csv",'a',newline=") as f:
         C_id=input("Enter Candidate ID: ")
         C_nm=input("Enter Candidate name: ")
         C_dg=input("Enter Designation: ")
         C_ex=input("Enter Experience: ")
         rec=[C_id,C_nm,C_dg,C_ex]
         w=csv.writer(f)
         w.writerow(rec)
(½ mark for opening in the file in right mode)
(1/2 mark for correctly inputting the data)
(½ mark for correctly writing the record in the file)
(1/2 mark for correctly closing the file, or 1/2 mark if the file was opened using
with)
(III)
   def display():
      with open("Candidates.csv") as f:
         r=csv.reader(f)
         for rec in r:
           if float(rec[-1])>10:
              print(rec)
(½ mark for opening the file in right mode)
(1/2 mark for correctly reading the data)
(1/2 mark for correctly checking the condition)
(½ mark for correctly displaying the records)
                                      OR
(I) Binary File: A binary file cannot be opened and manipulated with any
   general purpose application, and hence, it prevents any unintentional
   change in the data.
(1 mark for correct answer)
(II)
   def append():
```

```
with open("Candidates.dat",'ab') as f:
                C_id=int(input("Enter Candidate ID: "))
                C nm=input("Enter Candidate name: ")
                C_dg=input("Enter Designation: ")
                C_ex=float(input("Enter Experience: "))
                rec=[C_id,C_nm,C_dg,C_ex]
                pickle.dump(rec,f)
       (½ mark for opening in the file in right mode)
       (1/2 mark for correctly inputting the data)
       (½ mark for correctly writing the record in the file)
       (1/2 mark for correctly closing the file, or 1/2 mark if the file was opened using
       with)
       (III)
           def display():
             with open("Candidates.dat",'rb') as f:
                while True:
                  try:
                     rec=pickle.load(f)
                     if rec[-1]>10:
                        print(rec)
                  except EOFError:
                     break
       (½ mark for opening the file in right mode)
       (1/2 mark for correctly reading the data)
       (½ mark for correctly checking the condition)
       (½ mark for correctly displaying the records)
37.
       (I) MEDIA Block as it has the maximum number of Computers.
                                                                                          (5)
           OR
           ADMIN Block as ADMIN block is generally the most secure.
       (1 mark for correct answer)
       (II) Switch
       (1 mark for correct answer)
       (III)
```



(or Any other correct layout)

Cable: Optical Fibre

(½ mark for correct layout + ½ mark for correct table type)

(IV) There is no requirement of the Repeat as the optical fibre cable used for the network can carry the data to much longer distances than within the campus.

(1 mark for correct answer)

(V) (A) a) Video Conferencing

OR

(B) LAN

(1 mark for correct answer)