CBSE | DEPARTMENT OF SKILL EDUCATION

INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL MARKETS (SUBJECT CODE - 405)

MARKING SCHEME FOR CLASS X (SESSION 2024-2025)

Max. Time: 2 Hours Max. Marks: 50

General Instructions:

- **1.** Please read the instructions carefully.
- 2. This Question Paper consists of 21 questions in two sections Section A & Section B.
- **3.** Section A has Objective type questions whereas Section B contains Subjective type questions.
- 4. Out of the given (5 + 16 =) 21 questions, a candidate has to answer (5 + 10 =) 15 questions in the allotted (maximum) time of 2 hours.
- **5.** All questions of a particular section must be attempted in the correct order.
- 6. SECTION A OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (24 MARKS):
 - i. This section has 05 questions.
 - ii. There is no negative marking.
 - iii. Do as per the instructions given.
 - iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.

7. SECTION B - SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (26 MARKS):

- i. This section contains 16 questions.
- ii. A candidate has to do 10 questions.
- iii. Do as per+
- iv. the instructions given.
- v. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.

SECTION A: OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. No.	QUESTION	Source Material (NCERT/PSSCIVE/ CBSE Study Material)	Unit/ Chap . No.	Page no. of source material	Marks
Q. 1	Answer any 4 out of the given 6 4 marks)	questions on Employ	yability	Skills (1)	4 =
i.	a) Mental stress (1m)	CBSE Study Material	2	Pg no 17	1
ii.	b.Recycle Bin (1m)	CBSE Study Material	3	Pg no 25	1
iii	d) Yoga (1m)	CBSE Study Material	2	Pg no 18	1
iv	a) by bringing unique and new products and services (1m)	CBSE Study Material	4	Pg no 52	1
V	(c) Ctrl + V (1m)	CBSE Study Material	3	Pg no 30	1
Vi	Managerial functions, Commercial Functions, Entrepreneurial Functions Promotional Functions (Any one point) (1m)	CBSE Study Material	4	Pg no 48	1
Q. 2	Answer any 5 out of the given 6	questions (1 x 5 = 5	marks)		
i.	a. Real Estate (1m)	CBSE Study Material	1	Pg no 3	1

ii.	c. Private Placement (1m)	CBSE Study Material	3	Pg no	1
iii.	a. Forward contract (1m)	CBSE Study	5	Pg no	1
		Material		31	
iv.	Screen Based Trading	CBSE Study	4	Pg no	1
	System(1m)	Material	0	21	
V.	a. the Investor Grievances Cell	CBSE Study	8	Pg no	1
vi	(IGC)	Material	6	48 Pg no	1
vi.	 Holds funds in an account. Transfers funds between accounts on the instruction of the account holder. Facilitates transfers without having to handle money. Facilitates safekeeping of money. DEPOSITORY Hold securities in an account Transfers securities between accounts on the instruction of the account holder. Facilitates transfers of ownership without having to handle securities. Facilitates safekeeping of shares. (Any one point) (1m) 	CBSE Study Material	6	Pg no 34	1
	, , ,				
Q. 3	Answer any 5 out of the given 6				
i.	b. Public Sector (1m)	CBSE Study Material	4	Pg no 29	1
ii.	term deposits (1m)	CBSE Study Material	1	Pg no 4	1
iii.	 Department of Economic Affairs (DEA), Department of Company Affairs (DCA), Reserve Bank of India (RBI) and Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). (any one) (1m) 	CBSE Study Material	2	Pg no 8	1
iv.	Q. 4 Application of Funds(1m)	CBSE Study Material	9	Pg no 58	1
V.	b. Premium (1m)	CBSE Study Material	3	Pg no 11	1
vi.	d. CARE (1m)	CBSE Study	6	Pg no	1

Q. 4	Answer any 5 out of the given 6	questions (1 x 5 = 5	5 marks	5)	
i.	b. American Depositary Receipt (1m)	CBSE Study Material	3	Pg no 17	1
ii.	It can be an agricultural commodity like wheat, soybeans, rapeseed, cotton, etc or precious metals like gold, silver, etc. (Any two and 0.5 for each correct answer)	CBSE Study Material	5	Pg no 32	1
iii.	A bond is generally a <u>promise</u> to repay the <u>principal along with</u> a <u>fixed rate of interest</u> on a specified date, called the Maturity Date. (1m)	CBSE Study Material	1	Pg no 4	1
iv.	b. Debt-Equity Ratio reflects relative contributions of creditors and owners to finance the business. (1m)	CBSE Study Material	10	Pg no 67	1
V.	d. Nifty (1m)	CBSE Study Material	8	Pg no 46	1
vi.	d. INB (1m)	CBSE Study Material	4	Pg no 22	1
Q. 5	Answer any 5 out of the given 6	questions (1 \times 5 = 5	5 marks	5)	
i.	b.Rs 12.50 (1m)	CBSE Study Material	4	Pg no 22	1
ii.	d. 'Depreciation' (1m)	CBSE Study Material	9	Pg no 61	1
iii.	National Exchange Automated Trading (1m)	CBSE Study Material	3	Pg no 21	1
iv.	An investor with limited funds might be able to invest in only one or two stocks/bonds, thus increasing his or her risk. (1m)	CBSE Study Material	7	Pg no 37	1
V.	Liquid Funds (explanation :Liquid Funds as all others are long term financial options) (1m)	CBSE Study Material	1	Pg no 4	1
vi.	c."The securities market has two interdependent segments: the primary (new issues) market and the Secondary market." (1m)	CBSE Study Material	2	Pg no 9	1

SECTION B: SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. No.	QUESTION	Source Material (NCERT/PSSCIVE/ CBSE Study Material)	Unit/ Chap . No.	Page no. of source material	Marks
_	y 3 out of the given 5 questions o	n Employability Skills	in 20 –	- 30 words	
each (2 x 3			1	T	
Q.6	The <u>two</u> qualities of	CBSE Study	4	Pg no 48	2
	entrepreneurship are:	Material			
	Hard work:				
	Optimism				
	Independence energetic				
	Self-confident				
	Perseverant				
	(any 2 or any other valid point				
	& one mark for each point)	0005.0/		D 10	
Q.7	Following benefits of working	CBSE Study	1	Pg no 19	2
	independently advocate its	Material		(5.1)	
	importance. • Ensures greater learning.				
	Individuals feel more				
	empowered and responsible.				
	• It provides flexibility to choose				
	and define working hours and				
	working mechanisms.				
	Failure and success of the task				
	assigned are accounted by				
	individuals.				
	 Individuals become assets to 				
	organizations, groups and				
	nations at large.				
	It ensures creativity and				
	satisfaction amongst individuals.				
	(any 2 or any other valid point				
	& one mark for each point)				
Q.8	Recreational activities like	CBSE Study	2	Pg no	2
	watching movies, attending	Material		19(4.4)	
	concerts, playing games,				
	involving in adventure sports,				
	singing, dancing or even				
	sketching can help individuals				
	transcend to a Happier mental				
	state and help manage stress.(
	any 2 or any other valid point)				
	(any 2 or any other valid point				
	& one mark for each point)				

0.0	The different types of	CDCE Childre	3	Da no	2
Q.9	The different types of	CBSE Study	3	Pg no	_
	operating systems are as	Material		22& 23	
	follows:				
	a. Interactive (GUI-based) :A				
	graphical user interface is a user-				
	friendly operating system in				
	which commands can be entered				
	by clicking/double-clicking/right-				
	clicking a mouse. Windows				
	operating system is an example				
	of an interactive operating				
	system.				
	b. Single-user , single-task				
	operating system -This type of				
	operating system allows only one				
	user to do a task on the				
	computer and one thing at a				
	time.				
	c. Single-user, multi-task				
	operating system- This type of				
	operating system is used on				
	Desktop computers, laptops, where				
	a single user can operate on several				
	programs at the same time. For				
	example, Windows, Apple MacOS				
	are examples of single-user multi				
	task operating system.				
	d. Multi-user -A multi-user				
	operating system enables multiple				
	users to work on the same computer				
	at different times or simultaneously.				
	e. Real Time- A real time operating				
	system is used to control machinery,				
	scientific instruments, like robots, in				
	complex animations and computer				
	controlled automated machines. A				
	real-time operating system is a				
	computing environment that reacts				
	to input within a specific period of				
	time. It manages the resources of				
	the computer so that any particular				
	operation is executed in the same				
	amount of time every time it is				
	executed. Windows CE and Lynx				
	OS are examples of real-time				
	operating systems				
	f. Distributed -A distributed				
	operating system runs on a set of				
	computers that are interconnected				
	by a network. It combines the				
	different computers in the network				
	into a single integrated computer				
	and storage location. Windows,				
	UNIX, and LINUX are examples of				
	distributed operating systems				
	(any 2 or any other valid point				
	& one mark for each point)				

Q.10	 a. Women Entrepreneurship entrepreneurial activity (1 mark) b.: An entrepreneur builds the organization by taking various steps such as hiring employees, organizing the factors of production, Sourcing finance etc. (any 1 or any other valid point & one mark for each point) 	CBSE Study Material	4	i.Pg no 46 ii. Pg no 48	2
	y 4 out of the given 6 questions in			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Q.11	1. An Initial Public Offer (IPO) is the selling of securities to the public in the primary market. (1m) 2. It is when an unlisted company makes either a fresh issue of securities or an offer for sale of its existing securities or both for the first time to the public. (1m)	CBSE Study Material	3	Pg no 13	2
Q.12	EPS measures the profit available to the equity shareholders per share, that is, the amount that they can get on every share held. (1m) It is calculated by dividing the profits available to the shareholders by number of outstanding shares. (1m)	CBSE Study Material	10	Pg no 68	2
Q.13	The National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL).(1+1)	CBSE Study Material	6	Pg no 34	2
Q.14	a. Authorized capital is the maximum capital that a company is authorized to raise. B. Issued capital is that part of the authorized capital which is offered by the company for being subscribed by members of the public or anybody. c. Subscribed capital is that part of the issued capital which is subscribed (accepted) by the public. (any 2 & one mark for each term)	CBSE Study Material	9	Pg no 60	2

			1	_	
Q.15	1.Dividend yield gives the	CBSE Study	8	Pg no 44	2
	relationship between the current	Material			
	price of a stock and the dividend				
	paid by its' issuing company				
	during the last 12 months. (1m) 2. It is calculated by aggregating				
	past year's dividend and dividing				
	it by the current stock price				
	(1m)				
Q.16	a . The 'Bid' is the buyer's price.	CBSE Study	4	Pg no 27	2
۵٠	It is this price that you need to	Material	-	3	
	know when you have to sell a				
	stock.Bid is the rate/price at				
	which there is a ready buyer for				
	the stock, which you intend to				
	sell. (1m)				
	b . The 'Ask' (or offer) is what you				
	need to know when you're buying				
	i.e. this is the rate/ price at which				
	there is seller ready to sell his stock. The seller will sell his				
	stock if he gets the quoted "Ask'				
	price. (1m)				
nswer a	ny 3 out of the given 5 questions in	50- 80 words each (4 x 3 =	12 marks)	
nswer a	Some of the Risk to which	50- 80 words each (CBSE Study	4 x 3 =	12 marks) Pg no 38	4
	-	<u>`</u>	1		4
	Some of the Risk to which	CBSE Study	1		4
	Some of the Risk to which Mutual Funds are exposed to is	CBSE Study	1		4
	Some of the Risk to which Mutual Funds are exposed to is given below:	CBSE Study	1		4
	Some of the Risk to which Mutual Funds are exposed to is given below: Market risk	CBSE Study	1		4
	Some of the Risk to which Mutual Funds are exposed to is given below: Market risk If the overall stock or bond	CBSE Study	1		4
	Some of the Risk to which Mutual Funds are exposed to is given below: Market risk If the overall stock or bond markets fall on account of overall economic factors, the value of stock or bond holdings in the	CBSE Study	1		4
	Some of the Risk to which Mutual Funds are exposed to is given below: Market risk If the overall stock or bond markets fall on account of overall economic factors, the value of stock or bond holdings in the fund's portfolio can drop, thereby	CBSE Study	1		4
	Some of the Risk to which Mutual Funds are exposed to is given below: Market risk If the overall stock or bond markets fall on account of overall economic factors, the value of stock or bond holdings in the fund's portfolio can drop, thereby impacting the fund performance.	CBSE Study	1		4
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Q.18	Credit risk Bonds are debt obligations. So when the funds invest in corporate bonds, they run the risk of the corporate defaulting on their interest and principal payment obligations and when that risk crystallizes, it leads to a fall in the value of the bond causing the NAV of the fund to take a beating. (1m) Ans: a. A Clearing Corporation is	CBSE Study	8	Pg no 46	4
Q. 10	a part of an exchange or a separate entity and performs three functions, namely, it clears and settles all transactions, i.e. completes the process of receiving and delivering shares/funds to the buyers and sellers in the market, it provides financial guarantee for all transactions executed on the exchange and provides risk management functions. (1m) ii.National Securities Clearing Corporation Limited (NSCCL), a 100% subsidiary of NSE, performs the role of a Clearing Corporation for transactions executed on the NSE. (1m) b.Pay-in day is the day when the securities sold are delivered to the exchange by the sellers and funds for the securities purchased are made available to the exchange by the buyers. (1m) ii. Pay-out day is the day the securities purchased are delivered to the buyers and the funds for the securities sold are delivered to the buyers and the funds for the securities sold are given to the sellers by the exchange. (1m)	Material	O	Pg no 47	*
Q.19	(1) Growth stock -Companies whose potential for growth in sales and earnings are excellent, are growing faster than other companies in the market or other stocks in the same industry are called the Growth Stocks. These companies usually pay little or no dividends and instead prefer to reinvest their profits in their	CBSE Study Material	4	Pg no 26 Pg no 27	4

	business for further expansions. (2 m) 2. Value Stock -The task here is to look for stocks that have been overlooked by other investors and which may have a 'hidden value'. These companies may have been beaten down in price because of some bad event, or may be in an industry that's not fancied by most investors. However, even a company that has seen its stock price decline still has assets to its name -buildings, real estate, inventories, subsidiaries, and so on. The value investors tend to purchase a company's stock usually based on relationships between the current market price of the company and certain business fundamentals. They like P/E ratio being below a certain absolute limit; dividend yields above a certain absolute limit; Total sales at a certain level relative to the company's market capitalization, or market value etc. (2m)				
Q.20	1. The primary market provides the channel for sale of new securities (1m) 2. Primary market provides opportunity to issuers of securities; Government as well as corporates, to raise resources to meet their requirements of investment and/or discharge some obligation. (1m) 3. They may issue the securities at face value, or at a discount/premium and these securities may take a variety of forms such as equity, debt etc. (1m) 4. They may issue the securities in domestic market and/or international market. (1m)	CBSE Study Material	3	Pg no 11	4

Q.21	a. The Profit and Loss account	CBSE Study	9	a.Pg no	4
	(Income Statement), shows the	Material		58	
	financial performance of the			b. Pg no	
	company/firm over a period of			56	
	time . (1m)				
	b. 1. Industry Analysis:				
	Companies producing similar				
	products are subset (form a part)				
	of an Industry/Sector. For				
	example, National Hydroelectric				
	Power Company (NHPC) Ltd.,				
	National Thermal Power				
	Company (NTPC) Ltd., Tata				
	Power Company (TPC) Ltd. etc.				
	belong to the Power				
	Sector/Industry of India. Specifics				
	like effect of Government policy,				
	future demand of its products etc.				
	need to be checked. (1m)				
	2. Corporate Analysis: Seeking				
	information on company's				
	current operations,				
	managerial capabilities, growth plans, its past				
	performance vis-a-vis its				
	competitors etc. This is				
	known as Corporate Analysis.				
	(1m)				
	3. Financial Analysis: If				
	performance of an industry as well as of the company				
	seems good, then check if at				
	the current price, the share is				
	a good buy. For this look at				
	the financial performance of				
	the company and certain key				
	<u>financial parameters like</u> <u>Earnings Per Share (EPS),</u>				
	P/E ratio, current size of				
	equity etc. for arriving at the				
	estimated future price. This is				
	termed as Financial Analysis.				
	(1m)				