# UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS B.A. DEGREE COURSE IN SOCIOLOGY

(With effect from the academic year 2008-2009)

## **First Semester**

Subjects		0	Max.Marks		
	dit	Instructio n hours	Ext.	Int.	Total
	Credit	stru I hc	Mark	mark	
		In n			
Part-I	3		75	25	100
Language Paper-I					
Part-II	3		75	25	100
English Paper-1					
Part III Core Subject		6	75	25	100
Paper-I: Principles of Sociology					
Core Subject		6	75	25	100
Paper II : Indian Society					
Allied I Paper-1: Social Psychology		6	75	25	100
Part-IV:Basic Tamil/Adv.Tamil/NME			75	25	100
Skill based subject (Elective) (Soft Skills)			50	50	100

## Second Semester

Subjects		n	Max.Marks		
	lit	ottio rs	Ext.	Int.	Total
	Credit	structi	Mark	mark	
		Instruction hours			
Part-I-Language Paper- II	3		75	25	100
Part-II -English Paper- II	3		75	25	100
Part III Core Subject		6	75	25	100
Paper-III : Principles of Sociology - II					
Core Subject		6	75	25	100
Paper IV : Social problems in India					
Allied Paper-2: Social Anthropology		6	75	25	100
Part-IV:Basic Tamil/Adv.Tamil/NME.			75	25	100
Skill based subject (Elective) (Soft Skills)	2		50	50	100

Non- Major Elective- I: Social Structure and Process

Non-Major Elective- II: Indian Constitution (OR) Community Development

# THIRD SEMESTER

Course	Course components Subjects Subjects Subjects Subjects	lit	r s	Max. Mark			
components		Inst	Ext. Mark	Int. Mark	Total		
Part – I	Language Paper- III	3	6	75	25	100	
Part – II	English Paper - III	3	6	75	25	100	
Part –III Core Courses	Paper- V: Classical Social Thinkers	5	6	75	25	100	
	Paper - VI : Social Movements in India	4	6	75	25	100	
Allied Subject - III	Social Demography	5	6	75	25	100	
Part - IV	Soft Skills - III	3		50	50	100	
	Environmental Studies	2		Examination will be held in IV Semester			

# FOURTH SEMESTER

Course	Subjects	Credit	Inst. hours	Max. Mark			
components				Ext. Mark	Int. Mark	Total	
Part – I	Language Paper- IV	3	6	75	25	100	
Part – II	English Paper – IV	3	6	75	25	100	
Part –III Core Courses	Paper- VII: Modern Sociological Theories	5	6	75	25	100	
	Paper – VIII: Research Methodology and Statistics	5	6	75	25	100	
Allied Subject - IV	Political Sociology	5	6	75	25	100	
Part - IV	Soft Skills– IV	3		60	40	100	
	Environmental Studies	2	6	75	25	100	

# FIFTH SEMESTER

Course	Course components Subjects Subjects Subjects Subjects	ii.		Max. Mark		
		Ext. Mark	Int. Mark	Total		
Part – III Core	Paper- IX Rural Sociology	4	6	75	25	100
Courses						
	Paper – X Urban	4	6	75	25	100
	Sociology					
	Paper – XI Industrial	4	6	75	25	100
	Sociology					
	Paper – XII Sociology of	5	6	75	25	100
	Development					
Part – IV	Value Education	2				

# SIXTH SEMESTER

	Subjects	Credit	Inst. hours	Max. Mark			
Course components				Ext. Mark	Int. Mark	Total	
Part III Core	Paper- XIII Medical	4	6	75	25	100	
courses	Sociology						
	Paper – XIV	4	6	75	25	100	
	Communication, Media						
	and Society						
	Project Cum Viva Voce	15		75	25	100	
Part V	Extension Activities	1					

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## B.A. DEGREE COURSE IN SOCIOLOGY SYLLABUS

(with effect from the academic year 2008-2009)

## Semester-I

## Major Core: Paper – I Principles of Sociology

## **Unit –I: Introduction**

- Definition, Origin, nature and scope of sociology
- Relationship between sociology and other social sciences(Anthropology, Psychology and Economics)
- Primary concepts: Society- community- Institution- Association- Status and Role.
- Uses of Sociology for Policy Makers, Professional Bodies, Development practitioners, social action groups etc.

## **Unit- II: Individual and Society**

- Definition and characteristics of society
- Theories of origin of Society
- Relationship between individual and society

## **Unit-III: Social Institutions**

- Marriage: Types of Marriage: Polygyny- Polyandry- Monogamy, Functions.
- Family: Theories of Family, Types of Family; Patriarchal and Matriarchal Families- Functions of Family.
- Religion : Elements of Religion Social Functions of Religion

## **Unit- IV: Groups**

- Classification of Group
- Definition, characteristics and functions of primary, secondary and reference groups.

## **Unit- V: Socialization**

- Definition and theories of socialization
- Types of socialization
- Agencies of socialization: family- peer group- school- religion- mass media.

#### **Text Books:**

Bottomore, T.B (1972), Sociology: A Guide to Problems and Literature, George Allen and Unwin, Bombay.

Gisbert, Pascal.(1973), Fundamental of Sociology, Orient Longman, New Delhi.

Thomson, Harry. M (1995), Sociology: A Systematic Introduction, Allied Publishers, India.

#### Reference

Applebaum, Richard. P., and William J. Chambliss (1997), Sociology, Addison Welsley Educational Publishers Inc, New York.

Giddens, Anthony (2001), Sociology, Fourth Edition, Polity Press, U.K.

Inkeles, Alex, (1982), Foundations of Modern Sociology, Prentice Hall, Inc. New Jersey. Jayaram, N.(1998) Introductory Sociology, Macmillan, India.

## **Major Core: Paper – II Indian Society**

## Unit- I: Cultural and ethnic composition of Indian Society

- Linguistic and racial composition
- Religious and ethnic groups
- Tribes of India

## **Unit- II: Roots of Hindu Social Organization**

- Varnashrama Dharma
- Doctrine of Karma
- Purusharthas

## **Unit- III: Caste and Class in India**

- Definition and characteristics of caste
- Theories of origin of caste
- Caste in modern India: changing trends and new identities
- Interface of caste and class

## Unit-IV: Marriage, Family and kinship

- Marriage: Forms of marriage- Marriage, Dowry and Divorce practices in Hindu, Islam and Christian religions
- Joint family: characteristics- functions –dysfunctions- changing trends in Joint family system
- Kinship: Categories of kinship- terminologies- descent- usages of kinship

## **Unit-V: Social Change in India**

- Islamization and westernization
- Sanskritization and secularization
- Industrialization and Globalization

#### **Text Books**

Ahuja Ram (1999) Society in India: Concepts, Theories and Changing trends, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.

Karve, Irawati (1961), Hindu Society: An Interpretation, Poona.

Prabhu, P.H. (1970) Hindu Social Organization, Popular Prakasam, Chennai.

#### Reference

Beteille, Andre (1992) Backward Classes in Contemporary India, OUP, New Delhi.

Hutton, J.K., (1997) Caste in Modern India, OUP, New Delhi.

Bose, N.K (1975) Structure of Hindu Society, New Delhi.

Oberoi, Patricia, (1993) Family, Kinship and Marriage in India, OUP, New Delhi.

Singh, Yogendra, (1973) Modernization of Indian Tradition, Thompson Press, New Delhi.

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## Allied Paper – I Social Psychology

#### **Unit- I: Introduction**

- Scope and nature of social psychology
- Methods of social psychology
- Importance of social psychology

## **Unit- II: Personality and culture**

- Personality types and traits
- Influence of culture on personality

#### **Unit: III: Collective Behaviour**

- Crowd
- Mobs
- Riots

## **Unit-IV: Leadership**

- Characteristics of Leadership
- Types of leader
- Functions of leader

## Unit- V: Aggression and prejudice

- Types and causes of aggression
- Types and causes of prejudice

## Unit- VI: Attitude, Public Opinion and Propaganda

- Attitudes and formation of attitudes
- Dynamics of public opinion
- Mass media and public opinion
- Principles and Techniques of propaganda
- Social effects of propaganda

#### **Text Books:**

Bhatia Hansraj. (1974) Elements of social psychology, somaiya publications, bombay. Kimball Young (1963) Handbook of social psychology, routledge and kegan paul, Londan. Lindgren, Henry Clay (1998) Social Psychology, Wiley Eastern Publications, New Delhi-1998.

#### References

Adinarayanan, S.P., Social Psychology, Longman, India.

Aronson. Elliot, Wilson D. Timothy and Akery M. Robert (1997) Social Psychology, Longman Publishers.

Baron, A. Robert Boon Byrne (1998) Social Psychology, Prentice Hall of India, India.

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## Non- Major Elective- I: Social Structure and Process

## **Unit-I: Social Stratification**

- Forms of Stratification: Slavery- estate- caste- class- gender
- Theories of Stratification
- Social Mobility: Vertical –Horizontal

#### **Unit-II: Social Process**

- Associative Social Process: Co-operation- accommodation- assimilation- acculturation
- Dissociative Process: competition- conflict

## **Unit-III: Social Control**

- Definition of social control and normative order
- Informal means of social control: values norms- customs-folkways mores- public opinion religion
- Formal means of social control: laws –community policing –zero tolerance –citizen on patrol (COP)

## **Unit- IV: Culture**

- Definition and elements of culture
- Material and non-material culture
- Cultural process cultural lag- sub-culture- contra culture- counter cultural relativism

## **Unit- V: Social Change**

- Definition and theories of social change
- Factors of social change
- Globalization and the changing world

#### **Text Books:**

Bottomore, T.B (1972) Sociology: A guide to problems and literature, Bombay, George Allen and Unwin, Bombay

Gisbert, Pascal (1973) Fundamentals of Sociology, Orients Longman, New Delhi.

Thomson, Harry M (1995) Sociology: A Systematic Introduction, Allied publishers, India.

Shankar Rao, C.N., (1990) Sociology: Primary Principles, S.Chand & Co., New Delhi.

#### References

Applebaum, Richard P and William J. Chambliss, (1997) Sociology, Addison- Weslay Educational Publishers Inc., New York.

Giddens, Anthony (2001) Sociology, Fourth Edition, Polity press, UK.

Jayaram, N (1998), Introductory Sociology, Macmillan, India.

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## **SEMESTER-II**

## PAPER-III: Principles of Sociology-II

**Unit- I: Origin and Development of Sociology:** Meaning of Sociology- Social Physics to sociology- Historical Origin- Comte, Spencer, Durkheim.

Nature and scope: Sociology as a Science- Queen of all sciences- Relationship with other Social Sciences. Anthropology, Economics, History, Political Science, Psychology.

Unit-II: Socialization: Stages and Agencies of Socialization.

**Social and cultural Processes:** Co- operation, Accommodation, Assimilation, Competition and conflict..

**Social Groups**: Meaning, Types of Groups- Primary, Secondary, In- Group, Out-Group and Reference Group.

**Social Control**: Factors and Agencies of Social Control.

**Unit-III: Social Institutions:** Marriage- Monogamy, Polygamy, Polygamy, Polygamy, Hypogamy, Endogamy, Exogamy, Levirate, Sorrorate.

Rules and Residense: Patrilocal, Matrilocal, Avanculocal, Neo-local, Divorce

Family: Joint Family, Nuclear Family, Extended Family

Economy: Production Relation- Division of Labour- Concept of Class Distribution

**Polity:** Government – State and Nation- Power, Electoral System, Voting.

**Religion**: Monothesim, Polythesim, Animism, Major Gods and Goddesses, Village Level **Deities** –Ancesterial worship (Family level), Individual Level Deities.

Unit- IV: Social Stratification: Race- Classification- Negroid, Australoid, Mangoloid, Xanthoclaroid, Melanochroid, Races in India- Aryan and Dravidian

Caste: Varnasrama System- Brahmin, Kshatriya, Vaishya, Shutra.

**Class-** Owners, Workers, Upper, Middle, Lower Classes- Co-existence of Caste and Class, Class Consciousness.

**Gender-** Concept of Patriarchy- Feminism- Radical Feminism- Liberal Feminism- Multicultural Feminism, Powerlessness of women, Empowerment of Women- Social, Economic and Political.

**Unit- V: Social Change-** Evolution, Progression and Deterioration- Factors of Social Change-Biological, Physical and Cultural.

## Text Book:

- Franklin Henry, The Principles of Sociology, Print Well Publishers, Jaipur, 1990.
- Sharma Ram Nath, Principles of Sociology, Media Promotors and Publication Pvt, Bombay, 1993.

## References:

- Gelles J. Richard, Ann Levine, Sociology- An Introduction, Mc Graw Hill Company, Singapore, 1995.
- Leonard Broom, Principles of Sociology, Media Promoters and Publication Pvt. Ltd., Bombay, 1993.
- Ogburn and Nimkaff, A Handbook of Sociology, Eurasia Publication House, New Delhi, 1966.
- Gisbert, Pavscal, Fundamentals of Sociology, Orient Longman, Bombay, 193.
- Goldthore J.K., An Introduction to Sociology, Cambridge University press, 1985.
- Sharma, K.L., Reconceptualising Caste, Class & Tribe, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2001.

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## PAPER-IV: Social Problems in India

## Unit- I: Introduction

The Concept of Social Problem- Characteristics of Social Problems- Causes and Types of Social Problems- Social Problems and Social Disorganization.

## Unit-II: Poverty and Unemployment

The Concept- Incidence and Magnitude- Causes of Rural Poverty- Problem of the Poor and the Pains of Poverty- Strategies for Alleviating Poverty.

Present Features of Unemployment in India- Types- Causes -Consequences.

## Unit-III: Problems of women and children

Women's Harassment- Nature, Extent and Characteristics of Violence Against Women. Domestic violence- female infanticide- dowry.

Concept and Types of Child Abuse - Incidence of Child Abuse - Causes of Child Abuse - Problem of Child Labour.

## Unit-IV: Terrorism

The Concept- Characteristics- Objectives- Origin and Development of Terrorist Movement. Mass Support- Support Base - Terrorism in India.

## Unit-V: Crime and Delinquency

Meaning- Types- Causes- Extent of Crime in India- Penology and Rehabilitative measures.

## Text Books:

- ✓ Bhattacharya, S.K., Social Problems in India, Regency Publications, New Delhi, 1994.
- ✓ Ahuja Ram, Crime against Women, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 1987

## References:

- ✓ Attachand, Poverty and Underdevelopment, Gian Publishing House, Delhi, 1987.
- ✓ Prasad, Population Growth and Child Labour, Kanishka Publishers distributors, New Delhi, 2001.
- ✓ Kattakayam and Vadackumchery, Crime and Society, A.P.H, Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 1999.
- ✓ Kohli and Sharma, Poverty Alleviation and Housing Problem, Anmol Publications, Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 1997
- ✓ Kempe, R.S and Kempe C.H., Child Abuse, Fontana, London, 1978.

## Allied Course (2) Social Anthropology

## **Unit-I: Introduction**

- Meaning and scope of Anthropology
- Branches of Anthropology

#### **Unit-II: Culture**

- Attributes of culture
- Culture traits
- Culture complex
- Culture area
- Culture integration
- Enculturation and transculturation

## **Unit-III: Marriage and Kinship**

- Marriage: Typology by mate selection levirate and sororate- hypergamy and hypogamy
- Types of decent
- Kinship: consanguinal and affinal
- Kingship: tribe, class, moiety and phratry
- Kinship Behaviour: joking and avoidance relationship

## **Unit-IV: Economic Organization**

- Property: Primitive communism- Individual- collective
- Stages of Economy: Food gathering Hunting Fishing Pastoralism- Cultivation
- Systems of Trade Exchange: reciprocity- redistribution- barter and market

## **Unit- V: Political Organization**

- Brand, Tribe and State
- Kinship and cheifdom
- Primitive law and justice
- Types of punishment

## **Unit-VI: Religion:**

- Religion: animism- animatism- bongaism-totemism
- Magic: types and functions of magic
- Magico- religious functionaries: Shaman- Priest- medicine man- sorcerer

## **Text Books:**

Jha, Makhan (1994) An Introduction to Social Anthropology, Sagi Publications, New Delhi. Lucy, Mair (1965) An Introduction to Social Anthropology, Oxford University Press. Majumdar, D.N. & T.N. Madan (1994) Introduction to Social Anthropology, Mayoor Paper Backs, Noida

Beals, R, & Haijer, H (1960) Introduction to Anthropology, Mac Millan, New Delhi.

#### Reference:

Richney. H. Crapo (1999) Cultural Anthropology, Brown and Bench Mart.

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# Non- Major Elective- II: Indian Constitution

- **Unit- I: Historical background** Sources of the Indian Constitution- Citizenship-Preamble.
- Unit-II: Fundamental rights and Directive Principles- Fundamental Duties.
- **Unit-III: Indian Federalism: Distribution of powers** –Legislative Administrative and Financial relation- Emergency Provision.
- **Unit-IV: Union Government: President**: Election, Powers and Functions. Cabinet: Prime Minister. Parliament Composition, Powers and functions of the two Houses Process of law making speaker- committees. Supreme Court of India-Composition, Powers and functions.
- **Unit- V: State Government** Role of the Governor State Cabinet State Legislature-High Courts. Amendments to the constitutions- Highlights.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Agarwal.R.C., Constitutional Development and National Movement of India. S. Chand & Co..1950.
- 2. Hari Hara Das, N.D. Principles of the Indian Constitution and Government. Himala Publication, 1995.
- 3. Misra, B.R., Economic Aspects of Indian Constitution, Orient Longmans, May 1952.
- 4. Pylee, M.V., India's Constitution, Asia Publishing House, New Delhi, 1962.
- 5. Ramasubrahamanyam, The Evolution of the Indian Constitution, Raja & Co., Madras, Edition, 1935.
- 6. Shukla V.N., The Constitution of India, Eastern Company, Lucknow, 1955.
- 7. Seervai H.M & N.M. Tripathi Pvt. Ltd., Bombay Edition, 1950.
- 8. Singh, Indian Constitutional and National Development, The Indian Book Shop.
- 9. Vyas, R.N., The Soul of the Indian Constitution, Print Well, Jaipur, 2000.

## **Second Semester**

## Non-Major Elective II: Community Development

## **Unit-I: Introduction**

Definition and meaning of community development. Need for rural community development programmes in India. Objectives- Historical review of community development.

## **Unit-II: Rural Community Development Administration**

Importance, Role and structure of administrative organizations at national, State, District, Block and Village level- Functionaries- Role and Powers of B.D.O and V.L.W-Block level planning and its objectives.

## **Unit-III: Programmes of Community Development**

Agricultural Schemes, Programmes of Area Development- DPAP and DAP- Programmes of assistance to small, marginal farmers and agricultural labourers- Special programme for the scheduled castes and scheduled tribes- Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP): Meaning, objectives, structure, Implementation, Major achievements and failures. Rural based Industries and their role in rural development.

## **Unit-IV: Voluntary Organizations**

Meaning-Types- Need for Voluntary Organiozations. Role and Functions of voluntary organizations- Limitations- Brief profile of any three local voluntary organizations.

## **Unit-V: Training Programmes**

Meaning – Need and purpose of training programme for C.D Personnel – Training centres- Orientation and Job Training- Methods of Training various staff.

## **Text Book:**

1. Paul Chowdary, N. (1978), New Partnership in Rural Development, M.N. Publications, New Delhi.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Sugan Chand Jain (1967), Community Development and Panchayat Raj in India, Allied Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. Jainendra Kumar (2001), Encyclopedia of Social work, Social work and community development, Vol-4, T.R, Publications.
- 3. Report by Extension Education in Community Development, Directorate of food and agriculture, Govt. of India.
- 4. Fred Milson (1974) An Introduction to community work, Routledge & kegan paul, London
- 5. William W. Biddle & Loureide J. Biddle (1996) Encouraging Community Development, Light & Life publishers, New Delhi.

## **SEMESTER-III**

## PAPER-V: CLASSICAL SOCIAL THINKERS

## **Unit-I: August Comte**

- Law of three stages in Human Progress
- Hierarchy of Sciences
- Social Statics and Dynamics
- Positivism

## **Unit-II: Herbert Spencer**

- Theory of Social Evolution
- Organismic Analogy

## **Unit-III: Emile Durkheim**

- Social Facts
- Sociology of Religion
- Division of Labour
- Organic and Mechanical Solidarity
- Types of Suicide

## **Unit- IV: Karl Marx**

- Dialectical Materialism
- Theory of Class Struggle
- Alienation

#### **Unit-V: Max Weber**

- Ideal Type
- Verstehen
- Bureaucracy
- Types of Authority
- Protestant Ethic and Spirit of Capitalism
- Class, Status and Power

## **Text Books**

Coser, Lewis. A. (1979) Masters of Sociological Thought: Ideas in Historical & Social Context, Harcourt Brance Jovanovidi, New York.

Fletcher, Ronald (1994) The Making of Sociology (2 Volumes), Rawat, India.

## References

Aron, Raymond (1967) Main Currents in Sociological Thoughts (2 Volumes), Penguin Books, London.

Barnes, H.E.(1959) Introduction to History of Sociology, The University of Chicago Press, Chicago.

Craib, Ian (1979) Classical Social Theory, OUP, UK.

Ritzer, George (1996) Sociological Theory, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi.

Timaseff, N.S. (1976) Sociological Theory: Its Nature and Growth, Random House, New York.

## PAPER-VI: SOCIAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA

#### **Unit- I: Introduction**

- Definition and Characteristics of Social Movements
- Types of social movements
- Social movements and social change

## **Unit-II: Socio- Religious and National Movements**

- Brahma Samaj and Arya samas
- Civil Disobedience Movement
- Quit India Movement

#### **Unit-III: Social Reform Movements**

- Self respect Movement in Tamil Nadu
- SNDP Movement in Kerala
- Non-Brahmin Movement in Maharashtra

#### **Unit-IV: Peasant and Tribal Movements**

- Telegana Movement
- Naxalbari Movement
- The Santal Movement
- Jarkhand Movement

## **Unit- V: New Social Movements**

- Dalit Movement
- Women's Movement
- Environmental Movement

## **Text Books**

Rao M.S.A (1979) Social Movements in India, Manohar, New Delhi.

Rao M.S.A (1979) Social Movements and Social Transformation, McMillan, New Delhi.

Banks, J.A (1992) The Sociology of Social Movements, McMillan, Londan.

#### **References:**

Desai, A.R (1979) Peasant Struggle in India, OUP, India.

Desai, A.P (1987) Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Popular Prakasam, Bombay.

Dhanagare, D.N. (1983) Peasant Movements in India: 1920-50, OUP, Delhi.

Oomen, TK(1990), Protest & Change: Studies in Social Movements, Sage India Pvt. Ltd., Delhi.

Selliot, Elmer (1995) From Untouchable Dalit: Essays on The Ambedkar Movement, Manohar, New Delhi.

## ALLIED PAPER -III: SOCIAL DEMOGRAPHY

- **Unit-I: Introduction**: Definition, Nature, Scope and importance of Social Demography.
- **Unit-II: Sources of Population Data:** Census, Vital Registration, Sample Surveys.
- **Unit-III: Population Theories:** Malthusian Theory of Population, Biological Theories, Thomas Saddler, Thomas Doubleday, Spencer and Gini, Theory of Demographic transition.
- **Unit-IV: Population processes and structure:** Population Structure- Age and Sex, Size and distribution concepts- fertility, fecundity, factors influencing fertility, measures of fertility, morality, types, causes and measures. Migration- Types, Push and Pull factors in migration.
- **Unit-V: Population policies and programmes**: Fertility, Mortality, Migration influencing policies. Family planning in India.

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Bhende, Asha. A and Tara Kanitkar (2003) (6<sup>th</sup> ed) Principles of Population Studies, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
- 2. Raj, Hans Dr. (1986) (4<sup>th</sup> ed) Fundamentals of Demography, Surject Publication, New Delhi.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Ghosh B.N. (1978) Population Theories and Demographic Analyses, Meenakshi Prakasham, Meerut.
- 2. Mahadevan and P.Krishnan (1993) Methodology for population studies and development, sage publication, New Delhi.
- 3. Ford. T.P. and D' Jong G.F. (1970) Social Demography, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- 4. Cox, Peter. R. (1989) Demography, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- 5. Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Government of India, Publication, Publication, Division, India, 2006. New Delhi.

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## **SEMESTER-IV**

## PAPER-VII: MODERN SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES

## **Unit-I: Empirical Functionalism:**

R.K. Merton- Theories of Middle Range, Paradigm, Social Structure and anomie. Talcott Parsons- Analytical Functionalism- AGIL Model.

## **Unit-II: Dialectical Conflict:**

Ralf Dahrendoff –Imperatively Co-ordinated Associattions.

Lewis A.Coser -Criticism on post capitalism and Conflict functionalism, Causes, duration and functions of conflict.

## **Unit-III: Critical Theory:**

Frankfurt school Horkheimer and Adorno- Habermass- Public Sphere, Communicative Action, Views on evolution.

## **Unit-IV: Exchange Theory**

Brownislaw Malinowski- Non- material exchange George Simmel- Philosophy of Money Peter M. Blau- Social Behaviourism George C. Homans- Exchange Behaviourism

## **Unit-V:Ethnomethodology and Phenomenology**

Alfred Shutz – Phenomenology of Social World Herald Garfinkel- Reflexivity Erving Goffman- Frame analysis

## Reference

- 1. Coser, Lewis. A. Masters of Sociological Thought, Rawat Pub, Jaipur, 2000
- **2.** Martindale, Don. The Nature and Type of Sociological Theory, Rawat Publications, Jaipur,1990.
- **3.** Turner Jonarthan, H. The Structure of Sociological Theories, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2000.
- **4.** Wallace and Wolf, Contemporary Sociological Theory, Prentice Hall, 1980.
- **5.** Mann, Michael, Macmiller Student Encyclopedia of Sociology, Macmillan Press, London, 1987.
- **6.** Harlambos, Sociology: Themes and Perspectives, Oxford University Press, 1984.
- 7. Collins, Randall, Theoretical Sociology, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 19997.
- 8. Oommen, T.K and Mukharji, Indian Sociology, Popular Prakesham, Bombay, 1986.
- 9. Jesser Joyce Clinton, Social Theory Revisited, The Dryen Press, Hinsdale, Illinois, 1975.
- **10.** Turner Bryan, S. (Etd) The Black Wall Companion to Scocial Theory, Oxford and Cambridge, USA, 1996.
- 11. Abraham, Francis, Modern Sociological Theories.

## PAPER-VIII: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND STATISTICS

#### **Unit-I: Science and Scientific Methods:**

What is Scientific Research- Types, Importance and uses- Steps in Social Research- Theory and Facts- Hypothesis.

**Unit-II: Research Design**: Meaning, Types – Descriptive, Explorative-Experimental – Diagnostic and Comparative-Functions of research design.

## **Unit-III: Technique and Tools of Data Collection:**

Schedule- Questionnare- Interview, Observation- Case Study- Content analysis – Social Survey- Projective technic.

## **Unit-IV: Sampling methods and Report writing:**

Types- Probability and Non-Probability Sampling, Report writing- Steps in Report Writing.

Unit-V: Statistics: Meaning- Scope and importance of statistics in Social Research. Measures of Central Tendency- Mean- Median- Mode-Measures of Dispersion- Range- Quartile – Standard Deviation-Correlation and Regression. Role of Computers in Research.

## Text Books:

- Kothari C.R., Research Methodology Methods and Techniques, wiley eastern limited, Madras, 1985.
- Goode, Williams and Hatt Paul: Methods in Social Research, McGraw-Hill Book Company, London 1981.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- Young Pauline V: Scientific Social Surveys and Research. PHI.
- Mitchall, Mark and Jamina Jolley, Research Design Explainer, Holt, Rinehart and Winston inc., New york, 1988.
- Gane, Mike: On Durkheim's Rules of Sociological Method, Routledge, London, 1988.
- Boalt, Gunnar: The Sociology of Research, Southern IIIinoise University Press, London, 1969.
- Blalock, J.R., Hubert, M. Social Statistics, Mc Graw Hill. International Editions, Washington, 1981.
- Hunt, Morton: Profiles of Social Research, Russell Sage Foundation, New York, 1920.
- Kothari, C.R., Quantitative Techniques, Vikas Publishing House (Pvt) Ltd. New Delhi 1978.
- Michael S. Lewis Beck, (Ed) Experimental Design & Methods, Sage Publications, Toppan, Publishing United Kingdom, 1990.

## ALLIED PAPER-IV: POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY

## **Unit – I: Introduction**

Origin and growth of political sociology, Definition, nature and scope; founding fathers – Karl Mark and Max Weber – their contributions

## **Unit – II: Basic Political Systems**

Meaning of political systems, Aristole's classification of political systems; Theocratic, Monarchical, Democratic and Totalitarian systems and their relative merits and demerits.

## **Unit – III: Influcence, Power and Authority**

Meaning and types, characteristics of power, distribution of power, arious theories of political elites, authority – different ways of acquiring legitimacy.

## **Unit – IV: Political culture and political socialization:**

Meaning and dimensions of political culture, meaning and types of political socialization, agencies of political socialization and their role.

Political Participation – Meaning and Types, Political Apathy, Psychological, Social, and Political determinants of participation

## **Unit – V: Political parties and pressure groups**

Political parties – features and functions, structures of political parties, meaning of pressure groups and their relationship with political parties, types of pressure groups and their role.

## **Text Book**

1. A.K. Mukhopadhyay (1980), Political Sociology, K.P.Begchi&Company, Calcutta.

## **Reference Books**

- 1. Ali Ashaf and Sharma B.N., (2001), Political Sociology, University Press, Hyerabad.
- 2. Bhattacharyya.D.C. (2002), Political Sociology, Vijoya Publishing House, Kolkata.
- 3. Padhy, K.S., (1989), Political Sociology –A Perspective Analysis, Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 4. Anthony Orun, (1983), Introduction to Political Sociology, Prentice Hall Inc., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey.
- 5. Harold J.Laski, (1978), A Grammar of Politics, George Allen & Unwin publishers Ltd, Great Britain.

## **SEMESTER-V**

## PAPER-IX: RURAL SOCIOLOGY

#### **Unit- I: Introduction**

Meaning of Rural Sociology-Nature and Scope-Importance of the study of Rural Sociology in India.

## **Unit-II: Rural Society**

Characteristics of rural society- Rural –urban Society: Differentials and Continuum- Village patterns and characteristics- Emergences of villages- Types of villages- village settlement patterns- Types and pattern of Dwelling.

## **Unit-III: Rural Social Structure and Dynamics**

Caste and social structure in rural India- Dominant Caste- Sanskritization- Jajmani System- Changing features of village social structure- Traditional caste and village community- Panchayat Raj

## **Unit-IV: Rural Social Institutions**

Characteristics and Functions: Rural Economy, Family and Marriage. The Polity, Rural Education, Rural Religion.

## **Unit-V: Rural Problems**

Poverty and indebtedness – Child Labour- Unemployment –Illiteracy-Migration- Health and Sanitation problems.

#### **Text Books**

1. Desai A.R. (ed) Rural Sociology in India, Popular Prakastian, Bombay.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Vidyut Joshi (1987) Submerging Villages: Problems and prospects, Ajanta Publications, Delhi.
- 2. Desai, I.P and Banwarilal Choudhry (ed) (1977) History of Rural Development in Modern India, Vol.II. Impex India, New Delhi.
- 3. Mishra P.S. (1994) Changing Pattern of village Family in India: A Sociological Study, Ajanta Publications, Delhi.
- 4. Kumar Aravind (ed) (1998) Encyclopedia of Rural Sociology.

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## PAPER- X: URBAN SOCIOLOGY

## **Unit-I: Introduction**

- Nature, Scope and importance of Urban Sociology
- Urbanisation and Sub-urbanisation
- Urbanism as a way of life
- Rapid urbanisation in India and its implications.

#### **Unit-II: Urban Structure**

- Typology and morphology of urban areas
- Origin and growth of town and cities
- Types and forms of cities in pre-industrial, industrial and post-industrial periods.

## **Unit-III: Urban Ecology**

- Ecological system and ecological elements
- Ecological theories: concentric zone theory- sector theory- multiple nuclei theory

## **Unit-IV: Urban Planning**

- Role of sociology in urban planning
- Principles of Urban planning
- Agencies involved in urban planning
- case study: chandigarh

## **Unit-V: Urban Problems**

• Urban Problems: Urban migration and population density- housing problem- slums-environmental problems – urban crimes.

#### **Text Books:**

Grint N.P and S. Fava, Urban Society

Rao, M.S.A (1974) Urban Sociology in India, Orient Longman, New Delhi.

Marris Phillip (1968) Urban Sociology, George Allen and Unwin Ltd., London.

Sharma Ramnath (1998) A Text Book of Urban Sociology, Rajhans Press Publication, India.

## References

Sharma Rajendra. K (1997) Urban Sociology, Atlantic Publishers, New Delhi.

Flangan G. William, (1999) Urban Sociology, Allyn and Bacon,...

Fava F. Sylvia, (1968) New Urbanism in World Perspectives: A Reader, T.Y. Cowell, New York.

## PAPER-XI: INDUSTRIAL SOCIOLOGY

## **Unit- I: Introduction**

- Scope and importance of Industrial Sociology.
- Approaches to the study of Industrial Sociology.
- Socio-industrial throught Taylor, Mayo, Maslow, Mclelland

## **Unit - II: Evolution of Industry**

- Manorial System
- Guild system
- Domestic System
- Factory system

## **Unit – III: Industrial Organization**

- Structure of Industrial Organization.
- Formal and informal organizations.
- Line and staff organization
- Roles and relationship: Managers, Supervisors and Workers

## Unit – IV: Organisation of Labour and labour welfare

- Origin and growth of trade union in India
- Functions of trade union
- Trade unions in India: problems and issues
- Social security and labour welfare measures.

## **Unit – V: Industrial conflict**

- Types of industrial conflict
- Causes and consequences
- Methods of settling industrial disputes

#### **Text Books:**

Monappa Arun, Industrial Relations in India, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. Mongia. J.L.Readings in Indian Labour: and Social Welfare Pascal Gisbert (1972), Fundamentals of Industrial Sociology, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

## **Reference Books**

Bose S.N.Indian Labour Code, Eastern Law House Pvt. Ltd., Calcutta Malik. P.C. The Industrial Law, Eastern Book Co. Lucknow Moorthy, M.N.Principles of Labour Welfare.

## PAPER- XII: SOCIOLOGY OF DEVELOPMENT

#### **Unit-I: Introduction**

- Definition and meaning of development
- Economic growth and development
- Social development and social indicators
- Ecology and sustainable development

## **Unit-II: Culture and Development**

- Development and displacement of tradition
- Culture as a facilitator of development
- Culture impediments for development

## **Unit-III: Social Movements and Development**

- Chinese Movement –Mao
- Peasant Movement Mexico- Emiliano Zapata
- Backward Class Movement and Protective Discrimination

## **Unit- IV: Development Disparities in India**

- Social disparity: Education and Health
- Gender Disparity
- Economic Disparity
- Rural Urban disparity

## **Unit-V: Economic reforms and development**

- Structural adjustment in India
- Economic development and social opportunities
- Interdependence between market and governance
- Global divisions

#### **Text Books:**

- ✓ Derez, Jean and Amartya Sen., (1996) India: Economic Development & Social Opportunities, UP, New Delhi.
- ✓ Giddens, Anthony(2001) Sociology, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Blackwell pub Ltd, Oxford.
- ✓ Harrison (1989) The Sociology of Modernization and Development, OUP, New Delhi.
- ✓ Sharma, SL(1986), Development: Socio-Cultural Dimensions, Rawat Pub Jaipur.
- ✓ UNDP(2000) Human Development Report, OUP, New Delhi.

## **SEMESTER-VI**

## PAPER-XIII: MEDICAL SOCIOLOGY

## **Unit-I: Health and Society**

The emerging relationship between medicine and sociology, social perspectives of health and health care.

## **Unit-II: Communicable and Non- Communicable diseases**

a) Tuberculosis, Malaria b) Heart diseases, diabetes and Cancer.

## **Unit- III: Social Epidemiology**

a) Socio- Cultural factors bearing on health in India, b) Common occupational diseases, incidence and prevention of occupational diseases.

## **Unit-IV: Health Education**

Preventive and protective hygienic Habits. Sociology of Health Policy in India. Population and health in India.

## **Unit-V: Health and Social Problems**

Relevance of sex Education revelation of AIDS and HIV, Aging –Social Gerontology.

## **Text Books:**

1. Cockerham, William, C (1978) Medical Sociology, Englewood Cliffs. Prentice Hall.

## **Reference books:**

- 1. Dak T.M.(1991) Sociology of Health in India, Kaveri Printers Private Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Graham Scombler (1987) Sociological theory and Medical Sociology, Tavistock Publication: London and New York.

## PAPER-XIV: COMMUNICATION, MEDIA AND SOCIETY

#### **Unit-I: Introduction**

- Definition, scope and functions of communication
- Dimensions of communication
- Sociological approaches to communication
- Relationship between communication, popular culture and society

#### Unit-II: Models and theories of communication

- Models of Communication: Lasswell's formula- Linear Model Circular Model- Spiral Model – ABX Model- Conceptual Model
- Theories of communication: Harold Inns- Marshal McLuhan- Jurgen Habermas Baudrillard- John Thompson.

## **Unit-III: Communication Skills**

- Oral Skills
- Writing Skills
- Imaging Skills
- Understanding and Responding Skills

## **Unit-IV: Mass Media and Advertisement**

- Definition and types of advertisement
- Techniques of advertisement
- Advertisement in different media

#### **Unit-V: Media and Social Change**

- Role of print media in social change
- Impact of TV and Films on society
- Impact of Information Technology on Society
- Influence of media on children and youth

## **Text Books**

- 1. Simms James (1995) Communication, OUP, UK.
- 2. Kumar J. Kavel (1998), Mass Communication in India, Jaico Books, India.
- 3. Hornik R. (1988) Development Communication: Information, Agriculture and Nutrition in Third World, New York and London: Longman.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Burgoon.M., (ed) (1983) Communication Year Book II Transaction Books, New Jersey.
- 2. Greedon, Pamela, (ed) (1983) Women in Mass Communication, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- 3. Hornik. R. (1988) Development Communication: Information, Agriculture and Nutrition in Third World, New York and London: Longman.
- 4. Michael W. Gambel and Gamble (1989) Introducing Mass Communication, McGraw Hill, New York.
- 5. Ronald D. Farra (1997) Mass Communication, McGraw Hill, New York.