TSPSC Group 3 Syllabus

TSPSC Group 3 Syllabus for Paper I General Studies and General Abilities

- 1. Current Affairs Regional, National & International.
- 2. International Relations and Events.
- 3. General Science; India's Achievements in Science and Technology.
- 4. Environmental Issues; Disaster Management- Prevention and Mitigation Strategies.
- 5. World Geography, Indian Geography and Geography of Telangana State.
- 6. History and Cultural Heritage of India.
- 7. Society, Culture, Heritage, Arts and Literature of Telangana.
- 8. Policies of Telangana State.
- 9. Social Exclusion, Rights Issues and Inclusive Policies.
- 10. Logical Reasoning; Analytical Ability and Data Interpretation.
- 11. Basic English. (8th Class Standard)

TSPSC Group 3 Syllabus for Paper II History, Polity and Society

- 1. Socio-Cultural History of Telangana and Formation of Telangana State.
- Satavahanas, Ikshvakus, Vishnukundins, Mudigonda and Vemulawada Chalukyas and their contribution to culture; Social and Religious conditions; Buddhism and Jainism in Ancient Telangana; Growth of Language and Literature, Art and Architecture.
- 3. The establishment of Kakatiya kingdom and their contribution to socio-cultural development. Growth of Language and Literature under the Kakatiyas; Popular protest against Kakatiyas: Sammakka Sarakka Revolt; Art, Architecture and Fine Arts. Rachakonda and Deverakonda Velamas, Social and Religious Conditions; Growth of Language and Literature, Socio- Cultural contribution of Qutubshahis Growth of Language, Literature, Art, Architecture, Festivals, Dance, and Music. Emergence of Composite Culture.
- 4. Asaf Jahi Dynasty; Nizam-British Relations: Salarjung Reforms and their impact; Socio Cultural- Religious Conditions under the Nizams: Educational Reforms, Establishment of Osmania University; Growth of Employment and the Rise of Middle Classes.
- Socio-cultural and Political Awakening in Telangana: Role of Arya Samaj-Andhra Mahasabha; Andhra Saraswatha Parishat, Literary and Library movements, Adi- Hindu movement, Andhra Mahila Sabha and the growth of Women's movement; Tribal Revolts, Ramji Gond and Kumaram Bheem, -The Telangana Peasant Armed Struggle; Causes and Consequences.
- Integration of Hyderabad State into Indian Union and formation of Andhra Pradesh. Gentlemen Agreement; Mulki Movement 1952-56; Violation of Safeguards – Regional imbalances - Assertion of Telangana identity; Agitation for Separate Telangana State 1969-70 - Growth of popular protest against discrimination and movements towards the formation of Telangana State 1971-2014.

Overview of the Indian Constitution and Politics.

- 1. Evolution of the Indian Constitution Nature and salient features Preamble.
- 2. Fundamental Rights Directive Principles of the State Policy Fundamental Duties.
- 3. Distinctive Features of the Indian Federalism Distribution of Legislative, Financial and Administrative Powers between the Union and States.
- 4. Union and State Government President Prime Minister and Council of Ministers; Governor, Chief Minister and Council of Ministers Powers and Functions.
- 5. Indian Constitution; Amendment Procedures and Amendment Acts.
- 6. Rural and Urban Governance with special reference to the 73rd and 74th Amendment Acts.
- 7. Electoral Mechanism: Electoral Laws, Election Commission, Political Parties, Antidefection Law and Electoral Reforms.
- 8. Judicial System in India Judicial Review; Judicial Activism; Supreme Court and High Courts.
- 9. a) Special Constitutional Provisions for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Backward Classes, Women, Minorities and Economically Weaker Sections (EWS).
- 10. b) National Commissions for the Enforcement National Commission for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Backward Classes, Women, Minorities and Human Rights.
- 11. National Integration issues and challenges: Insurgency; Internal Security; Inter-State Disputes.

Social Structure, Issues and Public Policies.

- 1. **Indian Social Structure:** Salient Features of Indian society: Family, Marriage, Kinship, Caste, Tribe, Ethnicity, Religion and Women.
- 2. **Social Issues**: Inequality and Exclusion: Casteism, Communalism, Regionalism, Violence against Women, Child Labour, Human trafficking, Disability, Aged and Third / Trans-Gender Issues.
- 3. **Social Movements:** Peasant Movement, Tribal movement, Backward Classes Movement, Dalit Movement, Environmental Movement, Women's Movement, Regional Autonomy Movement, Human Rights / Civil Rights Movement.
- 4. **Social Policies and Welfare Programmes:** Affirmative Policies for SCs, STs, OBC, Women, Minorities, Labour, Disabled and Children; Welfare Programmes: Employment, Poverty Alleviation Programmes; Rural and Urban, Women and Child Welfare, Tribal Welfare.
- 5. **Society in Telangana:** Socio- Cultural Features and Issues in Telangana; Vetti, Jogini, Devadasi System, Child Labour, Girl Child, Flourosis, Migration, Farmer's; Artisanal and Service Communities in Distress.

TSPSC Group 3 Syllabus for Paper III Economy and Development

1. Indian Economy: Issues and Challenges

- 2. Demography: Demographic Features of Indian Population Size and Growth Rate of Population Demographic Dividend Sectoral Distribution of Population Population Policies of India
- National Income: Concepts & Components of National Income Measurement Methods

 National Income Estimates in India and its Trends Sectoral Contribution Per Capita
 Income
- Primary and Secondary Sectors: Agriculture and Allied Sectors Contribution to National Income – Cropping Pattern – Agricultural Production and Productivity – Green Revelation – Irrigation – Agricultural Finance and Marketing – Agricultural Pricing – Agricultural Subsidies and Food Security – Agricultural Labour – Growth and Performance of Allied Sectors
- Industry and Services Sectors: Growth and Structure of Industry in India Contribution to National Income –Industrial Policies – Large Scale Industries – MSMEs – Industrial Finance – Contribution of Services Sector to National Income – Importance of Services Sector – Sub Sectors of Services – Economic Infrastructure – India's Foreign Trade
- Planning, NITI Aayog and Public Finance: Objectives of India's Five Year Plans –
 Targets, Achievements and Failures of Five Year Plans NITI Aayog Budget in India –
 Concepts of Budget Deficits FRBM Recent Union Budgets Public Revenue, Public
 Expenditure and Public Debt Finance Commissions

Economy and Development of Telangana

- Structure and Growth of Telangana Economy: Telangana Economy in Undivided Andhra Pradesh (1956-2014) – State Finances (Dhar Commission, Wanchu Committee, Lalit Committee, Bhargava Committee) – Land Reforms - Growth and Development of Telangana Economy Since 2014 – Sectoral Contribution to State Income – Per Capita Income
- 2. Demography and HRD: Size and Growth Rate of Population Demographic Features of Telangana Economy Age Structure of Population Demographic Dividend.
- 3. Agriculture and Allied Sectors: Importance of Agriculture Trends in Growth Rate of Agriculture Contribution of Agriculture and Allied Sectors to GSDP/GSVA Land Use and Land Holdings Pattern Cropping Pattern Irrigation Growth and Development of Allied Sectors Agricultural Policies and Programmes
- 4. Industry and Service Sectors: Structure and Growth of Industry Contribution of Industry to GSDP/GSVA MSME Industrial Policies Components, Structure and Growth of Services Sector Its Contribution to GSDP/GSVA Social and Economic Infrastructure
- State Finances, Budget and Welfare Policies: State Revenue, Expenditure and Debt State Budgets – Welfare Policies of the State

Issues of Development and Change

 Growth and Development: Concepts of Growth and Development – Characteristics of Development and Underdevelopment – Measurement of Economic Growth and Development – Human Development – Human Development Indices – Human Development Reports

- Social Development: Social Infrastructure Health and Education Social Sector Social Inequalities – Caste – Gender – Religion – Social Transformation – Social Security
- 3. Poverty and Unemployment: Concepts of Poverty Measurement of Poverty Income Inequalities Concepts of Unemployment Poverty, Unemployment and Welfare Programmes
- 4. Regional Inequalities: Urbanization Migration Land Acquisition Resettlement and Rehabilitation
- 5. Environment and Sustainable Development: Concepts of Environment Environmental Protection and Sustainable Development Types of Pollution Pollution Control Effects of Environment Environmental Policies of India

