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Test Booklet Series



TEST BOOKLET

MEDICAL OFFICER
(ASSISTANT SURGEON)

T. B. C.: AS/2019

SI. No. 185

Time Allowed : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 200

: INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

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- 2. ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOKLET SERIES A, B, C OR D, AS THE CASE MAY BE, IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET USING BALL POINT PEN (BLUE OR BLACK).
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- 5. This Test Booklet contains 200 items (questions). Each item (question) comprises four responses (answers). You have to select the correct response (answer) which you want to mark (darken) on the Answer Sheet. In case, you feel that there is more than one correct response (answer), you should mark (darken) the response (answer) which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response (answer) for each item (question).
- 6. You have to mark (darken) all your responses (answers) ONLY on the separate Answer Sheet provided by using BALL POINT PEN (BLUE OR BLACK). See instructions in the Answer Sheet.
- 7. All items (questions) carry equal marks. All items (questions) are compulsory. Your total marks will depend only on the number of correct responses (answers) marked by you in the Answer Sheet. There will be no negative markeing for wrong answer.
- 8. Before you proceed to mark (darken) in the Answer Sheet the responses to various items (questions) in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per the instructions sent to you with your **Admission Certificate**.
- 9. After you have completed filling in all your responses (answers) on the Answer Sheet and after conclusion of the examination, you should hand over to the Invigilator the Answer Sheet issued to you. You are allowed to take with you the candidate's copy / second page of the Answer Sheet along with the Test Booklet, after completion of the examination, for your reference.
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- Which nerve passes through pronator teres muscle?
 - (A) Musculocutaneous nerve
 - (B) Ulnar nerve
 - (C) Radial nerve
 - (D) Median nerve
- 2. What passes through foramen ovale?
 - (A) Maxillary nerve
 - (B) Ophthalmic nerve
 - (C) Mandibular nerve
 - (D) Facial nerve
- 3. Pineal gland is a part of :
 - (A) Dorsal thalamus
 - (B) Epithalamus
 - (C) Subthalamus
 - (D) Metathalamus
- 4. Oesophageal epithelium is:
 - (A) Stratified squamous
 - (B) Columnar
 - (C) Columnar ciliated
 - (D) Cuboidal
- 5. Left gonadal vein drains into:
 - (A) Left common iliac vein

- (B) Splenic vein
- (C) Left renal vein
- (D) Inferior vena cava
- 6. Skeletal muscle weakness in Myasthenia Gravis is due to circulating antibodies to the:
 - (A) Muscarinic receptors
 - (B) Nicotinic receptors
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of these
- 7. Fast pain sensation is transmitted through:
 - (A) A delta fibres
 - (B) A alpha fibres
 - (C) Fibres
 - (D) None of these
- 8. G-34 Fragment of Gastrin has a half life of:
 - (A) 5 minutes
 - (B) 10 minutes
 - (C) 15 minutes
 - (D) 20 minutes

SA - 1A/34 (2)

Contd:





A soft low pitched Third heart sound Which one inhibits the activity of 13. in many young individuals is due to: hormone sensitive lipase? Mitral stenosis (A)Insulin (A) (B) Mitral regurgitation (B) Glucagon (C) Aortic regurgitation Epinephrine (C) (D) None of these Thyroxine · 10. The principal neurotransmitter of the Which one can interfere with glomus cells of carotid and aortic glycosylation of VLDL? body is: (A)Choline (A) Glutamine Betaine (B) (B) Serotonin (C) Orotic Acid Laga(C) Dopamine (D) Selenium: (D) Noradrenaline Which is the most potent form of HDL Which one of these is excreted in that induces cholesterol efflux from essential pentosuria? the tissues? (A) Ribose (A) HDL1 **Xylose** (B) HDL2 Ribulose HDL3 (C) Xylulòse ? Pre Beta HDL (D) 12. Methylmalonic aciduria occurs in the Which complex of respiratory chain deficiency of which one? is inhibited by BAL? (A) Thiamine Complex I (A) (B) Biotin Complex II (B) Vitamin B12 Complex III (C) Pyridoxine (D) Complex IV SA - 1A/34 (3) (Turn over)





- 17. Which one of the enzymes uses molecular oxygen as a hydrogen acceptor?
 - (A) Catalase
 - (B) Superoxide Dismutase
 - (C) Cytochrome c Oxidase
 - (D) Isocitrate Dehydrogenase
- 18. Which one is a ω 3 fatty acid?
 - (A) Palmitoleic acid
 - (B) Linoleic acid
 - (C) Timnodimic acid
 - (D) Elaidic acid
- 19. Plasmalogens resembles which one?
 - (A) Phosphatidyl Choline
 - (B) Phosphatidic Acid
 - (C) Phosphatidyl Ethanolamine
 - (D) Phosphatidyl Inositol
- 20. Which one is a potent CDK-cyclin inhibitor?
 - (A) P53
 - (B) P63
 - (C) P73
 - (D) P21

- 21. If a drug is absorbed through skin, what is the order of maximum percutaneous absorption of the drug from the given routes?
 - (A) Posterior auricular > Scrotum >Scalp > Dorsum of hand >Plantar area
 - (B) Scalp > Scrotum > Posterior
 auricular > Dorsum of hand >
 Plantar area
 - (C) Plantar area > Dorsum of hand > Scalp > Scrotum > Posterior
 - (D) Scrotum > Scalp > Posterior
 auricular > Dorsum of hand >
 Plantar area

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- 22. Which of the following is a prodrug?
 - (A) Enalapril
 - (B) Clonidine
 - (C) Salmeterol
 - (D) Acetazolamide

SA - 1A/34

(4)

.≳∖Contd.∂





- 23. A patient presents to emergency with pin point pupil, salivation, lacrimation, tremors and bronchoconstriction.

 Plasma cholinesterase level was 30% of normal. Most probable diagnosis is:
 - (A) Organophosphorus poisoning
 - (B) Datura poisoning
 - (C) Opiod poisoning
 - (D) Pontine haemorrhage
- 24. Which of the following drugs acts on trabecular meshwork and affects the aqueous outflow?
 - (A) Timolol
 - (B) Pilocarpine
 - (C) Brimonidine
 - (D) Brinzolamide
- 25. Which of the following is available as a patch for once daily use and is likely to provide steady drug levels to treat Alzheimers' disease?
 - (A) Rivastigmine
 - (B) Donepezil

- (C) Mematine
- (D) Galantamine
- 26. Nitric oxide acts via:
 - (A) cAMP
 - (B) cGMP
 - (C) Ca
 - (D) K
- 27. Most effective non-habit forming sedative is:
 - (A) Lorazepam
 - (B) Zolpidem
 - (C) Flurazepam
 - (D) Trazadone
- 28. Fosphenytoin is different from phenytoin in which of the following aspect?
 - (A) Can be used in absence of seizures
 - (B) Can be mixed with dextrose
 - (C) Can be given orally
 - (D) It is the drug of choice of myoclonic seizures

(5)

(Turn over)

SA - 1A/34





- 29. Which of the following is most likely to be effective against multidrug resistant strains of M. tuberculosis, including those resistant to streptomycin?
 - (A) Amikacin
 - (B) Clarithromycin
 - (C) Gentamicin
 - (D) Spectinomycin
- 30. Common dose dependent side effects of Ethambutol is:
 - (A) Redurine
 - (B) Optic neuritis
 - (C) Nephropathy
 - (D) Peripheral Neuropathy
- 31. Reed Sternberg cell in classic

 Hodgkin's lymphoma is characteristically positive for:
 - (A) CD3 and CD7
 - (B) CD15 and CD30
 - (C) CD19 and CD20
 - (D) CD45 and CD79a

- 32. Malignancy not associated with BRCA1 mutation is:
 - (A) Breast carcinoma
 - (B) Ovarian carcinoma
 - (C) Carcinoma cervix
 - (D) Carcinoma prostate
- 33. HbF is markedly increased in:
 - (A) β-Thalassemia major
 - (B) Sickle cell homozygous
 - (C) β-Thalassemia minor
 - (D) Sickle cell heterozygous
- 34. All are opsonising agents except:
 - (A) C3b
 - (B) C5a
 - (C) lgG
 - (D) Plasma lecţin
- 35. EGFR mutation is common in :
 - (A) Squamous cell carcinoma lung
 - (B) Adenocarcinoma lung
 - (C) Small cell carcinoma lung
 - (D) Carcinoid tumor of lung

(6)





36.	Alfa-feto protein is raised in :	40.	Decompression sickness is an
	(A) Endometrial carcinoma		example of :
·. ·	(B) Yolk sac tumor	•	(A) Fat embolism
	(C) Lung carcinoma	·	(B) Amniotic fluid embolism
	(D) Osteosarcoma		(C) Thromboembolism
37.	Alkaline phosphatase is markedly		(D) Air embolism
	raised in :	41.	Which of the following article can be
	(A) Hepatocellular Jaundice		sterilized by hot air oven ?
	(B) Obstructive Jaundice		(A) · Culture media
÷.	(C) Hemolytic Jaundice		(B) Gloves
,	(D) Megaloblastic anemia		(C) Aprons
38.	EBV virus is associated with all		(D) Glasswares
	malignancy except:	42.	Vector for endemic typhus is:
	(A) Burkitt's lymphoma		(A) Louse
	(B) Hepatocellular carcinoma	d	(B) Rat flea
	(C) Nasopharyngeal carcinoma	Ü	(C) Tick
	(D) Hodgkin's lymphoma	•	(D) Mite
39.	Microcytic hypochromic blood	43.	Pandemics of influenza are due
	picture seen in all except:	40.	to:
•	(A) Iron deficiency anemia		(A) Antigenic shift
	(B) Sideroblastic anemia	٠.	(B) Antigenic drift
	(C) Thalassemia trait		(C) P-Q-R variation
	(D) Acute blood loss		(D) O-D variation
		•	(D) O-D variation

 $SA = 1\Delta/3A$

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	,			
44.	Which immunoglobulin crosses	•	(B)	Epithelial cells
	placental barrier?		(C)	B lymphocytes
	(A) IgM			
	(B) IgG		(D)	T lymphocyte
	(C) IgA	48.	Whi	ch is True regarding Polio
	'(D) IgE		vaco	ine?
45.	Which of the following larval forms of		(A)	Salk vaccine is administered
:	Ankylostoma duodenale infect		·. ,	orally
	humans?		(B)	Sabin's vaccine is a live
	(A) Rhabditiform larvae		(,)	attenuated vaccine
	(B) Filariform larvae			$\frac{C_{n+1}}{C_{n+1}} = \frac{C_{n+1}}{C_{n+1}} + \frac{C_{n+1}}{C_{n+1}} $
	(C) Third stage larvae		(C)	OPV in India is given in
	(D) Miracidia			monovalent form
46.	Cryptococcus neoformans has		(D)	Sabin's vaccine is indicated in
	a prominent capsule composed		<i>.</i>	HIV infected individual
	of:	49.	ln p	artially treated case to enteric
	(A) Peptidoglycan(B) Lipopolysaccharide(C) Polysaccharide	fever most appropriate sample for		
		isolation of salmonella is: $\frac{f(x)}{f(x)}$		
	(D) Lipoteichoic acid	•	(A)	Blood
47.	Secretory component of IgA is	y .	_ (B)	Urine
	synthesized by:		(C)	Bone marrow
	(A) Plasma cell	•	(D)	CSF
SA-	– 1A/34 (8)		Contd.





- 50. A baby is born at full term with a petechial rash, low birthweight, hepatosplenomegaly and cataracts.

 Which of the following condition in the mother during pregnancy is most likely to have caused this clinical presentation:
 - (A) Cytomegalovirus
 - (B) Group B streptococcus
 - (C) Rubella virus
 - (D) Treponema pallidum
- 51. The most useful single indicator for the time of death during the first 24 hours post-mortem is:
 - (A) Rigor mortis
 - (B) Liver mortis
 - (C) Algor mortis
 - (D) Post-mortem decomposition
- 52. Perjury means giving wilful false evidence by a witness while under oath. The witness is liable to be prosecuted for perjury and the imprisonment may extend to seven

years. This falls under which section of IPC?

- (A) 190
- (B) 191
- (C) 192
- (D) 193
- 53. Science of studying fingerprints is:
 - (A) Dermatographism
 - (B) Dermatoglyphics
 - (C) Dermatobraftism
 - (D) Dermatistry
- 54. An irresistible desire to set fire to things:
 - (A) Mutilomania
 - (B) Kleptomania
 - (C) Pyromania
 - (D) Dipromania
- 55. 'Run-Amok' is found in poisoning with:
 - (A) Cannabis
 - B) Datura
 - (C) Opium
 - (D) Cocaine

SA - 1A/34

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56.	Parkland formula for burns is for :	60. Gastric lavage is contraindicated in
	(A) Ringer lactate	poisoning with :
	(B) Glucose saline	(A) Kerosene
	(C) Normal saline	(B) Arsenic
	(D) 25% dextrose	(C) Organophosphorous
57.	When a seat belt is worn, if an	(D) Dhatura
	accident occurs, sudden decele-	
	ration can result in :	61. Barberio's test is done for:
·	(A) Rupture of mesentery	(A) Blood
	(B) Liver injury	(B) Urine
	(C) Spleen injury	(C) Saliva
	(D) Vertebral injury	(D) Semen
58.	Leading questions are permitted	62. Gas in great vessels of foetus
	only in:	indicates :
	(A) Examination-in-chief	(A) Foetal distress
	(A) Examination-in-chief(B) Cross-examination	
		(B) Post-mature foetus
	(B) Cross-examination	(B) Post-mature foetus (C) Foetal death
5 0	(B) Cross-examination(C) Dying decleration(D) Re-examination	(B) Post-mature foetus
59.	(B) Cross-examination(C) Dying decleration(D) Re-examinationDisputed paternity can be solved by	(B) Post-mature foetus (C) Foetal death
59.	 (B) Cross-examination (C) Dying decleration (D) Re-examination Disputed paternity can be solved by using the following tests except: 	(B) Post-mature foetus (C) Foetal death (D) Premature foetus
59.	 (B) Cross-examination (C) Dying decleration (D) Re-examination Disputed paternity can be solved by using the following tests except: (A) Blood grouping 	(B) Post-mature foetus(C) Foetal death(D) Premature foetus63. Paraphilias are all except:(A) Incest
59.	 (B) Cross-examination (C) Dying decleration (D) Re-examination Disputed paternity can be solved by using the following tests except: (A) Blood grouping (B) HAL typing 	 (B) Post-mature foetus (C) Foetal death (D) Premature foetus 63. Paraphilias are all except: (A) Incest (B) Transvestism
59.	 (B) Cross-examination (C) Dying decleration (D) Re-examination Disputed paternity can be solved by using the following tests except: (A) Blood grouping (B) HAL typing (C) Precipitin test 	(B) Post-mature foetus (C) Foetal death (D) Premature foetus 63. Paraphilias are all except: (A) Incest (B) Transvestism (C) Frotteurism
59.	 (B) Cross-examination (C) Dying decleration (D) Re-examination Disputed paternity can be solved by using the following tests except: (A) Blood grouping (B) HAL typing 	 (B) Post-mature foetus (C) Foetal death (D) Premature foetus 63. Paraphilias are all except: (A) Incest (B) Transvestism





- 64. Most reliable test for identification of blood stain:
 - (A) Benzidine test
 - (B) Spectroscopic test
 - (C) Perception test
 - (D) Haemin test
- 65. Following is NOT true about fresh water drowning:
 - (A) Hyperkalemia
 - (B) Ventricular fibrillation
 - (C) Hemolysis
 - (D) Hypovolemia
- 66. ILR temperature should be maintained at:
 - (A) $+ 2^{\circ}C + 8^{\circ}C$
 - (B) $+5^{\circ}C$ to $+8^{\circ}C$
 - (C) $+ 1^{\circ}$ C to $+ 8^{\circ}$ C
 - (D) $+ 2^{\circ}C \text{ to } + 10^{\circ}C$
- 67. HDI includes all except:
 - (A) Mean years of schooling
 - (B) Life expectancy at birth
 - (C) Life expectancy at age 1
 - (D) Gross national income per capita

- 68. Out of the 17 goals of SDG which goal is specifically devoted to health?
 - (A) 5
 - (B) 8
 - (C) 3
 - (D) 12
- 69. Which is the most initial step of investigation of an epidemic?
 - (A) Defining population at risk
 - (B) Confirmation of existence of epidemic
 - (C) Verification of diagnosis
 - (D) Rapid search of all cases
- 70. Which of the following is a live vaccine?
 - (A) DPT vaccine
 - (B) Hep B vaccine
 - (C) Tetanus vaccine
 - (D) Measles vaccine
- 71. API is:
 - (A) Annual Parasite Index
 - (B) Average Parasite Index
 - (C) Animal Parasite Index
 - (D) Annual Parasite Incidence

(11)





72.	Primaquine is contraindicated in :	· 76.	Horrock's apparatus estimates:
	(A) Adult with diabetes		(A) Free chlorine
	(B) Adolescents		(B) Combined chlorine
	(C) Infants	. 4	(C) Both (A) and (B)
	(D) Geriatrics		(D) Chlorine demand
70		77.	Exclusive breast feeding should
73.	Yellow fever vaccine starts protecting after how many days of injection?	No.	contain till the age of :
			(A) 4 months
	(A) 5 days		(B) 6 months
	(B) 7 days		(C) 8 months
	(C) 10 days		(D) 10 months
	(D) 14 days	78.	Denominator for maternal mortality
74.	Which of the following indices of		ratio is: 1994 (1886) 4 (1994) 28
	obesity is height independent?		(A) Total number of live birth
	(A) Quetelet's index		(B) Total number of infant deaths
	(B) Ponderal index		(C) Total number of under 5 deaths
	(C) Brocas index		(D) Total no of women in reproduc-
	(D) Corpulenae index		tive years
75.	WHO was established in :	79.	Which of the following is a water
	(A) 1945		borne disease ?
		1.37	(A) Typhoid
		:	(B) Measles
	(C) 1950		(C) Tuberculosis
	(D) 1956		(D) Scabies
SA-	- 1A/34 (1	2)	Contd.





- 80. Principles of health education includes all except:
 - (A) Participation
 - (B) Motivation
 - (C) Reinforcement
 - (D) Punishment
- 81. What microscopic test is done to confirm the diagnosis in superficial dermatophytosis?
 - (A) KOH mount
 - (B) Gram stain
 - (C) Skin Smear for AFB
 - (D) Tzanck smear
- 82. All the following topical therapy are used in psoriasis except:
 - (A) Mometaxone
 - (B) Calcipotriol
 - (C) Tazarotene
 - (D) Terbinafine
- 83. A 20 year male is presented with two hypo pigmented anaesthetic patch on back and one tender thickened right ulnar nerve. All the following drugs can be used except:
 - (A) Dapsone
 - (B) Prednisolene

- (C) Rifampicin
- (D) Piperacillin
- 84. Which cells are seen in Tzanck
 Smear in a Pemphius vulgaris
 patient?
 - (A) Sezary cells
 - (B) Foam cells
 - (C) Acantholytic cell
 - (D) Giant cell
- 85. Which classification is used for Androgenetic Alopecia in man?
 - (A) Hamilton-Norwood
 - (B) Hanifin-Rajka
 - (C) Ridley-Jopling
 - (D) Hutchison
- 86. Signs of raised intracranial tension in a child in a skull X-ray:
 - (A) Separation of sutures
 - (B) Tense anterior Fontanelle
 - (C) Silver beaten appearance of the bones
 - (D) All of these

(Turn over)

SA - 1A/34

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87.	Basal Ganglia calcification is not		(C) 16-32 hours page 80
· ·	seen in :		(D) Up to 72 hours
	(A) Wilson's disease	91.	What happen in Mandibular Fracture
	(B) Berry aneurysm	·	cases?
•	(C) Cysticercosis	-	(A) Apnea
	(D) Haemangioma		(B) Occlusal Derangement
88.	Commonest cause of intracranial	÷	(C) Cyanosis
	calcification in adult is:		(D) Dyspnea
	(A) Pineal Calcification	92.	Abnormal coagulation time will occur
	(B) Intracranial Calcification		in patients with:
	(C) Meningioma		(A) Hemangioma
-	(D) Tuberculoma	_	(B) Hemophilia
89.	Suprasellar calcification is seen in :	ء ا د	(C) Thalassemia (A)
	(A) Craniopharyngioma		(D) Von Willebrand diseases
	(B) Meningioma	93.	Myofacial pain dysfunction syndrome
	(C) Pineal calcification		there is a tenderness about which
* •	(D) Cysticercosis		muscles?
90.	In brain infarct, MRI may be negative	•	(A) Masseter Mill, Fordallem
	upto:		(B) Medial Pterygoid
	(A) 2-4 hours post-ictus	•	(C) Temporalis
	(B) 8 to 16 hours	•	(D) Lateral Pterygoial
SA-	- 1A/34 (14)	Contd.





94. Most common malignancy of oral 98. Drug of choice in maintenance of cavity is: **PSVT:** Basal cell carcinoma Amiodarone (A) (B) Transitional cell carcinoma Lignocaine (B) (C) Melanoma Verapamil (C) Squamus cell carcinoma Adenosine (D) 95, Trismus associate with lateral 99. CSF glucose is: pharyngeal space related to irritation of the _ Half the plasma glucose (A) Medial pterygoid 1/3rd plasma glucose (B) Lateral pterygoid muscles 2/3rd plasma glucose (C) Masseter muscle Same as plasma glucose Medial constrictor of pharynx 100. Type of sensation lost on same side All are true about Wolff-Parkinsonin Brown Sequard syndrome is: White syndrome except: (A) Pain (A) More common in females (B) Touch Delta wave in ECG √(B) (C) Proprioception HIS bundle study is done for diagnosis Temperature (D) Can occur in normal heart 101. In Parkinsonism, which is not 97. Blood pressure is difficult to measure present? in patient with: (A) Tremors at rest Mitral stenosis (A) Past pointing (B) (B) Aortic stenosis Akinesia Complete heart block Rigidity (D) (D) Atrial fibrillation SA - 1A/34

(15)





- 102. Addison's disease is characterized by all except :
 - (A) Hyperglycemia
 - (B) Hypotension
 - (C) Hyperkalemia
 - (D) Hyponatremia
- 103. Microalbuminuria refers to urinary albumin excretion rate:
 - (A) 30-300 mg/day
 - (B) 400-600 mg/day
 - (C) 700-900 mg/day
 - (D) >100 mg/day
- 104. A 45 year old man, known case of chronic renal failure develops 'rugger jersy' spine. The probable cause is:
 - (A) Aluminum intoxication
 - (B) Secondary hyperparathyroi-
 - (C) Osteoporosis
 - (D) Osteomalacia
- 105. Characteristic ECG finding of pulmonary embolism:
 - (A) Sinus tachycardia

- (B) S1Q3T3
- (C) T wave inversion
- (D) Epsilon waves
- 106. Caplan syndrome is pneumoconiosis with:
 - (A) Lymphadenopathy
 - (B) Congestive cardiac failure
 - (C) Rheumatoid arthritis
 - (D) HIV
- 107. Curschmann's spirals in sputum is seen in :
 - (A) Tuberculosis cavity
 - (B) Asthma
 - (C) Bronchitis
 - (D) Bronchiectasis
- 108. The most frequent location for spider angiomata in cirrhosis:
 - (A) Abdomen
 - (B) Back
 - (C) Neck and shoulders
 - (D) Upper and lower extremities

SA-1A/34 (16)





109. In Peutz Jegher's syndrome, polyps	113. Anemia of advanced renal
are seen in :	insufficiency is best treated by:
(A) Colon	(A) Blood transfusions
(B) Rectum	(B) Recombinant human
(C) Small bowel	erythropoietin
(D) Stomach	(C) Parenteral iron therapy
110. Charcot's joint in diabetes affects	(D) Folic acid supplementation
commonly:	114. Polycythemia is commonly seen in :
(A) Shoulder joint	(A) Congestive cardiac failure
(B) Knee joint	(B) Hereditary spherocytosis
(C) Hip joint	(C) Chronic cor pulmonale
(D) Tarsal joint	(D) Uncomplicated ASD
111. In Rheumatoid arthritis, pathology	115. Commonest site of lytic lesion in
starts from:	multiple myeloma:
(A) Articular cartilage	
(B) Capsule	(A) Vertebral column
	(B) Femur
(C) Synovium	
(C) Synovium	(C) Clavicle
(C) Synovium (D) Muscle	
	(C) Clavicle (D) Pelvis
(D) Muscle	(C) Clavicle
(D) Muscle 112. Absolute indication for dialysis are all	(C) Clavicle (D) Pelvis
(D) Muscle 112. Absolute indication for dialysis are all except: (A) Persistent hyperkalemia	(C) Clavicle (D) Pelvis 116. Tolvaptan is useful for:
(D) Muscle112. Absolute indication for dialysis are all except:(A) Persistent hyperkalemia(B) CCF	(C) Clavicle (D) Pelvis 116. Tolvaptan is useful for: (A) Hyponatremia
(D) Muscle112. Absolute indication for dialysis are all except:(A) Persistent hyperkalemia(B) CCF	(C) Clavicle(D) Pelvis116. Tolvaptan is useful for:(A) Hyponatremia(B) Hypernatremia





117. Mineral which activates action of	(C) Constrictive pericarditis
insulin :	(D) Right ventricular myocardial
(A) Selenium	infarction
(B) Zinc	121. All are the causes of pseudotumor-
(C) Chromium	cerebri EXCEPT :
(D) Copper	(A) Nalidixic acid
118. In Marfan's syndrome, there is defect	(B) Diabetes ketoacidosis
in protein :	(C) Hypoparathyroidism
(A) , Collagen	(D) Acetazolamide
(B) Elastin	122. Shakir tape is used by health worker
(C) Fibrillin	to measure :
(D) All of these	(A) Head circumference
119. Paradoxical breathing is charac-	(B) Arm span
teristic of :	(C) Mid arm circumference
(A) Pneumonia	(D) Standing height
(B) Pneumothorax	123. Upper segment and lower segment
(C) Atelectasis	of a child become equal at the age
(D) Flail chest	of:
120. Electric alternans is seen in :	(A) 3 yrs
(A) Cardiac tamponade	(B) 1 yr
	(C) 8 yrs (D) 10 yrs
(B) Restrictive cardiomyopathy	
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Celiac disease 124. Palmo mental reflex is seen in lesion Crohn's disease Ulcerative colitis Frontal lobe 128. Aspirin is associated with: (B) Parietal lobe Reiter syndrome Temporal lobe Reye's syndrome (B) Occipital lobe (C) Sjogrens syndrome 125. RETCAM Screening in Newborn is (D) Budd-Chiari syndrome done to detect: 129. Under IMNCI programme, in (A) Inborn error of metabolism outpatient health facility, all of the つきな(B) のSteopenia of prematurity following are general danger signs (C) Retinopathy of prematurity **EXCEPT:** (D) Fetomaternal blood transfusion (A) Convulsion Difficulty breathing (B) 126. NESTROF test is used for screening 1. 10克·罗克克克·克克克克克 (C) Vomiting of: MARINE COME SERVICE (D) Lethargy (A) Hereditary spherocytosis 130. In children renal failure in terms of (B) Thalassemia trait oge entite laupa emocrafic urine output using pRIFLE criteria (C) Sickle cell anaemia is: (D) G6PD deficiency < 0.3 ml/kg/hr 127. MARSH histopathological grading is (B) $< 0.5 \,\text{ml/kg/hr}$ used to diagnose which disease? $(C) < 0.8 \,\text{ml/kg/hr}$ Tropical sprue // (D) < 1 ml/kg/hr

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131. Carcinoid tumours of gastrointestinal (B) Bilobar gall bladder tract is most common in: Hourglass gall bladder Esophagus Phrygian cap Rectum (B) 135. The left gastric vein mainly drains Appendix into: Portal vein (D) Stomach (A) Superior mesenteric vein 132. Which of the following is most (C) Splenic vein common manifestation of left sided (D) Into spleen through short gastric colonic cancer? veins (A) Anaemia 136. Blumer's shelf is: Intestinal obstruction (B) Peritoneal metastasis palpable (A) Alteration in bowel habits (C) by rectal examination Malena Supraclavicular lymph node (B) 133. Hirschsprugs' disease in young Periumbilical lymph node adults is best diagnosed by: Ovarian mass dropping into Barium enema pelvis Colonic transit time (B) 137. Most common malignant gastric Anal manometry (C) neoplasms is: Rectal biopsy Squamous cell carcinoma 134. Which of these is most common (B) Lymphoma anomaly of gall bladder? Adenocarcinoma (C)

(D)

(20)

Carcinoid tumors

Contd.

(A) Duplication of gall bladder

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- 138. Dominant symptom of fat embolism is :
 - (A) Respiratory failure
 - (B) Renal failure
 - (C) Hepatic failure
 - (D) Cardiovascular failure
- 139. Which of the following vessel drain(s)into IVC ?
 - (A) Splenic vein
 - (B) SMV
 - (C) IMV
 - (D) Renal veins
- 140. 45 years male has history of pain abdomen, vomitting, distension abdomen for 7 days following a bout of alcohol. There is a lump in the epigastrium. Most likely diagnosis is:
 - (A) Ac pancreatitis with pseudocyst
 - (B) Ac pancreatitis with acute fluid collection
 - (C) Ac pancreatitis with pancreatic ascites

- (D) Ac pancreatitis with pancreatic abscess
- 141. Nasal intubations is contraindicated in :
 - (A) Head injuries
 - (B) Facio-maxillary injury
 - (C) Thoracic injuries
 - (D) Abdominal injury
- 142. Systemic inflammatory response syndrome comprises all of the following except:
 - (A) Rectal temperature > 38°C or < 36°C
 - (B) Heart rate > 90/minute
 - (C) Loss of body weight
 - (D) Respiratory rate > 20/minute
- 143. Following massive blood transfusion, deficiency occurs of all of the following except:
 - (A) Clotting factor V
 - (B) Clotting factor VIII
 - (C) Platelets
 - (D) Leukocytes

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(Turn over)

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- 144. Which of the following statements about blood storage at 2-6°C after
 21 days is incorrect?
 - (A) Platelets remain viable
 - (B) pH is 6.71
 - (C) Potassium increases to 20 millimoles
 - (D) Erythrocyte viability decreases to 70-80%
- 145. Hand washing was introduced in patient care by:
 - (A) Joseph Lister
 - (B) William Halsted
 - (C) Philip Iganog Sommelweiss
 - (D) Harvey Cushig
- 146. Which one of the following is not essential amino acid?
 - (A) Alamine
 - (B) Lysine
 - (C) Tryptophanx
 - (D) Valine
- 147. Regarding diverticular disease of colon false statement is:
 - (A) Are mostly asymptomatic
 - (B) 25% complicate as perforation, obstruction, fistulisation

- (C) Bleeding usually stops automatically
- D) Disease of young age
- 148. Regarding patient with rigid abdomen and free air under diaphragm the possible diagnosis will be:
 - (A) Peptic ulcer perforation
 - (B) Liver injury with bile duct trauma
 - (C) Grade III splenic injury
 - (D) Pancreatic injury with duct disruption
- 149. In a male child of 7 years which of the following hemia is the commonest?
 - (A) Indirect inguinal hernia
 - (B) Direct inguinal hernia
 - (C) Femoral hernia
 - (D) Bilateral hernia
- 150. Murphy's sign is positive in:
 - (A) Acute appendicitis
 - (B) Chronic cholecystis
 - (C) Peptic ulcer perforation
 - (D) Acute cholecystitis

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- 151. Easily Broken Bone : Blue selern –
 Joint Laxity. Otosclerosis. These
 are seen in :
 - (A) Arthrogryposis Multiplex

 Congenita
 - (B) Diaphyseal Achalasis
 - (C) Osteogenesis Imperfecta
 - (D) None of these
- 152. Musculoskeletal abnormalities present in Neurofibromatosis :
 - (A) Hyperthropy of limb
 - (B) Scoliosis
 - (C) Pseudoarthrosis
 - (D) All of these
- 153. Commonest site of Skeletal

 Tuberculosis:
 - (A) Tibia
 - (B) Radius
 - (C) Humerus
 - (D) Vertebra
- 154. Which of the following Tumour arises from epiphysis?
 - (A) Osteosarcoma

- (B) Ewing's Sarcoma
- (C) Osteoclastoma
- (D) Multiple Myeloma
- 155. Rupture of Extensor Pollics Longus

 Tendon can be seen as complication

 of:
 - (A) Scaphoid #
 - (B) Galeazzi#
 - (C) Colle's #
 - (D) Chauffeur's #
- 156. Bennett's # dislocation is the base of which metacarpal?
 - (A) Fourth
 - (B) Third
 - (C) Second
 - (D) First
- 157. Pointings index is seen in which nerve palsy?
 - (A) Ulnar
 - (B) Median
 - (C) Radial
 - (D) Axillary

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- 158. Syme's Amputations is:
 - (A) Through Tibia and Fibula
 - (B) Through the ankle joint
 - (C) Through Tarsometatarsal joint
 - (D) Through the Knee joint
- 159. Finkelstein's Test done for:
 - (A) Trigger finger
 - (B) Carpal Tunnel syndrome
 - (C) Dequervein's disease
 - (D) Tennis elbow
- 160. Cotton's # is:
 - (A) # Medial Mallelous
 - (B) # Lateral Mallelous
 - (C) # Posterior Mallelous
 - (D) All of these
- 161. Which statement is **true** for epistaxis in children?
 - (A) Bleeding occurs from Kesselbach's plexus present in dangerous area of nose due to tumor
 - (B) Bleeding occurs from Kesselbach's plexus present in dangerous area of face due to vestibulitis

- (C) Bleeding occurs from Kesselbach's plexus present in littles area due to nose pricking
- '(D) Bleeding occurs from
 Woodruff's plexus present in
 posterior part of nasal septum
 due to adenoid
- 162. In tympanomastoid (unsafe) type ofC. S. O. M.:
 - (A) There is central perforation and foul smelling purulent otorrhoea
 - (B) There is posterior superior perforation and mucopurulent otorrhoea
 - (C) There is total perforation with mucoid otorrhoea
 - (D) There is attic perforation and foul smelling otorrhoea
- 163. In Quinsy there is collection of Pus in:
 - (A) Retropharyngeal space
 - (B) Parapharyngeal space
 - (C) Peritonsillar space
 - (D) Submental triangle

(24)





- 164. Gradenigo syndrome comprises of:
 - (A) VII nerve palsy, Retro orbital Pain and otorrhoea
 - (B) VI nerve palsy, Retro orbital Pain and otorrhoea
 - (C) VI nerve palsy, absent corneal Reflex and Otorrhoea
 - (D) X nerve palsy, Retro orbital Pain and otorrhoea
- 165. Hoarseness of voice is the earliest symptom of:
 - (A) Supraglottic Carcinoma
 - (B) Glottic Carcinoma
 - (C) Subglottic Carcinoma
 - (D) Hypopharyngeal Carcinoma
- the most important adjuvant therapy in a case of fungal corneal ulcer?
 - (A) Atropine eye drops
 - (B) Dexamethasone eye drops
 - (C) Pilocarpine eye drops
 - (D) Lignocaine eye drops
- 167. Areas of focus in Vision 2020 are all except:
 - (A) Strengthening advocacy

- (B) Promotion of integrated eye health policies
- (C) Building effective partnership across multiple sectors
- (D) Integrated programmes for non-preventable blindness
- 168. A 55 year old patient complains of decreased distance vision. However, now he does not require his near glasses for near work. The most likely cause is:
 - (A) Posterior subcapsular cataract
 - (B) Zonular cataract
 - (C) Nuclear sclerosis
 - (D) Anterior subcapsular cataract
- 169. A woman complains of coloured halos around lights in the evening, with nausea and vomiting, IOP is normal; Diagnosis is:
 - (A) Incipient stage, open angle glaucoma
 - (B) Prodromal stage, angle closure glaucoma
 - (C) Migraine
 - (D) Cluster headache

(Turn over)

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(25)





- 170. Malignant glaucoma is seen in:
 - (A) Malignancy
 - (B) After surgery for cataract or glaucoma
 - (C) Trauma
 - (D) Thrombosis
- 171. The Regimen that is followed in expectant management of placenta praivia:
 - (A) Liley's.
 - (B) Cride's
 - (C) Macafee and Johnson
 - (D) Brandt-Andress
- 172. A 32 weeks pregnant women present with mild contraction and on examination her vitals are stable, Placenta praevia type III is present, best management is:
 - (A) Bed rest + Dexamethasone
 - (B) Bed rest + Nifedipine + Dexamethasone
 - (C) Bed rest + Sedation
 - (D) Immediate cesarean section
- 173. Most common cause of Postpartum hemorrhage is:
 - (A) Uterine atony

- (B) Retained products
- (C) Trauma
- (D) Bleeding disorders
- 174. In which of the following conditions the medical treatment of Ectopic pregnancy is contraindicated?
 - (A) Sac size 3 cm
 - (B) Blood in pelvis 70 ml
 - (C) Presence of fetal heart activity
 - (D) Previous ectopic pregnancy
- 175. The following is always an indication of LSCS except:
 - (A) Abruptio placenta
 - (B) Untreated stage I Ca cervix
 - (C) Active primary genital harpes
 - (D) Type IV placenta praevia
- 176. In which stage of Ca cervix hydronephrosis is seen:
 - (A) Stage 2A
 - (B) Stage 3A
 - (C) Stage 3B
 - (D) Stage 4A

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(Turn over)

181. To avoid contraception DMPA is 177. Staging of cervical cancer is based given: on: Monthly (A) Chest X-ray (A) 3 Monthly (B) MRI 6 Monthly (C) Clinical examination (D) Yearly (D) CT Scan 182. Among the following IUCD which has 178. Which is the strongest support of life span for 10 years? uterus? Cu T380A (A) (A) Levator ani (B) Cu T 200 (B) Perinneal body Nova T (C) Macendrot ligament (D) Multiload Round ligament 183. Ideal contraceptive for lactating 179. What is the most common secondary mother: change in fibroid? Barrier method (A) (A) Hyaline degeneration Combined OCP Cystic degeneration (B) Lactational amenorrhea (C) Red degeneration Progesterone only Pill (D) Fatty degeneration 184. Best investigation to assess tubal 180. All are associated with increase risk patency: of fibroid uterus except: (A) Rubin's test High fat diet (A) HSG' (B) (B) Family history (C) Laparatomy **Nulliparity** (C)Laparoscopic chromopertubetion Smoking

(27)





- 185. According to WHO the minimum normal sperm count in :
 - (A) 10 million / ml
 - (B) 20 million / ml
 - (C) 40 million / ml
 - (D) 60 million / ml
- 186. A known case of heart disease delivered by NVD following which there occurs PPH. Which of the following drugs is contraindicated in this case?
 - (A) Methylergometrine
 - (B), Oxytocin
 - (C) Misoprostol
 - (D) Carboprost
- 187. Which of the following is not a feature of HELLP syndrome?
 - (A) Hemolysis
 - (B) Eosinophilia
 - (C) Elevated liver enzyme
 - (D) Thrombocytopenia

- 188. A multigravida for ANC at 38w 6d appear pale and on performing a Hb% it was found to be 6g%. What line of management should you give?
 - (A) Continue with oral iron she is taking
 - (B) Start with intravenous iron sucrose
 - (C) Start with intravenous FCM
 - (D) Arrange for blood transfusion
- 189. All can be used to lower to child HIV spread Except:
 - (A) Elective LSCS
 - (B), ART
 - (C) Omitting ergometrine
 - (D) Nevirapine to neonate
- 190. Caudal Regression Syndrome may be found in babies of mother having:
 - (A) Cardiac disease
 - (B) Thyroid disease
 - (C) Diabetes
 - (D) Anemia

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- 191. As per A. S. A. classfication, on otherwise healthy patient with current smoking history belongs to:
 - (A) A. S. A. I
 - (B) A. S. A. II
 - (C) A.S.A.-III
 - (D) A. S. A. IV .
- 192. While visualizing the intraoral structures on maximal mouth opening, if the tip of the epiglottis is visible, then, which of the following grades as per the Mallampati Score, will be assigned to:
 - (A) Grade 0
 - (B) Grade 1
 - (C) Grade 2
 - (D) Grade 3
- 193: 'STOP-BANG' Questionnaire is used to assess:
 - (A) P.O.N.V.
 - (B) Post-operative pain
 - (C) Sleep Apnoea
 - (D) P.O.C.D.

- 194. The correct capacity of a 'E' type oxygen cylinder is one of the following:
 - (A) 170 litres
 - (B) 340 litres
 - (C) 680 litres
 - (D) 1360 litres
- 195. The complications following the use of succinyl choline include all the following except:
 - (A) Hyperkalemia
 - (B) Increased intra ocular pressure
 - (C) Post-operative myalgia
 - (D) Fasciculation in young children and elderly patients
- 196. Delusion is a disorder of:
 - (A) Thinking
 - (B) Perception
 - (C) Memory
 - (D) Emotion
- 197. Paredolia is a disorder of:
 - (A) Emotion
 - (B) Perception
 - (C) Thinking
 - (D) Abstract thinking

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198. Bleuler's concept Schizophrenia is characterized by all except:

- (A) Ambivalence
- (B) Autistic Thinking
- (C) Alogia
- (D) Association Disturbances
- 199. CAGE Diagnostic criteria are meant for diagnosis of :
 - (A) Schizophrenia

- (B) Depression
- (C) Mania
- (D) Alcohol Dependance Syndrome

200. "Early Morning Awakening" of Sleep characteristic of :

- (A) Depression
- (B) Mania
- (C) Schizophrenia
- (D) Anxiety Disorder

Adda[24]7





SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

SA - 1A/34 (550)

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Medical Officer (Assistant Surgeon)





Adda 2117