DATE: - 28-04-2013. TIME: - 7 am to 12 moon

# WRITTEN EXAMINATION, 2013 for GRADE -III of ARUNACHAL PRADESH JUDICIAL SERVICE

#### Paper-III (Law Paper 1)

GAUHATI HIGH COURT

Total Marks -100

Time- 3 (Three) hours

All questions carry equal marks.

### GROUP-A CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

Answer any five questions :-

5x5 = 25

- 1. Discuss the scope and ambit of Article 21 of the Constitution of India.
- 2. What is the difference between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy? Discuss.
- 3. What are the conditions under which the President can declare an emergency?
- 4. Explain the concept of Rule of Law. How far has this concept been recognized by the Constitution of India?
- 5. What is the procedure prescribed in the Constitution for appointment of a Judge of the High Court? Discuss decided cases.
- 6. Write short notes on (any two)
  - (a) Joint Session of Parliament (b) Vice President of India (c) Money Bill
  - (d) Directive Principles of State Policy (e) Public Service Commission.
- 7. What are the provisions in the Constitution of India which ensure the independence of judiciary in India? Is judiciary independent in India?
- 8. How far does Article 22 of the Constitution of India protect the personal liberty of a citizen?

#### GROUP-B INDIAN CONTRACT ACT

#### Answer any five questions: -

5x5 = 25

- 9. Write short notes on the following (any two)
  (i) Bailor (ii) Bailee (iii) Fraud (iv) Continuing guarantee.
- 10. Can a stranger to a contract sue or be sued? Explain.
- 11. A promises to obtain for **B** employment in the public service and **B** promises to pay Rs.5,000/- to **A**. Whether the above agreement is valid, void or voidable? Give reasons.
- 12. Define an agreement. Is a contract valid without free consent?
- 13. What do you understand by coercion in contract? Discuss.
- 14. Delegatus non-protest delegate (a delegate cannot further delegate). Discuss the implications of this maxim in relation to agency and state the exceptions to the rule.
- 15. "Acceptance of proposal must be absolute and unqualified". Explain.
- 16. Who can bring a suit for the rescission of a contract and on what grounds?

## GROUP-C TRASFER OF PROPERTY ACT

Answer any five questions: -

5x5=25

- 17. Write short notes on the following (any two)
  - (a) Immovable property (b) Ostensible owner (c) Onerous gift
  - (d) Universal Donee.
- 18. What is exchange? Explain the right of the party deprived of things received in exchange.
- 19. What is fraudulent transfer of property? What are the rights and liabilities of seller and buyer in a sale of property?
- 20. What is a Mortgage? What are the characteristics of Simple Mortgage? Distinguish between sale and mortgage?

- 21. What do you understand by rule against perpetuity? A made a gift of a house to B with whom he had illicit co-habitation? Is this transfer valid? Will it make any difference if A's relation with B is adulterous?
- 22. Define Sale. Explain the procedure of sale of immovable property. What is an agreement for sale?
- 23. Once a mortgage, always a mortgage and nothing but a mortgage". Elucidate.
- 24. What are the requisites of valid notice to quit?

## GROUP-D CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE

Answer any five questions: -

5x5=25

- 25. What are the valid grounds for rejection of a plaint?
- 26.In what circumstances and in what manner substituted service is made?
- 27. What is Counter Claim and Set off? Explain.
- 28. Which Court has power to transfer suits which are instituted in two or more Courts?
- 29. A claiming to be a landlord sues the tenant for recovery of rent. B takes the plea that A is not the landlord. A fails to prove his title and the suit is dismissed. A then sues B and then C for declaration of his title to the property. Discuss with decided the cases.
- 30. What are the principles regarding the grant of temporary injunction? Can a Court grant temporary injunction in exercise of its inherent powers in a case?
- 31. How will you decide that a suit is civil in nature? State the circumstances in which the party to a suit can be refused permission to amend the pleadings.
- 32. Who are the persons, exempted from personal appearance in Court? Discuss.

