Bihar Judicial Service Exam., 2009

[Judicial Exam. P.T.]

GENERAL STUDIES

- 1. Cnandragupta Maurya was
 - (A) An autocrat
 - (B) A Statesman
 - (C) A liberal ruler
 - (D) An enlightened despot
- 2. Who was the author of Kumarasambhava?
 - (A) Bhasya
- (B) Shudraka
- (C) Kalidas
- (D) Harisena
- 3. In spite of her virtues Razia was not successful because
 - (A) She married Altuniya
 - (B) She used to behave like a man
 - (C) Of her orthodox-religious belief
 - (D) Nobles disliked the rule of a woman
- 4. The great exponent of 'Nirgun School' was
 - (A) Tulsidas
- (B) Surdas
- (C) Kabir
- (D) Mirabai
- 5. Which chronological order of Babur's battles in India is correct?
 - (A) Panipat, Ghaghara, Chanderi, Khanuah
 - (B) Panipat, Chanderi, Khanuah, Ghaghara
 - (C) Panipat, Khanuah, Chanderi, Ghaghara
 - (D) Panipat, Khanuah, Ghaghara, Chanderi
- 6. The man who led the Revolt in Bihar was
 - (A) Amar Singh
 - (B) Bhanwar Singh
 - (C) Nana Sahib
 - (D) None of the above
- 7. Who wrote 'India Wins Freedom'?
 - (A) Subhas Bose
 - (B) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
 - (C) Jawaharlal Nehru
 - (D) Dr. A. P. J. Abdul Kalam
- 8. Who started 'Bengalee', a famous newspaper of Calcutta?
 - (A) W. C. Bonnerjee
 - (B) Surendranath Baneriea
 - (C) R. D. Banerji
 - (D) B.C. Pal

- 9. Which of the following is fresh water lake:
 - (A) Phalodi
- (B) Koleru
- (C) Shambhar
- (D) Pullicut
- 10. Which one is the southern-most mounts range of India?
 - (A) Nilgiri Range
 - (B) Annamalai Range
 - (C) Nallamalai Range
 - (D) Cardamam Hills
- 11. In India which area is known as store hou of coal?
 - (A) Raniganj
- (B) Bokaro
- (C) Jharia
- (D) Talchar
- 12. Mr. Vivek Kundra joined U.S. Preside Obama's administration as
 - (A) Federal Chief Health Officer
 - (B) Federal Chief Information Officer
 - (C) Chief of the Bureau of Budget
 - (D) Member of Federal Power Commission
- 13. Name the cricketer whose record of taking highest number of catches by a non-wick keeper in test cricket was broken by Rat Dravid in the series against New Zealand 2009
 - (A) Ricky Ponting
 - (B) Mark Waugh
 - (C) Jacques Kallis
 - (D) Sanath Jayasurya
- 14. Who won the Women's World Cup Cricketh in Australia in 2009?
 - (A) South Africa
- (B) England
- (C) India
- (D) New Zealand
- 15. Which one of the following States has star "Hooner", a programme for Muslim girls?
 - (A) Kashmir
- (B) Bihar
- (C) Andhra Pradesh (D) Orissa
- 16. In which country Asean Summit V postponed in April 2009 due to A **Government Protests?**
 - (A) Singapore
- (B) Philippines
- (C) Burma (Myanmar) (D) Thailand

25.

6.

| pt. | 401 |
|--|--|
| 17. Which of the following fluids would cool a 1/2 inch thick piece of steel the fastest? | 27. 'The Kitab-ul-Hind' was written by |
| (A) Motor oil | (A) Al-Masudi |
| (B) 25% salt water solution | (B) Abu Raihan Alberuni |
| (C) 5% salt water solution | (C) Ibn Batuta |
| (D) Pure water | (D) Megasthenese |
| | 28. Who wrote 'Padmovat'? |
| 18. A spring scale reads 20 N (Newton) as it pulls a 5.0 kg mass across a table. What is the | (A) Chandbardai (B) Narpati Nalha |
| magnitude of the force exerted by the mass | (C) Gesudraj (D) Jayasi |
| on the spring scale? | 29. In British period the peasantry was ground |
| (A) 49 N (B) 20 N | down by the |
| (C) 5.0 N (D) 4.0 N | (A) Zamindar |
| 19. Light year is a unit of | (B) Government |
| (A) Time | (C) Moneylender (D) Morehant (middle) |
| (B) Intensity of light | (D) Merchant/middleman |
| (C) Distance | 30. Who was the President of Calcutta session of Congress in 1886? |
| (D) None of these | (A) W. C. Bonnerjee |
| 20. A burn caused by steam is more painful than | (B) Dadabhai Naoroji |
| a burn caused by boiling water because | (C) Badrudin Tyabji |
| (A) Steam penetrates inside the body | (D) Naoroji Furdoonji |
| (B) Water is heavier than steam | 31. Who has been regarded as the heroine of Quit |
| (C) Steam has more attacking power | India Movement'? |
| (D) Steam contains latent heat | (A) Kamla Devi Chattopadhyay |
| 21. The planet closest to the Sun is | (B) Sucheta Kriplani |
| (A) Mercury (B) Venus | (C) Aruna Asaf Ali |
| (C) Earth (D) Mars | (D) Sarojini Naidu |
| 22. What comes in place of the question mark (?) | 32. Which of the following is not an island? |
| 185×12-30+66-12 =? | (A) Rameshwaram (B) Shriharikota |
| (A) 12.33 (B) 11.67 | (C) New Moore (D) Uran |
| (C) 79.5 (D) 89 | 33. What is the name of the reservoir made by |
| 23. Which of the following is not a mammal? | Tehri dam project? |
| (A) Fish (B) Bat | (A) Govind Sagar |
| (C) Whale (D) None of these | (B) Umed Sagar |
| 24. Who wrote Jaina Kalpasutra? | (C) Swami Ramthirth Sagar |
| (A) Bhadrabahu (B) Sthalabahu | (D) Govind Ballabh Sagar |
| (C) Mahavira (D) Parsvanath | 34. The heighest waterfall in India is |
| | (A) Kalindi waterfall |
| 25. Fa-hien visited India during the period of | (B) Jog waterfall |
| (A) Chandragupta Maurya | (C) Milky waterfall |
| (B) Chandragupta I | (D) Shimsha waterfall |
| (C) Samudragupta | 35. After many years, Javan Rhinos were found |
| (D) Chandragupta II | in March 2009 in which one of the following |
| 6. The Paramara dynasty was founded by | countries? |
| (A) Upendra (B) Bhoja | (A) China (B) Malaysia |
| (C) Sindhuraja (D) Vakpati-Munja | (C) Indonesia (D) Thailand |
| (-) | |

(D) Poet

(D) None of these

| All | ar allaneses | (Scudies) | 403 |
|-----------|---|---------------------------|---|
| do | Fauldar was In-charge | (B) Province | 62. Who among the following was the author of |
| | (V) Lui Entin | (w) rroanice | the novel 'The White Tiger' published in 2008? |
| | (C) Sarkar | (D) Village | (A) Jhumpa Lahiri |
| 69. | The Young Bengal Mo | vement was inspired by | (B) Arvind Adiga |
| per | (A) Raja Rammonan Roy | | (C) Arundhati Roy |
| | (B) Ishwar Chandra | Vidyasagar | (D) Salman Rushdie |
| | (C) David Hare | | 63. Who was the Chairman of Sixth Central Pay |
| | (D) Henry Vivian Do | erozio | Commission? |
| 61 | Strafford Cripps was a member of the | | (A) R. Pandian |
| (j.11) | (A) Conservative pa | rty | (B) Ravindra Dholakia |
| | (B) Labour party | | (C) B. N. Sri Krishna |
| | (C) Liberal party | | (D) J. S. Mathur |
| | (D) Official hierarch | y | 64. Which of the following is measured in hertz? |
| RE | 55. The All India Kisan Sabha was formed in | | (A) Speed |
| DU | (A) 1920 | (B) 1932 | (B) Amplitude |
| | (C) 1936 | (D) 1940 | (C) Wavelength |
| en. | | State has the first place | (D) Frequency |
| 80. | In the production of | In? | 65. Which of the following is a source of emission |
| | (A) Orissa | (B) Jharkhand | in a microwave oven? |
| | (C) Rajasthan | (D) Madhya Pradesh | (A) A cyclotron |
| 57. | | lbes Population is found | (B) A magnetron |
| 011 | In | | (C) A laser lamp |
| | (A) Mizoram | (B) Nagaland | (D) A cathode ray tube |
| | (C) Goa | (D) Karnataka | 66. An athlete can take a longer jump if he comes |
| 58. | First nuclear energy plant in India was | | running from a distance as compared to that |
| | established in | | when he jumps suddenly. This is because of (A) Inertia of rest |
| | (A) Nalore | (B) Kalpakam | (B) Inertia of motion |
| | (C) Bangalore | (D) Hyderabad | (C) Inertia of direction |
| 59 | . INS VIRAAT, the onl | y aircraft carrier of the | (D) Inertia of position |
| | Indian Navy in the Indian ocean was originally | | • • |
| | commissioned into 1 | he Royal British Navy in | 67. If water completely filling a bottle be frozen, the bottle cracks because |
| | 4 - 4 | (D) LIMS Arms | (A) Water expands on freezing |
| | (A) HMS Hermes | (B) HMS Argus | (B) Bottle contracts when water freezes |
| | (C) HMS Furious | (D) HMS Ark Royal | (C) External temperature of the bottle is |
| 60 | | ointed as the Director of | more than the internal temperature |
| | the All India Institute of Medical Sciences for a term of five years after the retirement of Prof. Venugopal? | | (D) Water contracts on freezing |
| | | | 68. If ten bulbs of 100 watt each are kept switched |
| | (A) Dr. R.C. Deka | (B) Dr. C. Ramdoss | on for one hour each day, the energy |
| | (C) Dr. T.D. Dogra | (D) Dr. P.D. Dave | consumed per day will be |
| 61 | | | |
| | Who won the Women's Singles title in Tennis at the Australian Open in 2009? | | (C) 10 Units (D) 10 KWH |
| | (A) Dinara Safina | | 69. In all organic compounds an essential |
| | (B) Serena William | | fundamental element is |
| | (C) Ana Ivanovic | 3 | (A) Nitrogen (B) Oxygen |
| | (D) Sania Mirza | | (C) Carbon (D) Sulfur |
| | ****** | | |

Western culture?

(A) Hindu aristocracy (B) Muslim aristocracy

(C) Educated Hindu middle class

(D) Educated Muslim middle class

(A) Dadabhai Naoroj (B) Madan Mohan Malviya (C) Gopal Krishan Gokhale (D) Motilal Nehru 81. Who started Gurukul Kangri Vishwavidysig (A) Swami Dayanand (B) Lala Lajpat Rai (C) Mahatma Hansraj (D) None of the above 82. The road from Leh to Manail is situated at the height of (B) 3500m (A) 4500m (D) 5000m (C) 4000m 83. Where in India does pearl fishing take place (A) Tutikorin (B) Kandla (D) Puri (C) Cochin 84. Which one of the following Tidal Power Project? (B) Koyna (A) Bhadrawati (D) Rawat Bhata (C) Bhavnagar 85. Which of the following is the leading State of India in the production of Lac? (A) Assam (B) Madhya Prades (C) Bihar (D) Orissa 86. According to 2001 Census, literacy rate it Kerala is (A) 99.81% (B) 95.81% (C) 90.92% (D) 98.81% 87. Malabar coast is situated between (A) Goa and Kanyakumari (B) Gujarat and Goa (C) Ganga delta and Kanyakumari (D) Nellore and Kanyakumari 88. The Summit of the leaders of the World's largest economies known as G-20 held in 200 In (B) Washington (A) Paris (D) London (C) Moscow 89. What is the name of the telescope which launched into space on Delta-Il Rocket by US space agency NASA in 2009? (B) Spitzer (A) Hubble (D) Kepler (C) James Webb

1905?

90. Who won the Oscar for the best Sound Mixing

in the film Slumdog Millionaire?

| | (A) A. R. Rehman | (B) Gulzar | |
|-----|--|------------------------|----|
| | (C) Resul Pekutty | (D) Anil Kapoor | |
| | 108th Constitution An | | |
| 91. | known as | mendinent bill is also | |
| | (A) Tada Bill | | 97 |
| | (B) Women's (Reserv | ation of Seats) Bill | |
| | (C) Cooperative Societies Bill | | |
| | (D) Lokpal Bill | | |
| 92. | Heating fuels in the al | on" pecause it breaks | |
| | them into components | . What we get when we | 98 |
| | do the same to wood? | (B) Acetic acid | |
| | (A) Charcoal | (D) All of them | |
| | (C) Tar | • 10 | |
| 93. | The 34th Summit of G | (B) Italy | |
| | (A) Japan | (D) Germany | 99 |
| | (C) France | ces acting on a moving | 3. |
| 94. | If the sum of all the for object is zero, the object | , CC WIII. | |
| | (A) Class down and S | top | |
| | (B) Change the direct | non of its motion | 10 |
| | | | - |
| | | Willicorpum | |
| 95. | Bodies falling freely II | om a high tower have | |
| | (A) Equal velocity | | |
| | (B) Equal acceleration | n | |
| | (C) Equal momentum | ı | |
| | (D) Equal force | | |
| | (2) 292 | | |

96. Mirages are seen in deserts on a hot afternoon because of (A) Refraction (B) Total internal reflection (C) Dispersion (D) Diffraction Which of the following gas is responsible for acid rain? (A) CFC (B) Methane (C) Ozone (D) SO, Main constituent of polluting gases coming S out of the exhaust pipes of motor vehicles is (A) Carbon dioxide (B) Carbon monoxide (C) Marsh gas (D) Nitrogen oxide Mohan's average score after 4 tests is 89, what score in the 5th test would bring his average to exactly 90? (B) 93 (A) 94 (D) 91 (C) 92 00.In year 2000, population of town A was 9400 and that of town B was 7600. Since then each year, the population of town A has decreased by 100 and that of town B has increased by 100. In which year the populations of both the

towns become equal?

(A) 2118

(C) 2010

(B) 2117

(D) 2009

Bihar Judicial Service Exam., 2009

[Judicial Exam. P.T.]

LAW

- 1. The writ of Habeas corpus means
 - (A) To produce the Body of a person illegally detained before a Court
 - (B) Respect the Human Rights of a person
 - (C) Stop the violation of a right of a man
 - (D) None of the above
- 2. The writ of Certiorari can be issued against
 - (A) A person exercising purely administrative powers
 - (B) Against a Minister
 - (C) Against any Quasi Judicial or Judicial authority
 - (D) None of the above
- 3. Act of State can be questioned and challanged
 - (A) Privy Council
 - (B) Queens Court
 - (C) High Court
 - (D) None of the above
- 4. During the operation of Martial Law
 - (A) The citizens important rights are suspended
 - (B) Parliament is dissolved
 - (C) Civilian Govt. is suspended
 - (D) None of the above
- 5. Out of the following which is not a Void Marriage?
 - (A) That at the time of the Marriage either party has a spouse
 - (B) The parties are sapindas to each other
 - (C) The parties are within prohibited degree of relationship
 - (D) That either party is of bad character
- 6. A Hindu female can adopt a male child but, she must be senior to the child by at least
 - (A) 12 years
- (B) 14 years
- (C) 18 years
- (D) 21 years

- 7. Hindu Law is not applicable in which of the following cases?
 - (A) Any person who is a Hindu, Jain, Sikh or Bhuddhist by religion
 - (B) Any person who is born of Hindu parents
 - (C) Any person who is not a Muslim Christian, Parsi or Jew
 - (D) Members of the scheduled tribes coming within clause (25) of Article 366 of the Constitution of India
- 8. Marriage with Eunuch is regarded as
 - (A) Illegal
- (B) Legal
- (C) Void
- (D0 Voidable
- What type of Muslim marriage is which is performed temporarily for enjoyment?
 - (A) Batil
- (B) Sahih
- (C) Muta
- (D) Fasid
- 10. The Statutory Instruments Act 1946 ensures
 - (A) Judicial control of delegated legislation
 - (B) Growth of delegated legislation
 - (C) Parliamentary control of delegated legislation
 - (D) None of the above
- 11. Two important principles of Natural Justice in the British administrative law are
 - (A) Doctrine of Bias and Doctrine of Hearing
 - (B) Doctrine of Bias and Right of cross examination
 - (C) Personal Bias and cross examination
 - (D) None of the above
- 12. Which out of the following is not a ground, which allows a guardian to give a child in adoption?
 - (A) If both the parents are dead
 - (B) If parties have finally renounced the world
 - (C) If parents have been declared judicially to be of unsound mind
 - (D) If parents are illiterate

- 13. Which out of the following does not fall within the meaning of the term 'Avyavaharika' debt? (A0 An Immoral debt (B) An Illegal debt (C) A debt resulting from Tortuous act (D) Suretyship debt 14. The term Ombudsman in English **Administrative Law means** (A) A Parliamentary Commissioner (B) Vigilance Commissioner of England (C) Speaker of House of Commons (D) None of the above
- 15. The Crown Proceeding Act was enacted In (A) 1935 (B) 1942

(C) 1945

- (D) 1947
- 16. Marriage in Muslim Law
 - (A) A Sacrament
 - (B) A Civil Contract
 - (C) A Sacrament and a Civil Contract both
 - (D) A Social Status
- 17. What is the age of Puberty for a Muslim marriage?
 - (A) 9 years

(B) 12 years

(C) 15 years

- (D) 18 years
- 18. Marriage by a Muslim with his real sister is
 - (A) Void

(B) Voidable

(C) Valid

- (D) Invalid
- 19. In Muslim Law
 - (A) Payment of Meher is necessary
 - (B) Payment of Meher is not necessary
 - (C) Meher is to be paid on demand before marriage
 - (D) Meher is determined after marriage
- 20. Which out of the following is not modern source of Hindu Law?
 - (A) Equity, Justice and good Conscience
 - (B) Precedent
 - (C) Legislation
 - (D) Custom
- 21. The Nature of Marriage of a Impotent Person
 - (A) Void
 - (B) Voidable
 - (C) Illegal
 - (D) None of the above

- 22. The highest court in British Constitution is called
 - (A) Privy Council
 - (B) High Court
 - (C) Supreme Court
 - (D) House of Lords
- 23. The Fundamental Rights in England are given to citizens by
 - (A) The written constitution
 - (B) By conventions of the Constitution
 - (C) By judicial decisions
 - (D) None of the above
- 24. Which out of the following is not regarded as 'Stridhan' by Shastric Hindu Law?
 - (A) Gifts from relatives
 - (B) Property purchased with Stridhan
 - (C) Property obtained in lieu of maintenance
 - (D) Gifts of immovable property by husband
- 25. The legal status of a mahant of 'Math' is
 - (A) A Trustee
 - (B) Corporation sole
 - (C) Owner of 'Maths' property
 - (D) Manager of 'Math'
- 26. In which section of Indian Evidence Act, the Plea of Alibi is laid down?
 - (A) Section 7

(B) Section 26

(C) Section 49

- (D) Section 11
- 27. Under which section of Evidence Act, confession before Police is not admissible
 - (A) Section 25

(B) Section 32

(C) Section 20

- (D) Section 21
- 28. In which section, doctrine of dying declaration is found?
 - (A) Section 16

(B) Section 27

(C) Section 32

- (D) Section 41
- 29. A sues B for Rs.1000 and shows entries in his account book showing B to be indebted to him to this amount. This entry is
 - (A) Not relevant
 - (B) Relevant
 - (C) Does not have evidentiary value
 - (D) Inadmissible
- 30. Out of the following which is not a secondary evidence?
 - (A) Copies made from the original by mechanical process

(B) Copies made from or compared with the (D) A pauper original 39. The Arbitration and Conciliation Act was (C) Oral accounts of the contents of a enacted in document given by a person who has (B) 1940 (A) 1908 himself seen it (C) 1996 (D) 2002 (D) Oral account of a Photograph 40. Section 482 Cr.P.C. deals with 31. Presumption as to dowry death is laid down (A) Injunction (B) Arrest of a proclaimed offender (B) Section 114 (A) Section 113-B (C) Appellate powers of High Court (D) Section 118 (C) Section 117 (D) Inherent powers of a High Court 32. Under which provision of Civil Procedure Code, a High Court can transfer a case? 41. By which amendment, the words Secular and (A) Section 25 C.P.C. (B) Section 20 C.P.C. Socialist were included in the preamble? (C) Section 12 C.P.C. (D) Section 15 C.P.C. (A) 1st Amendment 33. Under which section of C.P.C. a notice is (B) 6th Amendment required to be given at least two months (C) 42nd Amendment before filing a suit against a Central or State (D) 44th Amendment Government? 42. In which section of Indian Evidence Act. (A) Section 50 C.P.C. (B) Section 51 C.P.C. opinion of third person is relevant? (C) Section 80 C.P.C. (D) Section 81 C.P.C. (A) Section 14 (B) Section 34 34. Facts forming part of the same Transaction (D) Section 45 (C) Section 44 are known as 43. In criminal proceedings, the fact that the (A) Plea of Alibi person accused is of good character is (B) Dying Declaration relevant according to (C) Admission (A) Section 53 (B) Section 54 (D) Res Gestae (D) Section 56 (C) Section 55 35. The term Judicial confession means 44. In civil proceedings, ordinarily a civil judge is (A) It is made before a Police Officer required to deliver judgements within ninety (B) It is caused by inducement, threat or days of the conclusion of hearing, this was promise proposed by (C) It is made before any court Officer (A) Amendment Act of 1 976 (D) It is made before a Magistrate (B) Amendment Act of 1 999 36. No person shall be twice punished for the (C) Amendment Act of 2002 same offence is incorporated in (D) None of the above (A) Art. 19 1(F) (B) Art. 20(2) 45. Under which article of the Constitution (C) Art. 22 (D) Art. 368 Parliament can create a new state? 37. Which out of the following is not a right (A) Art. 3 covered by Art. 21 of the Constitution? (B) Art. 4 (A) Right to Health (C) Art. 5 (B) Right to Education (D) Art. 368 (C) Right to safe drinking water 46. Which out of the following is not covered under (State) (D) Right to Strike under 'State' of Article 12 of the Constitution? 38. A person who is appointed to protect the (A) Central Govt. disputed property is known as (B) State Govt. (A) A judgement debtor (C) University of Patna (B) Commissioner (D) A Deity

... Bx

(C) Receiver

- 47. Who out of the following cannot be appointed as arbitrator?
 - (A) A person of sound mind
 - (B) A person who has attained the age of majority
 - (C) A person who has an interest in the subject matter of dispute
 - (D) A person of good character
- 48. Under which section of Cr.P.C. a Police Officer can release an accused on ball in non-ballable case?
 - (A) Section 336
- (B) Section 337
- (C) Section 436
- (D) Section 437
- 49. From which date Civil Procedure Code 1908, became operative?
 - (A) 1st January, 1908
 - (B) 1st April, 1908
 - (C) 31st December, 1908
 - (D) 1st January, 1909
- 50. Under which section of Cr.P.C. a Magistrate can arrest a person?
 - (A) Section 3-8
- (B) Section 40
- (C) Section 41
- (D) Section 44
- 51. Who will be Guardian of a minor under Muslim Law?
 - (A) Mother
 - (B) Father
 - (C) Executor appointed will on death of father
 - (D) Grand father
- 52. The Guardian who does not possess the right of transfer of property of a minor
 - (A) Natural Guardian
 - (B) De-Facto Guardian
 - (C) Legal Guardian
- (D) Guardian appointed by Court 53. The term actionable claim does not include any one of the following:
 - (A) Claim for arrears of rent
 - (B) A share in partnership
 - (C) The right to the proceed of business
 - (D) A debt secured by mortgage of immovable property
- Which out of the following does not constitute experience: exception to the rule against perpetuity?
 - (A) Where a property is transferred for the benefit of the public

- (B) A lease with a covenant for renewal
- (C) It does not apply to vested interests
- (D) A fund is bequeathed to next seven generations
- 55. Which out of the following is not a transfer according to T.P. Act?
 - (A) Sale
 - (B) Gift
 - (C) Exchange
 - (D) Abandonment of a claim to property
- 56. What is the meaning of the maxim equity acts In personam?
 - (A) Equity enforces its behest by acting on the conscience of the person who is charged therewith
 - (B) Equity looks on that as done which ought to have been done
 - (C) Where there is equal equity the Law still prevail
 - (D) None of the above
- 57. Who gave the following comment? "Trust is the very centre and kernel of Equity"
 - (A) Bacon
- (B) Story
- (C) Snell
- (D) Hanbury
- 58. Under which section of the Trust Act, 1882 the definition of the breach of trust is provided?
 - (A) 1(d)
- (B) 2

(C) 3

- (D) 5
- 59. As a general rule what is the liability of a trustee for brench of trust by co-trustee?
 - (A) Fully liable
 - (B) Partially liable
 - (C) No liability
 - (D) None of the above
- 60. Which out of the following is not a kind of mortgage?
 - (A) Mortgage by conditional sale
 - (B) Usufructuary mortgage
 - (C) English mortgage
 - (D) Subrogation
- 61. Which out of the following does not constitute agricultural lease?
 - (A) A lease for rearing tea plants
 - (B) A lease for cultivation of Indigo
 - (C) A lease for cultivation of potatoes
 - (D) A lease for gathering fruits from trees

| 62. | When is iddat observe | ed for three months | 70. | The term ces-tul-qu | e trust was used b |
|---|---|---|--------------------------|---|--|
| | (A) On the death of h | | | (A) Queen's Court | and by |
| | | husband of pregnant | | (B) High Court | |
| | woman | rasolate of program | | (C) Court of Equity | 916 |
| | (C) On Divorce | | | (D) None of the abo | ove |
| | (D) On Invalid marri | age | 71. | Who out of the follow | ing cannot create at- |
| 63. | Talaq which canno | | | (A) A person of 2 1 | years of age |
| | pronouncement, is ca | | | (B) An advocate | |
| | (A) Talaq-ul Bain | | | (C) A minor | 7/86 |
| | (B) Talaq-I Tufweez | | | (D) A juristic perso | |
| | (C) Talaq-I-Iddat | E . 100 100 100 100 | 72. | Which section of T | r.P. Act bars fraudules |
| | (D) Talaq Hasan | 1811 197 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 | | transfor? | 400 |
| 64. | Who has no right of n | naintenance? | | (A) Section 43 | (B) Section 53 |
| | (A) Unmarried Daughter | | | (C) Section 63 | (D) Section 71 |
| | (B) Poor Parents | | 73. | "Equity had come n | ot to destroy the Law by |
| | (C) Physically disabl | ed major son | | fulfill it"—who said | The second secon |
| | (D) Widow Daughter | r . | | (A) Maitland (C) Salmond | (B) Potter (D) Snell |
| 65. | 65. Which out of the following is not immovable | | | | 1 |
| | property according to | T.P. Act, 1882? | 77. | The meaning of the n | maxim Equality is Equity |
| | (A) Land | | | (A) Equity delights | in equity |
| (R) Ranatite to arise out of land | | | (B) Delay defeats equity | | |
| | (C) Things attached | to earth | | (C) Equity looks to | _ |
| | (D) Standing timber | | | form | |
| 66. | . A gift of immovable property can be given 🦠 | | | (D) None of the abo | ove |
| | (A) By delivery of immovable property 75. The doctrine of | | The doctrine of part | performance is based of | |
| | (B) By written instrument | | | (A) Section 53A | |
| | ` ' ' | nd registration of | | (B) Section 54 | |
| | document | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | (C) Section 57(B) | |
| | (D) None of the abov | | | (D) None of the abo | ove latings ? |
| 67. | Out of the following, which is a actionable | | | A buys from B at | original painting |
| | claim? (A) Mortgage debt | (B) Mesne profit | | A buys from B ar Piccasso. B refuses On what ground, A the contract? | can specifically enforce |
| | (C) Decree | (D) Provident fund | | on what ground, A | Carr of |
| | • | | | the contract? (A) Compensatio | n is not an adequa- |
| 68. | The Law regarding to owner is laid down in | ransier by ostensible | | ACHICAV | |
| *** | (A) Section 39 | (B) Section 41 | | (B) He loves Piccas | sso's paintings |
| | (C) Section 45 | (D) Section 53 | | (B) He loves Piccas (C) He wants to a | nake his collection |
| 60 | • • | ` ' | | CONTRACTOR OF A LOCAL | |
| 09. | 59. The literary meaning of Lis Pendens is(A) A suit under consideration of any court of law | | | (D) None of the ab | ove marry her. Co |
| | | | 77. | (D) None of the ab A enters into contract this contract be specially. | ct with B to many |
| (B) A previous decision bars the subsequent filing of the suit | | on bars the subsequent | | (A) Yes | (Cillottin) |
| | | | (B) No | | |
| | (C) Exception to Doctrine of Res-judicata | | | (C) With the help of court, yes | |
| | (D) None of the above | | | (D) None of the at- | ave |
| | | | | (D) None of the ab | Ove |
| | | | | | 4 |

Bhar Judicial Service Exam., 2009 (Law) 78. The case related to minors agreement is void abinitio la (A) Carlill v. Carbolic Smoke Ball Co (B) Mohoribibi V. Dharmadas Ghose (C) Nash V, Inman (D) None of these 79. The consent obtained by threatening to commit suicide amounts to consent by (A) Coercion (B) Undue influence (C) Fraud (D) None of these 80. The law relating to the payment of damages is based on the leading English case of (A) Hadley v. Baxandale (B) Hobbs v. London Rly. Co. (C) Hadley v. Sullivan (D) None of these 81. In case of breach of contract which of the following remedy is available to the aggrieved party? (A) Suit for recession (B) Suit for damages (C) Suit for specific performance (D) All of these 82. The meaning of the maxim UBI-JUS-IBI Remediam is (A) Where there is a right there is a remedy (B) Rights and Duties are Co-relative (C) Tort is actionable perse (D) None of the above 83. Which out of the following persons is an exception who cannot sue for tort? (A) An alien enemy (B) Husband and wife (C) A child in mothers womb (D) A Govt. servant 84. In the wrong of negligence there is breach of (A) Legal duty of the defendant (B) Legal right of the defendant (C) Of good faith (D) None of the above 85. Objective theory of negligence was given by (A) Salmond (B) Austin (C) Holland

(D) Pollock

411 86. The delivery of goods by one person to another for some specific purpose is known (A) Bailment (B) Pledge (C) Hypothecation (D) Mortgage 87. Tort is a special branch of Law which originated in (A) America (B) France (C) India (D) England 88. The remedy in case of tort is (A) Deterrent punishment to wrong doer (B) Reformation of wrong doer (C) Compensation in money (Damages) (D) None of the above 89. Gloucestour Grammer School case is about (A) Damnum Sine Injuria (B) Injuria Sine Damnum (C) Contributory negligence (D) Strict liability 90. A vold contract is one which is (A) Enforceable at the option of one party (B) Enforceable at the option of both the parties (C) Enforceable at the direction of court (D) Not enforceable in the court of Law 91. A voldable contract is one which (A) Can be enforced at the option of aggrieved party (B) Can be enforced at the option of both the parties (C) Cannot be enforced in a court of Law (D) Courts prohibit 92. Where the consent of both the parties is given by mistake, the contract is (B) Valid (A) Void (D) Illegal (C) Voidable 93. A agrees to sell his car to B at a price which B may be able to pay. This agreement is (B) Valid (A) Void (D) Contingent (C) Voidable 94. Which out of the following cannot be used as defences in an action for tort? (A) Acts of State

(B) Judicial acts

(D) A Tax payer

(C) Statutory authority

95. Vidyawati v. State of Rajasthan is a case Law relating to (A) Tortuous liability of corporations (B) Tortuous liability of a company (C) Vicarious Liability of State (D) None of the above 96. A person who supplies 'Necessaries' to a minor is entitled to be reimbursed from the property of the minor on the basis of a (A) Valid contract (B) Voidable contract (c) Quasi contract (D) Contingent contract 97. On the valid performance of the contractual obligations by the parties, the contract (A) Is discharged (B) Becomes enforceable (C) Becomes void (D) None of these 98. The case of Reyland v. Fletcher has laid down the principle of (A) Defamation (B) Conspiracy (C) Strict liability of land owner (D) None of the above 99. As a general rule, an agreement made without consideration is (B) Voidable (A) Void (D) Unlawful (C) Valid 100. A agrees to sell his scooter worth Rs. 10,000/to B for Rs. 5000/- only and as consent was obtained by coercion. Here the agreement is (B) Valid (A) Void (D) Unlawful (C) Voidable 101. A general procedure for alteration of articles of association which has the effect of converting a public company into a private company is by passing (A) Special resolution and approval of CLB (B) Special resolution and approval of Central Govt. (C) Ordinary resolution and approval of **CLB** (D) None of the above 102. The power to order rectification of register of members vests in the

(A) Court

(B) Company Law Board

- (C) Central Govt. (D) Board of Directors 103. The case of Abranth v. North Eastern Rly. Co. is about
 - (A) Malicious prosecution
 - (B) Defamation
 - (C) Strict liability
 - (D) None of the above
 - 104. Which out of the following does not constitute an exception to the rule in Ryland v. Fletcher?
 - (A) Act of God
 - (B) Malicious Act of Stranger
 - (C) Plantiffs own fault
 - (D) Poor condition of land
 - 105. A orally abuses B, it is a case of
 - (A) Libel
 - (B) Slander
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of the above
 - 106. The Sale of Goods Act, 1930 deals with the
 - (A) Movable goods only
 - (B) Immovable goods only
 - (C) Both movable and immovable goods
 - (D) All goods except ornaments
 - 107. Which of the following is not an essential feature of partnership?
 - (A) Result of an agreement
 - (B) Organised to carry on business
 - (C) Carried on by all or any of them acting for all
 - (D) Separate legal entity
 - 108. A Dormant partner is one who is
 - (A) Entitled to share profits only
 - (B) Neither active nor known to outsiders
 - (C) Not interested in the business of the firm
 - 109. A person who receives a negotiable instrument instrument in good faith and for valuable consideration consideration is known as
 - (A) Holder
 - (B) Holder for value
 - (C) Holder in due course
 - (D) Holder in rights

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All Cheques are Bills of Exchange, but all Bills of Exchange are not Cheques

(A) True

(B) False

(C) Partly true and partly false

(D) None of the above

111. The case of Ratlam Municipality v. Virdhichand is related to

(A) Conspiracy

(B) Malicious prosecution

(C) Tortuous liability of Municipal Corporation

(D) None of the above

112. Kasturilal v. State of U.P. is related to

(A) Contractual liability of State

(B) Vicarious liability of State

(C) Fraud of State

(D) None of the above

113. A company in which 51% or more shares are held by the Govt. is called

(A) A Private Company

(B) A Public Company

(C) A Govt. Company

(D) None of the above

114. The capital with which the company is registered is called the

(A) Subscribed capital

(B) Authorised capital

(C) Working capital

(D) None of these

115. Which of the following is not competent to draw a valid negotiable instrument?

(A) Insolvent

(B) Company

(C) Agent

(D) Both (B) and (C)

116, Section 138 of the Negotiable Instrument Act

(A) Punishment for dishonour of cheque (B) Rights of holder

(C) Rights of holder in due course

(D) None of the above

None of the above which of the following is not an implied condition in a contract of sale?

(A) Condition as to title

(B) Condition as to description

(C) Condition as to free from encumbrance

(D) Condition as to sample

118. The unpaid seller can exercise his right of stoppage of goods in transit where the buyer

(A) Becomes insolvent

(B) Refuses to pay price

(C) Acts fraudulently

(D) All these

119. The registration of partnership firm with the Registrar of Companies is

(A) Compulsory

(B) Optional

(C) Required under section 54

(D) None of the above

120. Which of the following is not the right of a partner?

(A) Right to take part in business

(B) Right to have access to account books

(C) Right to share profits

(D) Right to receive remuneration

121. Which of the following Is not the charcteristic of a Public Company?

(A) It has a separate legal entity

(B) It has a perpetual succession

(C) It has a common seal and separate property

(D) Its shares are non-transferable

122. The meaning of the term Caveat Emptor is

(A) Let the buyer beware

(B) Goods should be free from defects

(C) Ownership of goods passes after sale

(D) None of the above

123. The unpaid seller can exercise his right of lien over the goods for

(A) Price of goods

(B) Storage charges

(C) Any Lawful charges

(D) All of these

124. The Negotiable Instruments Act makes specific mention of three instruments, namely Cheque, Bill of exchange and

(A) Promissory note

(B) Hundi

(C) Bank Drast

(D) All the above

- 125. On which of the following grounds a partner may apply to the court for dissolution of the
 - (A) Insanity of a partner
 - (B) Misconduct of a partner
 - (C) Perpetual losses in business
 - (D) All of the above

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- 126. As a guardian of the Govt. of India Act, 1935 a court was constituted which was called
 - (A) Privy Council
 - (B) Supreme Court
 - (C) High Court
 - (D) Federal Court
- 127. The Mountbaten plan led to the enactment
 - (A) Govt. of India Act, 1919
 - (B) Govt. of India Act, 1935
 - (C) The Indian Independence Act, 1947
 - (D) None of the above
- 128. Delegatus non Potest Delagare means
 - (A) A delegate can further delegate its powers
 - (B) Delegated legislation is valid
 - (C) A delagate cannot further delegate his powers
 - (D) None of the above
- 129. The doctrine of separation of powers in the context of English constitution is not fully applicable because
 - (A) Executive is responsible to the Legislature
 - (B) Legislature is responsible to the **Judiciary**
 - (C) Executive and Legislature Independent to each other
 - (D) None of the above
- 130. The case of Unnikrishnan v. State of Andhra Pradesh deals with which of the following rights?
 - (A) Right to go Abroad
 - (B) Right to Education
 - (C) Right to Privacy
 - (D) Right of an environment free from pollution
- 131. Under which article of the Constitution a distinguished jurist can be appointed a Judge of Supreme Court?

- (A) Art. 124(2)
- (B) Art. 127
- (C) Art. 128
- (D) Art. 130
- 132. The case of State of Bihar v. Kameshwar Singh is related with which of the following doctrines?
 - (A) Doctrine of Basic Structure
 - (B) Doctrine of Eclipse
 - (C) Doctrine of pith and substance
 - (D) Doctrine of Colourable Legislation
- 133. Entry 97 of Union list of the Constitution deals with
 - (A) Agriculture
 - (B) Education
 - (C) Police
 - (D) Reserved Power
- 134. Article 312 of the Constitution is related to
 - (A) Constitution of all India Services
 - (B) Powers of Chief Election Commissioner
 - (C) Breach of Parliamentary privileges
 - (D) None of the above
- 135. Under the Govt. of India's Act 1935, how many Governors provinces and Chief Commissioners provinces constituted in **British India?**
 - (A) 14 and 7
 - (B) 11 and 7
 - (C) 15 and 9
 - (D) None of the above
- 136. The Acts of 1911 and 1948 has made
 - (A) The House of Commons powerless
 - (B) The House of Lords powerless
 - (C) The House of Lords most powerful
 - (D) None of the above
- 137. The nature of power of Parliament to purish any person for breach of its privilege is
 - (A) Judicial
 - (B) Administrative
 - (C) Quasi Judicial
- 138. Article 301 of the Constitution is related to
 - (A) Right to property
 - (B) Rights of civil servants
 - (C) Money bill
 - (D) Freedom of Inter-State Trade

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- 139. Under which article of the Constitution, a state can impose tax on Inter- State trade with the prior approval of the President?
 - (A) Art. 302
- (B) Art. 303 (I)
- (C) Art. 303(II)
- (D) Art. 304

140. Writ of Quo Warranto is related with

- (A) Illegal detention of a person
- (B) Want of Jurisdiction of a court
- (C) Illegal holder of a Public Office
- (D) None of the above
- 141. Which out of the following does not constitute basic structure of the Constitution?
 - (A) Right to Equality
 - (B) Secularism
 - (C) Judicial review
 - (D) Right to speedy trial
- 142. The doctrine of rule of law in England means
 - (A) Absence of Arbitrary powers
 - (B) Absence of discretionary powers
 - (C) Supremacy of droit administratiff
 - (D) None of the above
- 143. The doctrine of rule of law in British constitution was propounded by
 - (A) Winston Churchil
 - (B) Douglas Home
 - (C) Jenning
 - (D) Prof. Dicey
- 144. The provision relating to the Federal Structure can be amended by Parliament
 - (A) By simple majority
 - (B) By 2/3rd majority
 - (C) By absolute majority
 - (D) By 2/3rd majority of members present and voting and ratification by half of the State

- 145. Article 300 of the Constitution deals with
 - (A) Tortuous and contractual liability of State
 - (B) Right to Property
 - (C) Freedom of trade and commerce
 - (D) Parliamentary privileges
- 146. Article 329 of the Constitution deals with
 - (A) Amending power of Parliament
 - (B) Taxing power of Parliament
 - (C) Delimitation of Electoral constituencies
 - (D) None of the above
- 147. The customs, usages and traditions in British constitution are known as
 - (A) Rule of law
 - (B) Supremacy of the Parliament
 - (C) Conventions of the Constitution
 - (D) None of the above
- 148. The two Houses of British Parliament are
 - (A) House of Commons and Senate
 - (B) Senate and House of Lords
 - (C) House of Commons and Diet
 - (D) House of Commons and House of Lords
- 149. Automobiles Ltd. v. State of Rajasthan is a case related to
 - (A) Federalism
 - (B) Amendability of the Constitution
 - (C) Judicial review
 - (D) Freedom of trade, commerce and intercourse
- 150. The Concurrent list of the Constitution has
 - (A) 52 Entries
 - (B) 99 Entries
 - (C) 107 Entries
 - (D) None of the above