

Departmental Examination of IAS & TCS Grade-II Officers-April, 2016
Subject-Criminal Law & Procedure (Law Paper-I) (Without Books)
Time Allowed: - 3(Three) Hours
Total Marks: - 100

Answers must be to the point and précised. Special credit shall be given for referring relevant provisions of Law.

Group - A

2 X 10 = 20 Marks.

1. Define any 10 (ten):- a). Person. B).Fraudulently. c). Number.
D). Criminal Conspiracy e). Good Faith. F).Prove.
g). Admission. h). Fact. i).Inquiry. j).Conclusive Proof.
k). May Presume. l). Investigation. m). Complaint.
n). Offence. o). Police Report. p).Police Station.

Group. - B

Answer any 6 (six) questions.

6 X 5 = 30 Marks.

2. When act of Judge is not an offence?
3. When accident in doing a lawful act is not an offence? Give an illustration.
4. When right of private defence commences and how long it continues?
5. When the right of private defence of body extends to causing death?
6. When a Judicial or Executive Magistrate may arrest a person?
7. Public when to assist Magistrate and Police?
8. Describe briefly the power of Executive magistrate u/s 109 of Cr.P.C?
9. What are the ways of impeaching credit of witness?
10. What is burden of proof? On whom burden of proof lies?

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Group. – C

Answer any 5 (five) questions.

5 X 10 = 50 Marks.

11. Describe the duties and responsibilities of an Executive Magistrate u/s 107 of Cr.P.C.
12. What shall be done by Executive Magistrate in urgent case of nuisance or apprehended danger u/s 144 of Cr.P.C?
13. Describe the Power of Executive Magistrate in respect of dispute concerning right of use of land or water.
14. When search warrant may be issued? What formalities may be followed in respect of search in dwelling house at night?
15. Discusses the term **Estoppel**. What is the estoppel of tenants?
16. Write short note on:- a. Electronic Record and b). Electronic Massages.
17. a). When the right of private defence of property extends to causing death?
b). What are the acts against which there is no right of private defence?
18. When an act done in good faith for benefit of a person without consent is not an offence and when these exceptions shall not apply?
19. Define "Abetment of a thing" and "Attempt to commit an offence".
20. As per provision of section 60 of Evidence Act "oral evidence must be direct". Explain with suitable example.

Departmental Examination of IAS & TCS Grade-II Officers-April, 2016

Subject-Revenue Law (Law Paper-II) (Without Books)

Time Allowed: - 3(Three) Hours

Total Marks: - 100

Answer Question No. 1 of Group-A and 6(Six) questions from Group-B and 5(Five) questions from Group-C

GROUP-A

1. Answer the following questions. 10x2=20

- (a) Who are called 'raiyats' according to TLR & LR Act?
- (b) Define 'Bargadar'?
- (c) Who are called 'under-raiyats' according to TLR & LR Act?
- (d) When was the Bombay Money Lenders Act enacted?
- (e) Define 'Profession Tax'.
- (f) Define 'Collector' according to TLR & LR Act.
- (g) Who is Licensing Authority under the Tripura Markets Act?
- (h) Define 'Salary' or 'Wages' according to the Tripura Professions, Trades, Callings and Employments Taxation Act.
- (i) What do you mean by the term 'Proprietor of an entertainment'?
- (j) Define 'Public purpose'.

GROUP-B

Answer any 6(Six) questions. 6x5=30

2. State the rights of 'under-raiyats'.
3. How is 'reasonable rent' determined according to TLR & LR Act?
4. Discuss in details the 'mutation process' in Tripura.
5. Mention the provisions with regard to imposition of penalty upon 'Proprietor of an entertainment'.
6. State the basic features of Bombay Money Lenders Act, as extended to Tripura.
7. Mention the basics on which Land Tax is to be levied and collected.
8. State the provision of the Tripura Professions, Trades, Callings and Employments Taxation Act, 1997, in relation to payment of tax.
9. State the rights of 'raiyats in land'.

GROUP-C

Answer any 5(five) questions. 5x10=50

10. State the provisions contained in the TLR & LR Act relating to diversion of land.
 11. State the features of 'Alluvial land' and 'land lost by diluvion'.
 12. What are the procedure of allotment of land both for industrial and agriculture purpose?
 13. Describe the procedure to be followed by the Collector in the matter of issuing permission to tribal for transfer of his land to non-tribal.
 14. Discuss the manner in which revenue-rates are determined under the TLR & LR Act.
 15. Discuss the role of licensing Authority under the Tripura Markets Act.
 16. What are the powers of Sales Tax Tribunal in Tripura?
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Departmental Examination of IAS & TCS Grade-II Officers-April, 2016
Subject-Civil Law and Procedure (Law Paper-III) (With Books)
Time Allowed: - 3(Three) Hours
Total Marks: - 100

Answer Question No. 1 of Group-A and 6(Six) questions from Group-B and 5(Five) questions from Group-C

GROUP-A

1. Answer the following questions.

10x2=20

- (a) Define 'Judge' as per the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.
- (b) What is 'limitation' as per Limitation Act, 1963?
- (c) What does the term 'Decree' mean as per the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908?
- (d) Define 'Contract'.
- (e) Define the term 'Bailee'.
- (f) What does the term 'promissory note' mean according to Limitation Act, 1963?
- (g) Define 'mortgage'.
- (h) What does the term 'injunction' mean as per the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908?
- (i) Define 'plaintiff' as per Limitation Act, 1963.
- (j) Define 'lease'.

GROUP-B

Answer any 6(Six) questions.

6x5=30

2. Discuss in details the types of properties that can be transferred as per provisions of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882.
3. Discuss the various types of 'mortgage' in details.
4. What is a 'Contingent Contract'? Give two examples of Contingent Contract.
5. State the cases in which temporary injunction may be granted.
6. Write short note on the following:-
 - (a) Pecuniary Jurisdiction
 - (b) Mesne Profit
7. Discuss the particulars that should be mentioned in a written statement.
8. Discuss the provisions of Limitation Act, 1963 relating to 'condonation of delay'.
9. What is 'void contract'? Give five examples of void contract.

GROUP-C

Answer any 5(five) questions.

5x10=50

10. What is the meaning of 'family' as per Civil procedure Code? Discuss in details.
 11. State in brief the rights and liabilities of the 'Lessor' under the Transfer of Property Act, 1882.
 12. State the differences between 'lease' and 'mortgage'.
 13. Mention the duties of a 'Bailor'.
 14. Discuss the relevant provision of law in relation to Res Judicata.
 15. State the essentials of a valid contract with one example.
 16. Discuss the particulars that should be mentioned in a plaint.
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Departmental Examination of IAS & TCS Grade-II Officers-April, 2016
Subject-Central Laws, Acts & Regulations (Law Paper-IV) (With Books)

Time Allowed: - 3(Three) Hours

Total Marks: - 100

Answers must be to the point and précised. Special credit shall be given for referring relevant provisions of Law and regulations.

Group. – A

10 x 2 = 20 Marks.

1. Define any 10 (ten) :- a). Cheque. B). Ammunitions.
c). Sub-registrar. d). Stamps. e).Endorsement.
f). Turnover. g).Contract carriage.
h).Transport Vehicle. i). ^{Immovable Property}Contract carriage.
j). Public Place. k). Touts. l). Arms.
m). Private Service Vehicles n). Sugar.

GROUP-B

Answer any 6(Six) questions.

6x5=30

2. What is the presumptive value of certificate of registration?
3. What does mean "Sale"?
4. Give short account of "Insurance against third party risk"?
5. Who are the authorised persons to present document for registration?
6. What are the duties of pound keeper when cattle produced in pound?
7. When licensing authority may suspend or revoke a licence for arms and ammunitions?
8. Who may publish the name etc. of companies convicted under E.C.Act and when? Who ultimately is to bear the expenses of said publication?
9. When sanction is require for prosecution under E.C.Act?

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Page no. 2.

Group. - ~~B~~ C

Answer any 5 (five) questions.

5 X 10 = 50 Marks.

10. When search and seizure of arms and ammunition may be made by Magistrate? What procedure is to follow for that purpose?
11. Mention the documents of which registration is compulsory and mention the effect of non-registration of documents require to be registered.
12. What is "Contract Carriage Permits"? What conditions may be attached to the same?
13. Discussed about the burden of proof, in case of transfer of goods claimed otherwise than by way of sale.
14. When burden of proof lies on accused in a case under E.C.Act? What are the duties of collector on receipt of report of seizure of essential commodities which are subject to speedy and natural decay?
15. i. Who are the persons exempt from appearance at registration office?
li. When a document can be refused to register?
16. When police officer may seize cattle and what is to be done when no claimant of cattle come within seven days of impounding to claim the seized cattle?
17. When driving licence shall be suspended and what are the remedies against the same?
18. i. Give at least 5 (five) situations when breath test may be done?
ii. Give details account of "No fault Liabilities Scheme".

Departmental Examination of IAS & TCS Grade-II Officers-April, 2016

Subject-Accounts (Paper-V) (Without Books)

Time Allowed: - 3(Three) Hours

Total Marks: - 100

GROUP-A

Answer all 10(ten) questions, each carrying 02(two) marks by putting

“Yes” or “No” .

2X10=20marks

1. Legislative control over the finances is exercised mainly in two stages .
2. “Annual Financial Statement”, as depicted in the constitution of India, is commonly known as the “Budget” .
3. The Reserve Bank acts as the Banker to the central and state Governments .
4. A ‘detailed head’ is termed as an object classification .
5. The cash business of a Non-Bank Treasury, is conducted by the Reserve Bank of India .
6. The bills and vouchers are required to be en faced by the department concerned with the proper account classification, before presentation at the treasury .
7. To correct an error of classification in the original accounts, transfer entries are prepared .
8. Responsibility for physical verification of balances of cash, stamps etc .rest on the Audit and Accounts Department .
9. All transactions, met out of contingency fund, may not be recorded under a single major Head .
10. Vouchers, not required to be sent to the Account General, are checked in local audit .

GROUP-B

Answer any 06(six) question, each carrying 05(five) marks; 5X6=30marks

11. Narrate ‘Administrative Control’ over the financial administration in a State .
12. What purpose a ‘detailed head’ serve under the classification of accounts ?
13. Describe the types of treasuries and their cash business .
14. For which purpose ‘transfer entries’ are prepared ?
15. Narrate the main purpose of local audit .
16. Write a short note on MODVAT scheme.
17. Narrate the duty of audit in conducting the audit of expenditure .
18. What are Appropriation Accounts ?

GROUP-C

Answer any 05(five) Questions, each carrying 10(ten) marks. 10X5=50marks

19. Narrate the principles of classification of accounts .
20. Describe the procedure of Daily closing of a state treasury .
21. Distinguish between Tax Receipts and Non Tax Receipts .
22. Narrate the procedure followed for 'compilation and consolidation of accounts' by Pay and Accounts Office .
23. Describe the important points to which the auditor devotes his attention during Central Audit .
24. Describe the essential conditions governing expenditure from the 'Consolidated Fund' .
25. Narrate the procedure for audit of 'Sinking Fund' .



DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION OF IAS/TCS/IPS/TPS
OFFICERS

APRIL-2016

Subject : BENGALI (Without books)

Time allowed : 1 hour & 30 minutes

Full Marks : 60

1. Translate The following passage into English : 15

একজন অক্ষিক্ত ব্যক্তি বহু ভাষাভাষী নাও হইতে পারেন, মাতৃভাষী ছাড়া অন্য ভাষায় হুতো তিনি কথা নাও বলিতে পারেন, তিনি খুব অল্প অধ্যয়ন গ্রন্থ পাঠ করিতে পারেন, কিন্তু যে ভাষায় তিনি জানেন, তাহা তিনি সঠিকভাবে জানেন এবং যে ক্ষেত্রে তিনি উচ্চারণ করেন, তাহা নির্ভুলভাবে উচ্চারণ করেন, একজন অক্ষিক্ত লোক স্মৃতিশক্তির বলে বহু ভাষা জানিতে পারে, সেই সমস্ত ভাষায় হুতো কথাও বলিতে পারে, কিন্তু কোন ভাষায় গমন কি নিজের ভাষায় কোন শক্তি ক্ষয় মনেও তাহা জান নির্ভুল নহে। শক্তি মাত্র বাক্যের প্রকারভেদে দ্বারা একজন পন্ডিত ব্যক্তিকে চেনা যায়। উচ্চারণের শক্তি স্মৃতিশক্তির ঝাঁক অথবা শক্তি ক্ষয়ভেদে উচ্চারণ একজন মানুষের নিকৃষ্টতার পরিচয় দিবদিন বহন করিয়া থাকে।

Hints : সঠিকভাবে - Precisely, স্মৃতিশক্তির ঝাঁক - false accent
ক্ষয়ভেদে উচ্চারণ - mistaken syllable.

2. Translate The following passage into Bengali : 15

Selection of seeds and the application of proper dose of chemical fertilisers will depend upon the character of the soil. But soil-testing facilities in India are neither adequate nor easily available. Because of the sharp rise in fertiliser prices, it has become all the more necessary to be sure about their correct doses before application through proper soil-testing. Indiscriminate use of fertilisers is as risky as indiscriminate use of sulphadrag on patients. There are instances of farmers coming to grief because of a lack of knowledge about fertiliser use.