

Total No. of printed pages = 7

TR/LAW/I/SIP/JULY/22

**Departmental Examination of IPS & TPS
Grade - II Officers, July - 2022**

LAW PART - I

(Without Books)

Full marks - 100

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions.

GROUP - A

Answer *all* the questions by opting out the correct
option : $2 \times 10 = 20$

1. (i) A lays sticks and turf over a pit, with the
intention of thereby causing death, or with
the knowledge that death is likely to be
thereby caused. Z, believing the ground to
be firm, treads on it, falls in and is killed.
What offence A has committed ?

- (a) Murder
- (b) Culpable homicide not amounting to
murder
- (c) Rash or negligent homicide
- (d) Patricide

[Turn over

(ii) "Common intention" to other offences falls under which of the following category ?

(a) It is a substantive offence and framing of formal charge u/s. 34 of IPC is mandatory.

(b) No framing of formal charge u/s. 34 of IPC is required.

(c) None of the above

(iii) "Life" defined under Section 45 of IPC denotes

(a) Life of an under Trial Prisoner

(b) Life of a Convict

(c) Life of an Accused

(d) All of the above

(iv) Which of the following expression refers to the term "good faith" ?

(a) *Mens rea*

(b) *Bona fide*

(c) *Mala fide*

(d) *Ipso facto*

8/TR/LAW/I/SIP/JULY/22 (2)

(v) Offence of attempt to rape can be punished under which Section ?

(a) Sec 375 of IPC

(b) Sec 376 of IPC

(c) Sec 379 of IPC

(d) Sec 511 of IPC

(vi) What are the kinds of imprisonment ?

(a) Simple Imprisonment

(b) Rigorous Imprisonment

(c) Both (a) and (b)

(d) None of the above

(vii) Where there is no sum expressed to which a fine may extend, then what is the maximum amount of such fine can be imposed ?

(a) Unlimited

(b) Upto Rs.10,000

(c) Upto Rs.10 lacs

(d) Upto Rs.1 crore

8/TR/LAW/I/SIP/JULY/22 (3)

[Turn over

(viii) A, a surgeon, in good faith, communicates to a patient his opinion that he cannot live. The patient dies in consequence of the shock. A has committed

- (a) No offence
- (b) An offence of criminal conspiracy
- (c) Culpable homicide
- (d) Murder

(ix) Section 149 of IPC deals with the doctrine of

- (a) Common intention
- (b) Individual liability
- (c) Pleasure
- (d) Common Object

(x) How many categories of Imprisonment are provided in Indian Penal Code?

- (a) Simple Imprisonment
- (b) Rigorous Imprisonment
- (c) Both of the above
- (d) None of the above

8/TR/LAW/I/SIP/JULY/22 (4)



GROUP - B

Answer any 6 (six) from the following questions :

5×6=30

2. Under which provision of the Evidence Act can a Public Prosecutor put a prayer to the Court for declaring a witness for prosecution as hostile witness ? Discuss.
3. What is the distinction between Section 34 of IPC and Section 149 of IPC ? Discuss.
4. What punishment can be awarded to a public servant for framing incorrect record or writing with intent to save person from punishment or property from forfeiture ?
5. Can a Court permit any question that may be put to a witness for insulting or annoying ? Discuss with provision.
6. Can a Police examine a witness to a crime ? Discuss with provision.
7. Can a Magistrate take cognizance of offence ? Discuss with provision.

8/TR/LAW/I/SIP/JULY/22 (5)

[Turn over

8. What documents can be termed as "Public Document" ?
9. What do you mean by "Refreshing Memory" of a witness ? In which stage of examination it is permitted ? Discuss.

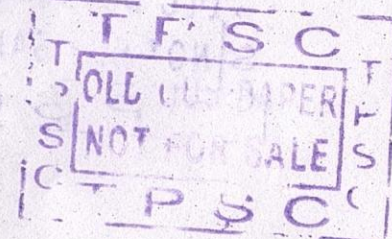
GROUP - C

Answer any 5(*five*) from the following questions :
10×5=50

10. Whether improper admission or rejection of evidence shall be a ground for a new trial ? Discuss in the light of Section 167 of the Evidence Act.
11. In how many ways, credit of a witness can be impeached ? Discuss with illustration.
12. Are "Charge-Sheet" and a Final Report prepared under section 173(2) same ? What are the contents of such Final Report that may be submitted u/s. 173(2) of Cr.P.C. ?
13. What is the procedures to be followed by a Police after he receives an information of a suicide committed by a person ?

8/TR/LAW/I/SIP/JULY/22 (6)

14. The common term "Case diary" is related to which of the provisions of Cr.P.C. ? Discuss the provision.
15. What do you mean by "Fabricating false evidence" ? Discuss with an illustration.
16. What are the ingredients involve to constitute an offence of giving false evidence ? Discuss with illustration.
17. Can a Judge ask irrelevant question to a witness in order to discover or obtain proper proof of relevant fact ? Discuss.



8/TR/LAW/I/SIP/JULY/22 (7)

Total No. of printed pages = 7

TR/LAW/II/SIP/JULY/22

**Departmental Examination of IPS & TPS
Grade - II Officers, July - 2022**

LAW PART - II

(With Books)

Full Marks - 100

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions.

GROUP - A

Answer *all* the questions by opting out the correct
option : $2 \times 10 = 20$

1. (i) Who does not have the general power of seizure of any animal for examination under The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1960 ?
 - (a) A Constable
 - (b) SI of Police
 - (c) Any person authorized by State Government
 - (d) None of the above

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Turn over

(ii) Who shall be the ex-officio member of the Animal Welfare Board of India ?

- (a) Inspector-General of Police
- (b) Inspector-General of Forests, Govt. of India.
- (c) Director-General of Police
- (d) All of the above

(iii) The Central Govt. shall appoint the Director of Prosecution under Delhi Special Police Establishment Act on the recommendation of

- (a) Central Vigilance Commission
- (b) Central Election Commission
- (c) Chief Justice of India
- (d) Prime Minister of India

(iv) "Officer of Police" under the Cattle-Trespass Act, 1871, includes

- (a) Village Pradhan
- (b) Village-Watchman
- (c) Panchayat Secretary
- (d) Village Police-Officers

9/TR/LAW/II/SIP/JULY/22 (2)

(v) 'Girl' under the Suppression of Immoral Traffic in Women and Girls Act, 1956, means

- (a) Who has not completed the age of 18 years
- (b) Who has not completed the age of 25 years
- (c) Who has not completed the age of 16 years
- (d) Who has not completed the age of 21 years

(vi) The provisions of the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967, apply to

- (a) Citizens of India outside India
- (b) Citizens of India within India
- (c) Both of the above
- (d) None of the above

9/TR/LAW/II/SIP/JULY/22 (3) [Turn over

(vii) 'Captive animal' under the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1960, does not include

- (a) Domestic animals
- (b) Deep Sea creatures
- (c) Microorganisms
- (d) All of the above

(viii) 'Ammunition' under the Arms Act, 1959, means

- (a) Grenades
- (b) Torpedo
- (c) Friction tubes
- (d) All of the above

(ix) The Foreigners Order, 1948, shall extend to

- (a) Whole of India
- (b) Whole of India except State of Jammu and Kashmir.
- (c) Whole of State of Jammu and Kashmir
- (d) All of the above

9/TR/LAW/II/SIP/JULY/22 (4)

(x) 'Code' under the Probation of Offenders Act, 1958, denotes

- (a) The Code of Civil Procedure
- (b) The Code of Criminal Procedure
- (c) The Indian Penal Code
- (d) The Vigilance Manual.

GROUP - B

Answer any 6(six) from the following questions :

5×6=30

2. What is "phooka"? What is the penalty of practising "phooka" under The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1960?
3. Whether previous approval of the Central Govt. is necessary for conducting an inquiry or investigation under the Prevention of Corruption Act? Discuss with provision under the Delhi Special Police Establishment Act, 1946.
4. Can a Court take cognizance of offence on the complaint of District Magistrate? Discuss in detail in view of the Police (Incitement to Disaffection) Act, 1922.

9/TR/LAW/II/SIP/JULY/22 (5)

[Turn over

5. Is office copy of declaration made under the Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867, an rebuttable piece of evidence? Discuss.
6. Can a special police officer conduct a search without warrant under in view of Suppression of Immoral Traffic in Women and Girls Act, 1956?
7. What is the punishment for recruiting of any person for terrorist acts?
8. Who is authorized to investigate under the Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988?
9. What is the punishment for carrying or possessing any corrosive substance under Tripura Security Act?

GROUP - C

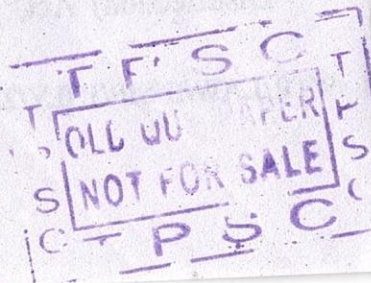
Answer any 5(five) from the following questions:

10×5=50

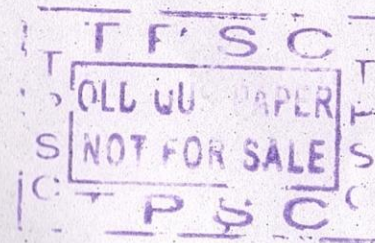
10. Discuss in detail the provision under the Police Act, 1861, for awarding compensation to sufferers from misconduct of inhabitants or persons interested in land.
11. Discuss the rules framed under the Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867, as to publication of newspapers.

9/TR/LAW/II/SIP/JULY/22

(6)



12. What are the special powers of the armed forces as provided in the Armed Forces (Special Powers) Act, 1958.
13. What are the Terrorist acts? Discuss with explanation in the light of the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967.
14. Can an accused person be a competent witness? Discuss with provision under the Prevention of Corruption Act.
15. What is the power of Licensing Authority in variation, suspension and revocation of licenses under the Arms Act?
16. Discuss the procedure if an impounded cattle be not claimed within one week from such date of impound under the Cattle-Trespass Act.



9/TR/LAW/II/SIP/JULY/22

(7)

100

Total No. of printed pages = 4

TR/AC/I/SIP/JULY/22

**Departmental Examination of IPS & TPS
Grade - II Officers, July 2022**

ACCOUNTS PART - I

(Without Books)

Full Marks - 100

Time - Three hours.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

GROUP - A

1. Answer *all* the following questions : $2 \times 10 = 20$
 - (a) What is the purpose of Government accounts ?
 - (b) Mention two points where Commercial and Government Accounting differ in principles.
 - (c) What are the advantages of Double entry system over Single entry system ?
 - (d) Name two sources from where Accountant General receives accounts along with supporting documents.

[Turn over

- (e) How and under what circumstances 'Anticipatory/Provisional Pension' is granted to a Government Servant ?
- (f) Who is responsible for audit of all transactions of the Union and of the States relating to Contingency funds and Public accounts ?
- (g) What is voted expenditure ?
- (h) How suspense accounts are cleared ?
- (i) Who conducts the cash business of a Bank Treasury ?
- (j) What is the purpose of Sinking Funds ?

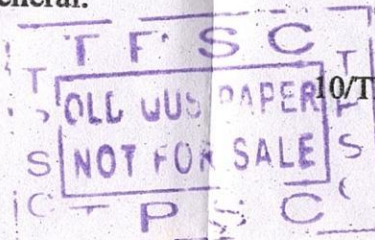
GROUP - B

Answer any 6(six) from the following questions :
5×6=30

2. What are the checks to be exercised in treasury when claims are received for payments ?
3. What are the procedures to be followed for daily opening of a State treasury ?
4. Write a brief note on monthly accounts of State Government prepared by the Accountant General.

10/TR/AC/I/SIP/JULY/22

(2)



5. What are the procedures to be followed for transfer of place of payment of pension ?
6. What are the points to be seen in relation to transactions pertaining to Reserves and Reserve Funds ?
7. What are the points to be seen while checking GPF ledger ?
8. How 'Leave accounts' of Gazetted Government Servant are maintained ?
9. Explain the necessity of transfer entries.

GROUP - C

Answer any 5 (five) from the following questions :
10×5=50

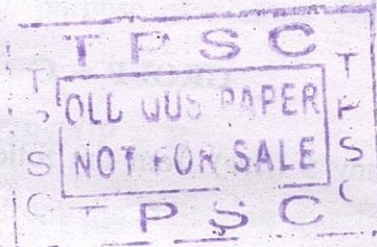
10. State and explain briefly the main parts and divisions thereof in which Government accounts are kept ?
11. How accounts are classified into Major, Minor and Detailed heads ?
12. How allocation between capital and revenue expenditure on a capital scheme are determined ?

10/TR/AC/I/SIP/JULY/22

(3)

[Turn over

13. Describe the duties of auditor in connection with moneys received to be held as deposits with the Government.
14. Enumerate the steps followed in commercial audit.
15. Describe the duties of audit in connection with investment of funds.
16. What are the functions of audit in connection with loans and advances by Government?



Total No. of printed pages = 4

TR/AC/II/SIP/JULY/22

**Departmental Examination of IPS & TPS
Grade - II Officers, July 2022**

Accounts
~~LAW PART - II~~

(With Books)

Full Marks - 100

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions.

GROUP - A

1. Answer the following questions : $2 \times 10 = 20$
- Distinguish between 'Identical Time Scale' and 'Same Time-Scale'.
 - What is fee ?
 - What is the difference between 'Pay' and 'Substantive Pay' ?
 - Can a Government servant who is on extension of service after the prescribed date of retirement be promoted to a higher post ?
 - What is meant by 'Consolidation of GPF advance' ?

[Turn over

- (f) Can more than one statutory penalty be imposed on a Government servant in respect of a single offence ?
- (g) What is Censure ?
- (h) What are the time limits prescribed for adjustment of AC Bills and to whom the DC bills is to be submitted ?
- (i) Can a Government servant be reduced by way of punishment to a post lower than the post to which he was initially recruited ?
- (j) What is the procedure of correcting a mistake discovered in entry in the Cash book ?

GROUP - B

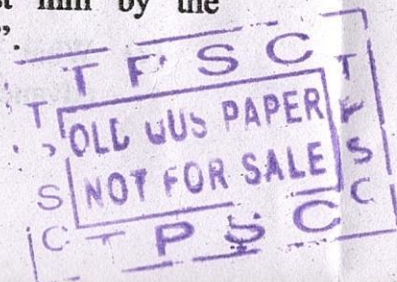
Answer any 6 (six) from the following questions :

5×6= 30

2. Comment on the following :

“A Departmental Promotion Committee did not consider the case of fitness for promotion of a Government servant on the ground that prosecution has been launched against him by the Government in a Court of Law”.

11/TR/AC/II/SIP/JULY/22 (2)



- 3. Mention any five activities required prior permission/sanction of the prescribed authority under CCS (Conduct) Rules.
- 4. What procedure is prescribed for dealing with time-barred claims ?
- 5. Can the date of birth of a Government servant once recorded in the Service Book be altered ? If so, in what circumstances and what is the procedure thereof ?
- 6. What are the rules regarding participation of Government servant in politics and elections ?
- 7. How will you deal with the 'wilful absence' from duty of an official ?
- 8. What are the circumstances under which the President can withhold a pension or gratuity or withdraw a pension or part thereof and order recovery from pension or gratuity of any pecuniary loss caused to the Government ?
- 9. How will you regulate the tour TA of a Group-A Officer who travels by road in his car between places connected by rail ?

11/TR/AC/II/SIP/JULY/22 (3)

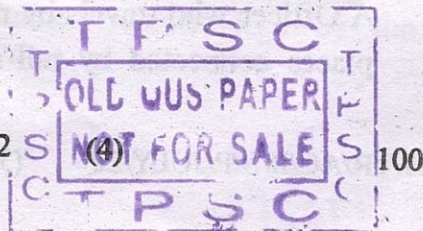
[Turn over

GROUP - C

Answer any 5 (five) from the following questions :
10×5=50

10. What is the procedure regarding check against provision of funds so that no payment is made in excess of the budget allotment ?
11. Define 'Honorarium'. What are the guiding principles for the grant of Honorarium to a Government servant ?
12. State the procedures for preparation of pension papers.
13. What are the instructions to be followed in the disposal of surplus and unserviceable stores ?
14. Can a Government servant be appointed simultaneously to two or more posts ? If so, how are the pay and allowances of such a Government servant regulated ?
15. As per DFPRT, 2019 what are the general limitations on power to sanction expenditure ?
16. What are the rules to be observed by all Government Officers who are required to receive Government dues and handling cash ?

11/TR/AC/II/SIP/JULY/22



Total No. of printed pages = 4

TR/COLOGY/V/SIP/JULY/22

**Departmental Examination of IPS & TPS
Grade - II Officers, July - 2022**

CRIMINOLOGY

(Without Books)

Full marks – 100

Time – Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions.

GROUP – A

1. Answer the following questions : $2 \times 10 = 20$
- (a) What are explosives ?
 - (b) Define infanticide.
 - (c) Why Test Identification (TI) Parades are held ?
 - (d) What is a grievous injury ?

[Turn over

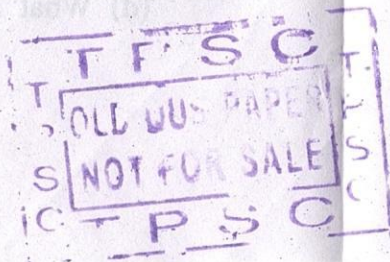
- (e) What is the main difference between Burn and Scald ?
- (f) What is a Firearm ?
- (g) Tailing is absent in _____ wound. (Fill in the blank)
- (h) Permanent disfiguration of head is an example of grievous injury. (Write 'True' or 'False')
- (i) Rape is defined in Section 378 IPC. (Write 'True' or 'False')
- (j) Drowning is a form of asphyxia due to aspiration of fluid. (Write 'True' or 'False')

GROUP - B

Answer any 6 (Six) questions : $5 \times 6 = 30$

2. Define Crime Record. Mention the different purposes of maintaining Crime Records.
3. Discuss the significance of blood stain as evidence of scene of crime.

12/TR/COLOGY/V/SIP/JULY/22 (2)



4. How the study of Modus Operandi is helpful to Investigating Officers ?
5. Please mention point wise differences between Incised Wounds and Lacerated Wounds.
6. Please discuss about the important ingredients of FIR.
7. Discuss the importance of photography in Police work.
8. Define Arrest. What is the procedure of causing arrest ?
9. Who are habitual criminals? Discuss with examples of different types of such criminals.

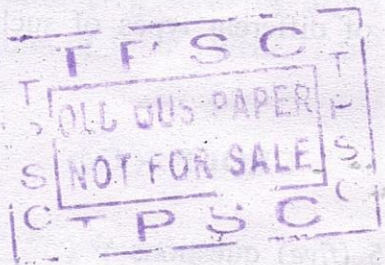
GROUP - C

Answer any 5 (five) questions : $10 \times 5 = 50$

10. Please discuss about the applications of Infra-Red Rays.
11. Mention the classification and importance of Foot Prints.

12/TR/COLOGY/V/SIP/JULY/22 (3) [Turn over

12. What is scene of Crime ? Discuss the classifications of scene of Crime.
13. "Investigating Officers must possess certain essential qualities" - Please discuss.
14. Please discuss the importance of fingerprints and its classification.
15. What is juvenile delinquency ? What are the possible measures to overcome juvenile delinquency ?
16. Please mention the interrogation techniques of different types of witnesses.



DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION OF IAS/TCS/IPS/TPS&R II
OFFICERS

2022

Subject : BENGALI (Without Books)

Time allowed : 1 hour & 30 minutes

Full Marks : 60

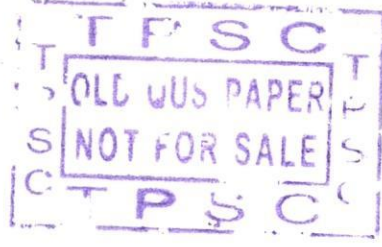
1. Translate the following passage into English : 15

বীজের মনোমুগ্ধন গবৎ যথায় মায়া বা আধুনিক যাবের
প্রয়োগ ভূমির প্রকৃতির উপর নির্ভর করে। কিন্তু তাতে
ভূমির প্রকৃতি-নির্ভর মুখোজা-মুখির্বে পর্যাপ্ত নহই,
মহজলগুণ নহ। যাবের মূল্যের দ্রুত বৃদ্ধি হেতু, যাব প্রয়োগে
আজো ভূমির প্রকৃতি যথায় পরীক্ষার মাধ্যমে যাবের
অধিক মত্ৰা অল্পকে দ্বি-নিষ্কৃৎ হস্ত্যার বিশেষ প্রয়োজনীয়ত
দেখা দিচ্ছে। মনোমোহনে যাব ব্যবহার, বাধ-বিচার
না করে বোজীদে উপর গন্ধক-অমিশ্রিত গুখুৰ ব্যবহারের
মতোই বিপাকনক, যাব ব্যবহার অল্পকে জোনের অভাব হেতু
কৃষকদের দুঃখকষ্ট পাশ্চ্যার অনেক উদাহরণ আছে। ১৯৭৫
সালের বিশ্বব্যব ভাবিত্য বিজ্ঞান কংগ্রেসে তাতে প্রকজন
প্রথিতযক্সা ভূমি-বিজ্ঞানী জানিয়েছিলেন, অতিবিক্সমায়া
বা আধুনিক যাব প্রয়োগে ফলেই ফিলিপাইন গবৎ
তে অরুজ-বিপ্লব ব্যর্থ হয়েছে।

2. Translate the following passage into Bengali : 15

The coral that is commonly used is the skeleton of animals called coral polyps. It is astonishing to think of their nature and habits. At first sight they seem to be useless and insignificant insects, but one is struck mute with admiration to see the vast islands they build up. Coral is a kind of animal growth and not at all a vegetable substance. The coral insects live in the sea and thousands and thousands of them work together and pile up huge islands. A white milk-like juice is secreted from their body. It has the wonderful property of being hardened as soon as it comes out. This hardened juice forms a covering for the coral insect's body like the hard shell of the snail. This covering may as well be termed its dwelling place. No one has ever been able to ascertain how this wonderful juice is produced from the body of the insects, nor has anyone been able to produce it by the mixture of any substances. This juice, when hardened, becomes so tough and firm that even the strong currents and terrible waves of the sea cannot shake or move it, and being gradually piled up, it turns into a big island.

(2)



3. Dictation :

30

এই ক্ষুদ্র কৈলমালাবেষ্টিত অমুদ্রের বন্দরটি গমন নিভৃত,
গমন প্রদ্বন্দ্বণে, নগর স্থানে নাগরীমূর্তি প্রকাশ
কৰিতে পারে নাই। ঐৰ্ধচন্দ্রাকার বেলাত্ৰিমি ঐকূল
নীলাম্বুবাঞ্জিৰ ঐতিমুখে দুই বাতু প্রমণিত কৰিয়া
দিয়াছে — য়ে যেন ঐনন্তকে ঐলিগ্নন কৰিয়া
বঁৰিবার শ্ৰুতি মূৰ্তিমতি ব্যাকুলতা, প্রজাপ্ত বালতটেৰ
প্রান্তে বড়ো বড়ো ঝড়গাছেৰ ঐবন্য, ঐই ঐবন্যেৰ
শ্ৰু মীমাং কালানদী নামে শ্ৰু ক্ষুদ্র নদী তাহাৰ
দুই গিৰিবন্ধৰ উপকূল বেখাৰ মাঝখান দিয়া
অমুদ্রে ঐগিয়া মিখিয়াছে। মনে ঐছে, শ্ৰুদিন
শ্ৰুপাঞ্চেৰ গৌৰ্ণিত্তে শ্ৰুটি ছোটো নৌকা কৰিয়া
ঐমবা কালানদী বাহিয়া উজাইয়া চলিয়াছিল।
নিদ্ৰু, বন, পাহাড় শ্ৰু এই নিৰ্জন অৰ্কাই নদীৰ
শ্ৰুতটেৰ উপৰ জ্যোত্স্বাৰি ঐনাম্বন বসিয়া
চন্দ্রলোকেৰ জাদুমন্ত পাড়িয়া দিল।

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