

Q1. Which of the following statements is/are true regarding the socio-economic life during the Chola period?

1. Cooperation among various castes and sub-castes in socio-religious life.
2. The position of women significantly improved.
3. Sati was prevalent among all social classes.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 2 only
- (d) 1, 2, and 3

Q2. Identify the person from the description:

1. He moved to the capital Kanauj.
2. He wrote the plays Priyadarshika, Ratnavali, Nagananda.
3. During his time, Hiuen Tsang was a Chinese traveler.

- (a) Kanishak
- (b) Rajwardhan
- (c) Harshwardhan
- (d) Pulakeshi II

Q3. From the below, identify the King/Ruler who is known for organizing meetings for donations every year, which was called 'Moksha Parishad':

- (a) Kanishka
- (b) Rajvardhan
- (c) Harshavardhana
- (d) Pulakeshi II

Q4. Identify the wrong pair/s:

(King/Ruler) :: (Associated inscription)

1. Samudragupta - Prayag / Allahabad Inscription
2. Chandragupta II - Junagadh Rock
3. Skandagupta - Mehrauli Iron Pillar

- (a) Only 1
- (b) Only 1 and 2
- (c) Only 2 and 3
- (d) Only 3

Q5. Arrange the rulers of the Delhi Sultanate in the correct chronological order:

- A. Muhammadbin Tughlaq
- B. Qutbuddin Aibak
- C. Razia Sultan
- D. Balban

- (a) B C D A
- (b) A B C D
- (c) D C B A
- (d) C D B A

Q6. Who among the following were bhakti saints:

- A. Ramanuja
- B. Sant Namdev
- C. Kabir
- D. Sant Eknath
- E. Khwaja Muinuddin Chisti

- (a) Only A and C
- (b) Only B and D
- (c) Only A, B, C, D
- (d) All of the above

Q7. Identify the incorrectly matched pair/s from the following:

(Author) :: (Book Name)

- A. Ashok Mehta - '1857'
- B. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan - 'The Causes of Indian Mutiny'
- C. S. N. Sen - '1857 The Great Rebellion'
- D. Vinayak Damodar Savarkar - 'Indian war of Independence of 1857'

- (a) A and B
- (b) A, B and C
- (c) A and C
- (d) B and C

Q8. Identify the person from the description:

- A. In 1889 he entered the Theosophical Society.
- B. He started New India and Commonwealth newspapers.
- C. She was the first woman president of the Kolkata session of the Congress in 1917.
- D. He founded the Home Rule League at Adyar.

- (a) Sarojini Naidu
- (b) Annie Besant
- (c) Ambika Muzumdar
- (d) Begum Hazrat Mahal

Q9. Which law provides for separate constituencies for Muslims?

- (a) Act of Indian Councils 1909
- (b) The Montagu-Chelmsford Act of 1919
- (c) Government of India Act, 1935
- (d) Indian Independence Act, 1947

Q10. Consider the following statements:

- A. He authored a book, Poverty and Un-British Rule in India.
- B. He founded the Parsi Law Association with the help of Sorabji Shapoorji.
- C. He was the first Persian president of the Congress convention in Calcutta.

From the below, identify the correct personality described by the above statements:

- (a) Surendranath Banerjee
- (b) Dadabhai Naoroji
- (c) Dinsha Vachcha
- (d) Badruddin Tyyabji

Q11. Arrange the following in the correct chronological order:

- A. Rowlatt Act  
B. Surat Convention  
C. Khilafat Movement  
D. Indigenous Movement

- (a) A B C D  
(b) D B A C  
(c) D A B C  
(d) B D A C

Q12. What title did Gandhiji give to the Gujarati translation of 'Unto the Last'?

- (a) Public welfare  
(b) Harijan  
(c) Sarvodaya  
(d) Eternal

Q13. Who was the second Satyagrahi of individual Satyagraha?

- (a) Vinoba Bhave  
(b) Mahatma Gandhi  
(c) Jawaharlal Nehru  
(d) Subhash Chandra Bose

Q14. Which of the following provisions were made under the Government of India Act, 1935:

- A. Subjects were divided into union list, provincial list and concurrent list.  
B. Provincial autonomy was introduced under this Act.  
C. Dual government system was implemented in the provinces.  
D. The post of High Commissioner to India was created.

- (a) Only A and B  
(b) Only A  
(c) Only A, B, C  
(d) all of the above

Q15. Who is popularly considered as the father of Indian local government?

- (a) Lord Lytton  
(b) Lord Ripon  
(c) Lord Curzon  
(d) Lord Mayo

Q16. In India, the Integrated system of courts is adopted from which of the following acts?

- (a) Indian Councils Act 1861  
(b) The Morley Minto Reforms 1909  
(c) The Montagu-Chelmsford Act 1919  
(d) The Government of India Act 1935

Q17. Consider the following statements regarding Ramcharitmanas

1. The poem was written in the 16th century in the Sanskrit
2. It is divided into seven chapters (Kand) that tell the story of Lord Ram from birth to his becoming King of Ayodhya.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only

- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q18. Match the four divisions of the Mauryan Empire and their capitals:

'A' group

- A. East Division
- B. West Division
- C. South Division
- D. North Division

'B' group

- 1. Suvarnagiri (Karnataka)
- 2. Shravasti (Nepal)
- 3. Toshali (Odisha)
- 4. Kandahar (Afghanistan)
- 5. Ujjain (Madhya Pradesh)
- 6. Taxila (Pakistan)

- |     | A | B | C | D |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| (a) | 1 | 5 | 3 | 4 |
| (b) | 2 | 1 | 6 | 3 |
| (c) | 1 | 2 | 4 | 3 |
| (d) | 3 | 5 | 1 | 6 |

- (a)a
- (b)b
- (c)c
- (d)d

Q19. Match the right pair/s:

A group

- A. Huge Rock
- B. Large size bathhouse
- C. Evidence of ploughed farming

B group

- 1. Mohenjo- daro found
- 2. Kalibnagan
- 3. Dayamabad
- 4. Lothal

- |     | A | B | C |
|-----|---|---|---|
| (a) | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| (b) | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| (c) | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| (d) | 4 | 1 | 3 |

- (a)a
- (b)b
- (c)c
- (d)d

Q20. Arrange the following events in chronological order:

- A. Ashoka received the title of Emperor of Magadha.
- B. Chandragupta founded the Mauryan Empire.

- C. Ashoka invaded Kalinga.  
D. Alexander invaded India.

- (a) B, D, A, C  
(b) A, B, C, D  
(c) D, B, C, A  
(d) C, A, B, D

Q21. From the below identify the king who established Vikramshila University near Bhagalpur in Bihar in the 8th century AD:

- (a) Harshavardhana  
(b) Chandragupta Maurya  
(c) Dharmapala  
(d) Shashank

Q22. Match the following Governor Generals with their respective reforms:

- |                   |                     |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| A. Robert Clive   | 1. Education        |
| B. Lord Bentick   | 2. Remarriage       |
| C. Lord Dalhousie | 3. Sati Prohibition |
| D. Lord Macaulay  | 4. Dual Monarchy    |

- |     | A | B | C | D |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| (a) | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| (b) | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| (c) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (d) | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 |

- (a)a  
(b)b  
(c)c  
(d)d

Q23. Identify the person associated with the descriptions given below:

- A. He was the first to utter the words Swarajya from the platform.  
B. The message was to unite and get self-government.

- (a) Womesh Chandra Banerjee  
(b) Gokhale  
(c) Alum Hume  
(d) Dadabhai Naoroji

Q24. Consider the following statements with reference to India's Medieval History:

- The term 'Rajaputra' was related to Rajputs.
- 'Samantas' were big landlords or warrior chiefs acknowledged as the subordinates of the kings.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only  
(b) 2 only

- (c) Both 1 and 2  
(d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q25. Identify the correct statements regarding the Wavell plan?

- (a) Appropriate representation will be given to Muslims, Dalits and minorities in the Central and Provincial Legislatures.  
(b) The number of Hindu-Muslim members in the Viceroy's Executive Board shall remain the same.  
(c) A meeting of the major political parties in India was held at Shimla.  
(d) All of the above

Q26. Who started Somavanshi Mitra on July 1, 1908?

- (a) Gopal Baba Walangakar  
(b) Sane Guruji  
(c) Rajshri Shahu Maharaj  
(d) Shivram Janaba Kamble

Q27. Who were the thinkers who initiated the reformation of Muslim society?

- (a) Abdul Latif  
(b) Ahmed Khan  
(c) Abdul Kalam  
(d) None of these

Q28. The following are some elements of the structure of the Vedic system of government. Identify the proper ascending order of these elements according to their administrative structure.

- (a) Janpad - Jan - Vish  
(b) Vish - Janpad - Jan  
(c) Jan - Vish - Janpad  
(d) Vish - Jan - Janpad

Q29. Consider the following statements about Jainism.

- A. The meetings of the pilgrims to preach to the people were called 'Samvasaran'.  
B. Vardhman Mahavira communicated with the people in Pali language so that people could easily understand the religion.  
C. Jainism was a destiny.  
D. According to Jainism, 'knowledge' is not the most reliable tool for salvation.

Identify the correct statements

Options:

- (a) Only A and B  
(b) Only B and C  
(c) Only A and D  
(d) All of the above

Q30. Which of the statements given below is/are true with reference to doctrines and associated saints?

1. Shankara propagated Advaita.
2. Ramanuja propounded the doctrine of Vishishtadvaita.

3. Madhava profounded Dvaita.

Choose the correct option:

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

Q31. Which of the following statements is/are incorrect about the interior of the Earth:

- A. The crust consists of two elements Sial and Sima.
- B. The layer beneath the crust is called the mantle.

- (a) Only A
- (b) Only B
- (c) Both A and B
- (d) None of the above

Q32. A solar eclipse occurs when

- (a) The sun, the moon and the earth are not in the same line
- (b) The earth comes between the sun and the moon
- (c) The sun comes between the earth and the moon
- (d) The moon comes between the sun and the earth

Q33. Which of the following statement is/are correct:

- A. The old alluvial region is called 'Bhabar'.
- B. The deposition of new silt in the low lying areas of rivers is called 'Khadar'.

- (a) Only A
- (b) Only B
- (c) Both A and B
- (d) None of the above

Q34. Identify the correct pair:

- (a) Banihal Pass → Himachal Pradesh
- (b) Shipkila Pass → Jammu and Kashmir
- (c) Nathu-la Pass → Uttarakhand
- (d) Dihang Pass → Arunachal Pradesh

Q35. Which statement is correct regarding seismic wave:

- (a) Secondary waves are like sound waves.
- (b) Primary waves cannot travel through liquids.
- (c) The speed of secondary waves is higher than that of primary waves.
- (d) Surface waves are the most destructive.

Q36. Which of the following pairs is/are correct?

- A. Mount Mitchell → North America
- B. K2 → Asia
- C. Cotopaxi → Australia

- (a) Only A
- (b) Only A and B.
- (c) only B and C
- (d) all of the above

Q37. Which of the following rivers joins the Indus directly:

- (a) Chenab
- (b) Sutlej
- (c) Ravi
- (d) Jhelum

Q38. What are the names of Sargol, Didwana, Kuchaman and Khatu in the context of India:

- (a) mangrove area
- (b) Glacier
- (c) Salt lake
- (d) Ramsar sites

Q39. Which one of the following oceanic currents is not associated with the Pacific Ocean?

- (a) Kuroshio Current
- (b) California Current
- (c) Gulf Stream
- (d) Humboldt Current

Q40. Identify the wrong pair:

- (a) Blue Revolution - Fish
- (b) White Revolution - Milk
- (c) Golden Revolution - Eggs
- (d) Yellow Revolution - Oilseeds

Q41. Which of the following statement is correct:

- A. Tropical evergreen forests are found in areas with higher rainfall than 250 cm.
- B. Tropical evergreen forests include teak, bark, sesame, moha.

- (a) Only A
- (b) Only B
- (c) Both are correct
- (d) None

Q42. Erosion of ocean waves does not cause any of the following landforms:

- (a) sea cliffs
- (b) sea caves
- (c) sea arch
- (d) Quicksand

Q43. Narmada-Tapi river basins are separated by which mountain range:

- (a) Satmala Ajantha
- (b) Satpura range
- (c) Shambhumahadev
- (d) Harishchandra Balaghat

Q44. Geographically separated species of the same species are called \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) Dominance
- (b) Fauna species



(c) Domes / Spatial population

(d) Ecotone

Q45. Which of the following statement is correct:

A. At each level of energy exchange, energy decreases.

B. The pyramid of energy is always upright.

(a) Only A

(b) Only B

(c) Both statements

(d) None of the above

Q46. Identify the wrong statement about the troposphere layer in the atmosphere.

(a) Troposphere is the layer of the Earth's atmosphere.

(b) The average extension of the Troposphere layer is 13 km.

(c) Storms, clouds, rain etc. are formed in this layer.

(d) Temperature increases with altitude in the troposphere layer.

Q47. Identify the correct statement/s about cloudburst.

A. Cloudburst is a form of heavy rain.

B. In a cloudburst, raindrops falling on the ground are blown up by strong upward winds, then at low temperatures the droplets are converted into hail.

C. Clouds are sudden torrential rains with hail.

(a) A and C

(b) C only

(c) B only

(d) All are correct

Q48. Air pressure is higher at the Earth's surface. The air pressure decreases as it rises above the earth's surface. Consider the above statement

(a) The above statement is partly true.

(b) The above statement is absolutely true.

(c) The above statement is partly untrue.

(d) The above statement is completely untrue.

Q49. Identify the correct statement.

A. Geographical features - landforms, festivals, water bodies, forests

B. Social / Cultural - Language, festivals, celebrations, dress

C. Geographical features - Forests, landforms, water bodies

D. Socio-cultural - language, festivals, costumes, forests

(a) A and B

(b) B and D

(c) A and C

(d) B and C

Q50. Consider the following statements about igneous rocks and identify the appropriate statements.

A. A igneous rock is formed according to the matter inside the earth.

B. Igneous rocks are light in weight

C. Maharashtra Plateau and Sahyadri is composed of igneous rocks

D. Basalt is the major rock in igneous rocks

- (a) A, B, C
- (b) B, C, D
- (c) A, C, D
- (d) A, B, D

Q51. Identify the correct statements

A. Formation of the Sundarbans - the largest triangular region in the world near the mouth of the river Ganga.

B. The Brahmaputra River is a western tributary river and ends at the Arabian Sea.

C. The confluence of Ganga and Brahmaputra rivers takes place in Bangladesh.

D. Formation of Majuli Island from the confluence of Ganga and Brahmaputra rivers

- (a) A, B
- (b) A, C
- (c) B, C
- (d) B, D

Q52. Which are found mainly on the plateau of India -----

A. Deciduous forests

B. Green pastures, sandalwood

C. Medicinal forests

D. Dry weather

- (a) A, B, C
- (b) B, C, D
- (c) A, B, D
- (d) All of the above

Q53. Below are some specific stages of population transition related to economic development

A. Low birth rate and low mortality rate

B. High birth rate and high mortality rate

C. High birth rate and low mortality rate

Select the correct sequence of these states using the following hints

- (a) B, C, A
- (b) C, B, A
- (c) A, B, C
- (d) B, A, C

Q54. Choose the right sequence of tributaries coming to the right side of Godavari river.

(a) Darana - Pravara - Mula - Sindphana - Manjira

(b) The Purna - Painganga - Wardha - Wainganga - Indravati

(c) Manjira - Bindusara - Sindphana - Darna

(d) Pravara - Bindusara - Kham - S. Purna - Pranhita

Q55. Identify the proper characteristics of sandy soils

A. These soils are rich in salts and silica.

B. Millets, sesame are grown in this soil.

C. The bark of plants in this region is thick

D. The roots of this plant are not very deep

- (a) A, B, C
- (b) B, C, D
- (c) A, C, D
- (d) A, B, D

Q56. State the correct statement about coal or energy source

- A. This mineral is found in organic stratified rocks
- B. It produces tar, coke, dyes
- C. India ranks third and China ranks first in the world
- D. These minerals are formed from carbon in plants

- (a) A, B, C
- (b) B, C, D
- (c) A, C, D
- (d) A, B, C, D

Q57. Malthus's trap is,

(a) Population growth is hampered by the fact that the ratio of population growth to food production is not stable.

(b) As the economy continues to grow, its per capita income remains stable.

(c) As the per capita income of the economy increases, so does the population.

(d) Per capita food availability has nothing to do with population growth.

Q58. Consider the following statements.

A. Pamir Knot is located in Afghanistan and Tajikistan.

B. The Himalayas, Karakoram, Kunlun and Hindu Kush Mountain ranges converge in this plateau.

C. To the north of Hindu Kush are the Solomon Mountains.

Which of the above statements is incorrect?

- (a) Only A
- (b) Only A, C
- (c) C only
- (d) None of these

Q59. Which of the following statements is not true?

A. The Deccan Plateau is also known as the Shield Region of India.

B. The average height of the Deccan Plateau is 200 meters.

Options:

- (a) Only A
- (b) Only B
- (c) Both
- (d) Not both

Q60. Which of the following rivers represents 'Dendritic Drainage Pattern'?

- A. Ganga
- B. Kaveri
- C. Godavari
- D. Krishna

Options:

- (a) Only A, B
- (b) Only A, B, C
- (c) Only A, C, D
- (d) All of the above

Q61. WHO recommends what amount of iron and folic acid for pregnant women?

- (a) Elemental iron 30 mg and 0.3 mg of folic acid per day
- (b) Elemental iron 40 mg and 0.4 mg of folic acid per day
- (c) Elemental iron 100 mg and 0.01 mg of folic acid per day
- (d) Elemental iron 60 mg and 0.4 mg of folic acid per day

Q62. According to the Global Gender Gap Report 2023, India ranked \_\_\_ out of 146 countries in terms of gender equality.

- (a) 45
- (b) 127
- (c) 132
- (d) 156

Q63. The Protection of Children from Sexual Offenses Act (POCSO) of 2012 aims to:

- (a) Protect children from all forms of sexual abuse and exploitation
- (b) Provide stringent legal framework for offenders and ensure justice for victims
- (c) Offer support services and rehabilitation for survivors of abuse
- (d) All of the above

Q64. Marriage of a man with the childless widow of his deceased brother is termed as -----

- (a) Sororate
- (b) Levirate
- (c) Sororal Polygyny
- (d) Pologyny

Q65. How many of the following pairs are correct:

1. Polyandrous - Men can marry more than one wife
2. Polygamy - Woman can marry more than one husband
3. Patronymic - denoting or relating to a name derived from the name of a father or male ancestor.
4. Procreation - the production of offspring; reproduction.

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) Only three
- (d) All four

Q66. Marriage by capture is prevalent among the \_\_\_\_\_ tribes of India.

- (a) Gond

(b) Santhal

(c) Khasi

(d) Jhang

Q67. \_\_\_\_\_ may be described as a combination of polygamy and polyandry.

(a) monogamy

(b) Levirate

(c) Sororate

(d) group-marriage

Q68. Which one of the following is NOT true about the disintegration of joint family system?

(a) There is increased urbanisation

(b) People have desire to live in glamorous cities

(c) Cities provide more facilities than the villages

(d) It has failed to develop social virtues

Q69. J. L. Lubbock's name is associated with one of the following theories.

(a) Theory of primitive promiscuism

(b) Patriarchal theory

(c) Multi-factor theory

(d) Matriarchal theory

Q70. Punalun is described as \_\_\_\_\_?

(a) Family system in which sex relationship was not definite

(b) Family system in which sex relationship was definite

(c) Racial system in which sex relationship was not definite

(d) Triba system in which sex relationship was not definite

Q71. Which one of the following is a characteristic of kinship?

(1) In some cases it is specific while in others it is not

(2) It is related to sex

(3) It usually indicates generation gap

(4) It has no affinity between two related persons

(a) Only 1

(b) Only 2 and 3

(c) 1,2, and 4

(d) 1,2 and 3

Q72. Section 377 violates which of the following articles:

(a) Article 19

(b) Article 21

(c) Article 18

(d) Article 16

Q73. According to Marxian perspective \_\_\_\_\_ forms the infrastructure of the society.

(a) economy

(b) religion

(c) politics

(d) belief systems

Q74. Who defined 'city' as a relatively large, dense and permanent settlement of socially heterogeneous individuals?

- (a) Le Play
- (b) Louis Wirth
- (c) Murdock
- (d) Burgess

Q75. The feeling of class consciousness is necessary to constitute a \_\_\_\_\_ but not \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) class, caste
- (b) caste, class
- (c) status group, class
- (d) caste, status group

Q76. 'Cultural ethos' stands for

- (a) The world – view of society
- (b) The world – view of a people
- (c) The world – view of culture
- (d) The world-view of transaction

Q77. 'After marriage come the children'. This statement signifies

- (a) Post-nuptial stage
- (b) Formative stage
- (c) Nuptial stage
- (d) Pre-nuptial stage

Q78. "In tribal life the principal links for the whole society are based on Kinship," Whose opinion is this?

- (a) Mandelbaum
- (b) Lucy Mair
- (c) Evans Petchand
- (d) Radcliffe Brown

Q79. Article 46 deals with

- (a) Promotion of educational and economic interests of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Weaker sections
- (b) Promotion of Cultural and economic interests of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Weaker sections
- (c) Promotion of Social and economic interests of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Weaker sections
- (d) Promotion of health and economic interests of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Weaker sections

Q80. Which of the following is/are true regarding National Commission for Scheduled Tribes?

- 1) Article 338-A deals with National Commission for Scheduled Tribes.
- 2) A new Ministry of Tribal Affairs was created in 1999.

- (a) Only 1
- (b) Only 2
- (c) Both 1 and 2

(d) None of the above

Q81. One Caste, One Religion, One God for Man is propagated from which philosophy?

- (a) Advaita
- (b) Dvaita
- (c) Vishishtadvaita
- (d) None

Q82. 'Stem family' stands for

- (a) Small extended family
- (b) Joint family
- (c) Nuclear family
- (d) Family of corporate business houses

Q83. National Population Policy underwent some modification in the year

- (a) 1981
- (b) 1979
- (c) 1977
- (d) 1991

Q84. The objective of which scheme is to provide self employment to learned jobless youth and women

- (a) PMRY
- (b) SGRY
- (c) PMGY
- (d) SGSY

Q85. Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Marriage) Act was enacted by which state?

- (a) Himachal Pradesh
- (b) Uttar Pradesh
- (c) Assam
- (d) Kerala

Q86. SDG2 Which deals with Zero Hunger, aims to eliminate Hunger by which year?

- (a) 2030
- (b) 2025
- (c) 2035
- (d) 2040

Q87. Match the following.

- 1. 7th FYP ----- A. modernization, growth
- 2. 8th FYP ----- B. human resource development
- 3. 9th FYP----- C. equitable distribution and growth with equality
- 4. 10th FYP----- D. growth with emphasis on human development

- (a) 1- a, 2- b, 3- c, 4- d
- (b) 1- c, 2-b, 3-a, 4-d
- (c) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a, 4 -d
- (d) 1-a, 2- c, 3- d, 4- b

Q88. DIKSHA, SWAYAM and NISHTHA are initiatives of which Union Ministry and SWAYAM refers to \_\_\_\_\_



- (a) Ministry of MSME, Society Webs of Active Learning for Young Aspiring Minds  
(b) Ministry of Education, Study Webs of Active Learning for Young Aspiring Minds  
(c) Ministry of Skill Development, Students Webs of Active Learning for Young Aspiring Minds  
(d) Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Service Webs of Active Learning for Young Aspiring Minds

Q89. According to the Union Budget 2022, how many crores has been made to cover 3.8 crore households in 2022-23 under Har Ghar, Nal Se Jal Scheme?

- (a) 100,000 crores  
(b) 20,000 crores  
(c) 50,000 crores  
(d) 60,000 crores

Q90. Who has the right to decide that who will be included in the list of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes?

- (a) Governor  
(b) Vice-President  
(c) President  
(d) Chief Minister

Q91. Which state is set to become the first state to launch its own Climate Change Mission?

- (a) Karnataka  
(b) Kerala  
(c) Tamil Nadu  
(d) Andhra Pradesh

Q92. Who has released her book 'Miracles of Face Yoga'?

- (a) Jhumpa Lahiri  
(b) Mansi Gulati  
(c) Arundhati Roy  
(d) Chetan Bhagat

Q93. Global Methane Tracker report is published by which organisation-

- (a) International Energy Agency  
(b) United Nations Environment Programme  
(c) United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change  
(d) Coalition for Clean Air

Q94. Which among the following is the Nodal Ministry for organising "Bharat Parv" 2023 Event

- (a) Ministry of Culture  
(b) Ministry of Tourism  
(c) Ministry of External affairs  
(d) Ministry of Home Affairs

Q95. India had set a target to eliminate measles and rubella (MR) by

- (a) 2023  
(b) 2024  
(c) 2025  
(d) 2026

Q96. Consider the following statements regarding G20



1. It is an informal group of 19 countries and the European Union, with representatives of the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank.

2. The G20 Presidency rotates every 2 year.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q97. Which of the following organization releases the report "World Economic Outlook"?

- (a) World Bank
- (b) OECD
- (c) IMF
- (d) WEF

Q98. Consider the following statements regarding 'Atal Vyo Abhyudaya Yojana'

1. It is a Central Sector Scheme implemented by the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment

2. The scheme has three components for empowerment of senior citizens - Integrated Programme, State Action Plan and Community Action Plan.

3. Grants are made to NGOs/Voluntary Organizations (VOs) for maintenance of old age homes under the Integrated Program for Senior Citizens (IPSrC) component.

- (a) Only 1 and 2
- (b) Only 2
- (c) Only 1 and 3
- (d) Only 3

Q99. Which of the following statements is/are true about tiger conservation in India?

1. Project Tiger was launched in India in 1973 to protect tigers and their habitats.

2. India has the largest population of tigers in the world.

3. All tiger reserves in India are located in national parks and wildlife sanctuaries.

- (a) Only 2 and 3
- (b) Only 1 and 3
- (c) Only 1 and 2
- (d) All the statements are correct.

Q100. Who has become the first Indian-American judge in a New York Court?

- (a) Ajay Banga
- (b) Aruna Miller
- (c) Apsara A. Iyer
- (d) Arun Subramaniam

Q101. Union Road and Transport Minister Nitin Gadkari unveiled the first methanol-powered bus in which city?

- (a) Bangalore
- (b) New Delhi
- (c) Hyderabad

(d) Ahmedabad

Q102. Asia's first female locomotive pilot to run Vande Bharat Express is \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) Tamna Singh

(b) The Queen Goddess

(c) Surekha Yadav

(d) Sukania Sharma

Q103. Recently, the Reserve Bank of India has accorded the status of 'Infrastructure Finance Company (IFC)' to \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) Niti Aayog

(b) SEBI

(c) IREDA

(d) Paytm Payment Bank

Q104. Which of the following countries has introduced military service for women for the first time in 25 years?

(a) South Korea

(b) Colombia

(c) Japan

(d) Thailand

Q105. Which of the following institutions have got the status of Abhimat Vidyapitha?

(a) Rashtrasant Tukdoji Maharaj Nagpur University

(b) Laxminarayan Institute of Technology Nagpur

(c) Government Knowledge, Science Institute Amravati

(d) Varal Sarva

Q106. Which of the following regions has the largest number of hotspots in the world?

(a) Africa region

(b) European Territories

(c) Southeast Asia and Asia-Pacific region

(d) South America

Q107. Which of the following provisions needs a special majority in Parliament?

(a) Change in Fundamental Rights

(b) Creation of New States

(c) Abolition of Legislative Councils in State

(d) Rules and Procedures in Parliament

Q108. Which of the following pollutants is included in the National Air Quality Index?

A. p. M. 2.5

B. p. M. 10

C. nitrogen dioxide

D. Carbon dioxide

Options  
(a) Only A

and B

(b) Only A, B, C

(c) Only A, B, D

(d) A, B, C, D

Q109. Zomi ethnic group belong to which of the following Northeastern States?

(a) Mizoram

(b) Assam

(c) Manipur

(d) Arunachal Pradesh

Q110. Amma vodi scheme benefits:

(a) Students from class 6 to 10

(b) Students from class 7 to 12

(c) Students from class 1 to 12

(d) Students from class 5 to 10

Q111. National Space day is celebrated on

(a) August 13

(b) Sep 12

(c) Oct 12

(d) Aug 23

Q112. Ramayapatnam port is located in which district?

(a) Nellore

(b) Visakhapatnam

(c) Ongole

(d) Srikakulam

Q113. What is the theme of the World Mental Health Day?

(a) Mental health is a universal human right.

(b) Healthy Mind Healthy life

(c) Mental health for everyone

(d) Everyone deserves Mental health

Q114. Which of the following states is the leading producer of turmeric in India?

(a) Andhra Pradesh

(b) Tamil Nadu

(c) Orissa

(d) Karnataka

Q115. What is the annual financial assistance provided under YSR Rythu Bharosa?

(a) Rs. 7500

(b) Rs. 10,000

(c) Rs. 13,500

(d) Rs. 15,000

Q116. What is the primary objective of the LiFE Mission is to:

(a) Increase economic growth

(b) Promote responsible consumption and resource conservation

(c) Develop new technologies for renewable energy

(d) Build new infrastructure projects

Q117. What is the primary objective of Aadudam Andhra?

- (a) Promote tourism in Andhra Pradesh
- (b) Encourage investment in agriculture
- (c) Develop rural infrastructure
- (d) Boost sports participation and talent identification

Q118. The Andhra Pradesh Integrated Irrigation and Agriculture Transformation Project (APIIATP) is expected to benefit how many farmers in Andhra Pradesh?

- (a) 1 million
- (b) 2 million
- (c) 3 million
- (d) 4 million

Q119. Where is AP's first Flatted Factory Complex being built?

- (a) Vizag
- (b) Vijayawada
- (c) Tirupati
- (d) Visakhapatnam

Q120. Kondaveedu Fort was built by which dynasty?

- (a) Reddys
- (b) Kakatiyas
- (c) Vijayanagara Empire
- (d) Qutb Shahis

Directions (121-123): In each of the questions given below are given some statements followed by some conclusions. Read all conclusions and give the answer as follows-

Q121.

Statements :

Some envelopes are packets.

Some packets are boxes.

All boxes are parcels.

Conclusions :

I. Some parcels are packets.

II. Some parcels are envelopes.

- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

Q122.

Statements : All tables are windows.

All windows are rooms.

All rooms are buses.

Conclusions :

I. Some buses are tables.

II. No rooms are tables.

- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.

- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.  
(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

Q123.

Statements : Some bottles are jars.

All jars are buckets.

All buckets are tanks.

Conclusions : I. All jars are tanks.

II. No buckets are tanks.

- (a) If only conclusion I follows.  
(b) If only conclusion II follows.  
(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.  
(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

Directions (124-126): In each question below is given a statement followed by two assumptions numbered I and II. An assumption is something supposed or taken for granted. You have to consider the statement and the following assumptions and decide which of the assumptions is implicit in the statement.

Q124.

Statement:

A good book, even if costly, is sold.

Assumptions:

I. Some of the books are better than others.

II. Most of the books are costly.

- (a) If only assumption I is implicit  
(b) If only assumption II is implicit  
(c) If either assumption I or assumption II is implicit.  
(d) If neither assumption I nor assumption II is implicit.

Q125.

Statement:

If people are intelligent, they should be creative.

Assumptions:

I. Creativity and intelligence are related.

II. Creative people are intelligent.

- (a) If only assumption I is implicit  
(b) If only assumption II is implicit  
(c) If either assumption I or assumption II is implicit.  
(d) If neither assumption I nor assumption II is implicit.

Q126.Statement:

Vitamin E tablets improve circulation keep your complexion in a glowing condition.

Assump tions:

I. People like a glowing complexion.

II. Complexion becomes dull in the absence of circulation.

- (a) If only assumption I is implicit

- (b) If only assumption II is implicit  
(c) If either assumption I or assumption II is implicit.  
(d) If both assumptions I and II are implicit.

Q127. Statements:

In a one day cricket match, the total runs made by a team were 200. Out of these 160 runs were made by spinners.

Conclusions:

- I. 80% of the team consists of spinners.  
II. The opening batsmen were spinners.

- (a) Only conclusion I follows  
(b) Only conclusion II follows  
(c) Both I and II follow  
(d) Neither I nor II follows

Q128. Statements:

The old order changed yielding place to new.

Conclusions:

- I. Change is the law of nature.  
II. Discard old ideas because they are old.

- (a) Only conclusion I follows  
(b) Only conclusion II follows  
(c) Both I and II follow  
(d) Neither I nor II follows

Q129. Statements: Population increase coupled with depleting resources is going to be the scenario of many developing countries in days to come.

Conclusions:

- I. The population of developing countries will not continue to increase in future.  
II. It will be very difficult for the governments of developing countries to provide its people decent quality of life.

- (a) Only conclusion I follows  
(b) Only conclusion II follows  
(c) Both I and II follow  
(d) Neither I nor II follows

Q130. Statements: Prime age school-going children in urban India have now become avid as well as more regular viewers of television, even in households without a TV. As a result there has been an alarming decline in the extent of readership of newspapers.

Conclusions:

- I. Method of increasing the readership of newspapers should be devised.  
II. A team of experts should be sent to other countries to study the impact of TV. on the readership of newspapers.

- (a) Only conclusion I follows  
(b) Only conclusion II follows  
(c) Both I and II follow  
(d) Neither I nor II follows

Q131. Which of the following numbers is wrong in the series?

3, 6, 10, 16, 21, 28

- (a) 16
- (b) 10
- (c) 15
- (d) 28

Q132. 10, 15, 35, 115, 435, ?

- (a) 1715
- (b) 1517
- (c) 1716
- (d) 1717

Q133. In a certain code language:

- (1) 'pod na joc' means 'very bright boy';
- (2) 'tam nu pod' means 'the boy comes';
- (3) 'nu per ton' means 'keep the doll';
- (4) 'joc ton su' means 'very good doll'.

Which of the following means 'bright' in the same code language?.

- (a) joc
- (b) pod
- (c) ton
- (d) na

Q134. In a certain code,

'786' means 'study very hard'

'958' means 'hard work pays'

'645' means 'study and work'.

Which of the following is the code for 'very'?

- (a) 7
- (b) 5
- (c) 8
- (d) 6

Q135. In this type, among four options three objects or things having same properties.

- (a) Lawyer
- (b) Legislator
- (c) Mayor
- (d) Governor

Q136. Find Odd man out of the series

- (a) CFIL
- (b) PSVX
- (c) JMPS
- (d) ORUX

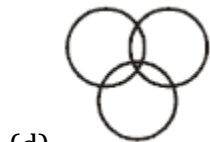
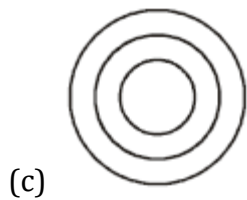
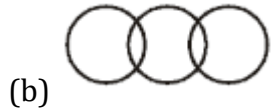
Q137. Find Odd man out of the series

- (a) 6481
- (b) 1625

(c) 2536

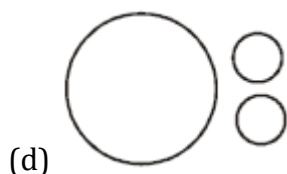
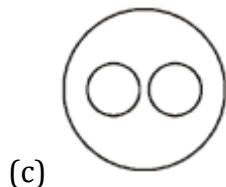
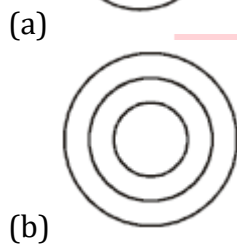
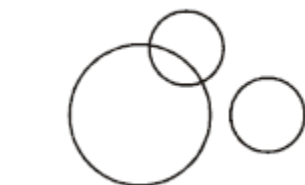
(d) 1211

Q138. Which one of the following diagrams best depicts the relationship among teachers, graduates and women ?







(d)

Q139. Which of the following diagrams best depicts the relationship between house, bedroom and bathroom. (The sizes of circles do not indicate relative size of above)

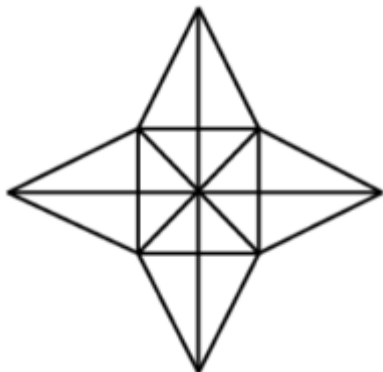




Q140. For the given set of elements : Keyboard, Function keys, letter-keys.  
Which figure given below will best represent the relationship among these three elements ?

- (a) 
- (b) 
- (c) 
- (d) 

Q141. How many triangles in the figure?



- (a) 26
- (b) 34
- (c) 36
- (d) 30

Q142. A club has 15 men and 25 women. The average age of men is 10 years and the average age of women is 12 year. What is the average age of the whole club?

- (a) 11.40 years
- (b) 11.60 years

(c) 11.25 years

(d) 12.25 years

Q143. The average of 12 results is 15, and the average of the first two is 14. What is the average of the rest?

(a) 15.2

(b) 13.2

(c) 15

(d) 16

Q144. Find the triplicate ratio of 7 : 5?

(a) 125 : 343

(b) 343 : 125

(c) 344 : 125

(d) 343 : 126

Q145. What will be the inverse ratio of 17 : 19?

(a) 19 : 17

(b) 18 : 17

(c) 17 : 18

(d) 19 : 5

Q146. When any number is divided by 12, then dividend comes  $\frac{1}{4}$  th of the other number. By how much percent first number is greater than the second number?

(a) 150

(b) 200

(c) 300

(d) Data inadequate

Q147. Find the difference between CI and SI on Rs. 8000 for 3 years at 2.5% pa.

(a) Rs.14.125

(b) Rs.15.20

(c) Rs.14.2

(d) Rs. 15.125

Q148. A and B do a work in 10 days, B and C do it in 15 days while C and A in 20 days. In how many days A, B and C all working together can finish the same work?

(a)  $\frac{13}{120}$  days

(b)  $\frac{120}{13}$  days

(c)  $\frac{110}{13}$  days

(d)  $\frac{115}{13}$  days

Q149. A starts from a place P to go to a place Q. At the same time B starts from Q to P. If after meeting each other A and B took 16 and 25 hours more respectively to reach their destinations, the ratio of their speeds is:

(a) 3 : 2

(b) 5 : 4

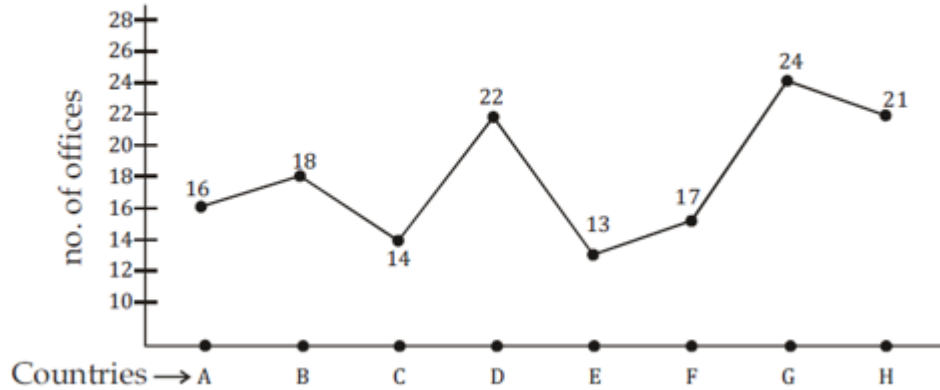
(c) 9 : 4

(d) 9 : 13

Q150.

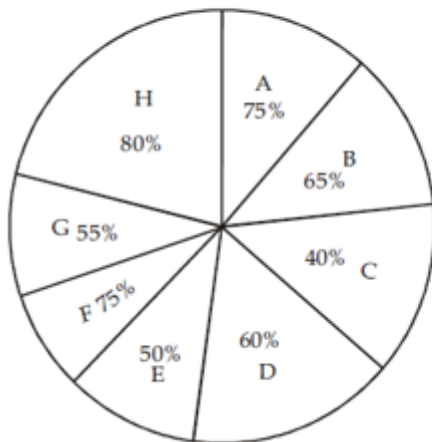
**Mixed Graph:**

Data Related to human resource of a multinational company (x) which has 145 offices across 8 – countries



Percentage distribution of post-graduate employees across – 8 – countries

Number of employees and respective Ratio male to female across - 8 countries



Countries	Total no. of Employees	Respective ratio of Male and Female emp.
A	2568	5 : 7
B	2880	11 : 5
C	2310	10 : 11
D	3575	3 : 2
E	2054	7 : 6
F	2788	20 : 21
G	3720	8 : 7
H	3360	9 : 5

What is the respective ratio between total number of male employees in countries B and H together and total number of female employees. in countries C and D together?

- (a) 63 : 52
- (b) 51 : 38
- (c) 77 : 64
- (d) 69 : 44

## Solutions

S1. Ans (a)

Sol.

Brahmins and Kshatriyas enjoyed special privileges. The inscriptions of the later period of the Chola rule mention about two major divisions among the castes – Valangai and Idangai castes. However, there was cooperation among various castes and sub-castes in social and religious life. The position of women did not improve. The practice of 'sati' was prevalent among the royal families. The devadasi system or dancing girls attached to temples emerged during this period.

S2. Ans (c)

Sol.

The above information is about King Harshavardhana. He wrote three plays - Priyadarshika, Ratnavali, Nagananda. Also, Banabhatta wrote a delightful book based on his life.

S3. Ans (b)

Sol.

Information about Ashoka's dhamma and personal life is in the small inscription. Ashoka's inscriptions are in Brahmi, Kharoshti, Greek and Aramaic scripts. Also, administrative matters are mainly mentioned in the column.

S4. Ans (c)

Sol.

Samudragupta - Prayag / Allahabad Inscription

Chandragupta II - Mehrauli Iron Pillar

Skandagupta - Junagadh Rock

S5. Ans (a)

Sol.

The tenure of the rulers in the Delhi Sultanate:

1. Qutbuddin Aibak - (1206 - 10)

2. Razia Sultan - (1236 - 40)

3. Balban - (1266 - 87)

4. Muhammadbin Tughlaq - (1325 - 51)

S6. Ans (c)

Sol.

Khwaja Muinuddin Chisti was a Sufi saint.

S7. Ans (c)

Sol.

Ashok Mehta - '1857 The Great Rebellion'

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan - 'The Causes of Indian Mutiny'

S. N. Sen - '1857'

Vinayak Da. Savarkar - 'Summer of Independence of 1857'

S8. Ans (b)

Sol.

The above statement is about Annie Beasant.

S9. Ans (a)

Sol.

The Morley Minto Act of 1909 provided for separate constituencies for Muslims.

S10. Ans (b)

Sol.

Dadabhai Naoroji is described.

S11. Ans (b)

Sol.

Indigenous Movement (1905)

Surat Convention (1907)

Rowlatt Act (1916)

Khilafat Movement (1920)

S12. Ans (c)

Sol.

Sarvodaya is the development of all. Gandhiji used this term in 1908.

S13. Ans (c)

Sol.

The first satyagrahi of individual satyagraha was Vinoba Bhave and the second was Jawaharlal Nehru.

S14. Ans (a)

Sol.

The dual system of government was introduced at the Center and the post of High Commissioner was created by the 1919 Act.

S15. Ans (b)

Sol.

Lord Ripon is said to be the father of Indian local self-government. This was Ripon's most significant improvement.

S16. Ans. (d)

Sol.

- The Constitution of India provides for a single integrated judiciary with the Supreme Court at the apex of judicial system.
- The single system of courts, adopted from the Government of India Act 1935, enforces both central laws as well as state laws.
- The Constitution of India has established an integrated judicial system with the Supreme Court at the top and the high courts below it.
- The Supreme Court of India is the guardian of Indian Constitution. It was inaugurated on January 28, 1950.
- It succeeded the Federal court of India established under the Government of India Act of 1935. Articles 124 to 147 in Part V of the constitution deal with the organization, independence, jurisdiction, powers and procedures so on of the Supreme Court.

S17. Ans. (b)

Sol. The Ramcharitmanas: The poem was written in the 16th century by Tulsidas in the Awadhi dialect that is mainly spoken in the areas that are today's Lucknow, Prayagraj, and

Ayodhya districts. It is divided into seven chapters (Kand) that tell the story of Lord Ram from birth to his becoming King of Ayodhya.

Ramcharitmanas is considered by many as a work belonging to the Saguna school[5][6] of the Bhakti movement

S18.Ans.(d)

Sol.

East Division - Toshali

West Division - Ujjain

South Division - Suvarnagiri

North section - Taxila

S19.Ans.(b)

Sol.

Huge valley - Lothal

Passed size bathhouse- Mohenjo-daro found Evidence of ploughed farm- Kalibangan

S20.Ans.(a)

Sol.

The correct order of these events is:

- B. Chandragupta founded the Mauryan Empire. This occurred around 322 BCE after he overthrew the Nanda dynasty and established the first unified Indian empire.
- D. Alexander invaded India. Around 326 BCE, Alexander the Great led his Macedonian army through the northwestern reaches of the Indian subcontinent. He defeated several kings but faced stiff resistance, ultimately retreating without conquering the entire region.
- A. Ashoka received the title of Emperor of Magadha. Ashoka the Great ascended the throne around 268 BCE after a brutal war of succession that left him deeply disturbed.
- C. Ashoka invaded Kalinga. After his initial reign of violence, Ashoka embarked on a pilgrimage to Kalinga, which he conquered around 261 BCE. The bloodshed and suffering he witnessed there led him to convert to Buddhism and embrace non-violent principles.
- Therefore, the sequence is B-D-A-C.

S21.Ans.(a)

Sol.

Vikramshila University near Bhagalpur in Bihar was established by King Harshvardhan in the 8 century AD.

S22.Ans.(c)

Sol. option c is correct.

S23.Ans.(d)

Sol.

The above description is by Dadabhai Naoroji.

S24. Ans. (c)

Sol.

One group of people who became important in the medieval period were the Rajputs, a name derived from "Rajaputra", the son of a ruler. Hence, statement (1) is correct.

By the seventh century there were big landlords or warrior chiefs in different regions of the subcontinent. Existing kings often acknowledged them as their subordinates or samantas.

S25.Ans.(d)

Sol.

All statements are correct.

S26.Ans.(d)

Sol.

Shivram Janaba Kamble started the magazine Somvanshiya Mitra.

S27.Ans.(a)

Sol.

None of this.

S28. Ans. (d)

Sol. The group of many villagers, 'Vish', its chief 'Vishpati'.

Grampramukh 'Gramani'

The chief of the people was 'Raja / Nrup'.

S29. Ans. (c)

Sol. B. Used the language 'Ardhamagadhi' (Gautam Buddha - Pali).

C. The 'living cult' was destiny. Destinyists believe that nothing can be achieved by human effort, all depends on destiny. In Jainism, man can strive for Nirvana. Jainism is 'pluralistic'. It is difficult to have complete knowledge of things. Therefore, conduct is more important than knowledge.

S30. Ans. (d)

Sol.

Advaita or the doctrine of the oneness of the individual soul and the Supreme God which is the Ultimate Reality. It was propagated by Shankara.

Ramanuja, born in Tamil Nadu in the eleventh century, was deeply influenced by the Alvars. He propounded the doctrine of Vishishtadvaita or qualified oneness in that the soul even when united with the Supreme God remained distinct.

Madhavacharya also called Anandatitha born in Udupi (Karnataka). He propagated Dvaita doctrine. It claims that God and the individual souls exist as independent realities, and these are distinct.

S31. Ans (d)

Sol.

Both statements are correct.

S32. Ans.(d)

Sol.

A solar eclipse occurs when the Moon passes between the Sun and the Earth, blocking all or part of the Sun's light.

This happens during a new moon, when the Sun and Moon are in conjunction as seen from Earth.

The Moon's shadow is then cast onto the Earth, leading to a solar eclipse.

This is different from a lunar eclipse, which occurs when the Earth comes between the Sun and the Moon, casting Earth's shadow on the Moon.

S33. Ans (b)

Sol.

The area of old silt is called bhangar.

S34. Ans (d)

Sol.

- Banihal Pass - Jammu and Kashmir
- Shipkila Pass - Himachal Pradesh
- Nathu-la Pass – Sikkim

S35. Ans (d)

Sol.

Primary waves are like sound waves, while secondary waves are like light waves. Secondary waves cannot travel through liquids and their speed is less than that of primary waves.

S36. Ans (b)

Sol.

Cotopoxi is the highest peak in South America.

S37. Ans (b)

Sol.

With the exception of the Sutlej, the other three rivers merge with each other without meeting the Indus directly and then join the Indus.

S38. Ans (c)

Sol.

Sargol, Didwana, Kuchaman and Khatu are the names of the salty lakes. Sambar Lake is the largest salt lake in India and is one of the Ramsar sites.

S39. Ans.(c)

Sol.

- The Gulf Stream is a powerful, warm, and swift Atlantic Ocean current that originates in the Gulf of Mexico and flows into the Atlantic at the tip of Florida, accelerating along the eastern coastlines of the United States and Newfoundland.
- The Kuroshio Current, California Current, and Humboldt Current are all associated with the Pacific Ocean.
- The Kuroshio Current is a warm north-flowing ocean current on the west side of the North Pacific Ocean.
- The California Current is a cold-water current that moves southward along the western coast of North America.
- The Humboldt Current, also known as the Peru Current, is a cold, low-salinity ocean current that flows north along the western coast of South America.

S40. Ans (c)

Sol. Beekeeping

S41. Ans (a)

Sol.

Tropical deciduous forests include the above trees.



S42. Ans (d)

Sol.

Pulan is a landform formed by the deposition of ocean waves.

S43. Ans (b)

Sol.

The Satpuda range separates the valleys of these two rivers.

S44. Ans (c)

Sol.

• Habitat - Habitat is the area in which living things live. • Species of species - e.g. Panthera tigris, homo sapiens కోట Ecotone - the transitional region between two different adjacent organisms.

S45. Ans (c)

Sol. Both statements are correct.

S46. Ans. (d)

Sol.

The temperature does not increase according to the height in the temperature layer.

S47. Ans. (d)

Sol.

Cloudburst is a form of heavy rain. When raindrops falling on the ground are blown up by strong upward winds in cloud bursts, at low temperatures those drops are converted into hail. Cloudburst means sudden downpour with hail.

S48. Ans. (b)

Sol.

The higher the air pressure near the Earth's surface, the lower the air pressure as it rises above the Earth's surface.

S49. Ans. (d)

Sol.

Social / cultural features - language, festivals, celebrations, dress.

Geographical features - landforms, water bodies, forests

S50. Ans. (c)

Sol.

Volcanic rocks are not light in weight.

S51. Ans. (b)

Sol.

The Brahmaputra River flows into the Bay of Bengal. Majuli Island is formed from the silt of Brahmaputra the river.

S52. Ans. (d)

Sol.

All of the above forests are found mainly on the plateau of India.

S53. Ans. (a)

Sol. A. Low birth rate and low mortality rate

B. High birth rate and high mortality rate

C. High birth rate and low mortality rate

The correct sequence is B,C,A

S54. Ans. (a)

Sol.

The tributaries of the Godavari River on the right

Darana - Pravara - Mula - Sindphana - Manjara

S55. Ans. (a)

Sol.

Sandy soils are high in salts and silica. Thorn trees are more common in this soil. Crops like millet, sesame etc. are grown. The bark of the plant is found thick in this soil region.

S56. Ans. (d)

Sol.

Coal is found in stratified rocks. It produces tar, coke dyes. India ranks third in the world and China ranks first in coal production. It is formed from the mineral plant carbon.

S57. Ans. (b)

Sol. As

an economy progresses, so does its total income. But as this increased income is not used to improve living standards, the population grows, which ultimately keeps per capita income stable. Such an economy is like a trap, called a Malthus trap.

S58. Ans. (c)

Sol. the Pamir Plateau lies to the northwest of the Himalayas. This is also called Pamir Knot. The plateau is in Afghanistan and Tajikistan.

S59. Ans. (d)

Sol. Both the above statements are correct.

Occupying the southern part of the Indian Peninsula, the Deccan Plateau is one of the oldest parts of the world. It is often referred to as the Indian shield.

S60. Ans. (d)

Sol. All of the above rivers represent arboreal drainage systems.

S61. Ans. (d)

Sol. WHO recommendation Elemental iron 60 mg and 0.4 mg of folic acid per day amount of iron and folic acid for pregnant woman.

S62. Ans (b)

Sol.

Global Gender Gap Report 2023, India has been ranked 127 out of 146 countries in the latest Global Gender Gap report released by the World Economic Forum (WEF).

India's overall score did improve in 2023 by 1.4 percentage points and eight positions compared to the 2022 report.

S63. Ans (d)

Sol.

The Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act (POCSO) of 2012 aims to achieve all of the objectives listed in All of the above.

S64. Ans (b)

Sol. Marriage of a man with the childless widow of his deceased brother is termed as Levirate.

S65. Ans (b)

Sol.

1. Polyandrous - Woman can marry more than one husband
2. Polygamy - Man can marry more than one wife
3. Patronymic - denoting or relating to a name derived from the name of a father or male ancestor.
4. Procreation - the production of offspring; reproduction.

S66. Ans (a)

Sol. Capturing and marrying is common in Gonds

S67. Ans. (d)

Sol. Group marriage is described as a combination of polygamy and polyandry.

S68. Ans. (d)

S69. Ans (a)

Sol. primitive promiscuity - the theory that the original state of human society was characterized by the lack of incest taboos and other rules regarding sexual relations or marriage. Early anthropologists such as Morgan, McLellan, Bachofen and Frazer held this view.

S70. Ans (a)

Sol. Family system in which sex relationship was not definite

S71. Ans (d)

Sol. Characteristics of kinship are

(1) In some cases it is specific while in others it is not

(2) It is related to sex

(3) It usually indicates generation gap

S72. Ans (b)

Sol. On July 2, 2009, a High Court Bench of Chief Justice A P Shah & Justice S Muralidhar ruled that "Section 377 IPC, insofar it criminalises consensual sexual acts of adults in private, is violative of Articles 21, 14 and 15 of the Constitution".

S73. Ans. (a)

Sol. Marx and Engels used the terms INFRASTRUCTURE or BASE for the economic structure of society, and SUPERSTRUCTURE for the juridico-political institutions, the State, the law, etc., and the "forms of social consciousness" which correspond to a determinant infrastructure.

S74. Ans (b)

Sol. Louis Wirth

S75. Ans. (a)

Sol. The feeling of class consciousness is necessary to constitute a class but not caste.

S76. Ans. (b)

Sol. Cultural ethos - View of people

S77. Ans (b)

Sol. 'After marriage come the children'. This statement signifies Formative stage

S78. Ans (a)

Sol. "In tribal life the principal links for the whole society are based on Kinship given by Mandelbaum

S79. Ans (a)

Sol. ARTICLE 46: Promotion of educational and economic interests of Scheduled

Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Weaker sections— The State shall promote with special care the educational and economic interests of the weaker sections of the people, and in particular, of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes, and shall protect them from social injustice and all forms of exploitation.

S80. Ans (c)

Sol. National Commission for Scheduled Tribes (STs) -

- National Commission for Scheduled Tribes (STs) is a constitutional body as it is directly established by Article 338-A of the Constitution.
- The National Commission for SCs and STs came into being on passing of the 65th Constitutional Amendment Act of 1990.
- The commission was established under Article 338 of the Constitution.
- Its objective was monitoring all the safeguards provided for the SCs and STs under the Constitution or other laws.
- Geographically and culturally, the STs are different from the SCs.
- Their problems are also different.
- A new Ministry of Tribal Affairs was created in 1999 for a more focused approach towards the welfare and development of the STs.

S81. Ans (a)

Sol. Sree Narayana Guru brought back to the minds of the people the real message of "Advaita" which he formulated into a powerful practical philosophy of life as "One Caste, One Religion, One God for Man".

S82. Ans (a)

Sol. Small extended family

S83. Ans. (b)

S84. Ans (a)

Sol. Prime Minister's Rozgar Yojana (PMRY):

The Prime Minister's Rozgar Yojana is one of the most important schemes sponsored by the Government of India for generation of employment opportunities to the educated unemployed youths in the country. The scheme was started implementation in Manipur since the year 1993-94. The financing under the scheme is wholly borne by the nationalized banks located in the concerned districts. So far, more than 7,900 educated unemployed youths have been assisted under the scheme involving Rs. 59.84 crores since the initial implementation of the scheme.

S85. Ans (b)

Sol. Uttar Pradesh.

S86. Ans. (a)

Sol.

Globally, one in nine people in the world today (795 million) are undernourished.

The SDGs aim to end all forms of hunger and malnutrition by 2030, making sure all people – especially children – have access to sufficient and nutritious food all year round.

S87. Ans. (a)

Sol.

Self-reliance and social justice, modernization and growth were the objectives of the 7th five-year plan. 8th FYP focused on human resource development, 9th FYP focused on equitable distribution and growth with equality. 10th FYP focused on growth with emphasis on human development.

S88. Ans. (b)

Sol.

DIKSHA, SWAYAM (Study Webs of Active Learning for Young Aspiring Minds), PM-eVIDYA (One Class One Channel) and NISHTHA (National Initiative for School Heads' and Teachers' Holistic Advancement) are flagship initiatives of Ministry of Education.

S89. Ans. (d)

Sol.

An allocation of Rs 60,000 crore has been made to cover 3.8 crore households in 2022-23 under Har Ghar, Nal Se Jal Scheme.

Finance Minister said that the current coverage of Har Ghar, Nal Se Jal is 8.7 crores.

Out of which 5.5 crore households were provided tap water in the last 2 years itself.

Nirmala Sitharaman also announced an allocation of Rs 48,000 crore for the completion of 80 lakh houses.

For the identified eligible beneficiaries of PM Awas Yojana, both Rural and Urban, in 2022-23. The Central Government will work with the state governments to reduce of time required for all land and construction-related.

S90. Ans. (c)

Sol.

As per the Indian Constitution, President has the right to decide that who will be included in the list of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes.

S91. Ans. (c)

Sol.

Tamil Nadu is set to become the first state to launch its own Climate Change Mission. It had launched the Green Tamil Nadu Mission last September and the Tamil Nadu Wetlands Mission this August.

S92. Ans. (b)

Sol. Founder of Manasvani Mansi Gulati has released her book 'Miracles of Face Yoga'. The book 'Face Yoga' is a comprehensive work on face yoga written in lucid and simple language which can be easily understood by beginners.

S93. Ans. (a)

Sol.

Methane Global Tracker report is published by International Energy Agency annually. According to recently published, report, fossil fuel companies emitted 120 million metric tonnes of methane into the atmosphere in 2022, only slightly below the record highs seen in 2019. The report said 75 per cent of methane emissions from the energy sector can be reduced with the help of cheap and readily available technology. It further mentioned that 80 per cent

of the available options to curb the release of methane could be implemented by the fossil fuel industry at net zero cost

S94. Ans. (b)

Sol.

The six-day mega event “Bharat Parv” Event is to be organized by the Government of India at the Lawns and Gyan Path in front of Red Fort, Delhi from 26th to 31st January 2023, as part of the Republic Day Celebrations. “Bharat Parv” is under the Ministry of Tourism and has been designated as the nodal Ministry for the event

S95. Ans. (a)

Sol.

India had set a target to eliminate measles and rubella (MR) by 2023. While measles has a high fatality rate, rubella infection in a pregnant woman will have an impact on the foetus, resulting in birth defects. Both measles and rubella are viral infections.

S96. Ans. (a)

Sol.

The G20 is an informal group of 19 countries and the European Union, with representatives of the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank. The G20 membership comprises a mix of the world’s largest advanced and emerging economies, Together, the G20 members represent more than 80% of world GDP, 75% of international trade and 60% of the world population. The G20 Presidency rotates annually according to a system that ensures a regional balance over time. For the selection of presidency, the 19 countries are divided into 5 groups, each having no more than 4 countries. The presidency rotates between each group. Every year the G20 selects a country from another group to be president.

S97. Ans. (c)

Sol.

The International Monetary Fund (IMF) World releases the report “World Economic Outlook”.

S98. Ans.(c)

Sol.

It is a central sector scheme, formerly known as the National Action Scheme for Senior Citizens. The scheme is being implemented by the Department of Social Justice and Empowerment under the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment

It has two components - Integrated Program for Senior Citizens (IPSRc) and State Action Plan for Senior Citizens (SAPSRc).

IPSRc: This includes construction of housing to improve the quality of life of senior citizens, especially to underwrite basic amenities for poor senior citizens. SAPSRc: Each state/UT is expected to prepare its own action plan for the welfare of senior citizens.

Assistance is provided to NGOs/ Voluntary Organizations (VOs) for running and maintaining old age homes, continuing care homes under the IPSrC component.

S99. Ans.(c)

Sol.

The recent mass killing of tigers has added to the question. Project Tiger was launched in India in 1973 to protect tigers and their habitats. It is one of the most successful conservation programs in the world. Hence statement 1 is correct. India has the largest population of tigers



in the world. According to the latest census in 2018, there were approximately 2,967 tigers in India, which is more than 70% of the world's tiger population. Thus statement 2 is correct. Some tiger reserves in India are located in national parks and wildlife sanctuaries, but not all. Some tiger reserves, such as Simlipal in Odisha and Sathyamangalam in Tamil Nadu, are located in forests outside protected areas. Hence statement 3 is wrong.

S100. Ans.(d)

Sol.

Indian-American Arun Subramaniam has been confirmed as the first South Asian District Judge for the Southern District of New York.

S101. Ans.(a)

Sol.

Union Road and Transport Minister Nitin Gadkari unveiled Bengaluru's first methanol-powered bus.

S102. Ans.(c)

Sol.

Vande Bharat Express is now operated by Surekha Yadav, Asia's first woman locomotive pilot. Yadav drove Vande Bharat Express from Solapur to Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj Terminal (CSMT) in Maharashtra.

S103. Ans.(c)

Sol.

The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has granted the status of 'Infrastructure Finance Company (IFC)' to the Indian Renewable Energy Development Agency (IREDA).

S104. Ans.(b)

Sol.

Colombia has introduced military service for women for the first time in 25 years. As of February 2023, 1,296 women have been drafted into the Colombian military.

S105. Ans.(d)

Sol.

Rashtrasant Tukdoji Maharaj Nagpur University, Laxminarayan Institute of Technology Nagpur and Government Knowledge, Science Institute Amravati has got the status of Abhimat University.

S106. Ans. (c)

Sol. There are a total of 35 hotspots worldwide, covering 2.3 percent of the Earth's surface, but more than fifty percent of the world's endemic plants. Also, about 43% of the area is inhabited by birds, mammals, reptiles and amphibians.

S107. Ans.(a)

Sol. A special majority is needed for changing provisions of Fundamental Rights.

S108. Ans. (b)

Sol. The National Air Quality Index includes the following 8 pollutants.

1. p. M. 2.5
2. p. M. 10
3. Ozone
4. Carbon monoxide

5. Ammonia
6. Sulphur dioxide
7. Lead
8. Nitrogen oxide

S109. Ans.(c)

Sol.

- Manipur's Zomi ethnic group has renewed its demand for the creation of Zoland Territorial Council (ZTC) under the Sixth Schedule of the Constitution, a self-administered zone on the lines of the Bodoland Territorial Council in Assam.
- The Zou people or Zomi are an indigenous community living along the frontier of India and Burma. They are a sub-group of the Zo people (Mizo-Kuki-Chin).
- In India, they live with and are similar in language and habits to the Paite and the Simte peoples.
- In India, the Zou are officially recognized as one of the thirty-three indigenous peoples within the state of Manipur, and are one of the Scheduled tribes.
- According to the 2001 Census, the Zou/Jou population in Manipur is around 20,000, less than 3% of the population. The community is concentrated in Churachandpur and Chandel districts of Manipur.

S110. Ans (c)

Sol. AP CM Y S Jagan Mohan Reddy launched the Jagananna Amma Vodi scheme

It benefits from class 1 to 12.

S111. Ans (d)

Sol. PM announced to celebrate Aug 23, when India's chadrayaan 3 landed on the Moon, as National Space Day.

S112. Ans (a)

Sol. Ramayapatnam is a small village in Ulavapatnam mandal of Nellore district of Andhra Pradesh, India on the bank of the Bay of Bengal.

S113. Ans (a)

Sol. World Mental Health Day 2023 provides a platform for individuals and communities to unite under the theme "Mental health is a universal human right." The theme of World Mental Health Day 2023 serves as a catalyst for individuals and communities to address mental health challenges. Its primary objectives include boosting public awareness of mental health issues and facilitating support for those struggling with them.

S114. Ans (a)

Sol.

Andhra Pradesh is the leading producer of turmeric in India, accounting for over 50% of the country's production. Other major turmeric-producing states include Tamil Nadu, Orissa, Karnataka, and Kerala.

S115. Ans (c)

Sol.

RBKs disburse the YSR Rythu Bharosa scheme, offering Rs. 13,500 annually to each eligible farmer family.



They act as hubs for quality agricultural inputs like seeds, fertilizers, and pesticides at subsidized rates.

S116. Ans (b)

Sol.

The Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE), under the Ministry of Power, Government of India, launched the Lifestyle for Environment (LiFE) Mission in 2022.

This ambitious initiative aims to empower individuals to adopt environmentally conscious lifestyles that promote energy conservation and contribute to climate change mitigation.

S117. Ans (d)

Sol.

Aadudam Andhra is a massive multi-sport competition launched by the Andhra Pradesh government in 2023.

This ambitious initiative aims to:

Promote sports participation

Empower youth

Unleash sporting potential

Cultivate sporting culture

It covers popular sports like cricket, volleyball, badminton, kabaddi, kho-kho, and athletics, as well as traditional rural sports like tug-of-war and sack race.

S118. Ans (b)

Sol.

The Andhra Pradesh Integrated Irrigation and Agriculture Transformation Project (APIIATP) is a World Bank-funded project

It is expected to benefit 2 million farmers

It aims to improve irrigation and transform agriculture in the state of Andhra Pradesh, India.

It will focus on improving the efficiency of irrigation systems, such as canals and boreholes.

This will be done by lining canals, installing water meters, and promoting drip irrigation.

S119. Ans (a)

Sol.

AP's first Flatted Factory Complex set to come up in Vizag's Pedagantyada

It will be established under the MSME infrastructure development scheme of the Union government.

The first FFC will have 32 MSME's

S120. Ans (a)

Sol.

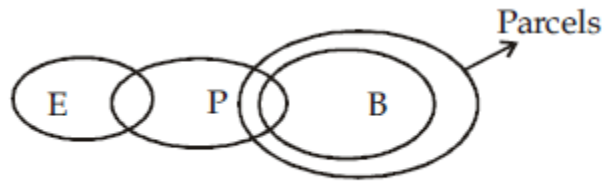
History of the Kondaveedu Fort in Palnadu dates back to the Satavahana period and is the most famous tourist spot in the State.

It was built by the Reddy Kings

It was ruled by Reddy Kings, Vijayanagara Kings, and Bahamas, Nizams, French, and East India Company

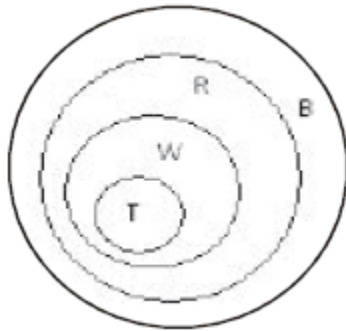
S121. Ans (a)

Sol.

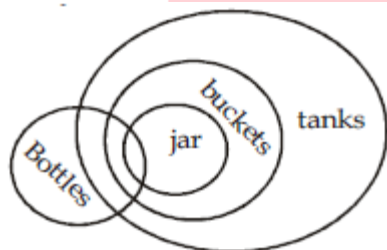


Both follow

S122. Ans (a)  
Sol.



S123. Ans (a)  
Sol.



S124. Ans (a)

Sol. The statement is about a good book. This means some books may be good. So, I is implicit. The words 'if costly' show that most books are not costly. So, II is not implicit.

S125. Ans (a)

Sol. Only I is valid. It is clear that creativity and intelligence are related. Assumption II is not an assumption at all. It is mere restatement of the given statement.

S126. Ans (d)

Sol. Good feature of a product is highlighted which people crave for, so I is implicit. Complexion glows if circulation is improved. So II is also implicit.

S127. Ans (d)

Sol. In statement, number of spinners are not specified. So first conclusion is invalid. There is no batsmen information given so second conclusion is also invalid.

S128. Ans (a)

Sol. First conclusion is a fact and follow above information second conclusion does not follow above statement.

S129. Ans (b)

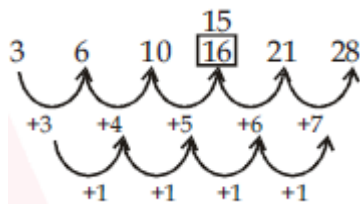
Sol. Developing countries' population confirmation for the future are not given. It may say that it increase coupling so it will be difficult to give a decent quality of life.

S130. Ans (b)

Sol. Readership doesn't invent and depend on newspaper so first is invalid. II implies because by this information we find out relevant information on readership.

S131. Ans (a)

Sol.



S132. Ans (a);

Sol. The sequence is  $+ 5, + (5 \times 4), + (20 \times 4), + (80 \times 4), + (320 \times 4)$ . So term is 1715

S133. Ans (d)

Sol. na

From statement 1 and 2, pod is common and the common word is 'boy' So, 'Pod' stands for 'boy'.

From statement 1 and 4, joc is common and the common word is 'very'

So 'joc' stands for 'very'.

So, 'na' stands for 'bright'

S134. Ans (a)

Sol. 7

In first and second statements, the common word is 'hard' and the common code digit is '8'. So, '8' means 'hard'. In the first and third statements, the common word is 'study' and the common code digit is 6'. So, '6' means study. Thus, in the first statement '7' means 'very'.

S135. Ans (a)

Sol. Last 3 options are related to the politics and first option does not follow. So, Lawyer is the odd one.

S136. Ans (b);

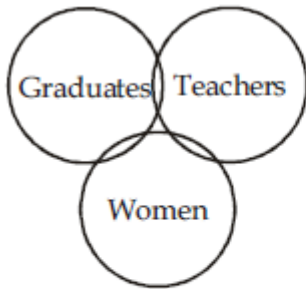
Sol. Except option second PSVX doesn't follows increment of letters by 3 place.

S137. Ans (d);

Sol. In each of alternatives except option (d) the combination of 2-2 digit are perfect square in given number.

S138. Ans (d)

Sol.



Here, some teachers may be women and some women may be graduates. Also some graduates may be teachers.

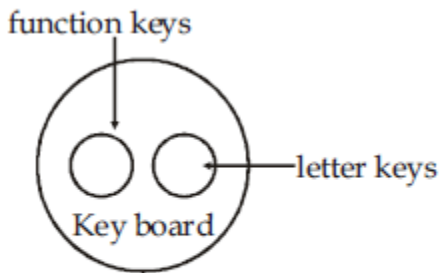
S139. Ans (b)

Sol.



S140. Ans (b)

Sol.



Function keys and letter keys both are present in key board but function keys are different from letter keys.

S141. Ans (c)

Sol. There are 36 triangles in the given figure.

S142. Ans (c)

Sol.

Total age of men =  $15 \times 10 = 150$

Total age of women =  $25 \times 12 = 300$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Average age of the whole club} &= \frac{150 + 300}{40} \\ &= \frac{450}{40} = 11.25 \text{ years.} \end{aligned}$$

S143. Ans (a)

Sol.

Let the average of rest results =  $x$

According to the question

$$14 \times 2 + x \times 10 = 15 \times 12 \Rightarrow 10x = 180 - 28$$

$$x = \frac{152}{10} \Rightarrow x = 15.2$$

Hence average of the rest is 15.2

S144. Ans (b)

Sol.

Triplicate ratio = Ratio of cubes.

Triplicate ratio of

$$7 : 5 = 7^3 : 5^3 = 343 : 125$$

S145. Ans (a)

Sol. Inverse ratio of  $17 : 19 = 19 : 17$

S146. Ans (b)

Sol.

Let the First and Second number be  $x$  and  $y$

$$\frac{x}{12} = \frac{y}{4} \Rightarrow \frac{x}{y} = \frac{3}{1}$$

$$\text{Required percentage} = \frac{3-1}{1} \times 100 = 200\%$$

S147. Ans (d)

Sol.

$$\text{Difference} = \frac{Pr^2(300+r)}{100^3}$$

[only possible for 3 years]

$$= \frac{8000(2.5)^2(300+2.5)}{100^3} = \text{Rs. } 15.125$$

S148. Ans (b)

Sol.

$$\text{Work done by (A + B) in 1 day} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\text{Work done by (B + C) in 1 day} = \frac{1}{15}$$

$$\text{Work done by (C + A) in 1 day} = \frac{1}{20}$$

$$\text{Work done by } 2(A + B + C) \text{ in 1 day} = \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{20}$$

$$\text{Work done by (A + B + C) in 1 day} = \frac{6+4+3}{60 \times 2} = \frac{13}{120}$$

$$\text{Time taken by them to complete the work} = \frac{120}{13} \text{ days}$$

S149. Ans (b)

Sol.

$$\text{Required ratio} = \sqrt{b} : \sqrt{a}$$

$$= \sqrt{25} : \sqrt{16} = 5 : 4$$

S150. Ans (d)

Sol.

Total male in B and H or girl C and D

Requird Ratio

$$\left( \frac{2880 \times 11}{16} + \frac{3360 \times 9}{14} \right) : \left( \frac{2310 \times 11}{21} + \frac{3575 \times 2}{5} \right) \Rightarrow (1980 + 2160) : (1210 + 1430)$$

$$4140 : 2640 \Rightarrow 207 : 132 \Rightarrow 69 : 44$$

