



08 Oct 2024

## Andhra Pradesh State Regional News

Lok Adalat	<p><b>Why in news:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Nellore district</b> has won the first position in the State for resolving the highest number of cases during the National Lok Adalat.</li> </ul> <p><b>Key Points:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• It is one of the <b>alternative dispute redressal mechanisms in India.</b></li> <li>• It is a <b>forum where disputes/cases pending in the court of law or at the pre-litigation stage are settled/compromised</b> amicably.</li> <li>• The Lok Adalat has been given statutory status under the <b>Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987.</b></li> <li>• There is <b>no court fee payable</b> when a matter is filed in a Lok Adalat.</li> </ul>
Coastal Regulation Zone (CRZ)	<p><b>Why in news:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The State government has proposed to allow ecotourism activities, infrastructure and other facilities required for the fisherfolk within the Coastal Regulated Zone (CRZ) by revising the Coastal Zone Management Plan-2019 of the Kakinada district.</li> </ul> <p><b>Key Points:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Coastal Regulation Zone (CRZ) is a set of regulations that <b>govern the use and development of coastal areas</b> in India.</li> <li>• The CRZ includes the <b>coastal area up to 500 meters from the High Tide Line (HTL) and a 100 meter stretch along the banks of rivers, estuaries, backwaters, and creeks</b> that are prone to tidal variations.</li> <li>• The CRZ rules were first introduced in <b>1991 by the Ministry of Environment, Forest, and Climate Change (MoEFCC) under the Environment Protection Act of 1986.</b></li> </ul>
UNESCO Global Geoparks	<p><b>Why in news:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Indian National Trust for Art and Cultural Heritage (INTACH) is making efforts to get recognition of a geopark for Visakhapatnam for its diverse and ancient rock formations.</li> <li>• It features all three key components: <b>offshore components, shore components, including Rushikonda Blue Flag Beach with Gosthani River Delta, and terrestrial geological sites.</b></li> </ul>



తెలుగు



## Daily Current Affairs Encyclopedia

	<p><b>Key Points:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• These are <b>single, unified geographical areas</b> where sites and landscapes of international geological significance are managed with a <b>holistic concept of protection, education and sustainable development.</b></li> <li>• It is given this designation for a <b>period of four years</b> after which the <b>functioning and quality of each UNESCO Global Geopark is thoroughly re-examined</b> during a revalidation process.</li> <li>• These are managed by a body having <b>legal existence recognized under national legislation.</b></li> </ul>
<p><b>Akhanda Godavari project</b></p>	<p><b>Why in news:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Andhra Pradesh government has allocated Rs 100 crore for the Akhanda Godavari project.</li> </ul> <p><b>Key Points:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The state government is planning to develop the banks of <b>River Godavari as tourist spots.</b></li> <li>• The project is called '<b>Akhanda Godavari</b>' and will be <b>spread over 600 acres in East Godavari district and 300 acres in West Godavari district.</b></li> </ul> <p><b>Learn more about: Godavari River</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• It is India's <b>second-longest river after the Ganga</b> and the <b>third-largest in India</b>, drains about <b>10% of India's total geographical area.</b></li> <li>• It is also called '<b>Dakshina Ganga</b>', which translates into South Ganges River.</li> </ul>



**Copyright © by Adda247**

All rights are reserved. No part of this document may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without prior permission of Adda247.