



24 February 2025

### Telangana State Regional News

<p><b>National Science Day</b></p>	<p><b>Why in news?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Defence Minister Rajnath Singh will be the chief guest at the 'Indian National Science Day' event, jointly organized by DRDO, the Aeronautical Society of India, and the Kalam Institute of Youth Excellence, to be held at Gachibowli Stadium on February 28.</li> </ul> <p><b>Key Points:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>It is celebrated every year on February 28 to mark the contributions of scientists towards the development of the country.</li> <li>On this day, in 1928, Indian Physicists Sir CV Raman made an important discovery in the field of spectroscopy, which was later named after him: the Raman Effect.</li> <li>The National Council for Science and Technology Communication (NCSTC), in 1986, asked the Government of India to announce February 28 as National Science Day.</li> <li>The government accepted and declared the day National Science Day.</li> <li>The first National Science Day was celebrated on February 28, 1987.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Indiramma housing scheme</b></p>	<p><b>Why in news?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>As Indiramma house construction begins, masons from rural Telangana are being trained in cost-effective, innovative construction methods that maintain strength and quality.</li> <li>The training, provided by the state government in collaboration with PMAY-G, is held at the National Academy of Construction (NAC) in Hyderabad.</li> </ul> <p><b>Key Points:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To provide housing facilities to <b>all the homeless citizens of the state the Telangana state government introduced the Indiramma Housing Scheme 2025.</b></li> <li>Under this, the government will provide <b>Rs 5 lakh financial assistance to construct the house to those who already owned a housing plot.</b></li> <li><b>A piece of land and Rs 5 lakh will be given as a housing scheme benefit to the poor who did not possess the plot.</b></li> </ul> <p>Learn more about <b>PMAY-G.</b></p>
<p><b>Kolam Tribes</b></p>	<p><b>Why in news?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Thodasam Kailash, a government school teacher from</li> </ul>



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	<p>Adilabad, Telangana, received appreciation from Prime Minister Narendra Modi for using artificial intelligence (AI) to preserve the Kolami tribal language.</p> <p><b>Key Points:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Kolam tribes, also known as Kolamboli, Kulme and Kolmi, occupy a major portion of Madhya Pradesh.</li> <li>• The main concentration of this tribe is on the plains and in the mountainous region.</li> <li>• These tribal groups are reckoned as scheduled tribes and apart from Madhya Pradesh they reside in some parts of Maharashtra and Andhra Pradesh.</li> <li>• They are listed as Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Group (PVTG) in the state of Maharashtra and Andhra Pradesh.</li> <li>• They speak a Dravidian language called Kolami, and nearly all of the adults also speak Marathi, Telugu, or Gondi.</li> <li>• They also speak other languages like Marathi, Telugu or Gondi.</li> <li>• For writing, this Kolma tribal community uses the famous Devanagari script.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Places in news: Nalgonda</b></p> 	<p><b>Why in news?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• An archaeological find has emerged on the outskirts of Gudipalli, a mandal headquarters in Nalgonda district, where uncommon Iron Age structures have been uncovered.</li> </ul> <p><b>Key Points:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Iron Age was a period in human history that started between 1200 B.C. and 600 B.C., depending on the region, and followed the Stone Age and Bronze Age.</li> <li>• The Iron Age existed in Africa, Europe, and Asia during prehistoric times in the Old World.</li> <li>• Ironwork first began in Turkey before spreading to other European countries.</li> <li>• People used iron to make strong tools, which made farming easier.</li> <li>• <b>Timeline of Iron Usage in India:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Period in which humans entered the Iron Age varied from region to another. <b>Therefore, the subsequent excavations in India have kept on pushing back the earliest date of iron usage.</b></li> <li>○ 1300 BCE: As per 1979 excavation at Ahar, Rajasthan.</li> <li>○ 1530 BCE: Excavation at Bukkasagara, Karnataka.</li> <li>○ 1700-1800 BCE: Excavation at Raipura in the Mid-Ganga valley.</li> <li>○ 1900-2000 BCE: Excavation at Malhar near Varanasi and Brahmagiri in North Karnataka.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p><b>Kalyana Chalukyas</b></p>	<p><b>Why in news?</b></p>



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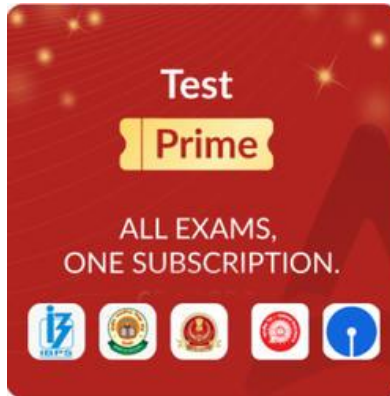
- Two gold coins of Akkadevi, the Kalyani Chalukya princess who ruled parts of present-day Karnataka in the 11th century CE, have been discovered in Telangana.
- The coins were found near Madugula village in Telangana and have inscriptions in the Kannada language with characters of the 11th century CE.

### Key Points:

- The Chalukyas ruled over the central Indian plateau of the Deccan between the sixth and twelfth centuries.
- During that period, they ruled as three closely related but individual dynasties.
- The Chalukyas of Badami, who ruled between the sixth and eighth centuries, and the two sibling dynasties of the Chalukyas of Kalyani, or the Western Chalukyas, and the Chalukyas of Vengi, or the Eastern Chalukyas.

### About Kalyana Chalukyas:

- It is a Kannadiga dynasty, they were known after their capital city, Kalyani. It is present in the modern-day Bidar district of Karnataka.
- The empire was established by Tailapa II when the Western Chalukya was a feudatory of the Rashtrakuta Empire and Tailapa II governed Tardavadi in the Bijapur district of Karnataka.
- It is considered the most successful period of the later Chalukya rulers in Karnataka's history, and many scholars refer to this period as the 'Chalukya Vikrama era'.





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